The Calcutta Monthly Journal

(July - December)

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1819

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CIVIL APPOINTMENTS.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT:

THE 11TH JUNE, 1819.

Mr. GEORGE MAINWARING, Register of the Zillah Court of Juanpore.

Mr. R. H. SCOTT, Register of the Zillah Court of the 24-Pergunnahs.

THE 25TH JUNE 1819.

Mr. E. MOLONY, Register of the Zillah Court of Burdwaun.

MILITARY.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE MOST NOBLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL

FORT WILLIAM; 19TH JUNE, 1819

Ordered, that the following Extract of a General Letter from the Honorable the Court of Directors, in the Military Department, be published in General Orders.

Extract General Letter, dated 5th Feb. 1819.

Paras 3 a 5, Separate Military Letter from Bengal dated 8th May, 1818.

[illegible]tain Weston having failed to return to his duty until before January 1818, being more than five years from the date of his departure, Government have been unable to restore him to the Service.

2.—It having been certified to us, that Captain F. A. Weston was detained in Switzerland, by serious illness, from February, 1815, to July, 1817, and it appearing that after the last mentioned date, he proceeded to his duty with all practicable expedition; we are satisfied that his absence from India beyond the prescribed term of five years was occasioned by sickness, and the Right Hon'ble the Board of Commissioners for the Affairs of India have [illegible]

GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE MOST NOBLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM; 26TH JUNE, 1819.

The Most Noble the Governor General in Council is pleased to resolve, that whenever His Excellency, the Commander in Chief may consider it necessary for the good of the Public Service, to appoint Officers on leave of absence at the Presidency, or who may have reached it in progress to their respective Corps to join and do duty with Detachments of His Majesty's Troops in Fort William belonging to Regiments stationed above Calcutta; the allowances which such Officers would otherwise be entitled to receive, are not to be effected by the temporary arrangement, nor are they to be considered as coming within the operation of the rule which prescribes half Batta to Officers in Garrison.

W. CASEMENT, Lieut.-Col.

Sec. to Govt. Mil Dept.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE MOST NOBLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM; 26TH JUNE, 1819.

In advertence to the expediency of a total abolition of every species of Contract for the construction and repair of Fortifications and Public Buildings under this Presidency, the Most Noble the Governor General in Council is pleased to rescind, from the 1st of August next, the Minutes of Council under date the 20th of April, 1782, and 22d of February, 1792, granting respectively a prescribed monthly allowance for keeping in repair the Fort and certain temporary Buildings at Buxar.

The custody of the Works and Buildings of Buxar is to be confided from the above date to the Barrack Master of the 4th or Ghazeepore Division, with the assistance of a Barrack Serjeant, on the prescribed rate of Staff Salary, and under the general control of the Military Board.

HisLordship in Council is further pleased to resolve that Co[illegible] mandant of Buxar be placed on the same scale of Staff [illegible] Five Hundred (500) Rupees per [illegible]sem with the [illegible] Allahabad, so long as Lieutenant Colonel and Brevet [illegible] be continued in the former Command.

W. CASEMENT,

Sec. to Govt.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE MOST NOBLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM; 26th June, 1819.

The Most Noble the Governor General in Council is pleased [illegible] make the following appointment.

1st R[illegible]oorah [illegible]t Cavalry.

Edward O'Bri[illegible], to be local Cornet vice [illegible] [illegible]ed, date [illegible] [illegible]v, 1819.

Gentlemen, having respectively produced Certificates
ents as Cadets of Infantry on this Establishment are
ervice accordingly, and promoted to the rank of
he date of their Commissions to be adjusted here-

n Ludlow,
id Thompson,
ch Brown,
n Graham McGregor,
ns Swete
" Charles Haldane
" George Newton Prole,
" William Sandys Prole,

Captain John Anderson of the 27th Regiment of Native Infantry, having furnished the prescribed Certificates from the Medical and Pay Departments is permitted to return to Europe on Furlough, for the recovery of his health

Major George Becher Assistant Commissary General, having furnished a Medical Certificate, the leave of absence granted to him in General Orders of the 19th of December last, is further extended for Six Months, beyond the period therein specified, on account of his health

W CASEMENT, Lieut Col

Sec to Govt Mil Dept

GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE MOST NOBLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL

FORT WILLIAM, 26TH JUNE, 1819.

The Most Noble the Governor General in Council is pleased to make the following appointments to fill vacancies occasioned by the late arrangements in the Barrack Department

Lieutenant Evan Macleod of the 18th Regiment of Native Infantry, to be Fort Adjutant of Chunar

Captain M Thomas of the 27th Regiment of Native Infantry, to be Fort Adjutant of Allahabad,

Captain William Balfour the 14th Regiment of Native Infantry, to be Fort Adjutant of Agra

Lieutenant Alexander Pope of the 8th Regiment of Light Cavalry, to be Adjutant of Native Invalids at Allahabad, and Pay Master of Native Pensioners, vice Burroughs, appointed a District Barrack Master

The foregoing appointments are to have effect from the 1st of August next.

W CASEMENT, Lieut.-Col.

Sect to Govt. Mil. Dept

JULY 5.

The arrivals from sea during the las week, will be found under our Shipping head. By the American Ship *Atlas*, from Penang the 3d of June, we have received the Journals of that Island, from which we have extracted the nautical intelligence which they afford. Sir THOMAS RAFFLES on the *Indiana*, and a small fleet of transports, with three Companies of Native Infantry, had proceeded from Penang for Sincapore. Accounts had reached Penang of the prevalence of a destructive fever at Malacca. We have, as usual, made such extracts as have been supplied to us by the Madras and Bombay Journals, but they contain little intelligence of a local nature—and the European news, has been anticipated here by the arrival of the *Waterloo*.

The Supreme Court has been occupied the whole of the last week, Monday and Thursday excepted, with the trial of felonies and misdemeanors. Several persons have been convicted of Forgeries; and a native man and woman have been found guilty of an assault, accompanied by circumstances of peculiar cruelty and attrocity.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE

CALCUTTA.

ARRIVALS.

At Kedgeree.

JUNE.

27. American Ship *Atlas*, Captain James Gridon, from Penang 3d June.

Ship *Emma*, Captain C. A. Bomguardt, from Ekapelly 17th ditto.

Ship *Lord Hungerford*, Captain J. G. Williams, from Penang 9th May, and Pedier 6th June.

Brig *Salamanca*, Captain G. East, from Madras 13th Jan. Rangoon 28th Feb. Pondichery 10th March, Madras 25th March, Malay and Coromandel Coasts, last from Vizagapatam 25th June.

29. French Ship *Adele*, Captain Duplessy, from Havre de Grace 17th Oct. Cape Verd, Mauritius, and Bourbon 21st May.
30. Ship *Euphrates*, Captain P. Mcaring, from Busheer 20th May, and Madras 24th June.

JULY.

1. American Ship *America*, Captain Ed. Rosseter, from Philadelphia 30th Nov. Madras, and Bombay 11th June.
2. Ship *Lord Cochrane*, Captain John M Ardle, from Bombay 1st May, Point de Galle, and Madras.
3. Ship *Hyperion*, Captain Wm. Lashley, from Bombay.

Off Calcutta.

JUNE.

27 The *Isabella*.
28 The *Atlas*, the *Emma*, and *Lord Hungerford* at the Cooly Bazar.
29 The *Aberdeen*, and Brig *Salamanca*.

JULY.

1 The *Euphrates*.
3. American Ship *America*.

PASSENGERS.

PER LORD HUNGERFORD

Mrs. Hewett, and Mrs. Williams, Miss Hewett, Master Williams, Lieutenants Hewett, Fraser, and Patch, 20th Regt. Native Infantry, Assistant Surgeon Bell, 20th Regt. Native Infantry, and 350 troops, belonging to ditto.

PER EUPHRATES.

Major McIntosh.

DEPARTURES.

From Calcutta.

JULY.

1. Ship *Anne*, Captain R Dickie, for Bombay.
Ship *Bombay*, Captain George Young, for Port Jackson.
2. Ship *Theodosia*, Captain N. Morison, for Gibraltar.
Portuguese Ship *Duarte Pacheco*, Captain F. C. Garcia, for Rio de Janeiro.

Kedgeree.

Passed down,—The French Ship *Roxelane*.

New Anchorage.

Remain,—The H. C. Ship *Waterloo*, the *Pascoa*, and Brig *Bounty Hall*.
Passed down,—The *Ramdolall Day*, American.

The Ship *Marquis of Hastings*, Captain Proudfoot, sailed from Penang for China on the 15th May; and on the same day the brig *Gessina*, Robertson, left Penang for Singapore.

The Ship *Charlotte*, Captain Stephenson, from Bombay, anchored in Penang Harbour, on the 28th May.

Sir Thomas Raffles embarked on the 22d May, on the *Indiana*, Captain McIntire, for Sincapore and Bencoolen. The *Indiana* sailed on the same day, having the H. C. Cruizer *Minto*, Capt. Cridle, in com-

pany. On the 27th, the transport Ships *Cornwallis*, Brown, *Mary Ann* Webster, and *Marchioness of Wellesley*, Ricketts, followed also for Sincapore, having on board three companies of the 2d battalion 20th regiment, Bengal Native Infantry.

The *Elizabeth*, Gibson, sailed from Penang for Madras on the 25th May.

The brig *Lively*, Mahomed Fazgell, having sailed from Penang, on the 22d February for Malacca, had, after reaching that port, proceeded onwards for Sincapore, when she was attacked near Salangore, by several pirate boats, and after being plundered returned to Malacca.

The Ex-Rajah of Acheen is said to be preparing a vessel, on which he intends to proceed in a voyage of pilgrimage to Mecca.

BOMBAY.

ARRIVALS—June 1st, H. C. Cruiser Theus, Lieut Thos. Tanner, from Muscat, the 29th May.

2 Grab Ship Mustapha, Captain J. A. Hurst, from Bussorah 22d April.

3 Ship Carron, Captain S. S. Gover, from Liver- pool the 29th January.

Do. Ship Maria, Capt. Henry Williams, from Botanybay, and Bencoolen, the 18th March.

Do. Ship Prince Regent, Capt. F. Clifford, from London the 29th January.

Do. Ship Katherine Stuart Forbes, Capt. J. Lamb, from London.

Do. Ship Kaudebux Naqudah Mahomed Ally, from Cannanore, the 24th March.

Do. Ship Mermaid, Capt. William Hammon, from Bengal the 26th March, Madras 17th April.

Do. 4th, Ship Lord Castlereagh, Capt. Briggs, returned from sea.

6 His Majesty's Sloop Bacchus, John P. Parkin, Esq. Captain, from Mocha

Do Ship Angelica, Captain Thomas Crawford, from the Mauritius 15th May.

8 Ship Stakesby, Capt W. Henderson, from London the 12th Feb. 1819.

11 Ship Alexander, Captain B. Rogers, from Bussorah the 13th May, Bushire 26th; and Muscat 4th June 1819.

Do, H. C. Cruiser Benares, Captain Wm. Eatwell, from Bussorah.

PASSENGERS PER CARRON.

Mr. Thomas Rowson, Mr. Thomas Johnson.

PASSENGERS PER PRINCE REGENT.

Mr. Henry Shee, Mr. Edward Dumaresque.

PASSENGERS PER KATHERINE.

H. Forbes, Esq. Mr. G. P. Le Meisurier.

PASSENGERS PER MERMAID.

Mr. and Mrs. Vickers, Mr. A. Dunlop, Mr. G. Ogilvy.

PASSENGER PER ANGELICA.

Wm. Dobbinson.

PASSENGERS PER STAKESBY.

Lieut and Mrs. Robinson, E. Regt. Mr. Martin, Asst. Sur. Mr. D. L. Virtue, Cadet.

PASSENGERS PER ALEXANDER.

Mrs. Rogers, Mrs. Lonel and 2 children.

DEPARTURES—June 10—H. M. Sloop Bacchus, J. P. Parkins, Esq. Captain, to Trincomalie

Do. Brig Penang, Captain J Bacon to Batavia.

NAUTICAL NOTICES.

Isle of France. By the arrival of the Angelica from this place, we regret to state that accounts have been brought of the loss of a Dutch 74 Gun ship homeward bound with an Admiral on board near Diego Garcia; the Admiral and most of the crew had reached the Isle of France in an American Brig.

The Honorable Company's ship General Hewitt, from Bengal had put in with the loss of her rudder.

Much bad weather had been experienced in the vicinity of these Islands during March and April.

The Endeavour Grab Brig, who sailed from Bombay in December last, laden with Cotton, had not yet arrived; it is supposed she foundered in the hurricane, in the begining of March.

His Majesty's Ship Liverpool remained alone on that station The Magicienne having proceeded to Europe.

The William Nielson free trader touched at the Isle of France on her passage to England.

The following is an extract of a letter from the agents to Lloyd's at Batavia, dated September 2:—

"We enclose an extract from the log of an American ship lately arrived here. Describing the situation of a rock seen on the passage from Baltimore, supposed to be the Telemachus rock, the existence of which was doubtful. The situation, if accurately laid down, is extremely dangerous, being directly in the track of ships running down their easting"

Extract from the log of the ship United State, of Baltimore, Sherbail Wilkinson, commander, from Baltimore, to Batavia, July, 20, 1818:—At 1 p.m., passed a rock within 50 yards, about 6 feet above the level of the sea. We plainly saw the shells and small stones in the holes of the rock when the sea left it: it is about the size of a large ship's hull, and not perceivable till on the top of it; the ship at that time was going 11 knots by the log. I just had time to luff-to to clear it. I supposed to be that called the Telemachus Rock, laid down in 38. 50. S, but by four observations, with good instruments, we found it to be in 38. 12. S., and by the run afterwards to St. Paul's, to be in 29 00, E. from the Meridian of London.

(Signed) "SHERBAIL WILKINSON,

Commander.

The Charles Grant, on her Voyage to this place ascertained the Latitude and Longitude of Juan de Nova to be 10-15 S. and Longitude 50-54 E. and bearing from Cape Amber N. E. ¼ N 140 miles.

The Castlereagh, of this port who proceeded on her Voyage to China, on the 1st, returned back on the 4th.

The Free Traders Waterloo, John Taylor, Hyperion and Cerberus, The America, L'aimble Peggy, and several other ships are under sailing orders, and only await the springs.

The (Free-Trader) Stakesby, Captain William Henderson, from the Downs the 12th of February, anchored in the Harbour late yesterday evening, the Passengers by this opportunity are Lieut Robinson, R. N. Mrs. Robinson. Mr. Martin, Assist. Surgeon, and Mr. D. Victor, Cadet. She brings but few Letters and from the late hour of her arrival, we were not fortunate enough to get a single paper of any kind.

Madras

The Indiamen have brought a very considerable number of Letters which have been in course of delivery since Sunday.

The *Richmond* sailed on Sunday for England.

Passengers: Mrs. Farren and Child, Mrs. Griffiths, Mrs. Kane and 2 children, Doctor Lloyd, Captains Stace, Read, Halme, and Powell, Lieutenants O'Neill, French, Lawlor, and M'Gregor, Rev. Mr. Knell and Rev. Mr. Griffiths, Missionaries; Mr. Mayer, Mr. Ipunny, and Master Richie.

The *Lady Nugent* is not expected to sail much before the end of the month.

The *Surrey*, Captain Aldham, is returning to Madras, and was to leave England about the 20th of March The Ships *Pilot*, Captain Owen, *Catherine*, Capt. Knox, and *Surrey*, Captain Hurt, are mentioned in the English Papers of the end of February as also coming here—the probable time of their sailing is not stated. The *Sappho*, which left England before the Indiamen, may be hourly expected.

Bombay.

The Monsoon has set in very mildly, and the indications of its approach, have been by no means so many as usual, a little lowering over the land for a few evenings have been the only ones.

The Rains have fell during the last few days with great violence and our Monsoon may be now stated to have fairly set in.

Gulf of Persia. Reports from this part of the world are often we are convinced fabricated by interested persons for the purpose of misleading the public mind. Several rumours are now in circulation of a ship having been seen on fire off Cape Rasselhad; and of a ships top gallant mast and sails floating about; which would indicate any thing less then a ship having been burnt.

The Imaum is afloat in his new ship and appears to be at last in earnest, as to the final overthrow of the Joasmees and if assisted by us, and the Pacha of Egypt, their reign is drawing to a

close. How far we shall aid the Imaum in his scheme of converting these pirates, and bringing them again to the true faith, we cannot be supposed to have any knowledge of; but such we hear are his plans.

Yesterday morning, the Hon'ble Company's cruiser Benares, Captain Eatwell, and the private ship Alexander, Captain Rogers, arrived here, from Bushire the 25th May, and Muscat the 3d June. The Hon'ble Company's cruisers Ternate and Vestal were left at Bushire; the ships Francis Warden, Governor Petrie, Sophia and Volunteer at Bussorah; and the Ahmoody, Udny, Bussorah Merchant, Malabar, 5 Arab vessels and 3 of the Imaum's ships at Muscat.

We are happy to confirm the statement that there are no European females whatever in the hands of the pirates; the accounts which were received of there being some in captivity, prove totally unfounded. Two *native* females, released from captivity at Ras al Khyma, came passengers in the Benares.

The only news we hear from Persia is the arrival at that Court of M. Mazarowitch, as Russian chargé d affairs, with two secretaries.

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Calcutta.

MILITARY.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE MOST NOBLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM; 30TH JUNE, 1819.

Surgeon James Hector Mackenzie of the Regiment of Artillery, having furnished the prescribed Certificates from the Medical and Pay Departments, is permitted to proceed to Europe on Furlough, for the benefit of his health.

W. CASEMENT, Lieut.-Col.

Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE MOST NOBLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM; 3D JULY, 1819.

The Most Noble the Governor General in Council is pleased to make the following Appointments, which are to have effect from the 1st proximo.

Captain William Swinton of the 21st Regiment of Native Infantry, to be Barrack Master of the 4th, or Ghazeepore District, vice Patterson deceased.

Brevet-Captain T. F. Hutchinson of the 5th Regiment of Native Infantry to be Fort Adjutant of Delhy, in the room of Captain Gowan, nominated a District Barrack Master.

Lieutenant J. J. Casement of the 19th Regiment of Native Infantry, to the Command of the Dromedary Corps, in the room of Lieutenant J. W. Patton, nominated a District Barrack Master.

The following Appointments were made by His Lordship in Council in the Political Department, under date the 12th and 26th ultimo.

Captain John Canning of the 27th Regiment of Native Infantry, to be Political Agent at Aurungabad, under the Resident at Hydrabad.

Captain H. Maxwell of the 22d Regiment of Native Infantry, to Command the Guard attached to the Resident for the States of Bundlecund.

Lieutenant-Colonel Robert Francis of the 4th Regiment of Native Infantry, is transferred to the Invalid Pension Establishment, from the 1st instant.

Subadar Shaick Ahmed is promoted to the Rank of Subadar Major in the 2d Battalion 20th Regiment of Native Infantry, vice Sonaut Sing, deceased on the 17th of January, 1819.

W. CASEMENT, Lieut.-Col.

Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE MOST NOBLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM; 3D JULY, 1819.

The Most Noble the Governor General in Council considering it in expedient, that Fortresses of such peculiar importance as Agra and Asseerghur, should be left to the chance Command of the Officer who may happen to be at the head of any Battalion temporarily stationed in them, is pleased to resolve, that those Fortresses be henceforth constituted permanent Government Commands, with the same scale of Staff Salary, viz Rupees (500) Five Hundred per mensem, as granted for the Command of Allahabad.

His Lordship in Council is pleased to make the following Appointments.

Surgeon John Sawers to be Superintendent of the Insane Hospital at the Presidency, vice Robinson, deceased.

W. CASEMENT, Lieut.-Col.
Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE MOST NOBLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM; 3D JULY, 1819.

The Most Noble the Governor General in Council is pleased to make the following Appointments:

Lieutenant-Colonel D. McLeod, C. B. of the 11th Regiment of Native Infantry, to be Commandant of the Fortress of Agra.

Surgeon Robert Lowe of the 9th Regiment of Native Infantry, to officiate as Superintending Surgeon during the absense of Superintending Surgeon O'Neil, on leave beyond Sea, on sick certificate.

W. CASEMENT, Lieut.-Col.
Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

JULY 12.

The *Asia* and *Streatham* arrived in the river on Saturday, with the Officers and Men of H. M. 11th Regiment of Dragoons. It is said, that these Ships did not touch at any port, after they left England, on the 1st of March. A list of their passengers will be found under the usual head.

It is said to be in contemplation to erect a Cathedral at Chowringhee, and that plans of the intended edifice are in a state of preparation. We are not, however, accurately informed, whether the measure has yet been *determined*, in the quarter whence the intention originated;—and the rumours respecting the fund, which is to defray the expence of the build-

ing, are at present so vague, that we shall not venture to publish them. Should a Cathedral be erected, we trust that in point of scale and design, it will resemble similar edifices in the Mother Country, so far as may be consistent with the climate of India.

Sir THOMAS HISLOP reached Madras on the 28th ultimo. The Pilot Vessel *Eliza* which conveyed His Excellency, has arrived in the river, having left Madras the 2d instant.

PRESENTMENT

OF THE GRAND JURY, FOR THE THIRD SESSIONS OF 1819.

To the Hon'ble Sir Edward Hyde East, Chief Justice, and the other Judges of the Supreme Court of Judicature, at Fort William in Bengal.

Previously to their discharge, the Grand Jury are desirous of submitting for the consideration of the court, the sentiments with which they have been impressed, by a careful attention to the various cases which have come before them at the present sessions.

The jury have derived considerable gratification in perceiving, that although the calender presented an unusual number of offences, few of them were of a heinous nature, and that in the solitary charge of murder, therein recorded, the accused party was not, properly speaking, domiciled in Calcutta.

While, however, the jury have thus had less duty of a painful nature to perform, than has occurred in many previous sessions, they have observed with much regret, an augmentation in the lesser crimes of theft and fraud.

The Grand Jury have noticed with sentiments of deep concern, the various cases of forgery brought forward in the present sessions—forgery of the most aggravated description, commenced by the parties, with the deliberate intention of supporting, by perjury, acts of fraud, and *extortion* against the most helpless part of the community; and it is on record that they frequently obtain their iniquitous end by means of such perjury, through the process of a court of justice.

The jury apprehend that the crime above alluded to has been carried to a considerable extent. It would seem that the constitution of the Court of Requests, where so many and various causes are daily decided, is inadequate to prevent the combinations of deliberate and complicated villany, which it is feared, are but partially represented in the calender of the present sessions.

If it should appear, on inquiry, that one cause of the evil above noticed, exists in the multiplicity of business in the Court of Requests, rendering it impracticable for the commissioners minutely to investigate each particular case, and that the present number of commissioners is insufficient for that purpose, the jury would suggest an increase of their number.

The jury are of opinion, that if the commissioners of the Court of Requests, were armed with a power of instantly committing for trial such deliberate and hardy miscreants, as dare to clothe their iniquitous acts of forgery and perjury, with the authority of that court, a judicious use of such delegated power might tend to prevent similar delinquencies.

The jury concur in opinion with the Hon'ble and learned Judge, from whom they received their charge at the opening of the sessions, in believing that the crime of forgery would be more effectually prevented, were the penalty of the offence, either hard labour, or solitary confinement for a limited period, instead of transportation. And the jury are also of opinion, that the fundamental principles of justice require, that no criminal should in any manner reap the benefit of property, nefariously acquired, which is unavoidable, under the present mode of punishment by transportation.

The latest accounts from England encourage the expectation that a revision of the criminal code, especially as relating to forgery, will soon take place; lest, however, that revision should not be extended to this country, the jury would beg to suggest, that a communication be now made on this subject to the proper authorities at home.

The Grand Jury respectfully submit to the consideration of the court, these observations, regretting however, that the necessary occupation of their time, with the numerous cases contained in the calender of the present sessions, has not enabled them to deliberate more maturely upon the subject.

For and on behalf of the Grand Jury, by their Foreman,

(Signed) J. MACKILLOP.

Calcutta; 3d July, 1819.

The notes of an intelligent correspondent, to whom we have been indebted on a former occasion, have enabled us to give a rapid sketch of the present appearance of the celebrated city of Jeypoor. The Rajah JEY SING is well known for having been a great encourager of European science, and it is mentioned at Jeypoor, that the plan of the city was laid out by an Italian who had gone thither in his early youth, and who was specially sent by the Rajah to Europe to be instructed in the knowledge of the arts and sciences necessary for the completion of his plans. The Italian was amply supplied with the means of obtaining every sort of information, and after several years, returned to Jeypoor. It is added, to his honor, that he brought back with him a very considerable portion of the money that had been advanced to him, and that he died in the City which his talents and ingenuity had principally formed. It is possible that this story may not be correct in every particular, but it is certain that the arrangement of the buildings and streets of Jeypoor is superior to the genius of a Rajpoot, or any other native of India. In 1779 Jeypoor became the refuge and sanctuary of Hindoo learning, and it was from thence that Colonel POLIER procured the *first* complete copy of the *Vedas*, which he afterwards presented to the British Museum. The manner in which they were obtained is related in the memoir of that distinguished character published in our paper of the 22d of January 1818. Don PEDRO DE SILVA, was, at that time, Physician to the Rajah, and many other Europeans were entertained at Court for the cultivation of scientific pursuits. With such a disposition, there can be little doubt that the Rajah availed himself of European taste and skill, for the purpose of improving and embellishing his city. The liberality and magnificence of his patronage seem to diffuse over the period in which he reigned, though in an inferior degree, the charm which gave importance to that of AUGUSTUS.

The annexed account is the result of a very short visit to the splendid capital of the Rajpoots.

The city of Jeypoor is enclosed on three sides by hills of a moderate height, surmounted with several Forts and other works, but at such a distance from the town as not to afford it much protection. The hills, though apparently destitute of verdure, have with their white Forts a very pretty aspect; the town has also a good and lofty wall of stone, and the gate are double, with large open courts between. To the west the city is open, with the exception of the wall, but here are several old castle-like Forts, by which the plain is overlooked and commanded. As these fortifications are frequently met with

in Rajpootana, they do not denote the vicinity of a Royal Residence, nor does any thing else in the neighbourhood—the few villages scattered about, having the usual appearance of meanness and poverty, and the country is particularly desolate and unpleasant from its deep sand, a belt of which seems to encircle Jeypoor to the extent of three or four kos. On first entering the city by the western or Ajmeer gate, the breadth of the street as well as the apparent regularity with which the houses have been built, excites some surprise, but here, as in all the outer parts, much ruin prevails.—It is not until we reach the main street or Chouk, that the extraordinary beauty of Jeypoor strikes the stranger, as much with delight, as with the utmost astonishment, to behold an Asiatic city so agreeably different to all he has seen before. Instead of narrow miserable streets across which as at Benares and elsewhere, one might almost leap, and large houses crowded with the filthy huts, here is one which for extent, width, and regularity, might be considered noble in any part of Europe. It is two* miles long, with a breadth of between 90 feet. The houses from end to end on either side have the most exact and pleasing uniformity, except at the corners, where other streets run into this, and here, in some places are the Rajpoot Temples, and in other situation ornamented cupola-building opposing each other, which give a gay and tasteful variety to the scene.

This Chouk is wholly a series of shops or ware-houses, and the buildings are confined to the ground floor, but above them rises a sort of balustrade, or open screen, of fretwork masonry, and this again is crowned by very pretty light turret. The whole is white, and the general effect singularly beautiful. It is somewhat in decay towards the extreme ends of the street, where the population, as in the suburbs, generally had become scanty, from the miseries suffered in this country, but already are repairs in several quarters carrying on. From the Palace, which forms apparently almost an entire quarter of the city, rises a lofty minar of a very elegant form, overlooking the Chouk, into which run other streets of almost equal width to that already described, regularly meeting each other at a central point, where the Chouk forms several squares, and in the middle of these, are large Reservoirs of masonry, now dry, as also the channel of the canal running through the City by which they were formerly supplied. The works however appear throughout in the most excellent order, and add greatly, even without water, to the beauty of the City, which, it may

* Two miles or 25 furlongs, by perambulator—The breadth is from guess by pacing.

be here observed, presents a rare and most pleasing appearance of cleanliness. The Chowringhee-road is not neater, and when a street of nearly the same length, perhaps of greater breadth, and the most pleasing uniformity in its buildings, is brought before the eye, accustomed in other Asiatic Cities to all that is disagreeably the reverse in every respect, the very powerful and lively effect of the contrast may be easily conceived. There is one drawback to this in the number of little temporary sheds for the sale of goods in the very centre of the streets; they are of wood, or the common grass reed (*surpot*) and also abound in the squares, where they are covered over with white cloth and filled up with bales of goods, like a large Fair. Although the eye is somewhat hurt by this Indian custom, the space is so ample that no inconvenience arises from it, while it gives a busy trading character to the city, and affords protection to the inhabitants from the sun. The Temples are of stone and in them the most elaborate curious workmanship is thrown away on figures, without taste or proportion; yet take these buildings altogether, viewing them from a little distance, their forms, though somewhat grotesque, are by no means destitute of beauty. They would be gladly adapted to give an Oriental feature to an European park. The ringing of their bells in the evening, the cries of the wandering traders, and the hum of the busy multitude collected in the Chouk, with the display of all sorts of merchandize, from the gay *kimkhab*, to the musk melon, (of which the neighbouring sandy plains give great abundance), form with the pleasing situation a most lively picture. The gates only of the Palace present themselves to the streets, (with the exception of one building,) and the interior could not at this time be seen. The Palace is said to possess within itself spacious tanks, groves, &c. and to have many buildings of fine white marble —that just alluded to, is the Hawakhana. Intention or imagination has given it the form of a peacock's tail, full spread, and certainly looking for such a conceit it comes home to the eye without much exertion of fancy.—It is a pretty light building, but has no character of magnificence, abounds in little windows, seeming to mark the gaudy spots of the tail, and is crowned with small gilt spires, &c.—The rooms must be very narrow, as one can from the street almost see through them.

This fine extensive city, once the great mart between Delhi and the south of India, has a vast number of large houses very superior to what is commonly seen among natives, yet not without the faults they usually display; such as low rooms, small windows, &c. But to this there are exceptions,

and throughout Jeypoor, there prevails a comfortable cleanliness, and a taste so striking in its plan and style of decoration, that the stranger involuntarily, when he reaches its interior, stops to gaze with the most agreeable satisfaction and surprise.—Though all without has a cheerless desert wildness, here all is life and bustle; and the Bazar appears to be excellently provided. Considering the many miseries to which this city must have been subject, during the long period MEER KHAN was encamped near it, and possessed in effect the whole province, its present appearance may be just cause for wonder.—The place where the Chief just mentioned breached a wall, running from the town up the hills to the Fort, is observable from the new work by which it is filled up. At the distance of six or seven miles from Jeypoor is the Rajah's Country Palace of Amber, said to be very beautiful; but as the interior could not be seen at this period we did not go so far. The country between Ajmeer and Jeypoor has all that cheerless, half desolate aspect, common to Rajpootana, but that its state is already greatly improved must be evident to every observer. Few Villages now are seen in total ruin; much cultivation prevails in parts, and the traveller falls in occasionally with passengers and loaded cattle, which was by no means the case fifteen months ago. Ajmeer is certainly a more agreeable province than Jeypoor. It is not so sandy, the towns and villages appear to have suffered less, and fine groves with pieces of water are often met with, refreshing the heart and eye. The near cantonment Husseerabad (the British "local habitation" with "a name") has already within a few months assumed its proper form, by dint of the most preserving exertion, for shelter, and this it abundantly exhibits in all the varieties of taste and fancy. The cantonment is about eight miles from Jeypoor. The situation is high, and promises to be very healthy, and, indeed it has hitherto been so. At a distance rise the hills of Ajmeer, near which the first British Ambassador had his presentation.

NAPAUL.—Accounts from the Residency at Katmandoo, in Napaul, dated the 24th ultimo, inform us that the earthquake, felt here on the 16th June, was also experienced in the valley of Napaul, and continued for some time. The *cholera* had appeared there, although from the climate of the happy valley, we should expect that it would be as much exempted from the visitation of this dreadful scourge, as the *Eastern Montpelier*, upon the Nilgherry mountains. Only two cases, however, had occurred at the Residency, one of which proved fatal. The rains had not commenced in the Napaul country, although their setting in had been expected before.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE

CALCUTTA.

ARRIVALS.

At Kedgeree.

JULY.

4. Ship *Sappho*, Captain T. G. Stewart, from London 23d February, and Madras 2[illegible]th June.
   Ship *Maria*, Captain H. V. Williams, from Bombay 12th June.
8. American Ship *Mary*, Captain W. Smith, from Boston 3d February, and Batavia 8th June.
9. H. C. Ship *Streatham*, Captain T. Haviside, from England 1st March.
   H. C. Ship *Atlas*, Captain C. O. Mayne, from England 1st March.
   Ship *Windermere*, Captain A. Williams, from Liverpool 24th December, Cork and last from St. Helena 28th April.
   Ship *Harleston*, Captain J. Nicoll, from China 24th April, and Malacca 9th June.
   H. C. Pilot Schooner *Eliza*, Lieutenant G. Minchin, from Madras 2d July.
10. Ship *Mustapha*, Captain J. A. Hurst, from Bussorah 24th April: Bushire, Muscat and Bomby 16th June.
    Brig *Haddoo*, Captain D. Wilson, from Timor 26th May, and Madras 3d July.

Off Calcutta.

JULY.

6. The *Hyperion*, *Maria and Sappho.*
7. The *Lord Cochrane.*
10. The American Ship *Mary.*

EXPECTED TO SAIL

In a day or two.

Ship *Hercules*, Captain J. Henderson, for Valparaiso.
Brig *John Shore*, Captain J. T. Williams, for Port Jackson.
Danish Ship *Hooghly*, Captain P. Johnson, for Penang, Malacca and China.

PASSENGERS.

PER H. C. SHIP STRATHAM.

Mrs. Ann Walker; Miss Jane Walker; Miss Sophia Patton; and Miss Caroline Evans; Captain Edward H. Delafosse, R. N; Mr. Ninian Lowis, Cadet; Mr. Edward Sandford, returning to India; Mr. William Wright, Free Mariner; Lieut. Col. Michael Childers, Captain John Jenkins, Captain Thomas Binny, Captain William Elliot, Lieut. E. J. Briscoe, Lieut. Walter Clarke, Lieut. Richard Archdall, Lieut. Hon'ble John Law, Lieut. John Allingham, Lieut. R. Hollingworth, Cornet King Stewart, Asst. Surgeon Henry Steele, Vety. Surgeon Geo. Gross, and Regt. Quarter Master Henderson, 11th Light Dragoons.

PER H. C. SHIP ATLAS.

Mrs. Frances Stewart; Mrs. Rotten; Miss Mary A. Blundell; Miss Susan S. Blundell; Miss Olivia Hickman; Lieut.-Col. J. W. Sleigh, C. B. Captain William Smith, Captain J. R. Rotten, Captain William Blundell, Captain James Moore, Lieut. Allan Chambre, Lieut. Geo. A. Anson, Lieut. Geo. Williamson, Lieut. L. M. Cooper, Cornet Hon'ble H. D. Shore, Cornet A. W. Bishop, Cornet C. S. Malet, Cornet Partridge, Adjutant Geo. Butcher, Paymaster Nolan, Mr. James Omedy Surgeon, Mr. John Harcourt, Assistant Ditto, and 279 Men, 33 Women and 57 Children 11th Light Dragoons; Mr. William P. Okeden, Writer, Mr. John D. Dyke, Mr. H. C. Williams, Mr. E. E. Poole, Mr. James George, Mr. James W. Dunbar and Mr. Edward Rushworth, Cadets; Mr. Henry Atkins, and Mr John Cripps, Pilot Service.

PER H. C. PILOT VESSEL ELIZA.

Captain Black, 1st Madras Native Cavalry; Captain Home, 8th Madras Native Infantry; Edward Abell, Esq. Dr. James Ronald, Mr. W. Howell, Assistant Surveyor, Bengal Establishment; Benjamin Saxton, Apprentice, and P. Burnet, Convict.

PER MUSTAPHA.

From Bombay.

Captain G. Georgeson, Mr. James Kelly, and Mr. Robert Combs; late of the Ship *Margaret.*

DEPARTURES.

From Calcutta.

JULY.

7. Ship *Triumph,* Captain T. G. Street, for London.

New Anchorage.

Remain—The H. C. Ship *Waterloo, and Atlas.*

MADRAS.

ARRIVALS.- June 12th, H. C. Ships General Kyd, Captain A. Nairne, and Windsor, Captain J. R. Franklin, from London 1st March.—16th, Ship Isabella, Captain F. Bignal, from Bombay 28th May, and Covelong 15th June.—18th, Ship Sappho Packet, Captain F. G. Stewart, from London 22d February.

DEPARTURES.—June 11th, Ship Palmers, Captain E. C. Kemp, for Masulipatam.—Do. Schooner Legille, Captain P. S. Jude, for Covelong and Tappanooly.—13th, Ship Richmond, Capt. H. Horn, for London —14th, Brig Brothers, Capt. C. M'Nicoll, for Pondicherry.—Do. Ship Providence, Capt. H. Moon, for Calcutta —16th, Ship Isabella, Capt. P. Bignall, for Calcutta.—Do. Brig Cochin, Capt. J. Mathyz, for Trincomalie.

BOMBAY.

ARRIVALS.—June 8. Ship Stakesby, W Henderson, from London 12th Feb.

14. Ship Alexander, B. Rogers, from Bussorah 13th May, Bushire 26th and Muscat 4th June.

Do H. C. Cruiser Benares, Wm Eatwell, from Bussorah.

13 Brig Minerva, Frederick Jolliffee, from Bengal 1st April.

PASSENGERS

Per Stakesby.—Lieut. and Mrs. Robinson E. Regt. Mr. Martin, Assistant Surgeon; Mr. D. T. Victor, Cadet.

Per Alexander.—Mrs. Rogers, Mr Lonel and 2 children.

DEPARTURES.—June 10th, H. M. Sloop Bacchus. J. P. Parkins, Esq. to Trincomalie.

Do. Brig Penang, J. Bacon, to Batavia.

11th Ship Hyperion (Free Trader,) Lashly, to Calcutta.

Do. Ship John Taylor (Free Trader,) George Atkinson, to Liverpool

Do French Ship Bourbon, M. Rondeau, to Bourbon and Bordeaux.

Do American Ship America, Edward Rossiter, to Calcutta.

Do. Ship Waterloo, (Free Trader,) S Lovell, to London.

Do Ship Cerberus (Free Trader.) Alexadet Fotheringham, to London

12th. French Ship Le Enterprise, J. B. Momus, to Batavia.

Do. Ship Maria (Free Trader.) H. Williams, to Bengal.

15th, French Ship Amable Peggy, Ant Fournier, to Bordeaux.

PASSENGERS.

Per Hyperion.—Lieut. Hughes, Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Whitney, Henry Minto, Major Parbly of the Madras Establishment.

Per John Taylor.—George Darley, Mrs. E. Darley and Master George Darley.

Per America.—Hugh Chambers, Thos. M. Roque, Supercargo.

Per Waterloo.—Lieut. Lowe, of H. M. 47th Regt. and Family.

Per La Enterprise.—Mr Archibald Cameron.

NAUTICAL NOTICES.

The Diana and Sumatrang of this port arrived at Liverpool on the 5th and 8th February; the former ship left Bombay on the 31st of August, the latter on the 11th of October.—The Victory who left the same day, was spoken off the Start, by the Stakesby on the 18th February. The Thomas, bound to this port, was also spoken with on the 20th of March in Lat. 1 N and 17 W.

The ships under dispatch, as noticed in our last number, proceeded to sea on Thursday, Friday and Saturday; the weather being unusually favorable, they all got clear without much difficulty. Many other ships are loading for various parts of the world, but no departure can be calculated on until the 20th or 21st.

The Barkworth, is under dispatch for England, and will sail tomorrow if the weather should be favorable. On the next springs some of our ships will sail for China, and others for Bengal.

When our paper went to the press, a Ketch was off the Harbour, which we suppose to be the Mira, Skene, from the Isle of France.

Madras

To the Editor of the Madras Gazette.

SIR,

I take the liberty of transmitting to you the annexed report of an analysis of a Chalybeate Mineral Water, taken from a Well, situated in the Cantonment of Bangalore.

One Pint of 28,875 Cubic Inches contains,

Carbonate of Lime, an exceeding small quantity,

Carbonate of Iron, 7-10 of a grain,

Muriate of Soda, 2 grains,

The Carbonates of Lime, and Iron, are held in solution by a small quantity of Carbonic Acid.

It immediately occurred to me, that this Water might with facility be rendered a very excellent substitute for the celebrated Cheltenham Water: and be administered with every reasonable expectation of its possessing equal medicinal virtues.

It may not be amiss in the first place to premise that the salts sold in England, and sent out to India, under the Title of "Cheltenham Chalybeate Aperient Salts," are nothing more than direct preparations of Salphate of Soda (Glauber Salt) and Salphate of Magnesia (Epsom Salt) respectively It is further absolutely impossible to prepare Salts from these Waters, which shall retain the Carbonate of Iron.

To prepare the Bangalore Water, add to one Pint, the moment it is taken from the Well; a quarter of an Ounce of Chrystallized Epsom Salt. The Water should be drank at the Well, and care taken that it be not shook; as the Carbonic Acid is liable to become expelled, and the Iron precipitated from its solution.

A fortnight, or three weeks course of this Water, attending to the precautions enjoined at Cheltenham, would, I have little doubt, afford relief to numbers of Valetudinarians, who often having in vain ransacked the Materia Medica, would be compelled to confess at last that here presides the Hygeian Goddess.

I am, Sir,

Your Obedient Servant,

Madras, 1st *June*, 1819. A Z.

The letters by the *Sappho* were in course of delivery on Saturday. They were very numerous.

The following Passengers came by the *Sappho*.

FOR MADRAS.—Mr. N. A. Wood, Assistant Surgeon; Lieut. T. Welland, 1st Batt. 12th Regt. N. I. Messrs. James Miller, T. W. Hands, and Mr. J. Hart, Cadets.

FOR BENGAL:—Mrs Catherine Bruce; Capt. R. R. Bruce, Native Infantry; Mr. P. Stewart, Assistant Surgeon; Messrs. George Carey, and William Glasgow, Cadets.

The Free Trader *Nestor*, sailed from Deal for Madras at the same time with the *Sappho*.

The *Surrey*, Captain Aldham, the *Pilot*, the *Catherine* and the *Surrey*, Hurt, were all expected to leave England in the course of the month of March.

The Troop Ship *Lady Nugent*, will probably get ready to go to Sea about Sunday next. The drafting of the 8th Regiment of Foot is nearly over, and the remainder of that Regiment is expected to embark about the end of the week.

His Majesty's Ship *Eden*, Captain Loch, arrived Friday last from the Gulph and Bombay. She brings no news that we had not previously obtained through the medium of the Bombay Journals.

His Excellency the Admiral has returned to Trincomalie.

The *Euphrates* came in on Sunday from Bussorah, and the Malabar Coast—She tried to get into Bombay, but the setting in of the monsoon prevented her.

The Address to the Most Noble the Marquis of Hastings will remain at the Exchange for signature untill the evening of Saturday next, when the book, we hear, will be finally closed.

The two following Resolutions were adopted at the Meeting of the Committee held on the 16th of June.

Resolved:—That the Subscription Book (for the Star) be circulated at the Presidency.

Resolved:—That Signatures or Subscriptions be received by "the secretary to the Meeting" if properly authorised by Gentlemen to affix their names.

(Signed) A SCOTT, Chairman.

The Country is greatly in want of rain, every thing is parched up; the state of the atmosphere, which has been cloudy and oppressed for the last few days, gives promise of some heavy showers which will afford great relief.

The *Epidemic*, we regret to say, is still amongst us.—We lament to add that several Europeans have been attacked by it since our last, and that one or two of the 13th Dragoons just landed, have fallen victims to this dreadful scourge.

Our readers will be pleased to learn that a third series of those popular works, "Tales of My Landlord" are already in the hands of the Publisher. The next Ships will no doubt furnish us with copies of them. "The title is 'Montrose" and report speaks as loudly in praise, of the third series, as of any of the former works of this prolific author.

Bombay.

The most remarkable occurrence of the past week, that we have to record, is a slight shock of an earthquake, which was very perceptibly felt in various parts of this island at about 20 minutes past seven of the evening of Wednesday. The shock did

not last above a minute, and caused no damage; indeed the concussion was so slight that many persons did not notice it, and entertain doubts of its having taken place. So many people, residing in different parts of the Island, however, have related that they felt, about the same instant of time, a slight shaking of their dwelling house, accompanied with an unusual tremulous motion of the lamps, that we have no doubt on the subject.

Very little rain has fallen in this neighbourhood for the last ten days, and the cultivators on Salsette begin to entertain apprehensions for their crops in consequence of the unusual dryness of the season.

We have been favored with the perusal of a private letter dated Indore 15th May, giving some account of the marriage of His Highness Mulhar Row Holkar to Chanda Bye. The celebration of the marriage ceremony took place on the 3d ultimo, on which occasion the Resident with Sir John Malcolm, accompanied by a number of officers, were present, and made the customary presents to the Maharajah, to his mother Kysrera Bye, and to his two consorts Jejee Bye and Chanda Bye. From the durbar, they accompanied the Maharajah in procession to the bride's mansion, where he retired to a separate apartment in which the marriage rites were performed The bride being of Rajpoot extraction, and of a higher cast than the bridegroom, a peculiar ceremony was in consequence observed. In Hindoo marriages, it is the custom for the bridegroom to stand on one side of a suspended cloth, the bride being on the other side; upon the Brahmin's clapping his hands, the cloth is dropped and the bride advancing to her husband, throws a garland over his neck, they are then constituted man and wife. But on this occasion, a sword was substituted in the place of the Maharajah, and the bride was formally married to the sword. The signification of this strange ceremony is said to be, that the sword of state prevails over the consideration of cast.

After the Maharajah had returned to the assembly his young bride was brought in, veiled, in her bridal attire, and seated by his side. She was between nine and ten years of age, and very good looking and fair, of which she allowed the assembly to judge uncovering her face without any affection of reserve.

The new married couple went from the bride's house, seated on the same elephant, in procession round the city with great pomp and parade, and the ceremony was not terminated till midnight.

On the 7th ultimo the Maharajah gave a marriage entertainment to the Resident, Sir John Malcolm, &c., and this has been succeeded by a series of entertainments given daily to the various officers of government, the principal citizens, Brahmins, Marattahs, Mussulmans, &c. &c.

CALCUTTA MONTHLY JOURNAL.

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Calcutta.

MILITARY.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE MOST NOBLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM ; 3D JULY, 1819.

The Most Noble the Governor General in Council is pleased to make the following Promotions and Adjustment of Rank :

Infantry.

Brevet Colonel and Senior Lieutenant Colonel George Hanbury Pine, to be Colonel of a Regiment, from the 24th January, 1819, vice Crow deceased.

Senior Major Dennis Harman Dalton to be Lieutenant Colonel vice Boille, retired, with rank from the 9th December, 1818, vice Lumsden, retired

Major Watson Hunter to be Lieutenant Colonel, vice Nicholl, retired, with rank from the 14th January, 1819, vice Arnold, promoted.

Major Reid James Latter to be Lieut. Col. with rank from the 24th Jan 1819, vice Pine promoted.

29th Regiment Native Infantry.

Brevet Major and Captain John Owen to be Major. } From the 9th December, 1818 in succession to Dalton, promoted

Brevet Captain and Lieutenant Patrick Martin Hay, to be Captain Lieutenant. }

Captain Lieutenant Patrick Martin Hay to be Captain of a Company, from the 1st January 1819, the date abolishing the rank of Captain Lieutenant.

29th Regiment Native Infantry.

Captain Robert Clement Garnham to be Major, from the 14th January 1819, vice Hunter promoted.

Supernumerary Captain John McGregor is brought on the strength of the Regiment.

30th Regiment Native Infantry.

Captain Thomas Gilbert Alder to be Major, from the 24th January, 1819, vice Latter, promoted,

Supernumerary Captain William Mackie is brought on the strength of the Regiment.

9th Regiment Native Infantry.

Brevet Captain and Lieutenant John Thomas to be Captain Lieutenant, from the 21st October, 1818, vice Oliver, promoted.

Captain Lieutenant John Thomas to be Captain of a Company, from the 1st January, 1819, the rank of Captain Lieutenant abolished,

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

Assistant Surgeon James Mellis, M. D. to be Surgeon, vice McNabb, retired, with rank from the 21st May, 1819, vice Balfour, deceased.

ADJUSTMENT OF RANK.

Infantry.

Colonel Robert Bourke Gregory, C. B. date of rank 6th November, 1818. vice Baile, struck off the Senior List

Colonel John Arnold, C. B. date of rank 14th January, 1819, vice Stafford, deceased.

Lieutenant Colonel John Weston, date of rank 30th June, 1818, vice Baile, retired.

Lieut. Col. Lawrence Burke Morris, date of rank 1st August, 1818, for the Ceylon Vol. augmentation.

Lieut. Col. William Richards, date of rank 3d September, 1818, vice Mabert, deceased.

Lieut. Col. Alexander Duncan, date of rank 20th October, 1818, vice Kelly, deceased.

Lieut. Col. Thomas Whitehead, date of rank 21st October, 1818, vice Nicholl retired.

Lieut. Col. Thomas Penson, date of rank 6th November, 1818, vice Gregory promoted.

2d Regiment Native Infantry.

Major Wm. Chas Lewis Bird, date of rank 20th October, 1818, vice Duncan, promoted.

Captain Peter Jeremie, date of rank 20th October, 1818, vice Bird, promoted

Capt. Lieutenant Joseph Harris, date of rank 20th October, 1818, vice Jeremie, promoted.

3d Regiment Native Infantry.

Major Wm. Bensley Walker, date of rank 1st August, 1818, vice Morris, promoted

Captain William Decluzeau, date of rank 1st August, 1818, vice Walker promoted.

Capt. Lieut. Robert Rich, date of rank 1st August, 1818, vice Decluzeau, promoted.

9th Regiment Native Infantry.

Major William Brookes, date of rank 21st October, 1818, vice Whitehead promoted.

Captain Thomas Samuel Oliver, date of rank 21st October, 1818, vice Brookes, promoted

13th Regiment Native Infantry.

Major Barre Rich Wm. Latter, date of rank 3d September, 1818, vice Richards, promoted.

Captain Alexander Trotter, date of rank 3d September, 1818, vice Latter, promoted.

Captain Lieut. Richard Axford, date of rank 3d September, 1818, vice Trotter, promoted.

20th Regiment Native Infantry.

Major Robert Hampton, date of rank 30th June, 1818, vice Weston, promoted.

Captain John Gordon, date of rank 30th June, 1818, vice Hampton, promoted.

Captain Lieut. John Seppings, date of rank 30th June, 1818, vice Gordon promoted.

27th, Regiment Native Infantry.

Major John Truscott, date of rank 6th November, 1818, vice Pearson, promoted.

Captain Thomas Young, date of rank 6th November, 1818, vice Truscott, promoted.

Capt Lieut Robt. Rayner Young, date of rank 6th November, 1818, vice T. Young, promoted

Captain Robert Rayner Young, date of rank 1st January, 1819, the rank of Captain Lieutenant abolished.

28th Regiment Native Infantry.

Captain Wm. Spencer Webb, date of rank 9th December, 1818, vice Owen, promoted.

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

Surgeon John Howell, date of rank 12th August, 1818, vice McNabb, retired.

Surgeon Wm Finlay, date of rank 19th August, 1818, vice Evans, deceased.

Surgeon Oswald Hunter, date of rank 19th September, 1818, vice Dyington, deceased.

Surgeon David Renton, date of rank 25th November, 1818, vice Richardson, deceased

Surgeon Thomas Crichton, date of rank 21st January, 1819, vice Dickson, promoted.

Surgeon John Stephens, date of rank, 9th May, 1819, vice Bunce, deceased.

The Governor General in Council is further pleased to promote the undermentioned Ensigns to the rank of Lieutenant, from the dates specified opposite their Names, to supply existing vacancies:

John Smith..... 1st January, 1819.
John Wm Stiles,..... 1st January, 1819.
Solomon Boileau,..... 1st January, 1819.

W. CASEMENT. Lieut.-Col.
Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE MOST NOBLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM; 3D JULY, 1819.

Captain Llewellyn Conroy of 12th Regiment of Native Infantry, has been permitted by the Honourable the Court of Directors to return to his duty on this Establishment, without prejudice to his rank.

W. CASEMENT, Lieut. Col.
Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE MOST NOBLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM; 3D JULY, 1819.

With reference to General Orders of the 7th of May last, the Governor General in Council is pleased to authorize the grant of Sonaut Rupees (450) Four hundred and fifty, to Lieutenant Colonel Houstoun, Commanding the Cavalry Depôt at Cawnpore, on account of the preparation of Caps for the men of the Cavalry depôt, for the Biennial Supply comprising the years 1818 and 1819.

The Accountant to the Military Department is directed to adopt immediate measures for the payment of the above advance.

W. CASEMENT, Lieut.-Col.
Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE MOST NOBLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL

FORT WILLIAM, 3D JULY, 1819.

It having been brought under the notice of Government, that inconvenience frequently occurs to the Troops under the Presidency from the refusal of Shroffs and others to receive in exchange for Articles purchased from them, the money in possession of the Soldiery when not the local currency of the place, the Most Noble the Governor General in Council, with a view to obviate future inconvenience of this nature, is pleased to direct that in all cases of Detachments moving from one Province to another, where a different currency prevails, the Officer Commanding shall receive from his men, the money brought by them from the Province they have left and apply to the nearest Collector to exchange it for a corresponding amount in the currency of the District; that is to say for one hundred (100) Calcutta Sicca Rupees carried by the Soldiery from the Lower to the Western Provinces of this Presidency they will be entitled to receive one hundred and four and a half (104 ½) Rupees of the Benares, Furruckabad or Lukuow currency; these being all considered in the payment of the Military as of equal value with the Sonat Rupee, and vice versa, for one (100) of either of these Rupees received in the Western and brought into the Lower Provinces, the Soldiery will be entitled to receive in exchange Rupees (95 11) Ninety-five and eleven Annas, Calcutta Siccas.

W. CASEMENT Lieut Col
Sec to Govt Mil Dept.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE MOST NOBLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL

FORT WILLIAM, 7TH JULY 1819

The undermentioned Gentlemen, having furnished Certificates and counterpart covenant of their appointments as Cadets of Infantry and Assistant Surgeon on this Establishment, are admitted to the Service accordingly.

Infantry

Mr George Glasgow.
Mr. George Carey

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT

Mr. Poyntz Stewart

The Cadets are promoted to the rank of Ensign, leaving the dates of their Commissions to be adjusted hereafter

W CASEMENT Lieut Col
Sec. to Govt Mil Dept.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE MOST NOBLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL

FORT WILLIAM, 10TH JULY, 1819

The Most Noble the Governor General in Council is pleased to make the following Promotions,

Infantry.

Senior Major John Petrie Keble to be Lieutenant Colonel from the 1st of July, 1819, vice Francis, transferred to the Invalid Pension Establishment.

28th Regiment of Native Infantry.

Capt. James John Forbes Leith to be Major.
Lieut. Charles Henry Raymond to be Captain of a Company.
} From the 1st of July, 1819, in succession to Keble, promoted.

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

Assistant Surgeon Angus Hall to be Surgeon from the 29th of June 1819, vice Howell, deceased.

His Lordship in Council is pleased to make the following appointments, which are to have effect from the 1st proximo.

Lieutenant J. M. A. Lucas of the 8th Regiment of Native Infantry, to be Barrack-master of the 5th or Secrole District, vice Dawes, who exchanges.

Captain R. J. Dawes of the 19th Regiment of Native Infantry to be first Assistant to the Secretary to the Military Board in the Department of Accounts, vice Lucas, who exchanges.

Lieut. Thomas Lamb of the 12th Regiment of Native Infantry, to be Barrack Master of Fort William, vice Nugent, deceased.

The following appointment is also made by His Lordship in Council.

Officiating Assistant Surgeon James Barker to perform the Medical duties of the Civil Station of Nuddeah, vice Mellis, promoted.

The Governor General in Council is pleased to resolve, that when European Recruits join the Artillery or European Regiment, in a year for which Coats form the regular Clothing, the Bounty furnished to them shall consist of a Regimental Cap, in addition to the Pantaloons authorized by existing regulations; and a Coat only to be issued to each individual on the 1st of January following.

MEMORANDUM.

In the concluding Paragraph of the General Order bearing date the 3d instant, promoting certain Ensigns to the rank of Lieutenant, for "John Smith," read "John Scott."

W. CASEMENT, Lieut. Col.
Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE MOST NOBLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM; 10TH JULY, 1819.

Captain Fredrick Buckley of the 18th Regiment of Native Infantry, having furnished the prescribed Certificate from the Pay Department, is permitted to proceed to Europe on Furlough on account of his private affairs.

Lieutenant Robert Bruce of the 1st Regiment of Native Infantry, has been permitted by the Honorable the Court of Directors, to return to his duty on this Establishment, without prejudice to his rank.

W. CASEMENT, Lieut. Col.
Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

JULY 19.

We are not aware of any local intelligence that has reached Calcutta during the last week. The Madras and Bombay Journals are chiefly filled with European extracts. Throughout India, peace and tranquility seem to prevail—and we have neither wars nor rumours of wars. The Pretender of Ceylon appears to be forgotten—and APPA SAHEB is scarcely noticed in the letters of our country correspondents. The particulars of the late Embassy to Acheen have gradually lost their interest: and unless the writer from Penang who seems to be possessed of vast political secrets, shall supply Calcutta with another dissertation on Eastern Policy, there is danger of our losing sight of his brilliant and extended views.—It is also time, that we should hear something more of the new *Emporium* at Singapore: and learn how far that place is likely to rival the Netherland's Establishments.—The return of the Lieutenant Governor to Bencoolen, will probably produce many subjects of communication to the Journals of India: and the important discoveries made in the interior of Sumatra, cannot fail to afford future information and amusement. These advantages however, rest wholly on *expectation:* for, as our readers must perceive, these excellent materials for papers yet unpublished, are not in *possession.*

The discovery of a spring of Chalybeate Mineral Water at Bangalore, is a matter of just congratulation to all who may be within the reach of that delightful station. The excellence of its climate has been long known, and invalids from Madras have been in the constant habit of resorting to Bangalore for change of air, and to avoid the heat of the land winds: now, if to the enjoyment of a mild and salubrious climate, be added the medicinal advantages of the Cheltenham springs, we may expect that Bangalore will soon become a place of resort for many whose constitutions require that relief, which seems to be now attainable without a voyage to Europe. We may add that by the meritorious exertions of Major WAUGH, many European fruits have been brought to a great degree of perfection at Bangalore; and that as his garden, has been purchased by Government, every part of India is likely to benefit by his skill and labours.

To such of our friends as are either afflicted with the Gout, or are apprehensive of hereafter experiencing a visitation from that disorder, we present the following paragraph, which we have taken from a late English paper. We have not seen the article in the *Monthly Magazine*, but if the writer of it is serious, and correct in his deductions,—a gouty subject, in the climate of Great Britain, has only to abstain from the use of Wine and Cyder—which cannot be said to be any great privation, when he may freely indulge in good eating. It is not stated whether this abstinence will be equally beneficial in the climate of this country.

"*Gout.*—It is maintained with great confidence, by a writer in the Monthly Magazine for the present month, that gout in this country proceeds from one cause,—the acid of wine or of cider. That good eating is not productive of gout, is proved, he says, by the middling classes, tradesmen, farmers, &c. who eat of animal food plentifully, never having the disease, unless inherited from wine-drinking fathers. That want of exercise does not produce gout, is proved by the sedentary poor, mechanics, tailors, shoemakers, &c. never having the disease:—that exercise, and a spare diet, do not prevent the disease, is proved by its frequency among the peasantry in the cider countries. Many gentlemen of gouty constitutions have subdued the disease, by abstaining from wine, though they have indulged in luxurious eating; and to their comparative temperance in wine-drinking is to be attributed the almost total exemption of females from the disease.—Intemperate malt-liquor drinkers suffer from one train of symptoms, and spirit-drinkers from another; but they never have gout. The writer, therefore, considers it as clearly proved, that the acid of wine, or of cider, is necessary for the production of the disease in the climate of Great Britain."

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE

CALCUTTA.

ARRIVALS.

At Kedgeree.

JULY.

11. Brig *Brothers*, Captain C. McNicol, from Madras 30th June.
12. Ship *Bengal*, Captain G Woodward, from Liverpool 3d March.
— Ship *Udny*, Captain A. Pelly, from Muscat 14th June.

Off Calcutta.

JULY.

11. The Brig *Haldane.*
12. The *Mustapha.*
13. The *Windermere and Harleston.*
14. The Brig *Brothers.*

DEPARTURES.

From Calcutta.

JULY.

11. Ship *Lady Flora*, Captain F. Balston, to complete her loading for the Cape of Good Hope.
12. Danish Ship *Hooghly*, Captain P. Johnson, for Penang Malacca and China.
— Ship *Hercules*, Captain James Henderson, for the Coast of Chili.

14. Brig *Jane*, Captain O. B. Williams, for Madras.
15. Ship *Mary*, Captain W. Kncale, for Liverpool.
16 Cutter *Frolic*, Captain J Dimprev, for Batavia.
17. Dutch Brig *Maria*, Capt. F. W. Evers, for Antwerp.

BOMBAY.

ARRIVALS.—June 16th Ketch Myra, Thomas Skene, from Mauritius 20th May.

Do. 21st Ship Thomas (Free Trader) John Litson, from London 1st Feb.

PASSENGERS.

PER THOMAS—Mr. and Mrs. Barra, Surgeon, Mr. Billamore and also 26 of the Crew of the late Ship Leda, which number includes the Capt. and Officers.

DEPARTURES—June 16th, Grab Ship Mozoffer, J. A. Hurst, to Calcutta.

Do. 18th Ship Barkworth (Free Trader,) James Frazer, London.

Do 20th Ship Lord Castlereagh, Francis Briggs, to China
Do. Ship John Bannerman, Hugh Hunter to China.

PASSENGERS.

PER MOZAFFER. George Georgeson, Capt. of the Ship Margarett, Robt Coombs, and James Kelly, mariners

PER BARKWORTH, Mr. Grierson Merchant and Mr. Huttly of the Bombay Marine.

PER BANNERMAN, Mr. McCarthy.

NAUTICAL NOTICE.

The weather has been so favorable during the last Neaps, as to offer no obstacle to ships departing; a very unusual occurrence, as there has been no fall of rain to cause any outset. The Castlereagh and Bannerman, sailed for China on Sunday, leaving but few vessels, to take advantage of the springs.

The Lady Borringdon, and the England, are the next ships for London.

Madras

The time fixed for the departure of the second Fleet of Indiamen, was the 17th March: The Ships are now generally ready at the time appointed, and should the wind have been fair for these to get out of the Channel, we may expect to see them almost immediately.

Accounts from the Isle of France, which have reached Calcutta, state that a Dutch Line of Battle Ship, homeward bound, and having an Admiral on board, had been lost near Diego Garcia; and that the Admiral with most of the crew, had reached Port Louis, on an American Brig.

From an American Ship which was bound to Batavia, a Rock is said to have been discovered "about the size of a Ship's Hull" —(and not far from the supposed situation of the Telemaque Shoal)—its Latitude being 38d 50m S. Longitude 22d East. An Extract from the Log states, "we plainly saw the shells and small stones in the holes of the rock when the sea left it."

The weather at the Presidency has been very unusual for the season; the land winds we have had, have not been hot—nor have the showers expected at this time of the year, fallen,—but sea breezes or southerly winds, generally commencing at an early hour, have prevailed—To the northward about Masulipatam, they have had Rain, attended by some severe Thunder Storms; in one of these, the Lightening struck a Bungalow, in which were three Gentlemen—the electric fluid was seen in the Hall for an instant after it had struck through the thatch—appearing like a large ball of fire, which almost immediately burst "with the report and in the manner of a 14 inch shell"—the Bungalow was in flames in a moment, and was burnt to the ground—but fortunately no one was hurt—the sound, however, our correspondent writes, did not cease to din the ears of those who were in the building, till next day, so that they could not

hear the Thunder, which is described by others to have been tremedous. The Land Winds are stated to be over and the weather cool.

An Earthquake, a Phenomenon very unusual we might, we believe, say almost unprecedented in this part of India, occured on the 16th instant in various parts of the Peninsula. We have heard that it was experienced in a slight degree at Pondicherry and at Pulicat, and an obliging correspondent in the district of Coimbaconum, has communicated to us some account of this extraordinary occurrence in that quarter. He justly observes, "it may not be uninteresting to hear that one took place on the evening of the 16th instant at Triviar in this district. In our account received from the district Moonsif, he states, that at about half after seven P. M. when holding his Cutcharee, the Earth suddenly became convulsed, that all present became as if intoxicated and could not stand, that the pillars of the building shook and threatened its destruction, Boxes, &c. were moved from their places—that the Pagodas and Town remained in motion for about four minutes He states that the Tanedar was also at his duties at the time, and was thrown down, as was also the Peon who went to assist him. These Persons with many of the Town People experienced violent vomiting but no accident happened. So little known in such a visitation, that the Moonsif quote, his Hindoo Shasters as foretelling that an Earthquake would *sometime* happen. The state of the atmosphere before and after the shock is not mentioned, nor if it was attended with any noise."

We trust we need not assure our Correspondent that we always feel greatly obliged by communications from the country situations, and particularly those relating to the Phenomena of nature. Our arrangements though very extensive for the supply of information cannot necessarily operate in the Provinces, and we are therefore mainly dependent upon the kindness of our friends for any knowledge of the occurrences of the interior. The "Madras Courier" has particular reason to be grateful for such communications and to be thankful for the constant attention of friends, for it has always in a pre-eminent degree enjoyed the advantages of a numerous correspondence. We are aware this remark is rather out of the way of our present subject, but we were led to it by the observation of our Coimbaconum "*Subscriber*" that "should this be acceptable, if I hear any further particulars I shall inform you."

The Packets for the homeward-bound Troop Ship *Lady Nugent*, were closed yesterday evening The Troops, consisting of the last division of H. M 84th Regiment of Foot, embarked on Saturday morning, and the Ship is expected to get under weigh immediately.

The *Heroine* will be the next Ship for England. She is now on her way from Calcutta, but cannot, we apprehend, be expected to reach this Port before the middle of next month. She will continue her voyage, we hear, early in August.

The Free Trader *Seaforth*, from Liverpool direct, anchored in the roads on Friday evening. She left that port on the 5th of February, and of course brings no news. She spoke none of our homeward-bound.

Bombay.

By the arrival of the Myra, from the Isle of France, we have been kindly put in possession of a few more particulars respecting the loss of the Dutch 64; and we are concerned to state, that we have also the accounts of two other Shipwrecks to lay before our readers.

Shipwrecks.—It appears that this Dutch Ship sprung a leak soon after she left the straits of Sunda, that she ran for the Island of Deigo Garcia, but fell to leeward, they then made signals to an American Brig at anchor in the harbour who immediately ran out to them and took all her crew on board; they had just received them all on board, when a Gun was fired from the deserted ship, a boat was immediately sent, and she returned with a single drunken sailor; sail was now made on the Brig and she had scarce got a mile from her, when the ship caught fire and was burnt down and sunk in deep water. The Brig returned to the Island where she landed such part of the crew as she could not accomodate, and proceeded to the Isle of France with about 260 of them, and then returned for the purpose of bringing the remainder.

It is satisfactory to know that the sufferers received from the British Government, every assistance that was necessary to alleviate their misfortunes.

The long expected Free Trader the Thames from London the 1st of February, anchored in the harbour yesterday, and brings the melancholy news of the loss of the Leda, Capt. Lamb, on a shoal about 9 miles to the S. W. of Mayotta. The Shipwreck took place a little after 8 P. M. on the 14th of May; they appear to have been steering under easy sail, expecting to have made Johanna, rather then Mayotta, when the ship struck on a bank of Mud and Stones. The first sea made a complete breach over them, and every idea of saving her, was abandoned; the crew quitted her at day break in the boats, and proceeded to the Island, when to make up the sum of their wretchedness, they were plundered and otherwise ill treated. The intention of proceeding immediately to Johanna, being made known to the chief. (for the King had absented himself,) it was opposed, and they were desired to remain three days, they however prepared for the voyage, and having paid a visit to the wreck, they found her beam ends with the sea making a breach over her; they however procured a cask of provisions and some other necessaries; and again returned to the Island. In the Bay was a Johanna Boat, from whom they procured a Compass and some oth

trifles, and after remaining two days proceeded on to Johanna, where they arrived safe after a passage of 48 hours, and where they found alleviation from their misfortunes in the kindness with which they were received and treated by all the inhabitants of this little Island. Captain Lamb, also testifies to the general good conduct of his crew, during these trying scenes, and it is satisfactory to know, that the whole have arrived here in good health.

Earthquake.—Accounts from all parts of the Island confirm the fact mentioned in the last Courier of a slight shock having been felt. But it appears to have been so slight a convulsion, and of such rare occurrence, that most people doubted the evidence. The West side of the Island, seems to have been most affected, for we have been informed that at Cambala, the undulations were distinct, and in the houses in the vicinity of the retreat, the lamps shook violently. It was felt at Sion, and along the east side of the Island but less distinctly and its duration was only of a few seconds.

This is also further corroborated by the following extract of a letter from Surat, dated 17th June.

"At 20 minutes past seven yesterday evening, I felt a strange trembling sensation; I looked up, and observed the wall shades shaking violently and the chandeliers swinging. There was not a breath of air, though not a minute before the wind was blowing very pleasantly. I ran down stairs out of the house, fully expecting it would fall, but this not happening, I ventured upstairs again being desirous of observing the barometer.

"The quicksilver was moving up and down rapidly, but this I am convinced, was occasioned merely by the motion communicated to it by the shaking of the wall, to which it was suspended. I remained however, no longer than was absolutely necessary to observe this, and ran down again, my speed not a little accelerated by the increased velocity in the movement of the wall shades and chandeliers, the latter of which swung to much as to throw all the tumbler glasses off their stands, against the sides of the shades. When I reached the open air, the earth still moved, and it is my belief that the shock must have lasted nearly a minute and a half; I did not return into the house, for some minutes after the trembling ceased. When I did so, I went directly to the Barometer but no change had taken place in it. It remained as before the earthquake commenced. The thermometer at 83.

"I really never experienced any thing so truly awful, and most earnestly hope I may never meet with another. It is strange that my servants did not perceive it. I met them on the stair case bringing up the dinner and sent them all back again to their great surprise, and not till they stood quietly outside, did they observe the motion of the earth, though it must have been in that way, when they passed over it not three seconds before.

The inhabitants of the city I hear made the best of their way into the open streets where they remained for a considerable time. I cannot well describe the sensation of the earth moving under me. It was a sort of helpness, and I felt as if undeterminedl whether I should stand or lie down."

Cotton Market.—The holders of cotton still continue to demand high prices; in fact nothing has been done since our last. Pepper and Coffee, labour under the same prohibition.

(*From the Bombay Courier.*)

A very valuable addition has been made by the late arrivals from England to the library of our Literary Society; several rare and esteemed old editions of the classics, works on theology and biblical criticism, church history, antient geography, oriental literature, &c. with many excellent new publications have been just received.

CALCUTTA MONTHLY JOURNAL.
VOL. XXXV.] JULY [NUMBER 297.

Calcutta.

CIVIL APPOINTMENTS.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT,

JULY 2, 1819.

Mr. W. J. TURQUAND, Register of the Provincial Court of Appeal and Court of Circuit for the Division of Calcutta.

Mr. W. WELLEN, Assistant to the Magistrate of Jessore.

TERRITORIAL DEPARTMENT,

JULY 16, 1819.

Mr. L. KENNEDY, 1st Deputy Opium Agent in Behar.

MILITARY.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE MOST NOBLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM; 10TH JULY, 1819.

Ordered, that the following List of the Rank of Cadets, received from the Honorable the Court of Directors be published in General Orders.

Rank of Cadets for the Bengal Artillery, Cavalry, and Infantry, appointed and proceeding by the following Ships, which have sailed subsequent to the List dated 22d July, 1818.

For the Artillery.

Thomas Hickman, *Thalia*, sailed 15th September, 1818.
Charles Carr, ditto.

For the Cavalry.

John Clerk, *General Hewitt*.

Of Age to rank in this List.

John Dixon Dyke, *Atlas*, sailed 8th February, 1819.

For the Infantry.

Joseph Liverton Revell, *Spake*, sailed 6th August, 1819.
Zouch Henry Turton, ditto.
Henry Penton Ridge, *Paragon*, sailed 23d August, 1818.
John Griffin, ditto.
Robert Mariott Calderott, *Thalia*, sailed 15th September, 1818.
Francis Wheler, *Thalia*
George Warren, *Providence*, sailed 6th October, 1818.
Henry Fendall, *Dunira*.

Of Age to rank in this Place

George Uliffe, *Egfrid*, sailed 5th November, 1818.
Hedges Worth m Farrington, *Blenheim*, sailed 1st December, 1818.
Andrew Bogue Armstrong, ditto.
Solomon Earle, *Leyton*, sailed 21st December, 1818.
Valentine Frederick Henry Green, *Nesor*, sailed 1st February, 1819.
Henry Oliphant, ditto.
George Farquharson, ditto.
William Flasgow, *Sappho*, sailed 5th February, 1819.
George Carey, ditto
George Newton Prole, *Waterloo*, sailed 6th February, 1819.
Peach Brown, ditto.
William Sandys Prole, ditto.
James Swetenham, ditto.
David Thompson, ditto.
John Ludlow, ditto.
Charles Haldane, ditto.
John Graham MacGregor, ditto.
Ninian Lowis, *Streatham*, sailed 7th February, 1819.
James William Dunbar, *Atlas*, sailed 8th February, 1819.
Edward Poole, ditto
James George, ditto.
Henry Cinamon Williams, ditto.

Omitted in former List.

George Douglas Roebuck, *Abroad*, Par. appeared 25th March, 1818.

To rank between Mr. George Palmer and Christopher Robert Bellew, in the list dated 22d July, 1818.

James Charles Maclean, *Cornwall*, sailed 2d June, 1818.

To rank between Mr Patrick Craigie and Mr. John Marshal Heatinstall in the above list.

East India House.
The 10th February, 1819

Lieutenant E. T. Walker of the 22d Regiment of Native Infantry, having furnished the prescribed Certificates from the Medical and Pay Departments, is permitted to proceed to Sea for the recovery of his health, and to be absent on that account for six months from Bengal.

His Lordship in Council is pleased to promote Sheikh Ramzoum Subadar in the 1st Battalion, 21st Regiment of Native Infantry to the rank of Subadar Major, vice Sheikh Bullacky, transferred to the Invalid Establishment on the 1st of July, 1819.

W. CASEMENT, Lieut.-Col.

Sec. to Govt, Mil. Dept.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE MOST NOBLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM; 17TH JULY, 1819.

Captain C. H Campbell of the Artillery Regiment, is appointed to officiate as Assistant Secretary to Government in the Military Department from the 1st Proximo, on a Staff Salary of Rupees (400) Four Hundred per Mensem.

W. CASEMENT, Lieut.-Col.

Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE MOST NOBLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM; 17TH JULY, 1819.

The Most Noble the Governor General in Council is pleased to make the following removal and appointment.

Lieutenant Colonel Robert Morrell, from the Cawnpore Provincial Battalion to Command the Moorshedabad Provincial Battalion, vice Captain Canning, appointed Political Agent at Aurungabad.

Lieutenant S. P. C. Humfrays of the 18th Regiment of Native Infantry to be Sub-Assistant Commissary General vice Hunter deceased.

The undermentioned gentlemen having produced Certificates of their appointments as Cadets of Cavalry and Infantry on this Establishment, are admitted to the Service accordingly, and severally promoted to the rank of Cornet, and Ensign, leaving the dates of their Commissions to be adjusted hereafter.

CAVALRY.

Mr. John Dixon Dyke.

INFANTRY.

Mr James William Dunbar,
" Nimrod Lewis,
" James George,
" Henry Cornwallis Williams,
" Edward Poole.

His Lordship in Council is pleased to transfer Local Cornet W. O'Brien of the Cavalry of Hoosseyn to the Champarun Light Infantry Battalion, and to confer with local rank to supply the vacancy occasioned by the decease of Local Ensign Cameron.

Serjeant Major Hubert Vanstraten of the 2d Batt. 18th Regt. of Native Infantry is admitted to the benefit of the Pension established by Minutes of Council of the 11th January, 1797, and permitted to reside and draw his Stipend at Monghier.

Quarter Master Serjeant James Mason, of the 2d Battalion 26th Regiment of Native Infantry, is re-admitted to the benefits of the Pension established by Minutes of Council of the 11th January, 1797, with permission to reside and draw his Stipend at Monghier.

Serjeant L. Laine is admitted to the benefits of the Pension established by Minutes of Council of the 11th of January, 1797.

Regimental and Battalion Staff Officers, being no longer eligible to the Command of Troops or Companies, are to be discontinued on the Muster Rolls of such; they are to be returned as "Effective Staff," on the strength of the Corps, and Mustered on the Rolls of their respective Departments.

W. CASEMENT, Lieut.-Col.
Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE MOST NOBLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM; 17th JULY, 1819.

The revised organization of the Ordnance Commissariat Department, having introduced new ranks of Warrant Officers, and fixed the allowance of this class of Public Servants without specifying the net pay of each rank, which generally regulates the Furlough Pay, as well as the Pension and the Invalid Pension; the Most Noble the Governor General in Council, adverting to these circumstances, deems it proper to lay down a scale of Furlough Pay and Pensions to Warrant Officers, with attention to the rates already sanctioned by the Honorable the Court of Directors, in the cases of Deputy Commissary and Conductor of Ordnance.

FURLOUGH PAY.

		£	s.	d.
Commissary.....	Pr. An.	182	10	0
Deputy Commissary.....		91	5	0
Assistant Commissary and Deputy Assistant Commissary.....		80	0	0
Conductor and Riding Master.....		75	0	0
Sub Conductor and Assistant Riding Master,.....		45	12	6

The indulgence of Furlough to Warrant Officers to be restricted as at present to [illegible] when the Passage Money of a Subaltern, viz. 1500 Rupees, will be granted to Deputy Commissaries, Assistant Commissaries and Deputy Assistant Commissaries, and an allowance of 1000 Rupees as Passage Money to Conductors, and all other of inferior Rank.

RETIRING PENSION.

		£	s	d.
Commissary.....	Pr. An	182	10	0
Deputy Commissary.....		91	[illegible]	0
Assistant Commissary and Deputy Assistant Commissary		71	[illegible]	[illegible]
Conductor and Riding Master,		60	0	0
Sub Conductor and Assistant Riding Master.....		45	12	6

To entitle [illegible] in Europe on the Pension of their respective [illegible] in India [illegible] Department for [illegible] in the [illegible] Honorable the Court of Directors [illegible] 8th of April [illegible] published in Government General Order of the 12th of October of the same year, viz.

INVALID PENSION.

27	Year in India	Pr.	In the Department.
27		[illegible]	
22	in India	[illegible]	

Warrant Officers, including those in the Medical branch of the Service, when transferred to the Invalid Pension Establishment, will receive the following allowances.

Commissary,				Pay and Half Batta of a Captain.
Deputy Commissary.	„	„	„	of a Lieut.
Assistant Commissary, & Deputy Assistant Commissary	„	„	„	of an Ensign.
Conductor, Riding Master, Sub Conductor, Assistant Riding Master,		„	„	of their respective Ranks,
Apothecary,		Per men.	St. Rs.	60
Assistant Apothecary,		„	„	32
Hospital Steward,		„	„	50
Assistant Hospital Steward		„	„	32

The existing rule by which Warrant Officers are not eligible to the Invalid Pension Establishment until reported incapable of further duty in the effective branch of the Service, is to continue in force.

When a Warrant Officer is deemed unequal to the discharge of his duties, the nature of his case is to be ascertained by a Medical Committee, composed of two or more Medical Officers, of which the senior Medical Officer at the station is always to be President.

The proceedings of the Committee are to be submitted to Government with the commander in Chief's recommendation for transferring a Warrant Officer to the Invalid Pension List.

If a Warrant Officer when transferred to the Invalid Pension Establishment shall not have served one half the period in India, and in the Department to which he belongs, as already specified, he will be entitled to the Pension only of the rank next below that which he holds at the date of transfer. A Roll shewing the individual's length of service in India, and the Department, to be furnished to Government on such occasion.

The Pensions granted under the present regulation are to be considered inclusive of those which Warrant Officers are entitled to from Lord Clive's Fund.

Although it has not been deemed necessary to admit the Warrant Medical Officers to the benefits of Furlough, or to retire on a Pension in Europe, yet should any individual of this Class, which a fair claim to the indulgence, the Governor General in Council will be prepared to give the circumstances of his case a favourable consideration, on their being brought under his notice by the Commander in Chief.

Warrant will be issued forthwith, exclusive of emoluments of Warrant Officers mentioned in this Order, according to the following Fees.

Commissary, ... Sa. Rs.	45
Deputy Commissary, ...	35
Assistant Commissary, ...	30
Deputy Assistant Commissary, ...	25
Conductor and Riding Master, ...	20
Sub Conductor and Assistant Riding Master,	15
Apothecary	20
Steward	15
Assistant Apothecary, ... / Assistant Steward, ...	10

W. CASEMENT, Lieut. Colonel,

Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

JULY 26.

On Saturday last, the Address of the Inhabitants of Madras to the Governor General, was presented to His Lordship at the Government House. Captain BLACKER, of the Madras establishment, had the honor of offering this testimonial of the respect of the principal persons of the sister Settlement. We understand, that the address and His Lordship's reply, will be published in the Official Gazette; and in our next number we hope to be enabled to lay them before our readers. We are happy to add, that the Governor General, has been voted the thanks of both houses of Parliament, for the wisdom and firmness of his administra-

tion in India: and our readers, have already seen that the Court of Directors, have evinced their sense of His Lordship's public services, by a pecuniary addition to his income. The following extract, which is taken from a London Journal, refers to a subject, which is familiar to our military readers, who will be happy to find, that His Lordship's generosity has been duly appreciated in England:—

"A trait in the princely generosity of the Noble Marquis's character deserves to be known. As Commander in Chief, he became entitled to a very large share of the rich booty acquired in the late campaign. No one could in his military character possess a fairer title to this property; for the Marquis both planned and directed the whole war in its general outline, and almost in its minutest details: he took the field in person; he met the most alarming contingencies with coolness and promptitude; he kept the whole machine in regulating and equable movement, accelerating or restraining, as occasion required, the daily movements of the separate detachments. If, under such circumstances, Lord Hastings had declined to suffer the allotment of his legal share to be made, he would perhaps have compromised the rights of his successors in command.

"Accordingly, the Noble Marquis directed the usual division of the booty to be made: but reflecting that he had in his own person united the supreme civil and military authority—that as Governor General, he had resolved upon the war, which, as Commander in Chief, he had directed—a feeling of personal delicacy precluded him from benefiting by this great accession of fortune. He was unwilling that even those who in the present or in future times might be most ignorant of his real character, should ever have the slightest ground to suspect that his public measures could have been in any degree affected by his private interest; and he therefore most magnanimously threw the whole of his share into the portion of the subalterns and privates!"

Letters from Kurnaul, dated the early part of this month, mention the arrival there of the 2d Battalion of the 5th Regiment, and the 6th Regiment of Cavalry; the former commanded by Major PATTON, the latter by Major THOMPSON. The season appears to have been unfavorable in the neighbourhood of Jionpore, and along the north bank of the Ganges west of Chuprah. Nearly all the Indian Corn, and other grains, as well as the Indigo plant, have perished from the want of rain: and grain of every description is selling

for enormous prices. A letter from Jionpore, states that many ryots have emigrated in a northernly direction, and that it is supposed they are proceeding to the Turra-ee.

Speculations are entertained in the Upper Provinces, respecting future military operation, but we apprehend that these rumours have originated with persons, accustomed to an active life, who impatient of their present inactivity, are planning future employment, and who talk and write of what they *wish*, rather than of that, which they have any reason to *expect*.

We have inserted several extracts from the Bombay papers, descriptive of the effects of the Earthquake, which was slightly experienced at this presidency on the 16th ultimo. It appears to have committed irreparable injury to some of the long admired antiquities of Ahmedabad.—It appears from a notice in the *Bombay Courier*, that MULLA FEROZ is about to publish his answer to the critiques, which have appeared at this Presidency on the *Desatir*.

From a Penang Journal received during the last week, we have published an extract of a letter, dated Pedier Roads, which contains an unvarnished account of the present condition of the Sultan JOWHAR ALLUM—of whose history, and political power, much information has been submitted to the Indian public, through the Calcutta Journals. The Court of this Prince, who is now, we believe, an ally of the British Government, did not come up to the expectations of Colonel O'HALLARAN, who, it is said, landed in *State*, to pay his devoirs to the Great Sultan. What will be the result of the operations contemplated against the City of Acheen, time alone can discover, but we may expect to hear of great events—as soon as the Monarch shall be provided with the Sinews of War—and shall obtain "a Book on drill," to discipline the new levy of 600 men! We must not conclude that the plans of JOWHAR ALLUM are speculative and incapable of execution, because they appear improbable or desperate. The March to Paris, some years ago, was considered a visionary threat—but the March to Moscow, enabled the Prophetic Peer to see his prediction verified. We however recommend the perusal of the letter from Pedier, to the grave consideration of the Politicians, who have entertained such sanguine expectations from the influence recently established at Acheen: and as the letter has been published at Penang, whence all our former information has

been derived—we may presume, that the supplies expected by the Sultan, had not been dispatched. It will be seen by our Shipping list, that two vessels, have arrived from Singapore. We may therefore expect some interesting information, respecting the state of this infant establishment: but on this head, we must borrow from our cotemporaries, as we have no regular correspondents, at the new settlement. Should Sir THOMAS RAFFLES have reached Singapore, before the departure of the vessels alluded to, we shall doubtless have accounts of his reception,—and perhaps, of his future plans. We have not yet heard, whether any changes are contemplated, to insure the numerous advantages, which are said to be attainable at Sumatra.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE

CALCUTTA.

ARRIVALS.

At Kedgeree.

JULY.

18. Ship *City of Edinburgh*, Captain W. Wiseman, from Gibralter 8th March.
19. Ship *Neptune*, Captain Robt. Law, from Liverpool 27th February.
— Ship *Georgiana*, Captain J. Rogers, from Coringa 9th July.
— Brig *St Antonio*, Captain R Turnbull, from Judda 19th May and Madras 11th July
— Ship *Alexander*, Captain B Rogers, from the Persian Gulph.
— French Ship *Sereux*, Captain M. Durbu, from Bourdeaux, and last from Pondicherry.
20. Ship *James Scott*, Captain R. Boon, from Penang 20th June.
— Ship *Laura*, Captain G. Barnsley, from the Red Sea 18th June
— Ship *Globe*, Captain Bligh, from Java 21st June
— Ship *Resource*, Captain R. L. Laws, from the Mauritus 22d June.
21. Ship *Cornwallis*, Captain T. Brown, from Singapore 23d June.

— Ship *Marchioness of Wellesley*, Captain J. T. Ricketts, from Sincapore 22d June.
— Ship *Layton*, Captain W Morgan, from London 23d December, Cork, Ceylon and Madras 17th July.
— Ship *Glorious*, Captain J Patterson, from Bombay 29th June, and Madras 16th July.
— American Ship *Sachem*, Captain Henry Bancroft, from Penang 7th July
— Brig *Fair Trial*, Captain C. F. Davis, from Madras 2d July, and Juggernauthporaur 15th July.

Off Calcutta.

JULY.

18. The *Bengal and Udny.*
22. The *Alexander*, *City of Edinburgh*, *Laura*, *Globe*, brig *St Antonio*, *and* French ship *Sereux.*
23. The *Layton*, *Resource*, *Georgiana* and Amerian Ship *Sachem.*
24 The *Glorious*, and Brig *Fair Trial.*

PASSENGERS.

PER BRIG ST. ANTONIO.

From Madras.

Mr Michael Duff, Mr Taylor, Mr Clark Assistant Surgeon, Mr. Graham, Mr Murray, Cadets, Lieut. Long, free mariner.

PER SHIP GEORGIANA.

From Coringa.

Mr. Fisher, merchant.

PER ALEXANDER.

From Bussorah

Mrs Rogers, Mrs Carapiet, and two children.

From Bombay

Mr. H Bart, free mariner, Mr. Sarkies

PER JAMES SCOTT.

From Penang

Mrs Bundbury and four children, Mrs. Darling and child, Capt J Smith, Lieut. Bundbury, Lieut. Campbell, 1st Batt 20th Regt. N I Mr. Wilkinson, Mr. Henderson, Surgeon, 327 Sepoys and followers.

PER SHIP RESOURCE.

From the Mauritius.

E. S. Mamgault, Esq.

PER CORNWALLIS.

Captain Manley, Capt Scardon.

PER MARCHIONESS OF WELLESLEY.

Mr Surgeon Smith, Lieut. Coates.

MADRAS.

ARRIVALS.

June 29th, Schooner Swallow, Capt. H. Rudland, from Mypaudoo, 16th May.—July 1st Brig Haldane, Capt. D Wilson, from Delhe Timor, 26th May.—2d, Brig Nelly, Captain J. Jurison, from Bourbon and last from Trincomalie, 28th June.—3d, Ship Reliance, Captain M. Pike, from Vizagapatam 20th June.

DEPARTURES.

June 27th, Ship Sappho Packet, Capt. G. F. Stewart, for Calcutta.—Do. Ship Hyperion, Capt. Lashly, for Calcutta.—29th Brig Brothers, Capt. G. McNicol for Calcutta.—30th, Ship Lady Nugent, Capt. R. Swanston, for Portsmouth.—July 2d, H. C. Brig Eliza, Lieut. G. Minchin, for Calcutta.

BOMBAY.

ARRIVALS.

June 24th Ship Conde de Rio Pardo, H. Beyes from Mauritius.
2d June.
28th Ship Susan, J. C. Collingwood, from Calcutta 30th April,

PASSENGERS.

PER CONDE DE RIO PARDO —Mr. Alford,
PER SUSAN.—Mrs. F. Marriotts, Mr. P Marriotts, Mrs. A. Reel, Miss A. Reel.

DEPARTURES.

23d. Brig Prime, William Lewis, to Penang.
25th, Ship Alexander, R. Rogers, to Calcutta.
27th, Ship Mermaid, William Hammon, to Calcutta.
29th, Ship Glorioso, John Paterson, to Bengal.

PASSENGERS.

PER ALEXANDER.—Mrs. Roger, Mrs, Sorvel, and two children, Lieut. Stedman, 1st light Cavalry, Mr. Beet, R. N. Mr. Sarkies.
PER GLORIOSO.—Mr. Roch.

PENANG.

ARRIVALS.

June 14, Brig Salaamut Noq. Ally, from Malacca 2d June; Passengers, Mr. Joseph Benjamin, 7 Natives and a Woman.

Do. Gareep, Inches Camis, from Telukseamawi 5th June; Passengers, 14 Natives.

Do. Tay, Tunko Malim, from Porto Novo, 25th May.

Do. Fidrebanny, J. Baptista, from Telusamawi 1st June; Passengers, 3 Natives.

DEPARTURES.

June 14, Brig Guide, John Higgins, for Calcutta.

Do. 17, Ship Union, H. W. Skitter, for Coast and Bengal.

Madras

CIVIL APPOINTMENTS.

Mr. W. Harington, Junior, Assistant to the Secretary to the Board of Revenue.

Mr. E. Bannerman, Head Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate of Masulipatam.

Mr. F. Lascelles, Head Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate of the Zillah of Cuddapah.

Mr. P. Grant, Register to the Zillah Court at Nellore.

The Address to the Marquess of Hastings was closed on Saturday last, with no less than 320 signatures—an immense number for such a Society as that of Madras. This fact alone, loudly proclaims the high estimation in which the Noble Marquess is deservedly held at this Presidency; and confirms in the most satisfactory manner, the opinion we have uniformly expressed on this gratifying subject. The Address has been forwarded to Calcutta; and we shall impatiently wait for the result, which shall be communicated to our readers, the moment we have received accounts of its being presented.

A Mutiny occurred on board the Ship *Admiral Drury*, which left Madras on the 26th May, in the course of her voyage to Trincomallie with Stores. She had upwards of 40 Native Passengers on Board. The Captain and Officers were put in confinement, and the command assumed by a Seacunny. They attempted to make the land, but not succeeding after several days, the Captain was desired to navigate her to the nearest shore. Captain Johnston, accordingly, steered for Masulipatam, and finding the Ship *Palmers* there, the Mutineers were secured and are now on their way to Madras to be tried.

Yesterday afternoon His Excellency the Commander in Chief held a Public Levee at his office in Fort St. George, which was numerously attended.

A rather considerable fall of rain has taken place every morning since Wednesday last, which has rendered the climate of Madras very agreeable. Hitherto the season has been exceedingly mild. We do not recollect a season so little hot during our sojourn in these parching regions.

The *Lady Nugent*, Troop Ship, did not get to sea before Wednesday. The following are the names of the Officers who went home on this vessel.

PASSENGERS.

Colonel Harris, Captain Low.—Of his Majesty's 84th Regiment.—Captains Burns, M'Donall, Dale.—Lieutenants Smith, Bindon, and Otiley.—Paymaster Clarke, Adjutant Tucker, Quarter Master Whiteman, and a Detachment of the Regiment.

Bombay.

The Earthquake. The accounts which have been received during the past week, describe the effects of the Earthquake we mentioned in our last, to have been more seriously felt to the northward than about this neighbourhood.

It appears to have extended under a vast tract of country, and to have been felt at nearly the same instant of time at Surat, Broach, Broderа, in the camp at Copergaum and in the city of Ahmedabad.

In the last mentioned place, it was most severe. About 7 o'clock of the evening of the 16th inst. three successive shocks, in such immediate succession as to appear like one, were experienced. Considerable mischief was done in the city, and nearly all its beautiful minarets are levelled with the ground. Amongst the others, the remarkable shaking minarets, so celebrated for their unrivalled beauty and the singularity of their construction, which were the greatest ornament and wonder of the place, are now a mass of ruins; the beautiful minarets of the Bebee's Mosjed are also destroyed. In short, of these very splendid and singularly curious monuments of Mahomedan architecture, scarcely one remains either within or without the city. We copy the following extract of a letter giving some particulars of this catastrophe.

"*Ahmedabad, 17th June.*

Yesterday afternoon at 7 o'clock precisely, a severe shock of an earthquake was felt at this city. The swell came from the direction of S. W. there are various opinions as to the time the shock lasted. I think about 2 minutes.

Happily no lives have been lost, but the damage which has been done has been considerable The minarets of the Juma Musjed, the highest and most beautiful in the place, were thrown down; various other minarets outside the walls have shared the same fate, and many of the mosques have been otherwise shattered and much injured. One of the gates of the Town has also fallen, the walls of the Adawlut building have been cracked by the shock in many places, and several private houses have been destroyed. Several shocks have certainly been felt during the night, and again very sensibly this morning."

The following Extracts are from a letter, dated Surat, 17th June.

"At 20 minutes before 8 yesterday evening, the city of Surat, its vicinity for some miles round, and the opposite banks of the Taptee, were visited by the phenomenon of an Earthquake in a very awful degree. The vibration of the couch I was lying on was so great that I was glad to get off of it; the house was considerably agitated; the furniture all in motion, a small table close to me kept striking the wall, and the lamps swung violently. I ran down stairs and got out of my house as fast as possible. This occupied about the space of three minutes. On getting on the outside, I found a number of people collected, gazing with astonishment at my house, which stands alone, and was so violently agitated that I expected it to fall down. The earth was convulsed under our feet. The shock lasted about 5 or 6 minutes, and appeared to me to run from east to west. There was not a breath of wind, and the sky was serene.

On enquiry this morning I find that some damage has been done. At the village of Omer, about 2 miles west, several houses were thrown down, and one side of a Parsee pagoda fell down; report says one man was killed. I likewise felt two slight shocks about half past 8 last night and 10 minutes past 10 this morning. This last shock stopped my watch. The glasses containing the oil in the lamps were upset in several houses, and the water in the well of the jail, which is ordinarily about four feet from the surface, overflowed. The water in the river was also much agitated, and the water from the tank in the Bazar also was thrown out."

We also insert two other letters descriptive of its effect at Broach.

To the Editor of the Bombay Courier.

SIR,

The occurrence of an Earthquake in this part of the world is happily so unfrequent as to render it as curious as it is awful, and I am thence induced to hope that the following memoranda may not be uninteresting to your readers.

On the 16th of June, about 19 minutes past seven in the evening (the time corrected by observation) a violent shaking of the earth was perceived throughout the town of Broach; such of the houses as are elevated, and at all loosely built, creak'd

like the masts and rigging of a ship in a gale, the venetians and window frames rattling violently and the buildings threatening immediately to fall; a considerable lateral motion was impress'd on every thing that admitted of it; after this more violent concussion had lasted a minute or upwards, it was succeeded by an oscillatory motion of a more equable character which continued for more than a minute and a half, making the whole period of the convulsion nearer to 3 than to 2½ minutes; the direction of the vibrations of such objects as could be distinctly observed was between west and east, and this direction was particularly well marked in Mr. Shubrick's garden by the projection of some water from the brim of a large earthen jar, two or three feet to the eastward of it; the jar is about 2 feet high, about the same diameter at top; after the commotion the water stood about 5 inches below the brim, and this is of course the height that some of it must have been raised to escape over the side. It appeared to many that the southern parts of buildings began to shake before the northern, and it is thence conjectured that the general course of the Earthquake was from South to North or nearly so, but all are not agreed as to the fact.

During the greater part of the time, it was difficult to stand, and many were obliged to seize hold of a fix'd object, as they would on board ship when the vessel rolls; this can scarcely be ascribed to the absolute quantity of the motion, but is rather to be accounted for partly by the great giddiness that seiz'd on every one at the commencement of the convulsion, and partly by the novel and surprising preception of a very evident vibration in the surrounding bodies which had never before been regarded in any other view than as steady and immoveable.

It is remarkable that those in palankeens were scarcely, if at all, sensible of the convulsion, and two gentlemen who were in a carriage without springs, were so little aware of it, that they were not easily persuaded that anything extraordinary had taken place. A gentleman riding through a narrow street at the time, was not conscious of the motion in his own person, but was alarmed by seeing the houses on both sides of him shaking violently, the tiles falling from the roofs, and the people, with one instinctive movement, quitting them and flying to the open spaces.

The sense of giddiness remarked above was so great that many amongst the natives imagined they were attacked by the epidemic cholera, and lay down groaning.

On the 17th, at one minute before 10 in the morning, another shock was perceived, but it was over in an instant, and appeared to consist of two slight undulations; four minutes afterwards there was another, still slighter; of 6 people in a room only two perceived the former of these shocks, and only one the latter, but they were both remarked distinctly in other situations.

There was nothing unusual in the state of the atmosphere; the day had been cool and showery, Fahrenheit's thermometer ranging from 81° to 85°.

Broach 17th June 1819.

We had last night about a ½ past 7 o'clock, a very severe shock of an Earthquake, the ground moved just like the waves of the sea, it was with the greatest difficulty I could keep on my legs, the walls of the house moved backwards and forwards and the lamps went with a very quick motion, the water in our well rose many feet with a great noise and did not subside for an hour after all was over. Europeans and Natives all ran into the streets; many Native houses were thrown down, and several boats upset by the extraordinary motion of the river. It lasted about three minutes. I never in my life felt such an awful moment, every one expecting instant death.

This morning at 10 we had another slight shock for a few seconds, I sincerely hope it will be the last."

Extract of a Letter from Ahmedabad, dated the 18th of June, 1819.

On Wednesday, the 16th day of June, a few minutes before 7 o'clock P. M. the city was visited with an earthquake, of unusual violence and duration for this part of India. It commenced gradually with a slight trembling of the earth attended with a rumbling noise: this encreased every second, and was succeeded by a strong rushing noise, with a violent undulating motion, so that it was with difficulty we could keep on our legs. At this time, all the disagreeable sensation was experienced of being tossed in a ship at Sea in a swell, and the rocking was so great, that every moment we expected the earth to open under our feet. From its commencement to the termination of the shock, it could not have been less than four or five minutes.

The sky was overcast, dark and cloudy, and the Thermometer an hour before was at 90°. Nothing peculiar however was observable which was not to be apprehended at this season of the commencement of the monsoon, which set in mildly ten days before, though little rain had fallen three or four days previously. To assist Philosophers in accounting for this wonderful phenomenon of nature, they should be informed of the state of the weather for the last twelve months in the Province of Guzerat, as compared with former years. The rains of 1818 were late, and at the close immoderate. The cold season exhibited ice, it was so cold, and the hot season was actually insufferable. Although the present rains have set in mildly and without much violent thunder and lightning, yet a great quantity of rain has fallen, especially to the northward of this. The river Saburmuttee, which runs under the walls of Ahmedabad, had a high fresh in it, which rendered it impossible for many days before the shock, a circumstance quite unusual at this early period of the monsoon.

The rocking motion affected persons in various ways in different situations: those indoors experienced all the horrors attending the awful suspense in which they felt themselves, the walls of the houses shook and were rent in various places, the beams and roofs cracked, and appeared to be ready to fall on the inmates,

and crush them to atoms in an instant. People in wheeled carriages were nearly thrown out by the shaking of their vehicles, and animals of all kinds, in a stationary position, felt confounded and became restless. Persons in motion, or horseback, were however unconscious of the shock.

This city is justly celebrated for its beautiful buildings of stone and other materials, and was not less so for the numerous shaking minarets, which were admired by every stranger. Alas! the devastation caused by his commotion of the earth, is truly lamentable. The proud spires of the great Mosque, the Juma Muzjid, erected by Sooltan Ahmud the King of Guzerat, and the founder of the city of Ahmedabad, which have stood nearly four hundred and fifty years, have tumbled to the ground, within a few yards of the place where they once reared their heads! The mosque itself has sustained less injury than could have been expected, and the handsome arch which divided the minarets, has escaped unhurt.—Another Muzjid, of elegant structure, which lies to the left of the road leading to the Shahee Bagh, denominated the Beebee's or Unchunt Koonkee ke Muzjid, has shared the same fate. A gentleman while riding out saw the minars come down: the tops were thrown to a distance, and immediately afterwards the stones came tumbling down one after another.—The only remaining shaking minarets, which are at all worthy of notice, and much inferior to the others, have, I hear, been sadly fractured; they are situated in the Goomptee-poora, to the East of the city, outside the walls. The mausoleums (Rozas) and places of Moohummudan worship have suffered considerably, both in the city and surrounding country. Hindoo Temples are few in number, and of recent build in the city, since its conquest from the true believers seventy years ago by the Mahrattas; consequently a very small number have been damaged. The walls of the Udalut, an old building, erected by the Mahrattas, and the palace of the Peshwa's Viceroys in Goojerat, has been much injured, and the walls rent in many places. The magnificent towers also forming the grand entrance into the citadel have been much shaken, and cracked in several places, especially the one on which the flag staff has been placed. Many private houses have been reduced to ruins, and 'tis most fortunate amidst all our disasters, that not a single life has been lost, and but few accidents.

Between the hours of 12 and 1 the same night we experienced two or three slight shocks, and the following morning (the 17th) another at 6. At a quarter before 10 we had one very severe, which shook the houses and caused the windows and doors to rattle violently. We were now on alert, and quitted our houses in haste, but the shock did not continue above a few seconds, and was trifling when compared with the one of the previous night. At ½ past 10 o'clock we were again visited slightly, at intervals during the whole of the day. The last which I felt occurred about ½ past 12 in the night and since then I cannot say that I have experienced any more, although fancy has frequently led me to pause, and expect a return of this terrible visitation

I fervently trust that providence, in his goodness, will spare this ill fated city from all calamities, until it can recover the damage it has sustained from the iron grasp of the Mahrattas under their bad government,—which the mild influence of the British Government is calculated to effect in time. In its buildings, it is hardly probable that it will ever recover, till only the hand of a liberal Prince, at the seat of his Empire, that could restore or rebuild the magnificient edifices, which it is the boast of this city to have once possessed.

Reports from Kaira mention, that the grand shock was experienced there, a quarter after us, and that it lasted only 37 seconds; two persons were killed by the falling of their houses, and a good deal of damage has been done there. The Udalut has suffered, and the walls rent; the Jain Temple opposite to it has also received a terrible fracture.—With respect to the difference of time between the two places, I do not know whether it is exact or not. Our watches vary much, having nothing but the Sun and Bombay Calender to regulate us, which is seldom looked at; it however, tends to shew that the course of the Earthquake from this, was Southerly. Kaira is distant from Ahmedabad eighteen or twenty miles.

I now come to the close of this letter which must prove interesting to you. Our friends at the Presidency, who have been from year to year putting off their cold weather excursions to this quarter, have cause to repeat their procastinations. * * *

Our correspondent from Baroda, being a native, expresses himself as follows. "Last night I come from office, then we get *Kurtee up*, ground so much shook, water jar is broken, Dinner is spoiled, all women and children, run away. No man [illegible] and this thing, only God, Lamp is cracked, Goat is gone [illegible] all the persons in much frightened."

Cotton Market.—The holders of Cotton still keep up their demand for high prices; but how far with the probability of beneficial results we are at a loss to conjecture. To China, Cotton can be considered only as a remittance; and, as a specimen of the English Market, we quote, in the words of our correspondent, a sketch of the general impression after the sale of the 14th January, which we gave in our last number. "Such is the hopeful state of the Cotton Market, which is entirely caused by the enormous importations of Bengal, and Surat cotton during the last year. The good people in India, when prices get up a little, run wild till they knock them down again. If they would suit the supply to the demand, they might expect a regular and profitable sale. There is enough of East India Cotton on hand now to last 18 or 20 months consumption, without a pound more being imported, and further importations are announced every week. The Americans, that flocked to Bombay the beginning of last year, have brought their Surat Cotton to Liverpool, by which they must lose greatly."

Penang.

We are obliged to a friend for the following Extract of a Letter written from Pedier Roads, by a passenger on board one of the Transports.

JUNE 2d, PEDIER ROADS.

"You will hear by the James Scott, of our return to Penang, of the abominable weather that has forced us all back into this place. We hope to be able to try our luck again in a day or two, and are in the mean time very busy collecting such supplies for the Sepoys as this miserable place affords.

"Our touching here may prove of some public use, as it will give us an opportunity of taking to Calcutta the latest and most authentic intelligence respecting the state of this country, and of the affairs of its Sultan Jowhar Allum. Colonel O'Halloran, whose ideas of a Sultan were of course all founded on Nabobs of Lucknow and other great Princes of India, landed here in state shortly after our arrival; his surprize and embarrassment were rather amusing when he saw a poor creature surrounded only by a set of half starved hooliahs, sitting in a wretched common Artap House. The King, however, behaved with much civility, and talked a great deal about his future plans and operations. He said (which I can scarcely credit) that the late Commissioners had promised by their Treaty, to send him immediately from Penang a Lot of Regular, and a large supply of Military Stores: and that his Prime [illegible] had gone to receive them. He applied to the [illegible] the 20th Regt for a Book on Drill, saying that he was going to raise a Corps of 600 men, and that the moment his Military Stores arrived, he intended to march, with his great guns in front, all along the sandy beach from Pedier to his good city of Acheen! I dare say he will never be able to execute one half of his present intentions, for he does not appear to have one respectable native near him, and seems to possess a considerable portion of that kind of good nature which generally goes by a harder name. I make no doubt, if his story about the money and Military Stores be true, the former will soon be squandered away, and the latter share the same fate with the handsome service of porcelain which Lord Minto sent him some years ago, but the greater part of which was shortly after hawked about Penang for sale."

FOR JULY, 1819.

MARRIAGES, BIRTHS, AND DEATHS,

ANNOUNCED SINCE OUR LAST NUMBER.

MARRIAGES.

JUNE.

2 At Trichinopoly, Lieutenant A. Browne, H. M. 53d Foot, to Miss Shaw.

7 At Bombay, Ensign Thos. Coleman, 65th Quart to Mrs. Sarah Donald, widow.

12 At Bombay, Lieutenant Charles Pinger King, of the Bengal Army, to Miss Jane Margarett Brownell.

19, Mr. John Grossor, to Miss Sophia Quinto.

21 At Ghauzepore, Mr. H. Healy, to Mrs. Mary Anne orris

26. By the Reverend Mr. Parson, Mr. M. Jones, to Miss Louisa Biddle.

27 By the Rev. J. P. Nugent, at Singah near Dinapore, Thos. William Hessing, Esq. youngest Son of the late Col. William Hessing, of Dowlut Rao Sindiah's service, to Miss Frances Brown, third Daughter of Major General Thomas Brown, commanding the Station of Dinapore.

JULY.

10. Mr. Toulmin, to Miss Armstrong.

14. M. A. Agnoor, Esq. the third Son of K. S. Agnoor, of Bombay, to Miss Mary Sarkies, the third Daughter of the late Johannes Sarkies, Esq.

17 At St. John's Cathedral, by the Rev John Hawtayne, Mr Robert Alexander, to Miss Dorinda Anna Rutledge, youngest Daughter of the late Colonel Rutledge, Bengal Establishment.

Frances Fuller, Esq. Captain of his Majesty's 59th Regt. to Miss Finch.

18. At the Cathedral by the Revd. Joseph Parson, Mr. Julian Lavandier, to Miss Charlotte Swift.

21. At the Cathedral, by the Reverend J Parson, Mr. John Campbell Burton, to Miss Elizabeth Caroline Farquhar.

23. At the Cathedral, by the Revd J Parson, Mr. John Post Reynolds, Assistant Surgeon in the H. C.'s Service, to Miss Jane Middleton.

Same day, Mr. William MacLeod, to Miss Charlotte Hudson.

BIRTHS.

MAY.

19. At Gorruckpore, the Lady of William Tullock Robertson, Esquire, of the Civil Service, of a Son.

16. At Penang, the Lady of John Anderson, Esq. of the Civil Service there, of a Daughter.

22. At Dinapore, Mrs. MacDonald, Wife of Mr. John Macdonald, Merchant of that place, of a Son.

27. At Guntoor, the Lady of Captain W. L. Smith, of a Daughter.

JUNE.

13 At the Mount of Madras, the Lady of John Burton, Esquire, Surgeon, Golundauze Battalion of a Daughter.

18. At Bombay, the Lady of [illegible] Esq. Civil Service, of a Son.

At Mhow, the Lady of J. H. Mathews, Esquire, Paymaster His Majesty's 14th Regiment, of a Son.

At Sea, on board the Lord Hungerford, the Lady of Lieutenant Hewett, of a Daughter.

17. At Cawnpore, the wife of Captain Hare, of His Majesty's 21st Light Dragoons, of a Daughter.

18. At Madras, the Lady of J. G. Hadow, Esquire, of a Daughter.

21. The Lady of J. Tivar, Esquire, of two Daughters.

The Lady of Mr. T. Stephen, of a Daughter.

At Cawnpore, the Lady of John Woodhouse Martin, Esquire, Assistant Surgeon His Majesty's 22d Regiment of Foot, and attached to His Majesty's 21st Light Dragoons, of a Daughter.

At Chittagong, the Lady of Henry Waters, Esquire, of the Civil Service, of a son.

23. The Lady of Lieutenant Matheson, Ordnance Commissariat, of a Daughter.

24. Mrs. D. Robinson, of a Daughter.

26. At Cuttack, the Lady of Lieutenant and Adjutant Wallace, of the Cuttack Legion, of a Son.

At Garden Reach, the Lady of W. E. Rees, Esquire, of the Civil Service, of a Daughter.

27. At Cananore, the Wife of Mr. Mathew McFarlane, Sub-Assistant Surgeon, of a Daughter.

Mrs. L. F. Pereira.

30. The Lady of [illegible] Jones, Esquire, of a Son.

JULY.

2. At Chittagong, the Lady of Charles Mackenzie, Esq. of the Civil Service, of a Daughter.

The Lady of Captain John White, of Chittagong, of a Daughter.

4. The Widow of the late Mr. C. F. Lewis, of a Daughter.

5. The Lady of Capt. Robert Allen, of a Daughter.

8. At Futtyghur, at the house of Deputy Assistant Commissary Brannon, Mrs. Anne Thorpe, wife of Conductor Thorpe, of the Ordnance Commissariat, of a Son.

At Bangalore, the Lady of Captain S. S. Gummer, 23d N. I. of a Son.

At Secundrabad, the Lady of Captain Tolfrey, 1st N. I. of a Son.

10. Mrs. A. Meudes, of a Son.

12. At Chunar, the Lady of G. Playfair, Esq. Garrison Surgeon, of a Daughter.

13. Mrs. J. M. Robins, of a Son.

16. Mrs. C. Cornelius, jun. of a Daughter.

20. Mrs. J. S. Jebb, of a Son.

Lately, the Lady of Richard Chichely Plowden, Esq. of the Civil Service, of a Son.

DEATHS.

MAY.

19. In Brigadier General Pritzler's Camp at Gudduck, Lieut. Richard Henry Taunton, of H. M. 22d Light Dragoons. He was taken off by the Cholera after only five hours illness.

[illegible] Badulla in Ceylon, [illegible] Assistant Norman [illegible]

[illegible] Badulla, Mrs. Ni[illegible] of Assistant [illegible] Nicholson.

[illegible] Lieut. William [illegible], 1st. Bat. 13th N. I.

JUNE.

3. Mr. S. Mercado aged 56, sincerely regretted by his relatives and friends. [illegible]

4 At Kaira, Lieut. Col. Kenney, of the 2d Batt. 4th Regt. of Native Infantry, aged 40 years, very much regretted by all who had the pleasure of his acquaintance.

Same place, Cavalry Cantonment, Cornet John Browne Nixon, H. M.'s 17th Regt. of Dragoons, of the Cholera Morbus, in his 20th year.

6 At the Mount, Madras, Mrs. Jane Jones, aged 81 years.

At Gooty, the Lady of Lieut. A. Sibbald, 4th N. I.

7. Mr. Peter Winterbottom, Master of a Seminary in the Black Town.

[illegible] Dornegalle, of fever and [illegible], Lieut. Martin Murphy, of H. M. 73d Regt.

9. At the Luz, Mr. John Gore, aged 29 years.

11. At Cawnpore, William Dick Montagu, the Infant Son of Capt. Irwin Maing, aged 9 months and 8 days.

At Courtallum, Col. Charles Trotter, Commanding Palamcotta and the District of Tinnevelly, aged 51 years and 8 months.

At the Residency, Hydrabad, the elder of the Infant Twin Sons of Henry Russel, Esq.

14. At Chunar, suddenly, Captain George Nugent, of the 8th N. I. Fort Adjutant and Barrack Master of that station; a man universally beloved for his urbanity and social qualities.

16. At the same place, Miss Mary Anne Dawes, aged 8 years, 5 months and 19 days, a promising child.

18. At Titalya, Sarah, the eldest Daughter of Major B. Latter, aged 4 years and 6 months.

20. The Infant Daughter of Mr. John Harris.

21. At Bhaugulpore, John Robinson Sturmer, the Infant Son of John Sturmer, Esq of Azimgh ur, aged one year and one day.

Near Commercolly, William Blanchard, Esq. Indigo Planter.

At Dinapore, aged 20 months and 10 days, Christopher Richard, youngest child of W. P. Wattell, Esq.—This most interesting infant had cut two of the eye-teeth and there appeared no danger; however, the fever kept on and the intense heat of the season, brought on continual looseness and inflammation of the bowels, which caused death.

At Nusserabad, of a fever, Capt. Mathew Charles Dunbar, of the Commissariat, extremely regretted by the officers of the station, to whom his talents, accomplishments, amiable disposition and honourable principles, had greatly endeared him.

30. At Sehore, in his 28th year, William Gerard, Esq. Assistant Surgeon, attached to the Political Mission at Bho-

[illegible] Gentleman whose extensive general and professional knowledge and unrivalled correctness of conduct in all the relations of life, render his death equally a loss to the service as to the immediate circle of his friends and acquaintance.

23. At Pawa, Ensign Cameron, of the Champarun Light Infantry.

24. Of a fever, Mr. John Stewart, of Glasgow, aged 21; in the employ of M. Emeriques, Esq., merchant, Cossitollah.

25. At Saugor, Brevet Captain J. A. Holmes, of the 13th N. I.

27 At Hydrabad, Major C. H. Elliot, of the Nizam's Service.

At Negapatam, Mr. Charles Grenon, aged 22 years.

28. After a long and painful illness, which she bore with true christian fortitude and resignation to the Divine Will, Mrs. Rozalia McLean; aged 23 years, 8 months and 17 days—she was a tender mother, an affectionate wife, a loving sister, and a sincere friend; leaving two infant children, a disconsolate husband, and a large circle of friends and acquaintance, to bewail her untimely loss.

31. At Kaira, of the Cholera Morbus, Mrs. Sarah Nicholson, wife of Cornet Nicholson, of the 17th Dragoons.

JULY.

1. At the house of the late Mr. Duckett, Mr. R. D. Fowlis, aged 22.

The infant Daughter of Mr. Thomas Christie, aged 8 months and 27 days.

At Futtyghur, Col. Cuppage.

2. At Shawgunge, Jaunpore, the infant Son of Robert Da-

vies, Esq. aged 7 months.

3. At Dacca, [illegible] year of his age, [illegible] Esq., an old [illegible] place, but [illegible] pore—deeply [illegible] large circle of [illegible] friends, to whom he had endeared himself by the tenderest affection and warmest friendship.

5. Mr. [illegible] Binny, aged 25 years.

6. Mr. Robert Bruce, aged 20 years.

7. In the 66th year of his age, after a long and distressing illness, which he bore with the most exemplary fortitude and resignation, Benjamin Turner, Esq one of the Attornies of the Supreme Court of Judicature, and the oldest British resident in Calcutta. A man of the highest honor and strictest integrity, of the warmest and most benevolent heart, a steady friend, an indulgent parent, a fond and tender husband. He was adored by his family, beloved by his friends, and esteemed [illegible] respected by society at [illegible]

On the same date, Miss [illegible] riam Sakis Abkar, by the unmerciful malady of Cholera Morbus; whose irretrievable and lamentable loss will be ever most rueefully remembered by her surviving unprovided orphans and a circle of friends and acquaintances, aged 30 years.

At the Presidency, on the same date, Miss Frances Ann Dick, eldest Daughter of Colonel George Dick, aged 16 years and 9 months.—"The Lord gave, the Lord hath taken away; blessed be the name of the Lord."

[illegible] residence in the [illegible] Charles Lambert, [illegible]rs.

[illegible]pore, Miss Emma [illegible]

[illegible] Upper Orphan School at [illegible]alderpore, Miss Elizabeth P[illegible]ot, aged 24 ye[illegible]

On the same date, Donald[illegible] Richard, [illegible] infant Son of Mr. R. F. Cr[illegible] [illegible] quarter months.

14. Captain Robert Raynor Young, Officiating Deputy Secretary to Government in the Military Department, aged 31 years

At Negapatam, Lieutenant and Adjutant Archibald Ra[illegible]kin, 2[illegible] N. I.

At Trichinopoly, the Lady of Major William Ireland Jones, of the Commissariat.

At Masulipatam, William Smith, Esq. Assistant Surgeon.

At Porasawakum, Mr. John Cowkion.

At Belgaum, Mr. Assistant Surgeon Isaac Stone, 3d N. I.

At the Mount, the Lady of the late Lieutenant Colonel Smart, Quarter Master General.

At Bangalore, the infant Daughter of Captain Wilson, Barrack Master.

CALCUTTA CURRENT VALUE OF GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

Buy.			Sell.	
		Saturday, July 3, 1819.		
0	4	New. 6 per Cents. Discount.	0	8
		Saturday, July 10, 1819.		
0	6	New. 6 per Cents. Discount.	0	10
		Saturday, July 17, 1819.		
0	10	New. 6 per Cents. Discount.	0	14
		Saturday, July 24, 1819.		
1	0	New. 6 per Cents. Discounts.	1	4

JULY, 1819.—Thirty-one Days.

PHASES OF THE MOON.

☽	First Quarter, . .	1.	0h.	22m.	Morning.
○	Full Moon, . . .	7	9	14	At Night.
☾	Last Quarter, . .	14	0	47	Afternoon.
●	New Moon, . . .	22	11	41	Morning.
☽	First Quarter, . .	30	0	2	Afternoon.
⊙	Enters ♈ . . .	24	0	42	Morning.

HIND. MONTH.	HIND. DS. MON.	ENG. DS. WK.	ENG. DS. MON.	OBSERVABLE DAYS, &c. &c.	MOON'S AGE.	SUN RISES.	SUN SETS.	HIGH WATER AT CALCUTTA MORN		EVEN.	
					D	H. M.	H. M.	H.	M.	H.	M.
	18	T	1		10	5 19	6 41	9	48	10	12
	19	F	2	Visitation B. V. Mary.	11			10	36	11	0
	20	S	3		12			11	24	11	48
	21	C	4	4th Sunday after Trinity,	13			12	12	12	36
	22	M	5	[Trans. St. Martin.	14			1	0	1	24
	23	T	6		15			1	48	2	12
	24	W	7	Full Moon.	16			2	36	3	0
	25	T	8		17	5 20	6 40	3	24	3	48
	26	F	9		18			4	12	4	36
	27	S	10		19			5	0	5	24
ASSAUR 1226.	28	C	11	5th Sunday after Trinity.	20			5	48	6	12
	29	M	12		21	5 21	6 39	6	36	7	0
	30	T	13	Ther. ranges from 80 to 89.	22			7	24	7	48
	31	W	14		23			8	12	8	36
	1	T	15	Swithin.	24	5 22	6 38	9	0	9	24
	2	F	16		25			9	48	10	12
	3	S	17		26			10	36	11	0
	4	C	18	6th Sunday after Trinity.	27	5 23	6 37	11	24	11	48
	5	M	19		28			12	12	12	36
	6	T	20	Margaret.	29			1	0	1	24
	7	W	21		30			1	48	2	12
	8	T	22	Magdalen. New Moon.	1	5 24	6 36	2	36	3	0
	9	F	23		2			3	24	3	38
	10	S	24	Battle of Salamanca 1812.	3			4	12	4	36
	11	C	25	7th Sunday after Trinity. St.	4			5	0	5	24
SRABONE 1226.	12	M	26	St. Anne. [James.	5	5 25	6 35	5	48	6	12
	13	T	27		6			6	36	7	0
	14	W	28		7			7	24	7	48
	15	T	29		8	5 26	6 34	8	12	8	36
	16	F	30		9			9	0	9	24
	17	S	31		10	5 27	6 33	9	48	10	12

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Calcutta

MILITARY

GENERAL ORDERS BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE MOST NOBLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM, 17TH JULY, 1819.

In order to prevent misapprehension on the part of Commanding Officers of Districts, or others, the Most Noble the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct, that, with reference to General Orders of the 3d of June last, the charge and construction of all Public Buildings shall remain with and be carried on by the Officers at present in charge, whether of the Commissariat or others until instructions are received for their regular transfer from the Military Board, to whom the orders of Government have been communicated on the subject.

W. CASEMENT, Lieut. Col.
Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE MOST NOBLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM, 17TH JULY, 1819.

Ordered, that the following resolution of Government passed in the Territorial Department, under date the 25th ultimo, be published in General Orders for the information of the Army, and of the several Military Officers concerned

RESOLUTION.

The Governor General in Council is pleased to describe the following rules for the better regulation of the payment of advances for the repair or construction of Public Buildings, and the adjustment of accounts thereunto relating.

I. All Boards, or Public Officers having occasion to recommend the repair or construction of Public Buildings, are to address Government, on the subject, through the Secretary to whose Department the building may belong.

II. Should Government see fit to sanction, generally, the proposition, the Secretary will instruct the Superintendant of Buildings to furnish, through the Military Board, a detailed Estimate and Plan of the proposed work, with such remarks on it, for the information of the Board, as may appear to him useful, or necessary.

III The Military Board having revised the Estimate and Plan, will forward them to the Secretary to Government in the Department to which the building belongs When the final orders of the Governor General in Council, in regard to the execution of the work, are passed, the Superintendent will receive instructions to commence the work directly from the Secretary to Government, who will, at the same time, apprise the Accountant General of the amount of credit which will be required on account of it, and communicate the necessary information to the Military Board, returning to that Board Plan and Estimate.

IV. The Superintendent, on receiving the orders of Government as above, will grant assignments in favor of the executive Officers for such advances as may be required by them in the following form.

To

Esq.
Collector of
or
Deputy Pay Master.

Sir,

Under orders of Government dated the whereby an expence not exceeding has been authorized for

I request that you will be pleased to advance to A. B. the sum of being the (1st, 2d or 3d) advance on that account.

I am,
Sir,
Your most obedient Servant

Office of the Superintendent
of Public Buildings, the

V. Assignments on account of Public Buildings shall, as far as practicable, be confined to the Treasuries of Collectors of Land Revenue and Pay Masters; but Judges, Magistrates, and other Officers will disburse such sums as may be required for slight occasional repairs of their respective Offices, under the existing rules for Contingent Charges.

VI. If, in any case, it shall be found necessary to make a disbursement in excess of the estimate, the Superintendent shall submit the application of the executive Officer to Government through the channel of the Military Board, with such explanation as the case may require; and when such additional disbursement is sanctioned, a communication will be made to the Accountant General, by whom the necessary credit will be given to the Superintendent, as directed in regard to the amount of the original estimate.—No Assignment shall be granted by the Superintendent in excess of an estimate, without the previous sanction of Government.

VII. The Superintendents of Public Buildings are to furnish the Accountant General with a Monthly Register of the Assignments granted by them as above.

VIII. Advances made to executive Officers will be carried to their personal debit, either by the Accountant General, or by the Accountant to the Military Department, as the Buildings may appertain to the Civil or Military Department.

IX. When the repairs or erection of any particular building shall have been completed, the executive Officer is to send a bill for the same through the Superintendant to the Military Board for Audit, and if the amount of the bill does not exceed the estimate, the Board is authorized to pass it without reference to Government.

X. The Bill, when audited and passed, is to be sent by the Secretary to the Military Board, either directly, to the Accountant General or through the Military Auditor General to the Accountant to the Military Department, as the Charge may be, Civil or Military; in order that the executive Officer may receive due credit for the same, and be enabled to get the ultimate balance of his account settled without delay.

XI. Whenever a distinct personal remuneration shall be granted to a regular executive Officer, to any person acting in that capacity, on account of any particular building, the account will of course constitute part of the cost or value of that building, whether it be made in the shape of fixed Salary, or in any specific sum on the completion of the Work.—In either case, the Accountant General will be duly

instructed by the Secretary to Government to provide for the payment.

XII. No Officer having been employed in the execution of Civil Buildings, will be entitled to a certificate from the Accountant to the Military Department, on the occasion of his wishing to leave his Presidency for any purpose, without having previously obtained a Certificate of Acquittance from the Accountant General.

W. CASEMENT, Lieut. Colonel.
Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE MOST NOBLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM; 24TH JULY, 1819.

The Most Noble the Governor General in Council is pleased to authorize the following Establishment to be fixed for the Magazines with the Nerbuddah and Saugor Field Forces and in Rajpootanah, exclusive of the Ordnance Commissariat Officers in charge of each Magazine, upon the usual rates of Pay; and to direct that all in excess thereto, be discharged on the receipt of this General Order, if enlisted for that particular Service, or returned to the Magazine from whence they may have been detached.

DESCRIPTION.	Nerbuddah Field Force.	Rajpootanah.	Saugor Field Force.
Conductors,	1	1	1
Sub-Conductors,	1	0	1
Laboratory or Magazine Serjeants,	0	1	1
Park Serjeants,	0	1	1
Laboratory Men,	0	2	2
Coopers, Workmen,	0	1	1
Black-smiths, Mistry,	0	1	1
" Mates,	1	0	0
" Filemen,	1	2	2
" Firemen,	1	2	2
" Hammer and Bellows Men,	2	4	4
Carpenters, Mistry,	1	1	1
" Workmen,	4	6	6
Turners, Workmen,	0	1	1
" Coolies,	0	1	1
Sawyers, Workmen,	2	2	2
Painters, Workmen,	1	2	2
Armourers, Workmen,	2	2	2
Brassmen, Misteries,	0	1	0
" Workmen,	2	1	2
Sicklegars, Workmen,	2	2	2
Sallmakers, Ditto,	2	2	2
Chuckiers, Ditto,	2	2	2
Magazine Men, Sirdars,	2	5	5
" Workmen,	20	50	50
Hand Bheesties,	2	3	3
Sweepers,	1	1	1

W. CASEMENT, Lieut. Col.
Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE MOST NOBLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM : 24TH JULY, 1819.

The Most Noble the Governor General in Council is pleased to make, the following Appointments, which are to have effect from the 1st proximo.

Captain Swinton, Barrack Master of the 4th or Ghazeepore District, to be Barrack Master of the 1st or Dum Dum District, vice Captain Campbell, appointed to officiate as Assistant Secretary to Government in the Military Department.

Lieutenant J. W. Patton, Barrack Master of the 10th or Agra District, to be Barrack Master of the 4th or Ghazeepore District, vice Swinton.

Captain Henry E. G. Cooper of the 15th Regiment of Native Infantry, to be Barrack Master of the 10th or Agra District, vice Patton.

Captain L. Conroy of the 12th Regiment of Native Infantry, to be Brigade Major to the Troops stationed in the Province of Oude, vice Cooper, nominated a District Barrack Master.

His Lordship in Council is further pleased to make the following Appointments.

To be Sub-Assistants to the Superintendent of the Honorable Company's Stud.

Captain W. H. Wallis, half pay, His Majesty's 24th Light Dragoons.

Lieutenant G. Hanbury, 25th Regiment Native Infantry.

Lieutenant J. Hailes, 1st Regiment Native Infantry.

To be a temporary Sub-Assistant at Poona.

Mr. W. Sloane.

Officiating Assistant Surgeon John Colvin, M. D., is appointed to afford Medical aid to the Civil Station of Dacca Jelalpore, as a temporary arrangement.

Messrs. James Ronald and John MacTaggart, Surgeons, having been reported duly qualified by the Medical Board, are to do duty as Officiating Assistant Surgeons on this Establishment with temporary rank in the Army.

W. CASEMENT, Lieut. Col.
Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

AUGUST 2.

Yesterday during the performance of Divine Service, the Governor General was compelled to leave the Cathedral from indisposition. The anxiety for His Lordship's health was shortly afterwards happily relieved by the publication of the following *Bulletin*, which appeared in a *Government Gazette Extraordinary*. We understand that His Lordship had been unwell before he proceeded to the Cathedral, and that the heat of the weather encreased his indisposition.

"It will be satisfactory to the Public to learn, that the "indisposition of the Most Noble the Governor General is "of a trifling nature, and that his Lordship is already "greatly recovered.

"J. MACWHIRTER, *M. D.*"

Letters from Nagpore, dated about the middle of last month, state, that a famine prevails in that neighbourhood. The difficulty of procuring grain for seed is stated to be very great, and the price of it is six times the amount of its ordinary value. The scarcity is therefore likely to be prolonged for the land cannot be supplied with seed to provide for the future wants of the population.

The *Madras Gazette* of the 17th ultimo, contains the most deplorable accounts of the Epidemic in the neighbourhood of Arnee and Vellore to the Westward of Madras. It is said, that whole villages have been depopulated,—but the Editor expresses a hope that most of the inhabitants have deserted in consequence of the appearance of the disorder. There seems, however, too much reason to believe that the mortality has been very great in these quarters.

The *Rose* had not reached Madras on the 22d ultimo, when the *Mermaid* left the roads. It is conjectured that the former vessel has touched at the Cape. Her stay at Madras was likely to be very short, and we hope to announce her arrival in this river, before our next *regular* publication.

The *Bombay Courier* of the 3d instant, contains a long reply to the *Critique*, which appeared in the *Calcutta Government Gazette* of the 14th of January last, on the DESATIR, as translated and published by MULLA FIROZ, at Bombay. The reply professes to be written by the Translator, and is authenticated by his signature. MULLA FIROZ, has assigned several causes for the delay in publishing what he calls "his defence against the attack" contained in the critique alluded to,—some of which, are much to be lamented—but, if the Reply, has really proceeded from his own pen, and is in truth his *own* defence, it would appear very extraordinary, that he should be "totally ignorant of the English language." This, however, is one of the causes, to which he has ascribed the "procrastination" of his defence! As the Criticism alluded to, was republished in the *India Gazette*, we should have been glad if our limits would have enabled us, to print the reply; but it is so lengthy that we can only refer to some parts of it. MULLA FIROZ in the first place controverts the assertion of the

Critic respecting the name of the work, an assertion, which is treated "as a contrivance" by which the Critic has attempted to shew the work to be modern. Much learning and research has been employed to prove that "Dustoor" is a word purely Persian and not originally Arabic,—and the Reply, in very sweeping terms, impugns the authority of RICHARDSON's Persian Dictionary, on which the Bengal Critic is supposed to have founded much of his reasoning, against the authenticity of the *Desatir*. The Reply contains French and Latin quotations, and declares that the Writer is "averse to the task of hunting, or of being hunted "like a verb, through all the numbers, persons, moods "and tenses of a language, that has been dead for ages." It then gravely adds, that if the Bengal critic "had ever "ventured so far *North* as Edinburgh, his ear would have "soon become familiar to a language, every word of which "should differ in sound from the same word and meaning "in English;—what would he say to "*gae awa mon*" instead of "*go away man*!" It is truly wonderful that MULLA FIROZ who is supposed to have penned this reply, should be totally ignorant of the English language, and yet be not only conversant with French and Latin authors, but acquainted with the difference between Scotch and English pronunciation! We shall only remark further that if this production is from the pen of the Translator of the *Desatir*, it contains several palpable contradictions which no ingenuity can reconcile; and that if it be a defence undertaken by a friend or advocate, it should have been published in a different form: and then, it might have been dealt with accordingly. The reply exhibits attempts at playfulness and humour, and contains allusions to Guy Mannering—Rob Roy—Allan Ramsay and Robert Burns; and of "frisks from Formosa to the "Highlands;"—which appear to be wholly inconsistent with the gravity and distress—and necessity for religious observances, which are said to belong to the character of the writer,—and which seem to prove that whatever share he might have had in translating the *Desatir*, he has had very little in shaping this defence of its authenticity. The *Bombay Courier* contains the following observations, which are addressed to ourselves; on which we shall simply remark, that if MULLA FIROZ does not deem it necessary to shew "that the original of the *Desatir* is not a fabrication,"—or "to support or deny the authenticity of the work,"—we are perfectly satisfied by his *silence!*

"THE DESATIR.

"Some discussions have lately appeared in the Calcutta newspapers regarding the authenticity of the Desatir. In one of them, the India Gazette of the 7th June last, it is contended that the public have a right to know from the translator and publisher whether the original is or not a fabrication; and the translator of the Desatir is emphatically called upon, to support or deny the authenticity of that work.

"The translator of the Desatir desires us to state that he has always regarded the duty of a mere translator to be to translate his task faithfully; but the examination of the authenticity and merits of literary works belongs to critics and historians, to writers of much higher pretensions, than the drudge of a translator. His exclusive and humble task is to transfuse the sense and meaning of a work from one language into another, and there it ends. This the translator has done in the best way that circumstances permitted and he undertook for nothing more.

"The translator of the Desatir having given this perhaps unnecessary explanation, will not consider himself as bound to enter into any discussions on the subject, they being altogether out of his province."

The *Bombay Gazette*, received on Saturday, furnishes several melancholy details of the most serious mischief occasioned by the late Earthquake—at Booj, Baroda, Anjar, and other places. The City of Booj, and the Fort of Booj have suffered most—and the former is described to be a heap of ruins. It is said that 2000 of its late inhabitants have been destroyed by this awful visitation. It appears that a Volcano has opened in a hill about thirty miles from Booj, which, it is hoped, will relieve the neighbourhood from a repetition of this calamity. The following are the particulars, which are said to be selected from numerous communications on the same distressing subject:—

Camp near Bhooj, 17th June, 1819.

We are at present in a shocking state of alarm; last evening between six and seven o'clock, we were visited by a dreadful Earthquake, the wall that surrounded Bhooj is almost levelled with the ground, and the few Towers which are left standing are merely broken remains; the houses generally unroof'd, others in ruins, and most of the larger buildings including the Palace greatly injured, the wall of the Hill fort down in many places, and a complete breach near the gateway. The right of our Camp rests a short distance on the left of the latter, fronting the town and extends along the bottom of the Hill, to a little beyond the large Tower on the Southwest point. I am happy to say, that we have had no one materially hurt, four Sepoys only bruised who were on duty in the Town; but I fear that a great many casualties

have occurred among the poor Natives; some hundreds are said to have lost their lives; there is at present, so much confusion that the numbers cannot be ascertained.

We had several shocks during the night; and they have continued at intervals, this day; the last one about two hours ago, when I could scarcely keep upon my legs, the sensation is horrible while it lasts. They have suffered we understand in the same way at Anjar.

P. S. 3 P. M. There is a slight shock at this moment. I trust in god, they will cease altogether.

Extract of a letter from Bhooj, dated 17th June.

It is with sincere regret that I have to inform you that this place was visited by an Earthquake yesterday evening at 10 minutes before 7 o'clock. The effects of the shock which lasted nearly two minutes, have been the levelling of the Fort wall to the ground: not a hundred yards of the wall remain in any one spot, and Guns, Towers, &c. all hurled in one mass of ruin.

The destruction in the Town has been distressing and awful, not a quarter of the houses are standing and those that do remain are all in ruins. I cannot yet state the particular of the losses, but I may in one word say that a flourishing population has been reduced in one moment to wretchedness and misery, I fear we shall have to lament the loss of upwards of one hundred people besides those hurt.

Reports from the Country state similar disasters in all the villages round about, and letters from Bhooj, inform us that, that Fort is much in the same condition as Anjar.

Slight shocks still continue to be felt, and I shall on the first leisure moment report such particulars as I may be able to collect.

Translation of a letter from a respectable native to a correspondent at Baroda, dated the 18th June, from Jooria.

I have sent you letter, and given you an account of every thing that has occurred here; yesterday the 9th of Jest Vud, the 16th June, in the evening, a noise issued from the earth like the beating of the Nobut, and occasioned the trembling of all the people, it appeared most wonderful and deprived us all of our senses so that we could not see; every thing appearing dark before us, a diaziness came upon many people so that they fell down, the walls of the Fort of Jooria in many places were completely overturned and the guns fell from the Bastions, the Inhabitants ran home to their Houses, many of which fell down. For one hour this remained, the buildings in the Town, some fell and the others appeared as is falling, the walls of the Fort that remained after the first shock appeared in a ruined state. For an hour and a half, the Inhabitants did not know each other, after that time all was hush and still, and we then returned to our houses, at night a trembling seized our bodies and on Wednesday morning some Horsemen who arrived came to me and reported, that in the fields the earth opened and threw up water; to see which Captain B. and I went there, and such was the case, and the water came up from the earth in many places, and it appeared like the rushing of water when drawn from a well, it remained all night in the fields, and in three or four places, the earth had given way and sunk one hundred feet in depth, which space was filled with water, many of the wells that had before this plenty of water were left empty,

and many pools that formerly were dry, were now filled with water; the like of this was never heard or seen before. When I returned into the Town the Inhabitants reported to me, that during my absence the Earth again was shaken, and when I was washing my body afterwards I felt two or three violent shocks again, and the house I was in was much shaken. After this People did not seem willing to remain in the Town, I therefore left it and encamped one coss off. Captain B. came to my camp with his attendants, here I received accounts from Nowanugar that the Forts of Balumbar, and Amraw, have fallen down, and some People had died, as likewise had some cattle; the same has occurred at Jankaria—I have received the news from the Country round for sixteen coss and beyond the Run at Joo-nah Bunder, the same has also happened. This is the wonderful decrees of Almighty God, which I dont understand. For your information I have written this small account all that has occurred it is impossible to describe. To-day between 12 and 2 o'clock the same has happened. On Wednesday night some people assert that the Earth was again shaken, I have this moment received accounts from Moorvee that the same has occured there, that some of the houses and part of the wall of the fort have fallen and the people suffered great losses. I do not know to what extent damage has been done.

Camp Booj, 19th June.

At 7 o'clock, on the evening of the 16th of June, an Earthquake destroyed the whole district and country of Kutch; accounts that have been received mention, from Luckput Bunder, to Butchchao, the whole of the towns and villages, are more or less in ruins, and the towns of Mandavie, Mondria, and Anjar, have suffered extensively and severally, the City of Bhooj and the Fort of Boojia between which our Force in encamped, are reduced the former to ruins, and the latter so breached as to be useless as a fortification, this however is the least, at the moment of the crash, it is apprehended, and I fear not any way exaggerated, that 2000 of the inhabitants were buried in the mass.

Even, now, the effects of this horrible visitation, are felt, (tho' three days since the first shock.) constant and hourly vibrations of the earth.

The inhabitants have been obliged to forsake what were once their halls, and encamp outside upon some small hills, and their distress cannot be well described,—bruised, maimed, and agitated with fear, they go daily into the City to work upon their several houses, to try and extricate the mangled remains of wives, children, and relations, whilst in their pious labour, the putrid stench near exhausts them: cattle which have fallen in numbers add greatly to the noisome evil. The walls are from the sandy nature of the stone crumbled in a mass, and the narrow streets of Bhooj entirely lost, thus adding the difficulties of the sufferers. The upper stones of the Palace fell, and buried amongst others the Mother of the deposed Rao; what houses stand, are so shattered as to be liable to fall in the rains, and the very complete wreck of the wall on Southern side, as well as the demolition of nearly all the Towers and Gateways, render it impossible for Bhooj to be a City again.

The loss of lives cannot be confined to the City, I fear in all the towns and villages, mortality has been great. I am inclined to think

from the circumstance of a Volcano, having opened on a hill thirty miles from Bhooj, that the country will not experience a repetition of the evil.

From our Camp being in a plain, no very material damage has been sustained, the tiles of a few temporary erected houses knocked off, and the walls shattered.

I shall attempt to give you the sensation felt by those, both in Camp and City; in the latter, I was informed by a Gentleman, who nearly suffered by a house falling over him; that riding on without an idea of what was to happen, upon the first notice, a heavy appaling deadened noise, the motion of the earth, walls of the houses on each side of the street, tottering and falling outwards, impressed upon him an idea, and he called out that a mine was sprung; whereas another Gentleman imagined, the bank of the Tank was forced by the water; these ideas accompanied with an unpleasant giddiness of the head, and sikness of stomach, from the heaving of the ground,

" In one wild roar expired!
" The shattered town—the walls thrown down,
" The waves a moment backward bent—
" The hills that shake, although unrent,
" As if an Earthquake passed."

Byron's Seige of Corinth

In camp a similar sickness and giddiness was experienced, and an ignorance until the shock was over (which lasted a minute) of the nature of the noise below the earth. People sat down instinctively, others threw themselves down, the situations of several were ludicrous. One was paying work people in a circle, and upon seeing him squat, the whole followed the example and sat round him,

" The very Picture of Despair."

The sensation I felt was a giddiness and horror at perceiving a small Hillock close to which I was riding, (a short distance from camp) completely agitated and at the same time my Horse plunged from the ground moving. This was the case also with an officer I was riding with.

On reference to the subject of earthquakes, I am decidedly of opinion that it was of the mildest kind, " that occurs without any " other effect than the overturning of slightly built edifices, an un- " dulating or shacking motion and a deadening sound" different from horizontal or perpendicular earthquakes that are more to be dreaded. I have also on enquiry ascertained that many years ago, and in the remembrance of the oldest inhabitants, an undulating motion has been felt before in Kutch, but never I hope will again be attended with such a horrible catastrophe; the distress of which has been so great upon the inhabitants that I confess I fall short of ability to describe it.

Penang Journals to the 12th of June, have been received by the brig *Adventure*, but they contain no political intelligence of importance. The loss of the *Frederick* of this Port, on one of the Cumberland Islands, is mentioned, and we learn with great concern that several of the crew perished. Captain WILLIAMS, the passengers, and 13 of the crew were fortunately saved, having been picked up by a Free Trader.

and landed at Timor. It is also stated in a Penang paper, that a Dutchman, named THUNDERWOLD who was formerly a resident at one of the out-ports of Java, and whose property had been confiscated for some offence against the Netherland's Government, has turned Pirate, and with two brigs and six prows, has committed great depredations in the Eastern Seas. A Dutch 74 and a Frigate, were cruizing in search of THUNDERWOLD's squadron, which is represented to have sunk two Cruizers. The only accounts from Singapore that have been published, relate to the exertions of Major FARQUHAR to fortify the new settlement,—and to the increase of its population. A rumour has been noticed, in one of the Journals of the last week, that the Government of Bencoolen was likely to be transferred to Singapore; but we consider this to be a mere rumour, unfounded on any authority. The town of Padang has been delivered to the Netherland's authorities, in pursuance of the treaty with that government; and it is said, that double duties on exports and imports were immediately imposed.

Address

TO

THE MARQUIS OF HASTINGS.

On Saturday the 24th instant, at 10 o'clock in the Morning, the Gentlemen, deputed to present the Address from the Inhabitants of the Presidency of Fort St. George, to the Most Noble the MARQUIS HASTINGS, attended, by appointment, at the Government House, and after the usual formalities, Captain BLACKER of the Madras Cavalry, read and delivered to his Lordship the following important gratifying testimony of public applause and admiration.

TO HIS EXCELLENCY THE MOST NOBLE FRANCIS, MARQUIS OF HASTINGS, K. G. *and* G. C. B. *Governor General of British India*, &c. &c. &c.

MY LORD,

We, the European Inhabitants of Madras, deeply impressed with a sense of the benefits conferred on the British Empire in India, by the wisdom of your Lordship's Councils, beg leave respectfully to offer these our cordial congratulations on the eminent success which has distinguished the measures of your Lordship's administration

Though remote from the immediate scene of your Lordship's splendid achievements, we have nevertheless, viewed with profound interest, the bold and honorable policy, by which they have been guided: and, when we contemplate the situation of British India, at the period your Lordship first assumed the reins of Government, we cannot forbear expressing our admiration of the wisdom and energy, which have conducted public affairs to their present unparalleled state of prosperity,—Your Lordship found our territory invaded on one hand, by a brave and hardy race of mountaineers—on the other, menaced by a lawless host of rapacious freebooters — while the Native independent Princes evinced a disposition to take advantage of existing circumstances, and attempt measures hostile to our power.

The repeated aggressions of the Government of Nepaul, proceeded to an extent that demanded the prompt application of the Military resources of the state,—To chastise an active and daring foe, intrenched in the fastnesses of a mountainous Country, nearly impervious to the usual mode of warfare, was an arduous and doubtful enterprize. The contest was novel and interesting, and our troops encountered an enemy worthy of their prowess; but all obstacles vanished before your Lordship's well-concerted plans, and the struggle terminated in a treaty, glorious to the British arms.

The measures adopted by your Lordship, to repel the destructive incursions of those predatory hordes, who for so many years desolated a considerable portion of our possessions, proclaim the same talent and energy by which the war in Nepaul was conducted.—The faithless policy pursued by some of our Allies, paved the way for great and beneficial changes. The late Mahratta war ensued, and the perfidious conduct of the Native Princes met with merited punishment. It was a war of peculiar character, carried on against myriads of lawless and mercenary troops, whose wild discipline, and wide-spreading desolation, in vain attempted to evade the influence of scientific movements. It became in a moment a war with States—but the Heroes of Mahidpoor and Corygaum, Seetabuldy and Kikee, gallantly asserted the British honour, and reaped unfading laurels. In the siege of Hatrass and Asseerghur, conducted according to the strict rules of the Art, success was secured by wise precautionary measures.—Thus, the strength of the enemy, which lay in their mountains, their swarms of freebooters, and their fortresses, opposed no permanent resistance to the efforts of disciplined valour.

The state of licentious misrule, which produced those migratory Banditti, no longer exists. Order is established, and

vigour infused into every department of the state. The Husbandman has joyfully resumed his labour, the great source of wealth and power,—confidence revives, and trade flourishes with renewed activity. The Peasant reaps the fruit of his useful toil, beneath the broad Ægis of British power, and blesses the arm which sustains that shield, under whose protection reposes the destiny of so many nations.

The most accomplished statesmen, while they provide for the defence and security of the realm, neglect not to cherish the arts of peace. To cultivate the province of the human mind—to call forth its latent powers, and direct its energies to the improvement of society—to give a character and colour to the morals, intelligence, and spirit of the age, has justly been considered essential to the welfare of the political system. On Agriculture, on Arts, and Commerce, liberal knowledge exerts a powerful and permanent influence—it adds to the resources of a people, while it increases their happiness and is intimately connected with the vital interests of mankind. Your Lordship's attention to this important branch of legislature, has not escaped our notice: and the numerous institutions formed for the instruction of the Native population, are illustrious monuments of British Generosity, consecrated by the wisdom of your Lordship to the prosperity of the Empire.

While contemplating this important subject, it must have occurred, that to the attainment of truth freedom of inquiry was essentially necessary; that public opinion was the strongest support of just Government; and, that liberty of discussion served but to strengthen the hands of the executive. Such freedom of discussion was the gift of a liberal and enlightened mind; an invaluable and unequivocal expression of those sentiments, evinced by the whole tenour of your Lordship's administration.

Such are a few of those prominent features of a Government, whose character and conduct form a brilliant era in the History of our Country. At this particular period, we are enabled to view the subject with peculiar advantage. We see clearly developed, the springs of that able and intricate policy by which effects have been produced which must excite the admiration of posterity. We see the grand object of those operations which embraced so wide a field of action; and, can duly appreciate the merit of those masterly combinations, by which such glorious success has been commanded. We now contemplate in tranquillity that extensive coalition directed by a crafty and deceitful policy, which has disappeared before our banners.—The reign of peace is res-

tored—security and justice established, and a gradual system of improvement, introduced into every department, conducive to the happiness of society. In a word, when we look back to the period under review, we cannot fail to acknowledge, that those stupendous projects, which led to such splendid and happy results, were conceived by a powerful and intrepid genius, carried into effect with consummate judgment, and concluded with unprecedented success.

We intreat your Lordship to accept of this imperfect expression of our sentiments, and of the assurance of our profound respect. That your Lordship may long continue to guide those Councils, whose measures embellish the proud annals of our Country's Glory, is the earnest prayer of,

MY LORD,
Your Lordship's Most Obedient
Humble Servants,
(Here follow the signatures.)

FORT ST. GEORGE, 26*th May*, 1819.

To this address the MARQUIS OF HASTINGS, made the following reply.

GENTLEMEN,

I can have no reserve in manifesting the peculiar satisfaction with which I meet this expression of the favorable construction put upon my measures by the British Inhabitants of the Presidency of Fort St. George.

The gratification is an honest one—a desire to stand well in the opinion of one's Countrymen must be a laudable anxiety, because its tendency is to produce endeavours beneficial to the Community. It is true, Public Applause may be sometimes sought by oblique dexterity, and may be sometimes bestowed by giddy partiality: But, when it is established as an object of keen Ambition, it will much oftener be the legitimate reward of the useful conduct to which it is the incentive. Hence I avow all my pleasure in receiving the testimony of kind estimation conveyed by this address. I speak thus of the Approbation as far as it regards myself alone—I have a still more ardent sense of it when I am to participate it with those thro' whose admirable energy the advantageous results noticed in the Address were substantiated. The Heroism of every branch of the Army is justly extolled; and the Praise is to be understood as applicable not to Valor only, but to every other quality that can pre-eminently distinguish the Soldier. It can scarcely have failed to be remarked how studiousl, I have forborne any labored panegyric, any high

colored description, respecting the achievements of the Officers and Men whom I had the happiness to command. I feared that any such Phraseology would look like the Compliments of ordinary usage, and might lead to an indistinct appreciation of the real merits,—a common place Acknowledgment implies a common place Claim. The Public, when left to judge for itself, and the prominent facts before it, could not err in measurement of the recognition due; while the glow of my gratitude towards my fellow Soldiers ran no risk of being doubted: The tone of this Address proves the justness of my confidence: My gallant Comrades enjoy the full meed of their Fame!

The time which elapsed before this Address was agitated has been fortunate. A sufficient term of trial has been exhibited to satisfy us whether what we have effected is solid. —How answers our experience? From Cape Comorin to the Mountains of Tartary, from the Indus to the Burrampooter, all India displays deferential attention to the wishes of the British Government. Our power, undoubtedly, in a great degree sways this acquiescence with many; Yet it is pleasing to believe (as there is every reason to be assured) that trust in our moderation, and a conviction of the beneficial nature of our purposes, contribute far more generally to the efficiency of our influence. The necessity which occurred for our reducing Asseer Gurh is no contradiction to this representation of tranquillity. That operation, in reality, belonged to the period of struggle. In the contemplation of measures requisite for securing the public quiet, we had included the surrender of a Fortress which had for many years been the receptacle of every profligate out-cast from the neighbouring countries, the Commander and Garrison of which consequently identified themselves with every predatory gang, and would ever be ready to shelter the Banditti, if not to cooperate with them. The transfer of this Fortress to us had been early stipulated by Treaty, but considerations intervened to prevent our insisting on the fulfilment of the article. I will not regret having strained delicacy beyond convenient bounds. The forbearance was befitting the undisputed superiority which the British Arms had assumed. We thought our generosity needed not to be circumscribed by strict prudence. Tho' the Commandant had been guilty of overtacts of hostility to us by his intercourse with Bajee Rao, still as the Ex-Peishwa was at the time in the Field, we had the excuse of considering this conduct as only a vacillation during an undecided contest; and we resolved to spare Scindiah, the Sovereign to whom Asseer Gurh belonged, and who was on a footing of Amity with us, the

pain of seeing captured. When Bajee Rao had thrown himself on our mercy and all warfare was at an end, the invitation and protection extended to our fugitive Enemy. Appa Saheb, was unequivocally criminal. It was a direct indication of resolution to support any effort for the revival of convulsions in Central India. We had no longer an option. We applied to Scindia to change the Commandant and Garrison—His Highness's Order for the purpose was contemned: and the place, with its defenders, stood in the light of asserted independence and of hostility wilfully exercised against us. The ready subjugation of a Fortress which the childish fancy of the Country had pronounced impregnable, and the total absence of any ferment in Central India during our enterprize, which the speculation of the Natives deemed likely to plunge us into embarrassment, served only to prove more clearly on how firm a basis the New System of our Supremacy was founded. We have fitly availed ourselves of that evidence as you have remarked. You have observed my exertions to diffuse Instruction thro' the extensive Region with which we had become thus suddenly intimate. I cannot take credit for more than the having followed the impulse communicated by every British voice around me. Yes, we all, similarly confessed the sacred obligation towards a bounteous Providence of striving to impart to the Immense Population under our protection, that Improvement of Intellect which we felt to be our own most valuable and dignified possession.

One topic remains—My removal of restrictions from the press has been mentioned in laudatory language. I might easily have adopted that procedure without any length of cautious consideration, from my habit of regarding the freedom of publication as a natural right of my fellow subjects to be narrowed only by special and urgent cause assigned. The seeing no direct necessity for those invidious shackles might have sufficed to make me break them —I know myself, however, to have been guided in the step by a positive and well weighed policy. If our motives of action are worthy, it must be wise to render them intelligible throughout an Empire, our hold on which is opinion. Further, it is salutary for Supreme Authority, even when its intentions are most pure, to look to the control of Public Scrutiny: While conscious of Rectitude, that authority can lose nothing of its strength by its exposure to general comment. —On the contrary, it acquires incalculable addition of Force.—That Government which has nothing to disguise wields the most powerful instrument that can appertain to Sovereign Rule.—It carries with it the united reliance and

effort of the whole mass of the governed: And let the triumph of our beloved Country in its awful contest with Tyrant ridden France, speak the value of a spirit to be found only in men accustomed to indulge and express their honest sentiments.

Say to me, Gentlemen, to those who have deputed you, that I accept with unfeigned warmth and cordiality, the proof of good will with which they have honored me; and I entreat you to believe that I am justly sensible of the manner in which you have fulfilled your delegation.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE

CALCUTTA.

ARRIVALS.

At Kedgeree.

JULY.

25. Brig *Guide*, Captain J. Higgins, from Port Jackson 21st January, Batavia 29th April and Penang 15th June.

28. Ship *Nestor*, Captain E. Theaker, from London 31st January, and Madras 17th July.

— Brig *Tagus*, Captain R. McDonald, from Padang 12th June, and Madras 18th July.

— Portuguese Brig *Nova Destino*, Captain J. Santos, from Lisbon, and Rio de Janeiro 15th May.

29. Ship *Mermaid*, Captain W. Hammon, from Bombay 27th June, Madras 22d July, and Covelong 20th July.

— Ship *Lord Sidmouth*, Captain W. Grinner, from New South Wales 13th April, and Batavia 16th June.

30. Brig *Adventure*, Captain J. Robson, from Batavia 18th May, Singapore, Malacca and Penang 8th July.

31. H.M. Ship *Dryntyss*, Commanded by, The Honorable Mr Gardner, from England 1st March, and Trincomalie 23d July.

Off Calcutta.

JULY.

27. The *Marchioness of Wellesley* and *James Scott*.

29. The *Nestor*, Brig *Guide*, and Portuguese Brig *Nova Destino*, also the *Cornwallis*, off the Cooly Bazar.

30. The *Mermaid*.

PASSENGERS.

PER NESTOR.

Mrs Theaker, Mrs Currie, Messrs. Geo. Farquharson, Henry Oliphant C. Green, and C. Hodges, Cadets, from the Minerva, Thomas Hayes, Purser, R Bell, free merchant, from the *Wellington* at Madras, Mr Deveriage.

EXPECTED TO SAIL.

Ship *Lord Collingwood*, Captain R. Parkyns, for London

Brig *Venus*, Captain Geo. Kilgour, for the Cape of Good Hope.

Ship *Hunter*, Captain W. Hodges, for Penang and Java.

Ship *Perseverance*, Captain J. Greig, for ditto.

DEPARTURES.

From Calcutta.

JULY

25. Ship *Mary*, Captain A. Scott, for London via Madras.
— Ship *Isabella*, Captain J. Wallis, to Diamond Harbour to complete her lading for London.
— Ship *Flora*, Captain W. Gillett, for the Cape of Good Hope.
26. Brig *Thelemaques*, Captain J P Klein, for Antwerp.
27. Ship *Calcutta*, Captain J R Stragare, for Liverpool.
— Ship *Edmonstone*, Captain J T. Brewer, for the Isle of France.
28. Ship *Bombay Merchant*, Captain G Rowe, for Busserah and Muscat.
29. American Brig *Bramin*, Captain J. Batchelder, for Boston
31. American Brig *Hope*, Captain C. Hart, for Boston.

MADRAS.

ARRIVALS.

July 3 Ship Reliance, Captain M. Pike, from Vizagapatam 20th June.—Passenger: C. Maidman, Esq. Senior Merchant; H. Oakes Esq Senior Merchant; Captain Hatherly, and Child; J. Hudson, Esq. and Mr. A. Frushard.

7. Brig St. Anthonio, Captain R. Turnbull, from Judda 19th May, and Hodida 10th June.

Do Ship Nestor, Captain Edward Theaker, from London 31st January and Madeira 14th March.

8 H. C. Ship Minerva, Captain John Mills, from London 15th March and Portsmouth 4th April.

Do Ship Alexander Captain B. Rogers, from Bussorah 13th May, Bushire 26th May, Muscat 4th June, Bombay 25th June and Negapatam 7th July.

DEPARTURES.

July 3. Brig Fair Tryal, Captain C. F. Davies, for Coringa and Calcutta.

3. Brig Haldane, Captain D. Wilson, for Calcutta.

4. Schooner Black Joke, Captain Eglan, for Masulipatam.

8. Brig Nelly, Captain J. Jurson, for Pondichery.

BOMBAY.

NAUTICAL NOTICES.

There has been neither arrivals or departures during the last week: the projected departures for the present springs are the Honorable Company's ships Charles Grant and Lowther Castle, and the Ann, for this port for China, the Conde de Rio Pardo for Mocha, the England Stakesby, Brampton and Lady Boringdon, for England, which latter will be detained a few days having lost her Bowspirit, by another ship falling on board her. The Cows Fattch Alvadood, and Ahmedy, also depart for the Persian Gulf.

PENANG.

ARRIVALS.

June 19 Ship Mercury, N. L Jordon, from Calcutta 28th May —Passengers: Lieut. Grant, Mr Berry, and Mr. Chapman.

Brig Juno, T. A Schmidt, from Bombay 28th April.

20. Ship Gloucester, W. Rankin, from West Coast 5th June.

27. Ketch Shaw Byramgore, S. V. Balla, from Bombay 18th May, and Pedier 22d June.

28 Ship Viagante, A J. de Mirarder, from Siam 15th May.

Brig Adventure, J. Robson, from Batavia 18th ditto, Malacca 23d June, —Passengers: Mrs Robson, Messrs. Ince and Farily, A. Ritchie, Esq G. Bixland, 5 Chinese, and 6 Natives

30. Ship Mary Anne, James Webster, from Singapore 16th June, Passengers, Troops

DEPARTURES.

June 20. Ship James Scott, R. Boon, for Calcutta.

24. Brig Futtah Cureem, Jacob Rodrigueze.

25 Ship Mercury, N. L. Jordon, for Singapore and Batavia.

27. Brig Helen, S. J. Luxeira, for Padang.

29. Ship Gloucester, W. Rankin, for ditto:

July 2. 70. David Clark, C. Miller, for Gibralter.

Madras

To us who have laboured with such ardour and perseverance to expose the ruinous and oppressive system lately adopted in the transmission of letters to this Country, it is a source of great satisfaction to find that the remonstrances so unceremoniously forwarded from India upon this distressing subject are about to be attended to. Letters from the highest authority, we understand, have been received stating that the Government at home have it in contemplation to revise the present system of the Post Office, as far as its regulations affect this Country, and that the greatest advantages may be expected to the community at large, from the revision that these will undergo. We congratulate the Public upon this prospect of redress.

Several free traders lately employed in the Indian trade have been taken up for one voyage by the Honorable Company.

The *Catherine*, Captain Knox, is one of them and she is expected to reach this Port in the course of next month. She will be despatched home direct in September next. We understand she has excellent accommodations for Passengers.

His Majesty's Ship *Conway* is expected here shortly, prior, we hear, to her despatch for England.

The Honorable Company's Ships *General Kyd*, and *Windsor*, will sail for China about the end of the month.

The homeward bound Ship *La Belle Alliance*, Captain Rolfe, with the Head Quarters of H. M. 25th Dragoons on board, which left this on the 15th of April touched at Port Louis on the 19th of May. She was to sail again in a few days.

All the accounts we have seen describe the dreadful state of Commerce in Europe.

A Military Brevet was spoken of in political circles as likely to take place on St George's Day.

The *Minerva*, it appears, has brought Packets. Nine boxes of letters have been landed and sent to the General Post Office. The *Minerva* parted company with the *Rose* to the Westward of the Cape.

We are authorized to state that, the fine new Ship the *Catherine*, burden *Eight Hundred Tons*, is fitted to the Hon. United East India Company, and is commanded by Captain William Knox:—she may be expected to arrive at this Port in August from England, and to be dispatched *home direct* in September next; She has excellent accommodations for Passengers.

Bombay.

The despondency so proverbial amongst Englishmen in the month of November, appears to attack the natives of this part of the world at the setting in of the rains, for during this last week several inquests have been held on people, who have destroyed themselves, without much apparent cause.

The weather has been remarkably fine hitherto; the ships have not been in the least interrupted in the business of loading, nor has there been any accident, except the solitary one mentioned in our nautical notices.

Gulf of Persia.—We are now daily expecting a fresh supply of Europe intelligence by this rout. At this time last year we had accounts to the 1st of April.

Cotton, still maintains its high prices, and some purchases have been made, that will not allow of our quoting,—Freight to China higher than 25 Rupees per Candy.

Penang.

By the arrival of the *Adventure*, Capt. Robson, from Batavia the 18th May, and Malacca the 22d ultimo, we are in possession of Batavia Gazettes to the 1st May.

We are concerned to state, that the Fever, which we lately noticed as prevailing at Malacca, continues with increased violence, and that the daily victims to its destructive ravages were numerous.

The Ship *Mary Anne*, Captain J. Webster, from Sincapore the 16th ultimo, came to anchor on Wednesday last.

The *Catharine*, Capt. Foster, is the vessel engaged to convey the followers of the 2nd battalion 20th Native Infantry to Bencoolen.

BATAVIA GAZETTE, THE 1ST MAY, 1819.

It is well known that Mr. Dupuy, who was sent last year to take possession of the Dutch Settlement of Padang, on the West Coast of Sumatra, refused to receive that place on the conditions prescribed by the British Lieutenant Governor of Bencoolen, and that this Officer, consequently unsuccessfully returned.

The Government have since received information from the British Supreme Government in Bengal, that positive orders to deliver the Residency of Padang to the Dutch Authorities, have been forwarded to the Lieutenant Governor of Bencoolen.

Mr Du Puy has in consequence been appointed a second time Commissioner as well as Resident of Padang, and sailed for that place on the 26th ultimo, in His Majesty's Frigate *the Wilhelmina*, under Command of Captain Dibbetts, Knight of the Military Order of William. On board this ship are also several Civil Officers and Troops for the Garrison of Padang.

On the 24th April last sailed for St. Petersburgh, the Russian Ship *Kutusoff*, Captain Lieutenant De Hagemeister, from the N. W. Coast of America. This ship touched out ward bound at Rio de Janeiro; sailed round Cape Horne, visited Lima and all the Russian possessions on the N. W. Coast of America: she remained some time at Oonalaska and sailed thence direct for this place.

The *Kutusoff* has received here several interesting curiosities for the Cabinet of the Emperor of Russia.

Batavia, the 14th May, 1819.

Major Nahuys, Knight of the Military Order of William, who in November last was sent by the Commissioners General to the Island of Borneo, has lately returned. He has entered into contracts with the Rajahs of Potiana, Sambas and Mampawa, by which the interests of the Dutch Government and that of the Rajahs are closely connected together. The Settlement of Banjermassing which he visited was found to be in a state of prosperity.

CALCUTTA MONTHLY JOURNAL:

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Calcutta.

CIVIL APPOINTMENTS.

POLITICAL DEPARTMENT,
JUNE 12, 1819.

Captain J. CANNING to be Political Agent at Aurungabad.

TERRITORIAL DEPARTMENT,
THE 23d JULY, 1819.

Mr. A. OGILVY, 2d Opium Agent in Behar.
Mr. W. PETRIE, Assistant to the Collector of Jessore.

MILITARY.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE MOST NOBLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM; JULY 24, 1819.

With reference to the 28th Article of General Orders of 3d June last, the Governor General in Council is pleased to publish the following Statement of Civil Stations, the Buildings appertaining to which are hereby directed to be comprised within the undermenioned Military Districts of the Barrack Department.

LOWER PROVINCES.

Under the Superintendency of Captain Phipps.

Division.	*Civil Stations attached.*
1st, or Dum Dum.	Barrackpore. Hoogly. Jessore.
2d, or Berhampore,	Moorshedabad. Cossimbazar. Maldah. Jungypore. Bauleah. Nattore. Surdah. Munsitpore. Comercolly.
3d, or Dinapore.	Patna. Arrah. Chuppra. Mozufferpore. Singhea. Hadjipore and Poosah. Monghier. Gya. Shehergantty.

4th, or Ghazeepore.	Ghazeepore. Azimgurh. Gorruckpore.
5th, or Benares.	Benares. Mirzapore. Juanpore,

UPPER PROVINCES.

Under the Superintendency of Lieutenant Colonel Penson.

Division	*Civil Stations attached.*
6th or Allahabad.	Allahabad Futtypore Bittoorah.
7th, or Cawnpore.	Cawnpore.
8th, or Rohilcund.	Moradabad. Bareilly. Chundowsie. Nejeebabad Nugeena. Shajehanpore.
9th, or Bundelkund.	Banda. Kalpee.
10th, or Agra.	Agra. Etwah. Shekoabad. Allygurh. Jelasir. Sydabad. Sorrye.
11th, or Meerut.	Dehli. Meerut. Ooncha Sheher.
12th, or Kurnaul.	Deyrah. Seharunpore.

The Barrack Masters of the 13th, 14th, and 15th Divisions will have charge of all the Civil Buildings within their Divisions respectively.

A seperate provision will hereafter be made for the Buildings at such Civil Stations, as are not enumerated in the foregoing Statement.

W. CASEMENT, Lieut Col.
Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE MOST NOBLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM; 24TH JULY, 1819.

The Most Noble the Governor General in Council is pleased to make the following Appointments, which are to have effect from the 1st proximo.

Captain W. Swinton, Barrack Master of the 4th, or Ghazeepore District, to be Barrack Master of the 1st, or Dum Dum District, vice Captain Campbell, appointed to officiate as Assistant Secretary to Government in the Military Department.

Lieutenant J. W. Patton, Barrack Master of the 10th, or Agra District, to be Barrack Master of the 4th, or Ghazeepore District, vice Swinton.

Captain Henry E. J. Cooper, of the 15th Regiment of Native Infantry, to be Barrack Master of the 10th or Agra District, vice Patton.

Captain L. Conroy of the 12th Regiment of Native Infantry to be Brigade Major to the troops stationed in the Province of Oude, vice Cooper, nominated a District Barrack Master.

His Lordship in Council is further pleased to make the following Appointment.

To be Sub-Assistants to the Superintendant of the Honorable Company's Stud.

Captain W. H. Wallis, half pay H. M. 24th Light Dragoons.
Lieut. G. Hanbury, 25th Regiment of N. I.
Lieut J. Hailes, 1st ditto ditto.

To be a temporary Sub-Assistant at Poosa.

Mr. W. Sloane, officiating Assistant Surgeon. John Colvin, M. D. is appointed to afford Medical aid to the Civil Station of Dacca Jelalpore as a temporaryarrangement.

Messrs. James Ronald and John MacTaggart, Surgeons, having been reported duly qualified by the Medical Board, are to do duty as officiating Assistant Surgeons on this Establishment, with temporary rank in the army.

The undermentioned Gentlemen having respectively furnished certificates and counterpart covenant of their appointment as Cadets of Infantry and Assistant Surgeons on this Establishment, are admitted to the Service accordingly.

Infantry.

Mr. Joseph Graham.
—Hugh Murray.

Medical Establishment.

Mr. Whitney Taylor.
—James Clarke.

Cadets Graham and Murray are promoted to the rank of Ensign, leaving the date of their Commissions to be adjusted hereafter.

Lieutenant Francis Palmer, Deputy Assistant Quarter Master General, having furnished the prescribed certificate from the Medical Department together with an engagement from Mr. John Palmer of the House of Palmer and Co. of Calcutta, to be responsible for any demands that may be brought against him by Government in lieu of the usual Pay certificate, is permitted to proceed to Sea for the benefit of his health, and to be absent on that account from the 17th of March last.

Lieutenant M. Hughes of the 22d Regiment of Native Infantry having furnished the prescribed Certificates from the Medical and Pay Departments, is permitted to proceed to the Cape of Good Hope, and to be absent for that purpose from Bengal for ten months from the dispatch of the Ship on which he may embark.

His Lordship in Council is pleased to promote Subadar Loll Pottuck of the 1st Battalion 23d Regiment of Native Infantry, to the rank of Subadar Major vice Rampersaud deceased from the 29th November, 1818.

The promotion of Serjeant Linton to the rank of Sub-Conductor, by General Orders of the 16th ultimo, is cancelled.

Fife Major John Arslie, attached to the European Infantry Invalid Companies and transfered to the Invalid Pension Establishment, is permitted to reside and draw his allowance at the Presidency under the regulations published in General Order of the 16th of May 1817.

In advertance to the number of Staff Officers (5) at Muttra, which Station is now become the Head Quarters of a frontier command, the Governor General in Council is pleased to authorize from the 1st instant, the grant of an allowance of thirty (30) Rupees per mensem to the Senior Medical Officer who may be actually present there for the hire of a Palanquin to facilitate his attendance on the Staff Officers under the rule laid down in General Orders of the 12th March, 1814.

W. CASEMENT, Lieut. Col.
Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE MOST NOBLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM; 24TH JULY, 1819.

In order that the strength of Gun Lascar Companies may be established, in proportion to the nature and detail of the personal equipment of Artillery Men, considered by His Excellency the Commander in Chief requisite for the Guns composing the Field Batteries of the Army, as well as to enable all vacancies in the Gun Lascar Details of detached parts of Field Batteries, caused by leave of absence, or otherwise, being always when requisite, filled up by detachment from the Head Quarters of the Company to which such Detail belongs; The Most Noble the Governor General in Council is pleased to authorize an increase of 1 Havildar and 14 Privates to each Company of Gun Lascars attached to the 3 European Battalions of Artillery serving under this Presidency; and 1 additional Havildar is also granted to each of the 15 Companies of Gun Lascars attached to the 4th, or Gobindauze Battalion of that Regiment.

The Commander in Chief will be pleased to issue such Subsidiary Orders relative to the future personal equipment of Field Pieces, as may be requisite, in consequence of this arrangement.

W. CASEMENT, Lieut. Col.
Sec. to Govt Mil. Dept.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE MOST NOBLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM; 21TH JULY, 1819.

Captain Smith of the Corps of Engineers, at present Serving at Prince of Wales' Island, as Superintending Engineer and Executive Officer, is permitted to proceed to Europe, on furlough, on account of his health, upon furnishing the prescribed Certificates from the Medical and Pay Departments, to the Government of Prince of Wales' Island.

The expediency of having disposable Warrant Commissariat Officers at the Presidency, having been, submitted for the consideration of Government, his Lordship in Council is pleased to augment the establishment of the Commissariat, by the addition of two Sub-Conductors to the Department, and in reference thereto, makes the following appointments.

Serjeant Robert Rivers (formerly Serjeant-Major of his Majesty's 23d Light Dragoons) attached to the Quarter-Master General's Department, and Serjeant John Crawley of the Honorable Company's European Regiment, doing duty in the Commissariat Department, to be Sub-Conductors.

W. CASEMENT, Lieut. Col.
Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE MOST NOBLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM; 30TH JULY, 1819.

The Most Noble the Governor General in Council is pleased to assign Rank to the undermentioned Cornets and Ensigns, from the dates expressed opposite otheir names respectively.

Seniority. 1818	NAMES.	Rank as Cornet and Ensign.	Remarks
	Cavalry.		
	John Clerk, - - - - - -	10 Nov. 1818.	
	John Dixon Dyke, - -	8 Feb. 1819	
	Infantry.		
	Joseph Leverton Revell, - - - - -	6 Aug. 1818.	
	Zouch Henry Tutton.	6 Aug. 1818.	
	Henry Penton Ridge,	23 Aug. 1818	
	John Griffin, - - - - - -	23 Aug. 1818	
	John Mariott Caldecot, - - - - - -	15 Sept. 1819.	
	Francis Wheeler, - -	15 Sept. 1818.	
	George Warren, - - -	6 Oct. 1818.	
	Henry Fendall, - - -	31 Oct. 1818	
	George Iliff, - - - - - -	8 Nov. 1818.	
	Henry Worthman Farrington, - -	1 Dec. 1818.	
	Andrew Bigoe Hrmstrong, - - -	1 Dec. 1819.	not arrived.
	Solomon Earle - - - -	21 Dec. 1818	
	Valentine Frederick Henry Green, - - - - - -	1 Feb. 1819.	not arrived.
	Henry Oilphant. - - -	1 Feb. 1819	not arrived.
	George Farquhar-on,	1 Feb. 1819.	not arrived.
	William Glasgow. - -	5 Feb. 1819.	
	George Carey, - - - - -	5 Feb. 1819.	
	George Newton Prole,	6 Feb 1819.	
	Peach Brown. - - - -	6 Feb. 1819	
	Wm. Sandys Prole, - -	6 Feb. 1819.	
	James Sweetham, - -	6 Feb. 1819	
	David Thompson, - -	6 Feb. 1819	
	John Ludlow, - - - - -	6 Feb. 1819.	
	Charles Haldane. - - -	6 Feb. 1819.	
	John Graham MacGregor. - - - - - -	6 Feb. 1819	
	Nenian Lowis. - - - - -	7 Feb. 1819.	
	James Wm. Dunbar. -	8 Feb. 1819	
	Edward Poole, - - - -	8 Feb. 1819.	
	James George, - - - - -	8 Feb. 1819	
	Henry Cinnamon Williams. - - - -	8. Feb. 1810.	

The names of Ensigns George Douglas Roebuck and James Charles Maclean, having been omitted by the Honourable Court in the List of Rank of Cadet published in Government General Orders of 25th January last, the Most Noble the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the above gentlemen shall take rank and post as Ensigns in the Army, the former from the 16th March 1818, immediately below Ensign George Palmer, and above Christopher Robert Bellew, and the latter from the 2d June 1818, between Ensigns Patrick Craigie and John Marshall Heptinstall, the places now assigned to them by the Honourable Court, as notified in General Orders of the 10th instant.

The place on the List of Cadets for the Season 1817, assigned by the Honourable Court of Directors to Ensign Roebuck, entitling him to the Rank of Lieut the Governor General in Council is pleased to promote him accordingly, and to direct that he take as rank Lieutenant in the Army from the 9th of Sept. 1818, between Lieutenants G. Palmer and C. R. Bellew.

W. CASEMENT, Lieut. Col.

Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE MOST NOBLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM; 24TH JULY, 1819.

The Most Noble the Governor General in Council is pleased to notify in General Orders the appointment, in the Territorial Department, under date the 23d instant, of Lieutenant and Brevet Captain F. Irvine of the 11th Regiment Native Infantry, to be Secretary to the Madrissah Committee.

W. CASEMENT, Lieut Col.

Sec. to Govt Mil. Dept.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE MOST NOBLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM; 28TH JULY, 1819.

The Batta and other allowances for June, and Pay for July, 1819, of the Troops at the Presidency and at the other Stations of the Army including Benares, will be issued on or after Thursday, the 12th Proximo.

W. CASEMENT, Lieut. Col.

Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

AUGUST 9.

We are truly concerned to say, that late letters from Meerut, Allahabad, Juanpore and other places, contain most unfavorable accounts of the season and the weather. At Meerut the weather has been particularly hot and oppressive, and much sickness has prevailed. H. M. 14th Regiment has suffered much in Officers and Men. At Allahabad very little rain has fallen—and apprehensions of a scarcity have been

seriously entertained. At Juanpore, the want of rain had actually produced such a dearth of grain, that the poor people in the neighbourhood were actually selling their infant children! Considerable sickness had also prevailed at Benares, particularly among the European part of the population: and the dread of an approaching famine, is stated to be very generally entertained, unless—a considerable fall of rain in the present and next month shall avert the calamity. Letters from Ghazeepore are also filled with gloomy anticipations, and a correspondent from Dinapore, says, that there has been no rain in that neighbourhood except on the 23d of June, and two slight showers in July. He observes, that Bhoot Gram was selling at 23 Seers per Rupee—and that the trading part of the population were continually complaining. To these distressing statements, we may add, that gram and other grain have greatly increased in prices at Calcutta.

A letter from a gentleman at one of the upper stations mentions the following curious circumstance. 'A few days ago a number of poor Moghuls passed through this place, saying that they had been driven from house and home by the cruelty of Runjeet Singh's soldiers, who had plundered and burned their villages, and put 18,000, particularly women and children, to the most barbarous and cruel deaths. They also declared that they were on their way to the Presidency, to represent their miserable plight to the British government, from which they hope to obtain redress. To what credit this story may be entitled I know not, but they were literally starving, and appeared most thankful for a little money, bread and victuals, which some European gentlemen gave them."

Extract of a Letter, dated Gurrawarrah, July 18, 1819.

Yesterday evening, about 6 o'clock, we were visited by one of the most dreadful Thunderstorms that I ever remember to have witnessed—The flashes of lightning were remarkably vivid, and almost incessant; for the space of an hour and half, and were instantaneously followed by peals of thunder, which sounded as if the heavens were bursting over our heads.

The lightning struck a Bungalow, which notwithstanding every exertion made to save it, was entirely consumed. Owing to the very prompt assistance rendered by the Sepoys, the whole of the property was rescued from the flames, but I am sorry to say, that a considerable portion of it was spoiled from being exposed to the heavy rain, which fell soon after.—Had it not been for this rain, some other Bungalows must have shared the same fate, as the wind was very high, and blew the sparks exactly in their direction.

One of the bells of arms in the lines, was also struck with the fluid, and burnt down.

It is melancholy to state, that a Havildar of the 15th Regiment was killed by the lightning, and also an unfortunate Bheesty.—I have no doubt, that several people must have been killed in the Villages round about, of whom we have not received any account.

Several Officers received shocks similar to those felt from an electrifying machine, but I am happy to say, not one was hurt.

A considerable quantity of hail fell, and some of the stones were of a very large size.—The storm passed over about half past seven, and near nine, was succeeded by another, which fortunately was neither so near nor so severe as the first—Although the lightning was very vivid in this second storm, I am not aware of any accident having occurred from it.—The rain fell in torrents, until about 12 o'clock, when it gradually ceased, and the storm cleared off.—The impression made on our minds by this truly awful visitation, will not, I think, quickly wear off.—The lightning was so vivid, and the thunder so loud and continued, as to create a general sensation of alarm; no one knowing but that his own house or his own life might be the next object, which would fall a sacrifice to the fury of the element.

I do not know if you are aware of the situation of this place, which lies about half way between Jubbulpore and Husseinabad.

I forgot to insert that the Officer who was standing at the door of his house, at the time it was struck, was knocked down by the violence of the shock, as was also his tailor, who was at work in the verandah.

The devastation occasioned by the late Earthquake at Anjar, Kutch and other places, where the great violence of the convulsion was experienced, is much greater than the information communicated to our readers has detailed. At Anjar 166 lives have been lost, and double that number severely wounded. A third part of the houses in the Town have been entirely destroyed,—overturned from the foundation! The Fort has been so much shaken that it is not expected any part of it, will remain after a fall of rain. The Town of Kowrah is said to be entirely swallowed up. This place, we believe, was situated in a hilly country, and yielded large quantities of Iron ore; which, consistently with some of the theories of earthquakes, may account for the melancholy calamity. It is stated that although, before this awful visitation, there were upwards of two hundred Forts of different kinds in the province of Cutch, there is not one remaining. During the convulsion, the beds of rivers, previously dry, became filled with water—the ground opened in several places, and water, sand and other substances were forced to the surface. The water in the wells assumed a white colour.—And although the shock lasted only two minutes—in that brief period—solid buildings which had stood for ages, "fell to" the ground like houses of cards." The misery of the survivors of those who suffered at Anjar is painted in the most gloomy colours—and the people who lately were the richest and most respectable of their class, "are seen sitting, surrounded by their families, "on the spot, where their houses once stood, in the most "hopeless and destitute condition." It is stated in the *Bombay Courier*, from which, we have taken this melancholy detail, that it is in contemplation to make a subscription for the relief of the Anjar sufferers.

A few days ago a report was received from Delhi, that Runjeet Sing had succeeded in the invasion of Cashmeer, after a desperate battle, in which several of his principal Sirdars were killed, and a large portion of his troops Victories, however in that part of the country are not unusually claimed by both sides, and the circumstance of the Sikh army having suffered so considerably, may afford some reason to conclude that Runjeet has not been so successful as is represented. The report does not mention that he had actually entered Cashmeer.

We beleive that Mahomed Khan, the Governor of Cashmeer, is now at Peshawur, having captured that city from Shah Mahmood, in hopes of placing Shah Shooja on the throne, on terms chiefly advantageous to himself. But Shooja disdained the proffered arrangement, and retired among the Khyberees, till he could collect an army sufficient for the objects he had in view.

We have no information to whose hands the defence of Cashmeer had been intrusted in the absence of the Governor.

In our number of the 9th ultimo, we announced to our readers, that a discovery had been made of the individuals concerned in the late forgeries on the Bank of Bengal, &c. We are gratified in being now able to add that the active and judicious measures of Mr. Barwell, the Magistrate of the 24 Pergunnahs, have been successful in developing fully the proceedings of these gentry, and gaining possession of the implements with which they carried on their schemes It appears from his investigations, that the association consisted of six natives, three of whom had directed their talents to the engraving part of their business; two others managed the copper-plate press, and the sixth, a podar, disposed of the forged notes at such rates as would ensure a speedy sale. Every thing was carried on systematically, and great care had been taken to avoid detection at the scene of operations, (the residence of the above persons, a little to the Eastward of Kalli Ghaut,) as well as to deceive the eyes of the unwary by the fabricated notes. A forged impression of a lottery ticket was also found, as well as of the Stamp Office Seal, so that the firm appears to have contemplated carrying on business on a very large scale, and according to a regularly organized system. The copper-plates, seal, forged notes, &c. were found buried in various parts of the compound, within which the houses of the individuals were situated, on the 28th and 29th ultimo.

All the six persons concerned have been apprehended and are now in jail. One plate, from which Bengal Bank notes for 500 rupees were taken, was sent to the Bank of Bengal, the treasurer of which, we understand, immediately paid a reward of 500 rupees to be distributed amongst those who discovered the offenders. Another plate, purporting to be of the Bank of Hindostan, for

twenty-five rupees, was also sent to that establishment. Thus has been detected and crushed a complica l scheme of roguery, entirely of native origin and management, which might have occasioned the most serious injury and alarm to the public, had it continued for any time in activity without being brought to light; and the statements from which we gather the above abstract, sufficiently demonstrate, that the warmest thanks of the community are merited by the active magistrate, whose talents have b en well exerted and displayed in sifting the matter so thoroughly as he has done—*Hurk.*

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE

CALCUTTA.

ARRIVALS.

At Kedgeree.

AUGUST.

3. Ship *Lord Wellington*, Captain Leonard Wasse, from London 1st March, Madeira and Madras 27th July
— Ship *Bristol* Captain W. Buckham, from Bristol 1st March, Madras 28th July.
4 Schooner *Rebecca*, Captain A. S. DeBeyster, from Gibralter 5th September, Valparaiso, and Coast of Chili 28th March.

Off Calcutta.

2 Brig *Adventure*.
7 The *Lord Wellington and Bristol.*

PASSENGERS.

PER REBECCA.

Major John Adam Garner, of the Valparaiso Staff of his Swedish Majesty.

PER BRISTOL.

Messrs. Cumming, Meade, Moore and Jackson, from the H. C Ship *Rose*; and from Madras, Mr. J. C. Morris, civil service, and Mr. Thomas King.

DEPARTURES.

From Calcutta.

JULY.

31 Ship *Nadree*, Captain J. Pringle, for the Persian Gulph.

— Ship *Perseverance*, Captain J Greig, for Penang, Malacca and Java.

— Ship *Hunter*, Captain W. Hodges, for ditto.

AUGUST.

2. Brig *Venus*, Captain G. Kilgour, for the Isle of France, and the Cape of Good Hope.

5. Ship *Lord Collingwood* Captain R. Parkin, for London.

MADRAS.

ARRIVALS.

July 9th Brig Tagus, Capt. R. M'Donald, from Padang 12th June.—Do. American Ship Julius Cæsar, Capt. Marshall, from Calcutta 5th June.—Passengers: Mr. Wm. Foster, Supercargo, Mr. E. Guest, Assistant do. Doctor H. L Hodges, and Mr S. L. Skelton —12th, Ship Lord Wellington, Capt L Wasse, from London 1st and Madeira 15th March.—14th, Ship Glorious, Capt. J. Paterson, from Bombay 29th June—15th, Brig Ottoman la Maria, Capt. L. Moalin, from Mauritius 31st May—Do. Ship Layton, Capt. W. Morgan, from Cork 27th January, St. Jago and Trincomalie 13th July - 18th, Ship Bristol, Captain W. Buckham, from Bristol 1st March, Madeira and Trincomallee 17th July—Do. Ship Mermaid, Capt, W. Hammann, from Bombay 27th June.—19th, Brig Dotterel, Capt. John Salter, from Bencoolen 19th June.—Do. Ship Reliance, Captain M. Pike, from Pondicherry 18th July.—Do. H. M. Ship Conway, from Trin. comalie.

DEPARTURES.

July 9th, Ship Reliance, Capt. M. Pike, for Pondicherry.—10th Brig St. Antonio, Capt. R. Turnbull, for Calcutta —11th Brig Henrietta, Capt. J. Francis, for Columbo —Do. American Ship Julius Cæsar, Capt. C. H. Marshall, for Philadelphia.—12th, Ship Alexander, Capt. B Rodgers, for Calcutta.

BOMBAY.

ARRIVALS.

July 6th, H. C. Cruizer Antelope, Lieutenant James Arthur, from Muscat the 29th June and Bushire.

Do. Ship Jessey, Capt. A. Landale, from Mocha the 20th June.

7th Ship Sophia, Captain J. A. Edwin, from Bussorah the 26th May.

8th Ship Francis Warden, Captain John Stutely from the Persian Gulph, Muscat the 20th June.

Passenger per Sophia.

Mr. Peter Aide. Merchant.

DEPARTURES.

July 6th Ship Conde De Rio Pardo, Capt H Beyts, to Mocha

Madras

On Monday, the ship *Wellington*, Captain Wasse, arrived in the roads from England the 1st March—She touched at Madeira, whence she sailed on the 15th —The *Wellington* spoke the homeward bound ship *Europe*, Captain Ashton, on the 1st April, all well—in Lat. 2° 18'N. Lon. 21° 40' W. –Passengers by the *Wellington* :—Lieutenant and Miss Ternon and Mr. Bell.

His Majesty's 13th Regiment of Light Dragoons are on their march for Arcot. Orders are out for the immediate drafting of the 22d Dragoons, which will shortly return to England.

It is with great regret we state, that though the cases of Gastritis, as our correspondent very properly terms the prevailing Epidemic, are not so frequent at Madras as they were some time ago, the accounts from the Villages in the immediate neighbourhood of the Presidency, as well as those from the interior, are truly distressing. According to our information the mortality amongst the Natives is really frightful. Some Villages indeed are stated to be actually depopulated, but this is probably an exaggeration occasioned by the timid character of the Natives.

Signals for Ships from the Southward were flying during the whole of Sunday and yesterday. The first in the order of arrivals was the free trader *Bristol*, from the Port of Bristol the 1st of March. She brings of course no news.

Passengers —Mrs. R. Buchanan ; Miss R. Buchanan ; Rev. P. Naubore ; and Rev. D. Roser

The next was the *Mermaid* from Bombay. The *Reliance*, from Pondicherry followed. The homeward bound Ship *Heroine*, also came in yesterday from Bengal. This succession kept all our hopes alive for the H. C. ship *Rose*, but they were disappointed.

Passengers per Heroine.—Henry Villebague. Esq.; C. P. Dennis, Esq ; Misses H. Boscawen and C. Boscawen , Masters L. Francis, Rouche, and C. Rouche, for England ; and Lieut. H. Mantell, for Madras.

H. M. Ship *Conway*, came in yesterday morning, from Trincomalie. She remains in the roads only a short time, and then returns to Trincomalie, from whence she will be despatched for England. Packets are open at the Post Office for her They close on Wednesday.

H. M. Ship *Carron*, from Trincomalie came in on Saturday.

The Ships for China will not sail, we hear, before the middle of next month.

Bombay.

On Wednesday morning the Hon'ble Company's cruiser Antelope, Lieut. Arthur, from Bushire 9th and Muscat 29th June, and the country ship Jessey, Langdale, from Mocha 25th June, arrived here The former ship sailed in company with the country ships Francis Warden and Sophia, which have since arrived here. The Jessey left the H. C. cruiser Aurora at Mocha; the H. C. cruiser Prince of Wales had proceeded to Judda.

H. M ship Curlew, Captain Walpole, arrived at Bushire on the 1st June, with a Jowassme Bottella, which she had captured.

These vessels have brought no news of much public importance, the date of the European intelligence is anterior to that received by way of Madras. The plague was raging in Egypt; but we are unhappy to learn that Sir Miles and Lady Nightingall, with their suit, had reached Alexandria in safety, and would embark from that port for Malta about the middle of April.

H M. S. Eden, which left this port with nearly 30 cases of cholera on board, has arrived safely at Madras, and we are happy to hear that two days after the Eden put to sea, no symptoms of the cholera remained.

The H C ships Lowther Castle, Capt. Mortlock, and Charles Grant, Capt. Scott, with the country ship Ann, Captain Ridsdoch, for China; and the free trader Stakesby, Capt. Henderson, for London, proceeded to sea last night. The Lady Borringdon returned to re-stow part of her Cargo and will proceed again as soon as she is in proper trim. The Brampton, Captain Green, for London, will sail, we understand, on Sunday.

The third sessions of over and terminer and general jail delivery, &c. for this town and island, &c. will commence on Wednesday next, before the Hon'ble Court of the Recorder. We are informed there are no cases of much interest likely to be tried.

NAVIGATION OF THE RED SEA.

A person well acquainted with the navigation of the Red Sea desires us to mention as a warning to all Captains of vessels trading in that quarter, that it is extremely dangerous to carry a press of top-sails in the upper part of the Red Sea from Cosseir upwards, as frequent gusts of wind are often met with, which blow suddenly from a directly opposite quarter to that which they have been before sailing with. From a neglect of this precaution, one ship was lost and another near sharing the same fate this season.

CALCUTTA MONTHLY JOURNAL

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Calcutta.

MILITARY.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE MOST NOBLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM; 31ST JULY, 1819.

The Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the following Extracts of General Letters from the Honorable the Court of Directors, in the Military Department, be published in General Orders, for the information of the Army.

General Letter, dated 11th November, 1818.

Para. 2.—In consequence of a communication we have received from the War Office, suggesting that in future no Pensions may be paid to the Widows of Officers of His Majesty's Service, dying in India, unless they shall have obtained the Royal authority for receiving the same, we desire that you will and in future authorize the payment of any such Pensions, unless such authority shall have been obtained, in conformity with this suggestion.

General Letter, dated 27th November, 1818.

Para. 2.—Our attention has lately been directed to the subject of the Pensions granted to Officers for Wounds received in action, and we find it necessary to revise our orders on that head, in so far as respects the continuance of those Pensions in certain cases.

3.—In all those instances, where the injury is of a permanent nature, as for example, where the party has actually lost an Eye or a Limb in action, or has suffered such *permanent* injury as may be equivalent to the loss of an Eye or a Limb from a wound received in action, there can be no doubt of his being entitled to the Pension for life, conformably with the spirit and letter of His Royal Highness the Prince Regent's Regulations, bearing date the 20th June, 1812, but cases may occur, where, though at the expiration of a year and a day after the wound has been received, (the period at which those Pensions commence) the individual may, to all appearance, have sustained an injury deemed equal to the loss of a Limb, yet, by skilful Medical treatment, and the efforts of a sound constitution, he may, in a few years, be restored to his pristine bodily strength.

4.—In instances of this kind, when we consider the liberal scale of allowances granted to the Company's Officers, it is impossible for us to consent to continue the Pensions; and we therefore direct, that in all cases of recovery, if within three years from the injury originally sustained, the Pension shall be discontinued.

5.—In order that this Resolution may be strictly attended to, and that a careful distinction may at the same time be made between such cases and those of Officers laboring under permanent injury, from wounds received in action, and equivalent to the loss of an Eye or a Limb, we direct that every Officer of our Army receiving a Pension for wounds, shall be examined, at the expiration of three years from the time of the wound being received, by two Medical Practitioners, who shall certify upon honor the actual state of the wound, and its remaining effects, to enable you to judge, whether, in conformity with the instructions now conveyed to you, the party be justly entitled to a continuance of the Pension; and we further direct that you will transmit to us regular reports of all such examinations

6.—Applications having been made from some of our Officers in th country for an encrease of the Pensions granted them, in proportion t the advanced rank they have received, conformably with a Regu lation adopted in His Majesty's Service, we have to inform you, th that Regulation has been discontinued in His Majesty's Service, a you will observe on perusal of the Circular Letters of the Secretary a War, dated 30th June and 25th August 1817, of which we herewit transmit you Copies.

7.—And being of opinion that all the circumstances of our Servic duly considered, especially the advantages derived by the Company' Officers from the liberal allowances they receive, in addition to the Pay, the Pensions granted, or to be granted to our Officers, under th Regulations which accompanied our Despatch of 28th March, 1815 are sufficient in amount, we do not think proper to accede to the re commendation contained in the 257th and 258th Paras. of your Lette of 29th December 1815, for an augmentation of those Pensions.

(COPY)

CIRCULAR, No. 362.

War Office, 30th June, 1817.

SIR,

The Prince Regent having taken into consideration the Rules under which Pensions are granted to Officers wounded in His Majesty's Service; and especially the Regulation promulgated by the second paragraph of the Circular Letter from this Department of the 31st July, 1815, No. 287, I have the honor to acquaint you, that His Royal Highness has been pleased to order that the Pensions, which may be granted to Officers for Wounds received subsequently to the 24th June, 1817, shall be confined to the rate attached to the Rank which the Officer held at the time when he was wounded, and shall not be augmented, progressively, according to the Rank to which such Officer may, from time to time, be promoted.

69,823.

I have the honor to be,
Sir,
Your most Obedient Humble Servant,
(Signed) PALMERSTON.

Officer Commanding
Regiment.

(COPY.)

CIRCULAR, No. 373.

War Office, 26th August, 1817.

SIR,

Referring to my Circular Letter, No. 362, dated 30th June 1817, I have the honor to acquaint you, that His Royal Highness the Prince Regent, having taken into his further consideration the Regulations concerning Pensions granted for Wounds, has been pleased, in the name and on the behalf of His Majesty, to order, that, from and after this date, no such Pension shall increase to any higher rate, in consequence of any Promotion of the Officer by whom it is received.

69,823.

I have the honor to be,
Sir,
Your most Obedient Humble Servant,
(Signed) PALMERSTON.

The Officer Commanding
the Regiment.

General Letter, dated 22d January, 1819

PARA. 2.—Brevet-Captain and Lieutenant Lewellyn Conroy has our permission to return to his Rank on your Establishment.

3.—We have permitted Captain Robert C. Garnham belonging to

your Establishment, to remain in England until the departure for Bengal of the first Company's Ships of next Season 1819-20.

His Excellency the Commander in Chief will be pleased to issue the necessary orders for carrying into effect the provision contained in the 5th Para. of the Honourable Court's Letter bearing date the 27th November 1818, relative to the assembly, from time to time, of such Medical Committees, as may be required to furnish the Certificates therein prescribed.

W. CASEMENT, Lieut. Col.
Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept

GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE MOST NOBLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM; 31st JULY 1819.

The Most Noble the Governor General in Council is pleased to make the following Promotion and Appointment.

12th Regiment Native Infantry.

Lieutenant William White Moore to be Captain of a Company, from the 14th of July, 1819, in succession to Barker, deceased.

Mr. James King, Surgeon, having been reported duly qualified by the Medical Board, is to duty as Officiating Assistant Surgeon on this Establishment, with temporary rank in the Army.

The Governor General in Council was pleased, on the 24th Instant, in the Political Department, to make the following Appointment.

Officiating Assistant Surgeon G. Lamb, of the 1st Rampoorah Local Battalion, to do duty as a Medical Officer with Regular Force in the Service of the Nizam.

Lieutenant Colonel J. Hodgson, of the 5th Regiment of Native Infantry, having furnished the prescribed Certificates from the Medical and Pay Departments, is permitted to proceed to Europe on Furlough, for the benefit of his health.

His Lordship in Council is pleased to promote Subadar Chand Kan of the 5th Regiment of Light Cavalry to the rank of Subadar Major from the 1st of July, 1819, vice Hussun Bux, invalided.

W. CASEMENT, Lieut. Col.
Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE MOST NOBLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM; 31st JULY, 1819.

The Most Noble the Governor General in Council is pleased to authorize the following scale of Establishment and minor Allowances for the Corps of Miners and Sappers, viz.

Establishment :—One Tindal for the Corps, and one Lascar per Company, to superintend Camp Equipage, Ammunition and Spare Arms.

Two Bheesties (already authorized in the General Order for the formation of the New Corps.)

One Forge, consisting of 1 Mate Smith, 1 Fireman, 1 Fireman, and 2 Hammermen.

One Mate Carpenter.

One Workmen ditto.

One Cart with three Bullocks and a Driver.

An additional Carpenter on Field Service, and an additional Bheesty when in the Field or marching.

} For each Company.

Tent Lascars and additional Bheesties for the Europeans when marching according to existing Regulations.

Allowances:—To Commanding Officers of Companies, for Writing, Stationery, and Materials for repairing Arms and Tools, monthly, per Company 50 Sonat Rupees.

To the Adjutant, for repairing Camp Equipage, supplying Straw, Pins, Mallets, Camp Lines, and Camp Colors, 40 Sonat Rs. per Mensem. For providing Petty Stores for repairs of Arms, &c. and for providing Targets, same as established for a Battalion of Native Infantry. The Carts and Bullocks to be furnished in the first instance, at the Public expence, and afterwards maintained with their Drivers by Officers in charge of Companies, under the same Regulations as prescribed for the Quarter Master's Carts of Native Corps.

Proportion of Camp Equipage for the Corps, viz.

	Tent, Staff Serjeants.	Tents N. P. Privates.	Tent, Sepoy, & Pauls each
For Sub-Conductor, ...	1	0	0
Serjeant Major, ...	1	0	0
Quarter Master Serjeant, ...	1	0	0
12 Serjeants, ... } In all 36 Non-Commissioned Officers, 12 First } Corporals, 12 Second } Corporals	0	3	0
1 Company of Native Sappers and Miners, 136 Men, ...	0	0	1½
5 Companies more as above, ...	0	0	7½
An Hospital, ...	0	0	1
Quarter and Rear Guard, ...	0	0	1
Total	3	3	11

W. CASEMENT, Lieut.-Col.

Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE MOST NOBLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM; 31st JULY, 1819.

With referrence to the recent new organization of the Barrack Department under this Presidency, the Most Noble the Governor General in Council is pleased to revise the allowances authorized in General Orders of the 4th October, 1816, to be drawn, respectively, by the Superintendents of Public Buildings in the Lower and Upper Provinces; and to lay down the following scale, to have effect from the 1st proximo, viz.

Staff Salary, as Superintendent of Military Buildings, Sonat Rupees..... 1000

Staff Salary, as Superintendent of Civil Buildings, which is to cover Travelling, and all other incidental expences connected therewith, Sonat Rupees. - - - - - - - - - - - - - - 500

Total, Sonat Rupees 1500

The additional allowances of 300 Rupees per mensem, now authorized to the Superintendents of Civil Buildings, respectively, will be drawn by the Officer officiating in that capacity in the Upper Provinces, during the absence of Lieutenant-Colonel Penson from this Presidency.

The Establishment detailed in the General Orders abovementioned will continue to be drawn, in addition, by each of the Superintendents, who will also be entitled to the Pay, Full Batta, Tentage, and Gratuity, if entitled to it, of their Regimental Rank.

W. CASEMENT, Lieut.-Col.
Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE MOST NOBLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM; 31st JULY, 1819.

The Most Noble the Governor General in Council is pleased to assign Rank to the undermentioned Officers, as stated opposite to their respective names.

3rd Regiment of Light Cavalry.

Lieut. F. Benett, date of rank 28th April, 1818, vice Perreff, deceased.

Lieut. P. P. Nind, date of rank 1st September, 1818, for the augmentation.

Lieut E. A. Campbell, date of rank 23d October, 1818, vice Warde, promoted.

Lieut. T. R. Thellusson, date of rank 4th November, 1818, vice Hester, deceased.

The undermentioned Gentlemen having respectively furnished Certificates of their Appointments as Cadets of Infantry on this Establishment, are admitted to the Service accordingly.

Mr. Solomon Earle.
— Henry Oliphant.
— Valentine Henry Frederick Green.
— Charles Alexander Cricket Hodges.

Mr. Hodges is promoted to the rank of Ensign, leaving the date of his Commission to be adjusted hereafter.

Lieut. J. Nash of the 22d Regiment of Native Infantry, attached to the Corps of Pioneers, having furnished the prescribed Certificates from the Medical and Pay Departments, is permitted to make a voyage to the Cape of Good Hope on account of his health, and to be absent from Bengal for ten months.

Captain E. B. Higgins of the 25th Regiment of the Native Infantry, having furnished a Medical Certificate, the extension of the leave of absence granted to him, in General Orders of the 17th of December last, is further prolonged for six months, from the expiration of the period therein specified.

W. CASEMENT, Lieut. Col.
Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept

GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE MOST NOBLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM; 31st JULY, 1819.

The following arrangements being found indispensible to carry on the duties of the Barrack Department, until the Officers appointed to Districts, &c. are able to reach their respective destinations, the Governor General in Council notifies the same in General Orders, to have effect from the 1st Proximo.

UPPER PROVINCES.

Captain Keen to act as Assistant Superintendent of Public Buildings, until the arrival of Captain Roberts at Futtehghur.

Captain Tickell of Engineers, to act as Barrack Master to the 6th, or Allahabad Division, during the absence of Lieutenant Burroughs on leave.

Lieutenant Buttenshaw to act as Barrack Master to the 8th or Rohilcund Division, until relieved by Captain Kemm.

Captain Ball to act as Barrack Master to the 10th or Agra Division, until the arrival of Captain Cooper.

Lieutenant Hutchinson of Engineers, to act as Barrack Master to the 11th, or Meerut Division, during the absence of Captain Gowan, on Sick Certificate.

LOWER PROVINCES.

Captain M. S. Hogg to act as Barrack Master to the 2d, or Berhampore Division, during the absence of Captain Arrow.

Lieutenant Ingram to act as Barrack Master to the 4th or Ghazepore Division, until the arrival of Lieutenant Patton.

Lieutenant Weston to act as Barrack Master to the 5th or Secrole Division, until relieved by Lieut Lucas.

W. CASEMENT, Lieut. Col.
Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE MOST NOBLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM; 7TH AUGUST, 1819.

The Most Noble the Governor General in Council is pleased to make the following Promotions and Appointments.

2d Regiment of Light Cavalry.

Lieutenant and Brevet Captain Ambrose Eldridge to be Captain of a Troop.
Cornet Humphrey Hay to be Lieutenant.
} *From the 16th of July 1819, in succession to Mather, deceased.*

Surgeon J. MacWhirter, M. D. to be a Presidency Surgeon from the 13th of March 1819. vice Playfair, appointed Surgeon to the Garrison of Chunar.

Lieutenant W. Barnett of the 27th Regiment of Native Infantry, to be Adjutant of the Calcutta Native Militia, vice Lamb, appointed Barrack Master of Fort William.

Lieutenant R. S. Brownrigg of the 10th Regiment of Native Infan-, to be a Sub-Assistant Commissary General, vice R. R. Young, de-ed

His Lordship in Council is also pleased to appoint Mr. James Henry e, an Hospital Steward, to supply a vacancy in that Department.

Serjeant Henry Humbert, Quarter Master Serjeant of the 1st Batta-on 15th Regiment of Native Infantry, is admitted to the benefit of the Pension established by Minutes of Council of the 11th of January 1797, with permission to reside and draw his Stipend at the Presidency.

W. CASEMENT Lieut.-Col.

Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

GENERAL ORDERS BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE MOST NOBLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM; 7TH AUGUST, 1819.

The Most Noble the Governor General in Council notifies to the Army, that in the 1st Article of the Regulation regarding advances for Public Buildings, passed by His Lordship in Council, under date the 25th June, 1819, in the Territorial Department, and published in General Orders of the 1[illegible]th ultimo, the term "*Public Officers*" applies solely to Civil Functionaries, entitled to correspond directly with Government, all Military Officers will therefore continue to address themselves on the occasion alluded to in that Article, to the Military Board.

W. CASEMENT, Lieut.-Col.

Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

Head Quarters, Calcutta, 23d July, 1819.

GENERAL ORDERS,

BY THE MOST NOBLE THE COMMANDER IN CHIEF.

30th April, 1819.
5th July, ditto.

In reference to the General Orders issued from this department of the dates as per margin, and adverting to the approaching meetings of the annual Station Invaliding Committees for examining Europeans, The Most Noble the Commander in Chief is pleased to appoint Captain Burrows of the 8th Dragoons to the General Charge of the Invalided Men of His Majesty's Regiments stationed in the Upper provinces, and that Officer will accordingly proceed with them from the Chunar Ketser Ghaut to Fort William by water, calling for and taking charge of such Invalids and other Soldiers belonging to His Majesty's Service at the intermediate Stations as may be destined for the Presidency.

The Commander in Chief desires that the Men to be discharged from His Majesty's Regiments in the Upper Provinces whose periods of Service have already expired, or may terminate within the current year 1819, and such as may volunteer for any of the Corps specified in the General Order of the 5th instant, stationed at Fort William or its vicinity, as also for Madras and Bombay, are to proceed down with the Invalids to the Presidency, under the immediate command of Captain Burrowes.

Such men as may have volunteered to re-enlist into Corps at the intermediate Stations, are of course to be delivered over to the Commanding Officer of such Corps respectively, with every necessary Document.

Major General Sir Dyson Marshall will be pleased to cause the Invalids, &c. and limited service men of His Majesty's 8th Dragoons and 14th Foot, to move from Meerut in progress to the Presidency, on, or as early as practicable after the 24th of September next, and Captain Burrowes will report to the Officers Commanding at Cawnpore, Ghazeepore, and Berhampore, the probable time of his arrival at those Stations respectively, that no delay may ensue.

Commanding Officers of Regiments will transmit to the Adjutant General of His Majesty's Forces, returns prepared agreeably to the Form No. 1, prescribed in the General Orders of the 28th June, 1816, of the men who are deemed unfit for further service, and the Officer proceeding down in charge will take care to be furnished with the originals of the Station Invaliding Rolls.

Major General Sir D. Marshall will be pleased to provide Medical Aid for the Invalids, &c from *Meerut* to *Cawnpore*, from which Station Assistant Surgeon Martin of His Majesty's 22d Foot attached to the Volunteers from the 21st Dragoons, will proceed in Medical Charge of the Detachments to the Presidency.

The Officer proceeding in Command to be in possession of the conditional discharges of the Invalids, and of the discharges and other Documents referable to the limited service men, and upon his arrival at Fort William, he will deliver over the men destined for the Presidency, and for Madras, and Bombay, to the Acting Brigade Major King's Troops, together with the Station Invaliding Rolls, and every other usual document.

The necessary application will be made to the Government Departments at the proper time for passages for the discharged Soldiers, and such Invalids as may be destined for Europe, and as soon as an allotment and distribution of the men on the different vessels shall have been made, Officers with reference to that list will be nominated to proceed in charge of the men on each ship respectively.

As soon as the Invalids of the season are all collected and finally re-examined by the special Medical Committee at Fort William, Captain Turnor, Acting Brigade Major under the Orders of the General or other Officer Commanding the Presidency Station, will forward to the Adjutant General, and Quarter Master General of His Majesty's Forces, the Embarkation, and other returns, as prescribed in the General Order of the 28th of June, 1816, on the Invalids and time expired men being shipped for Europe.

By Order of the Most Noble the Commander in Chief.

THOMAS McMAHON,
Col. A. G.

HEAD QUARTERS, *Calcutta*, 29*th July*, 1819.

GENERAL ORDERS,

BY THE MOST NOBLE THE COMMANDER IN CHIEF.

The Most Noble the Commander in Chief in India, is pleased to make the following Promotions and appointments, until the pleasure of His Royal Highness the Prince Regent in the name and on the behalf of His Majesty shall be made known.

Royal Scots.

Captain Thomas C. Graham to be Major, without purchase, vice Lynch, deceased—6th July, 1819

Lieutenant and Adjutant G. Galbraite to be Captain of a Company, without purchase, vice T C. Graham, promoted—ditto.

Ensign Charles Lewis to be Lieutenant without purchase, vice Galbraith, promoted—ditto

Lieutenant A. Cameron to be Adjutant, vice MacEwen, deceased—3d July, 1819.

46th Foot.

Hospital Assistant H. W. Voysey to be Assistant Surgeon, vice R. H. Bell, deceased—18th March, 1819.

By Order of the Most Noble the Commander in Chief.

THOMAS McMAHON,

Col. A. G.

HEAD-QUARTERS, *Calcutta ; 3d August*, 1819.

GENERAL ORDER.

The detail of His Majesty's Regiments for the Presidency of Fort St. George, referred to in General Orders of the 2d ultimo, (No. 1681,) under the immediate orders of Captain Wallis of the 46th Regiment, are to be embarked on board the ship *Bengal Merchant*, on Sunday, the 8th instant, for which purpose Major-General Wood will be pleased to adopt the necessary steps.

A Corporal of the 34th Regiment, his Wife and Child, recently arrived from New South Wales, on the transport ship called *Lord Sidmouth*, are to proceed by this opportunity.

Captain Wallis will send in on Sunday morning the usual embarkation returns.

By Order of the Most Noble

The Commander in Chief,

THOS. McMAHON,

Col. Adjutant-General.

GENERAL ORDER.

HORSE-GUARDS, 26*th November*, 1818.

His Royal Highness the Commander in Chief is pleased to direct, that the following copy of a Letter, which by Command of the Prince Regent, acting in the name and on the behalf of His Majesty, has been addressed to the General Officer Commanding at Portsmouth, respecting the Conduct of certain Officers of the 25th Regiment of Foot, shall be entered in the General Order Book, and read at the head of every Regiment.

By Order of His Royal Highness

The Commander in Chief.

(Signed) HARRY CALVERT,

Adjutant-General.

(A true Copy,)

THOS. McMAHON,

Col Adjutant-General.

(COPY.)

HORSE-GUARDS, 20th November, 1818.

MY LORD,

I have laid before the Prince Regent the Proceedings of the Court of Enquiry, of which your Lordship was President, held at Portsmouth on the 26th September, 1818, and continued by Adjournments until the 1st of October following, for the purpose of investigating certain pecuniary Transactions, and other Matters, stated to have taken place in the 25th Regiment, by the Report of which it appears, that Brevet Major Baillie, and Paymaster Smith, of that Corps, have been principally concerned in very disgraceful Impositions upon the Bankers of Daventry and Portsmouth, by procuring Money from them under false pretences; and I am to acquaint your Lordship, that it has appeared to His Royal Highness, that the whole Tenor of their Conduct in these pecuniary Transactions partakes so directly of a swindling nature, as to render them both unworthy of holding Commissions in His Majesty's Service, exclusive of all considerations to their prejudice, as arising in the prominent share they appear by the proceedings of the Court, to have had in the dissentions and insubordination, which have been so discreditable to the 25th Regiment, for a long time past.

Under these circumstances, the Prince Regent has been pleased to command, in the Name and on the Behalf of His Majesty, that Brevet Major William Baillie, and Paymaster Philip Smith, shall be dismissed from the Service.

It has appeared in the Investigation of these Transactions, that Captain Tripp and Lieutenant Hamilton, though not implicated to the same extent, have nevertheless been guilty of aiding, encouraging, and abetting the Practices which have enabled Paymaster Smith to commit, what the Court have so properly termed "his depredations" upon those who have confided in the honor of British Officers; and His Royal Highness remarked, that the Conduct in which these Officers are involved, as set forth in the whole of the Proceedings of the Court of Enquiry, is so discreditable and ingenious to the character, honor and discipline of his Majesty's Service, as to merit the severest Punishment: but as there appears a distinction in their favour when compared with the more heinous Offences of Brevet Major Baillie, and Paymaster Smith, His Royal Highness is pleased to adopt towards them (Captain Peter Tripp, and Lieutenant R. Hamilton) the more lenient measure of *Removal* from the 25th Regiment to *Half Pay* Establishment.

Lieutenant Kean appears to have advanced considerable Sums of Money to Paymaster Smith, and hereby to have aided that Officer in his disgraceful irregularities, and his name also appears implicated with the others in the Party Dissentions which have so materially disturbed the Harmony and Discipline of the Corps; but in consideration of the Losses he has sustained from being only the dupe of others, the Prince Regent has graciously commanded that no further Punishment shall be visited upon *Lieutenant Kean*, than *a severe Reprimand and Admonition* for the share he has had in these Transactions.

Captain M'Dougall's name also appears in the Proceedings, as having imprudently associated with the Parties concerned in these irregularities, though not actually implicated in them, and His Royal Highness has commanded, that he shall be *admonished* in the manner best calculated to make him feel the necessity of more circumspection in future.

You will therefore acquaint me with the day upon which the Prince Regent's pleasure is made known to *Brevet Major Baillie* and *Paymaster Smith*, as from that date they will cease to receive Pay in his Majesty's Service; —and also in regard to *Captain Tripp* and *Lieute-*

nant Hamilton, who will accordingly be removed to the Half Pay establishment; and you will carry into effect the severe Reprimand and Admonition adjudged to *Lieutenant Kean* for his Conduct, and warn *Captain M'Dougall* how ill calculated the imprudence he has been guilty of is to promote his future success in the Profession.

I am, &c.

(Signed) *FREDERICK*,

Commander in Chief.

AUGUST 16.

The *Eclipse* from the Downs the 2d of April and Columbo the 28th ultimo, has brought a detachment of H. M. 59th Regiment, from Ceylon: and we understand that the remainder of that Corps, which has been doing duty at that Island, will return very shortly to this Presidency. The *Eclipse* has not brought any article of European intelligence, later than those that we have received *via* Madras, and no local information that we have been enabled to collect, except, that the ship *Layton* from Cork, the 27th of January, with "the Head Quarters of H. M. 45th Regiment," had arrived at Point de Galle on the 6th ultimo: but was compelled by the currents to proceed to Trincomalie. The passengers by the *Eclipse*, will be found under the usual head.

The *Madras Courier* of the 27th ultimo, contains the following account of the Epedimic:—

"We regret that the distressing subject of the *Epidemic* is again as it were forced upon our notice. During the last week our Correspondent's letters from the Southern extremity of the Peninsula are filled with alarms excited by the second approach of this dreadful scourge.—Several of the Privates of the 89th Regiment of Foot, had been attacked by it, and a few had been carried off. The mortality amongst the Natives is described as dreadful. The alarm occasioned by its peculiar malignancy in Travancore is very great. The Epidemic had extended to *Khodamunghum*, one of our inland stations, where it was committing dreadful ravages. As if it was not misery sufficient to be troubled with one plague, a malignant fever had broken out and was carrying off such as the *Cholera* passed by."

Private accounts from Trincomalee inform us of the following melancholy occurrence A Lieutenant Rushworth, belonging to one of His Majesty's ships laying there, had

been on shore shooting, and considering a jackal that he had shot, to be quite dead, was employed in cutting off his tail, when the animal turned round and bit his foot severely through the boot. Disregarding the wound, he joined a shooting party again on the following day, but in the evening, his foot became exceedingly painful; however, in the course of a few days more the pain subsided, and the wound was apparently healed Some time after, Mr. R. was siezed with a locked jaw, which proved fatal, and no doubts were entertained of its having been produced by the above wound.

Letters from the Cape and St Helena, have yielded us some items of intelligence beyond what we were before possessed of The most interesting article of hese has reference to the fate of the ship *Oswin*, giving an account of the catastrophe and its consequences, on the authority of the commander himself The following statement, therefore, of the circumstances attending her loss, may be regarded as perfectly correct.

She had got round the Cape before the 29th January, on which day she sprung a leak, having before experienced a heavy sea on the Lagullas Bank, which occasioned her to make water. The leak was very serious, and both pumps were kept constantly going for twenty-four hours, without being able to gain upon it. On the contrary, at noon on the 30th, there were five feet water in the hold and the greatest exertions that could be used were unable to prevent its increasing fast. In this critical situation, the only chance that remained for those on board of escaping her inevitable fate depended on their preparations for quitting her, and accordingly the long boat was got out, and water, bread, as well as such necessaries as could be readily got at, were put into her. Embarking in the boat, the commander and crew steered for Saint Helena, and were from the 31st of January to the 12th of February, exposed to great sufferings and anxiety, until they reached St Helena. During this time they ran about 1400 miles, and were particularly fortunate in making the Island to a mile All who had been on board were saved, with only the clothes that they wore, as nothing could be brought away besides, with the single exception of the Mail. They afterwards proceeded to England, as we have already stated, in one of the Company's China ships.

The *Thomas*, Kegg from Calcutta for Liverpool, was at St Helena in the middle of February

The H C ship *Marchioness of Ely* was spoken, all well, on the Line, early in March: and about the same time our accounts state that the *Prince Regent* was at St. Helena.

The *Rockingham*, Waugh, and *Coldstream*, Coxwell, sailed from the Cape for England about the 5th of April.

The *Hyperion*, Captain Galloway, arrived at the Cape in the beginning of April, after rather a tedious passage, although she experienced extraordinary fine weather all the way from the Sand Heads—The passengers, and indeed all on board, were quite well on the 4th of April, last, which is the date of Captain Galloway's letter.

Bread and flour were scarce articles at the Cape, at the time the *Hyperion* was there neither were procurable except for the sick, and not even for those, unless upon an application made to Government, through the Colonial Secretary, accompanied by a sick certificate.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

CALCUTTA.

ARRIVALS.

At Kedgeree.

AUGUST.

8 Ship *Mary Anne*, Captain J Webster, from Prince of Wales Island 11th July.

9. Brig *Sarah Anne*, Captain W. Wilson, from the Cape of Good Hope 16th May, and Pointe de Galle 26th July.

— Cutter *Mary*, Captain D Campbell, from Chittagong 28th July.

10. Ship *Eclipse*, Captain James Steward, from the Downs 2d April, and Columbo 28th July

12 Ship *Northumbrian*, Captain T Lawson, from Prince of Wales Island 9th June, and Pedier 28th July.

— French Ship *Favorite*, Captain M Vanlour, from Havre de Grace 28th Feb. and Bourbon 7th July

— American Ship *Palladium* Captain H. Larcom, from Boston 27th January, and Leghorn 17th April.

14. H. C. Ship *Rose*, Captain T MacTaggart, from England 3d April, and Madras 8th August.

Off Calcutta.

11. Brig *Rebecca*, the *Mary Anne*, and *Sarah Anne*
13. The *Northumorian*, *Favorite*, French, and *Palladium* American.

PASSENGERS.

PER MARY ANN.

Mrs. Hampton, and two children.—Mrs. Smolt, two children, and their nurse—Messrs. W. and J. Cox and a detachment of the 20th N. I

PER SARAH ANN.

From Point de Galle

Mr. R. Brookes.

PER ECLIPSE.

From England.

Lieutenant J. G. Roseson, 3d Regiment Madras Native Infantry, the Revd. A Hume, and Dr. S. Allan, Wesleyan Missionaries.

From Columbo to Bengal.

Mrs Wolfe, Capt. D Graham, Lieut. J. Cowper, J. Doran, R. Wolfe, J. Brown, W. Pitman, Ensign J. Vincent, with 160 non-commissioned officers and privates, three women, one child, and twenty three native followers, H M 59th Regiment.

DEPARTURES.

From Calcutta.

AUGUST.

11. Ship *Good Success*, Captain J Crocket for China.
— Ship *Bengal Merchant*, Capt A. Brown, for Madras.
12. Ship *Aberdeen*, Captain T Hodges, for Buenos Ayres and Liverpool
— *Caledonia*, Captain E B Robert, for London.
13 Brig *Udny*, Captain P. Brown, for the Mauritius.

BOMBAY.

ARRIVALS.

July 6th, The H. C. Cruizer Antelope, Lieut. James Arthur, from Muscat 29th March.

Do. Ship Jessy, V. Landale, from Mocha 20th June.

Do. 7th, Ship J A Edwin, from Bussorah 26th March.

Do. Ship Frances Warden, John Stutely, from the Persian Gulph 30th June.

Do. 12, Ship Ahmedy, Adam Turner, from Sea Do. Ship Roberts, George Brown, from China 18th April.

Do. 19. Ship Samarang, J K. Durant, from Liverpool, 4th April.

PASSENGER.

Per Sophia —Mr. P. Aide.

DEPARTURES.

July 6th, Ship Conde de Rio Pardo, H Beyts, to Mocha.

Do 9th. The H. C. Ship Lowther Castle, Charles Mortlock, to China.

Do do. Ship Charles Grant, Hugh Scott, to China.

Do. Ship Ann, Thomas Riddoch, to China.

Do Ship Stukesby (Free Trader), William Henderson, to London.

Do. 10th, Ship Lady Borringdon (Free Trader), G. C. P. Living, to London.

Do. Ship Ahmedy, Adam Turner, to the Persian Gulph.

Do 19.—Ship England, Reay, to London.

Ship Brampton, Green, to Liverpool.

Brig Hibernia, to Isle of France.

PASSENGERS.

By Lowther Castle.—Mrs. Parlby, Miss Fordyce, Captain Clanley, 3d Madras Light Cavalry, Mr. James Bone.

By Lady Borringdon Mrs Col. Maxwell and Child, Mrs. Erkford, Mrs. Lewis, Mrs MacIntosh, Lieut.-Colonel W. W. Stewart, B. N. I Major Cassidy H. M. 67th Regt. Captain Morrison B N I. Lieut C. McIntosh M. N. I. Miss Charlotte Moore, Miss Mary Van Ledwick, Master William Best, Master G. H. Eckford, 75 Military Invalids, 7 Women and 5 Children.

NAUTICAL NOTICES.

The Jessy, from the Red-Sea, and the H. C. Cruizer Antelope, from the Gulf of Persia, anchored in the Harbour late on Tuesday night, having been a day or two off the harbour without being able, from the badness of the weather, to ascertain the entrance.

The Ships that went to sea, during the week had much difficulty to encounter, the wind had encreased to a perfect gale, and the sea was so high that the Pilots, on quitting the ships, were in a very perilous situation. The Ahmedy Grab returned on the morning of Monday, being unable to keep the sea.

The Jessy, left in the Red-Sea the H. C. Cruizers, the Aurora, and Prince of Wales, but no English Merchant Ships, if we except the Anglo Indian vessels of Surat

Several Free-Traders, are under dispatch, both for England and Bengal.

The ships left in the Gulf of Persia, by the ships lately arrived from thence, were as follows, viz.

H. M. Brig Curlew, H. C. Cruizers, Ternate, Nautilus, Mercury, Vestal, and Teignmouth.

The Curlew, had captured a Joasmee pirate Batella, and taken her to Bushie.

Letters from Malwan, of the 8th July, mention that a large ship had been at anchor for two days near Atchera, and that it was feared she would ultimately be wrecked, as the Monsoon had set in with great violence.

The departures and projected departure of the present springs will be most numerous, they commenced yesterday, with the England, and Brampton, Free Traders for London and the Hibernia Brig for the Isle of France, they will be followed to-morrow by the Indiamen for China.

We may look daily, for the Wellington, Bombay Merchant, Orient, Ann, Bombay Castle, and Diana.

The Upton Castle, Surat Castle, and Lushington had arrived in England, but no account of the Hannah

The weather during the last week has been more than unusually stormy and the rain has fell in torrents.

CEYLON.

COLOMBO.] Arrived 28th June, Brig Le Fox, C. Lebel, Master from Ponecail; Ditto, 30th Cutter Tarter, H. Pandergrass, Master from Caylpatam.

POINT DE GALLE] Passed 26th June, Brig La Maria, L. Monlin, Master, from Mauritius; Arrived 30th June. Brig Sarah Ann, Wm. Wilson, Master, from Cape of Good Hope.—Passengers Colonel Penson, Bengal Establishment, and G. Martin Esq.; Sailed 1st July Brig Minerva, A. D Gracia, Master, for Trincomalie.—Passengers Lieutenant Munick of H. M. 73d Regiment, Mr. J. W Rober s. f

TRINCOMALEE] Arrived 19th June H M. Sloop Bacchus, J. Parkins, Esq Captain, from Bombay; Sailed 22d June, Boat Anna Maria, Tindal Marian, for Batticaloa.—Passenger H. Pennell Esq; Arrived 23d June, Brig Nelly, John Grierson, Master, from Bourbon; Do. 24th Boat Maria Madeth, C. Liversz, Master, from Batticaloa, Passenger Lieutenant Raymond.

PENANG.

ARRIVALS.

July 2, Schooner Enterprize, R. Harris, from Calcutta 5th June; Pilot 10th ditto.

Do. 3, Ship Sachem, H. Bancroft, from Bombay 25th December 1818; Batavia 7th June 1819

Do. 6, Brig Hope, P. Thissell, from Collong 25th June Salangore 26th ditto.—Passenger W. S. Cracroft, Esq.

Do. 7, Brig Covelong, J. Gaudart, from Burong 26th ditto,—Passengers 14 Natives.

Do. 8, Brig Carmer, Sayd Jaseu, from Teluksamawi 24th ditto, —Passengers 17 ditto.

DEPARTURES.

July 3, Ship Kirk Ella, A. Scott, for England. Passengers, G. Walker, Esq. Capt. Smith.

— Brig Catharina, Che Bahar, for Padang.

Do. 5, Ship Ahmudy, F. Gregory, for Bombay.
— Brig Snow Byramgore, S. V. Ball, for Padang.

Do. 6, Ship Sachem, H. Bancoft, for West Coast and Calcutta.

Do. 8, Schooner Enterprize, R. Harris, for Singapore.

Madras

The arrival of the H. C. Ship *Carnatic*, Captain Blanchard, yesterday evening, from England the 22d April, has brought us London news, down to the 21st April, inclusive. The following is a list of her Passengers.—

FOR MADRAS.—Misses Caroline M. Keating; Marian Chambers, and Caroline Colebrooke; Captain Hugh Boyd Wray, Paymaster H. M. 30th Regt.; Captain Charles W. Yates, 13th Regt. N. I.; Mr. George Wilson, Asst. Surgeon; Messrs. William J. M. Wynter, John Mills, John W. Roworth, Edward J. Dusantoy, Godfrey W. Whistler, and Edward Dyer, Cadets.

FOR BENGAL.—The Hon'ble Mrs Ramsay and Child; Misses Eliza Ann Lawrence; Mary T. Lawrence; Charlotte Udny Fraser; Harriet Welland; Maria Boileau; Emma Frances Fombelle; Fanny Ricketts, and Charlotte Marley; Captain Edward Day, 25th Regt. N. I.; Captain G. L. Brown, 2d Assistant to the Master Attendant; Messrs. James Armstrong, Richard Wells, Henry Patrick Russell, Writers; Mr. James Stewart, Assistant Surgeon; Messrs. Frederick Coape Smith, Wm. Whitaker, Wm. Beckett, and Charles Farmer, Cadets.

In to-morrow's paper, we shall give our readers such articles of intelligence as we may collect from our despatch, with the most interesting extracts we can collect from our files. As the period of regular publication is so near at hand, we do not think it necessary to withhold our present Supplement until we collect the heads of intelligence.

Late last night anchored in the roads, the H. C. Ship *Thomas Grenville*, Capt. W. Manning, from London 17th, and the Downs the 23d April:—

Mrs. Lacey, Mrs. Lock, Mrs. Young, Mrs. Meyers—Misses M. Liddington, E. Marshall, C. Williams, H. Williams, F. Williams—Capt. Young, 89th Regt.; Capt. Best, Lieut. Meyer, Lieut. A. Simpson, Lieut. Lynch, 14th Regiment; Lieut. McCowell, and Ensign Candezee, 30th Regiment; Mr. H. P. Lacey; Mr. J. A. Jetler; Mr. William Deen; Mr. E. Hickman; Messrs. John Dean, W. M. Smith, C. Young, T. Rooke, J. Humfreys, and P. D. Bannon, Cadets for Madras; Messrs. W. Payne, J. W. Ouseley, H. Macdowell, G. H. White, M. Darmer, and T. E. Manning, Cadets for Bengal; Master Lock; 99 Recruits, 6 Women and 2 Children.

We have but few Shipping notices of any interest to give in our present number No arrivals from Europe have taken place, but we expect the present and the next week will not pass over without producing the Honorable Company's Ships.

The probabilities are that they were despatched before the 20th of April, and we have no doubt they were clear of the Channel before May day. We are therefore justified in expecting their arrival every hour.

The Packets for the Ship *Heroine*, Captain Garrick, were closed on Saturday at noon—the Passengers embarked that evening, and the vessel put to sea during the night. The following are the list of the Passengers.

Mrs. Skinner; Lieutenant Reveley, H M. 30th Regt; Lieutenant Langford, 2d Battalion 21st Regt N. I.; Ensign Orange, H. M. 46th Regt.; Lieut. and Brevet Captain Myers, 1st Battalion 7th Regt N. I Lieutenant Buchanan 1st Regiment Light Cavalry; and G. S. Hooper, Esq. Civil Service.

Bombay.

The arrival of the Jessy from Suez and Mocha, on last Tuesday, has not at all increased our stock of European Intelligence; she has however brought a file of Malta Gazettes, bringing down the English news to the 1st of March. The Malta papers speak only of localities, and if we except the very long and able speech delivered by His Excellency the Lord High Commissioner on the 4th of March at the opening of the second session of the first Parliament of the United States of the Ionian Islands, they contain no articles of interest.

Mocha.—Accounts from this place brought by the Jessy, mention that an Earthquake had been experienced there on the 5th of June;

the shock, though slight: was felt all over the adjacent country and in the factory at Mocha, its effects were such as to overturn chairs and tables. Coffee was scarce, and the price high, and we find that the lateness of the Cotton crops in the Northern parts of Guzerat and Kutch, had prevented their receiving their usual supply of this article, the prices of which were nominally high. The annual import of this article to Mocha, Judda, and a few other ports in the Red-Sea, is stated to be about 2000 Candys.

Sues.—Two more Travellers in the paths of Belzoni have made their appearance in Egypt, the one a Mr. Bankes an English, Gentleman, and the other a Chevalier Fredini, who has already visited Mount Sinai, and the Coptic monasterious in the vicinity of Tor. The fact of Mr. Belzoni being still alive must rejoice every lover of scientific research, and the more so when we consider, that he will now have an opportunity of correcting the errors, respecting the antiquities of Egypt into which we have been led by a cotemporary traveller.

On the arrival of the Jessy at Suez, the mortality at Cairo, was about 150, and had increased to upwards of 200 some days prior to her departure.

Sir Miles and Lady Nightingall, has turned their Journey through Egypt, and left Alexandria some time in April for Malta.

Wahabees.—Though we find that the Wahabee chief Abdallah, and some of his officers were beheaded at Constantinople in December last, and that another Victory, had also been gained over them, in which the Chieftain who succeeded Abdallah was slain, yet we find their measures still vigorous and their courage still unshaken. The Daughter of a former chief, has now the supreme command, and, as she is a woman of extraordinary talents, she has infused into her followers an enthusiasm, that will again lead them to victory.

Cairo.—The accounts from this place to the early part of May, mentioned that the plague had been raging their with great violence; our travellers from Bombay where detained some weeks by it, but had left it for Alexandria, some days before the Jessy left Suez.

Gulf of Persia.—The arrivals from this part of the world, no less than three during the last week, have brought nothing new; the Pirates are not numerous, and the trade has met with but little interruption.

Kutch.—For these several years past this devoted country has been visited both by famine and pestilence which added to intestine broils has very much thined its population. Twenty years ago with the exception of the Boatmen, and the Bhattias, there was not a native of Kutch to be seen, but now they have commenced agriculturists, and form a very prominent portion of the inhabitants of Bombay; and we have but little doubt but this last dreadful visitation, will induce many more to emigrate, should not the fostering hand of the British Government not only afford present aid, but future instruction; in pointing out to them, the natural resources of their country, now useless for want of energy in the inhabitants. We allude to its Iron and Coal mines; some small quantity of the former is occasionally brought to Bombay, and specimens of Coal found on the surface, lead us to suppose that

this substance might be found of good quality. This is by no means a visionary speculation, for it is a well known fact, that the price of fire wood, and consequently all other kinds of wood, have been annually increasing.

We had entertained hopes, that we should have had but little more to record with regard to the miseries caused by the Earthquake in this devoted country, but we have been favoured with a letter from Porebunder, giving us more details of the devastation.

" PORBUNDER, 17th June.

We yesterday experienced in this Town and Fort, one of the most awful scenes in nature, that of a violent and destructive shock from an Earthquake.

The weather was close and sultry, the thermometer ranging at 86° at sun set; and a scarce perceptible air was sometimes felt from the South-ward.

Lieutenant L. and myself were taking an evening walk on the Ramparts of the Fort, and had nearly gone all round, when at 40 minutes past 6, we observed to each other, 'how excessive close and 'oppressive the atmosphere!' and five minutes afterwards, I heard a distant sound from the Westward, not unlike that of a cannonade at sea, a thought had scarcely past the mind, as to what could have given rise to it, when I felt a violent shock beneath my feet and instantly exclaimed 'an Earthquake!' then looking forward, saw the stone parapet, at two yards distance, violently bend inwards, with a quick wave like motion, and with a vibration of about a foot: this appalling sight, extended as far as I could see, or about fifty yards in length, and the whole height of the parapet; it was attended with a hissing, cracking noise.

Had the parapet been made of whale bone, and shook in anger by any power, less than nature, the agitation could not have been so great, as that which we witnessed.

There was nothing appeared more surprising, than that solid masonary, should have received the pliability of the most elastic of all substances,

I thought it impossible that the works could stand, and expecting their immediate fall, instantly determined on descending, as quick as possible, but as the Rampart was a perpendicular height of seventeen feet, I was obliged to run back towards the nearest ramp, which was a flight of stone steps at the distance of 75 yards. Lieutenant L. followed: As we passed along, at a quick run, the sensation felt, was similar to that hazardous and disagreeable one, of running a long, an elevated and elastic plank, the ends alone of which are supported. I every instant expected to fall with the works, or, to be precipitated from them, but, reaching the steps, ran down as fast as I could, each step apparently meeting the descending foot, which I sincerely believe it did in reality, and the whole flight, was violently agitated. While passing down, I expected to be overwhelmed by the works, which were touching my right shoulder, and were partly above my head

Although the rampart and parapet are ten feet thick and twenty-two in height, yet this wall of masonry, waved to and fro like a sea.

Fortunately, the steps were broad: had they been narrow, as is frequently the case, it is doubtful, so great was their agitation, if we could have got down without having been thrown over their side, for, as they joined the works, they were not only affected by their own motion, but also by that of the wall to which they were attached.

Arrived at the bottom of the flight of steps, we did not cease running, until we had got a sufficient length from the works, to prevent their falling on us. On stopping, we were surprised to find, that the works had not fallen after having been agitated by so extraordinary a violent and sea-like motion.

On reaching a spot of comparative safety, for then no place was safe, the attention was directed to a vast cloud of black dust, arising at about 300 yards distance, and from the sea face of the fort, which ran at right angles from that which we quitted. The danger being past for the shock was now over, my curiosity became excited, and approaching the cloud of dust, I found it to proceed from the fall of nine Towers (1) and large parts of the Curtain, (2) leaving twenty-one breaches of forty, and sixty, yards wide. This devastation extended for 500 yards, and over a part of the fort which I had been walking on, not five minutes before.

I do not imagine, that a twenty-four hours fire from ten pieces of heavy ordnance, could have produced so extensive a destruction as was thus effected in a minute and half!!!

We conjectur'd, that the shock had not lasted more than the above short period. But its effects were sufficiently powerful to have destroyed the work of ages.

We now directed our attention towards home, and the first occurrence we met with near it, was the Horse keepers, with our Horses in their hands, standing in the open air, having, as they said, been apprehensive, 'that the stables would have fallen, and killed them.'

On entering my house, the servant informed me, that while making the bed, in the upper apartment, he had been thrown down on the floor; recovering himself, he attempted to escape out of door, but before he could reach it, he was thrown down a second time; he then got up, and ran quickly into the open air.

Doctor and Mrs. A. on hearing all their tiles violently agitated, and cracking, as if in a fire, and observing the whole of their furniture in a rocking motion, immediately ran down into the open air, the former with his Infant in his arms. He informed me, that though his stairs are broad, and built of pucka masonry, yet he experienced much difficulty in descending, from the violent agitation of the steps, and that of the house, to which they were joined.

Lieutenant L's house is a strong pucka stone building, of about 40 feet high: as it stands by itself, the shock appears to have shaken it more than most other houses. The Sepoys describe it as 'having rocked, 'from side to side, like a tree in a high wind.' On examination, there was found so many rents in its walls, that it was deemed advisable for Lieutenant L not to sleep beneath its roof.

I believe there are few houses throughout this large City, which have not been more or less injured: some have fallen, and blocked up the streets in which they were situated.

I am happy to say, that but one life has been lost in this Town, a circumstance which appears almost miraculous, from the danger which existed.

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(1) The Towers were 30 and 40 feet high,
(2) The Curtains 22 and 35.

The Rajah and principal Inhabitants are now encamped outside of the fort, rather than trust themselves beneath their unsafe roofs, which, should they fall, would prove most destructive, since they are made (as is the case of all upper floors also) of a thick terrace supported by stone, on large Timbers.

The Earth opened, and water issued from the cavity, over an extensive piece of ground, in a plain, distant fourteen miles hence.

The atmosphere to-day, has been impregnated with a strong smell of sulphur; and there has been several other shocks between 10 a. m. and 2 p. m. which brought some old houses down, and violently shook the seats of those who were seated within doors, which caused them to run out of their houses; but these inferior alarms are not to be compared with yesterday's awful phenomenon.

It was observed that all animals were much frightened during the great shock; the dogs laid down on their bellies and would not be moved.

The Earthquake has been felt far and wide, but its effects appear to have been less violent in the interior, than on the sea shore. I fear that all the line of Towns and Fortresses situated immediately on this Coast have suffered much.—I am this moment informed, that fifty men were killed by the fall of walls at Maugrole, on this Coast, which is distant 60 miles, in a S. E. direction.

The great shock appears to have proceeded from West to East.

The injury which this Fortress has sustained, is estimated at half a lac of rupees.

There is nothing in nature, more awful, than to see the proudest works of men, in an instant, vanishing, and becoming a heap of shapeless Ruins.

PONDICHERRY, 18th June 1819.

I have viewed *the whole* extent of injury at this place, since writing to Colonel B. and am sorry to inform you it far exceeds the estimate which I had formed;—were I now to address the Colonel, I would rather say, twenty pieces of Cannon, could not have produced so much destruction. I have corrected my heights and distances by measurement, which are, as are now mentioned, though in some places, they differ from the original letter.

As Doctor A. and myself, yesterday morning, at day break, were riding on the borders of a Lake, we were alarmed by a strong smell of sulphur, and an appearance of smoke resting on the still waters, on the opposite side of the Lake, is a jungle, beyond and above which, is a range of sand hills; we thought we saw amidst these, a line of thick flame, about three feet high, but the distance was too great, to allow of our being positive. I am the more inclined to believe that what we saw was a flame, as I am since informed that, at a place on the S. E. Coast, distant hence forty miles the Earth opened, and a flame issued from the cavity.

I am informed, that, at a place, distant hence sixteen miles N. W. by North, what was a rising ground, or small hill, has become a level.

That part of the parapet which I described as having been so violently agitated, now leans considerably on one side, and retains its wave-like shape.

Doctor A. and myself experienced a pain and weakness in the knee joints, immediately after the inferior shocks of the 17th; these unpleasant feelings troubled us all that morning.

A person Eighty-two years of age, on being questioned, as to the physical operations of nature, during his remembrance, says, he has

neither seen nor heard of any thing, so terrific, and distructive, as that which he witnessed on the 16t :—He recollects four Earthquakes, but the worst was not more violent, than to cause the shaking of a vase, to be visible to the sight.

From the account of Cossids who felt the shock at Gundel, in the Interior, distant hence eighty miles, in a N. E. by East direction, and the centre point of this peninsula, it is evident, that the Earthquake was much less violent inland, than on the Coast, for, although the Cossids mention the fall of houses at many places in the interior, yet they did not witness the ruin of fortresses though they passed seven. The state, that the Town of Kooteeauna has suffered severely, but not so much as Porebunder, it is distant 20 miles East, of this, and sixteen from the sea.

Every hour brings some afflicting account, particularly from the Coast, of fortresses fallen, lives lost, and injury sustained, from the awful Catastrophe

P. S. Myself and Doctor A have just returned from a visit to the sand hills on which we thought we saw flame, and found the shrubbery which was on them, much scorched, and divested of its vegetation.

BHOOJ, 23d JUNE, 1819

The loss in lives has not been correctly ascertained. Bodies continue to be dug out of the ruins, and almost 10 0 have been already found; seven thousand houses, have been overturned, and few or none, in the City left uninjured. Although, the whole of Kutch has suffered pretty equally, in regard to loss of houses: the proportion of lives lost in different places, bears no affinity; perhaps Bhooj, has lost as many as the whole of Kutch put together. In Mandavie 1 6 and in Luckpat 150, are said to have suffered

A number of Phenomena, are said to have occured, at the moment of the shock, but I shall only remark those which appears the most striking. The Runn of Bhuj, on the North of Kutch, between that province and the isolated District of Kawra, which was quite dry, was suddenly filled with a sheet of water, the extent of which, East and West, was not known, but its breadth was generally about six miles; and its depth gradually increased to upward of two feet, after which in a few hours, the water subsided to about half that quantity; horsemen who crossed this tract, on the day following the shock, describe a number of cones, of soft sand, elevated above the water, the tops of which were bubbling with air and water, when they passed. As far as I have learnt the sandy bed of every dry river in Kutch, was filled for a short space of time with a flood of water; these waters have the colour, and taste, of the soil from whence they were ejected

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We have been favoured with some notices respecting the Chevallier Fredini mentioned in a former paragraph.

This Traveller departed from Italy in the autumn of 1817, and proceeding to Egypt, was the second who entered into the Pyramid of Cephrenes, and accompanied Lord Belmore into Nubia He has also travelled to Idumea, Philicia, Judea, Samaria, Galilee, Phenicia, Syria and Mesepotamia. After having performed a very dangerous journey and visited the ruins of Thebes, Memphis, Ascalon, Tyre, Sidon, Antioch, and Jerusalem, he reached Balbec and Palmyra.

Returned into Egypt, he crossed the Red-Sea, and visited Mounts Horeb and Sinai.

He now meditates proceeding to Babylon, and from thence through Persia into India.

The arrival of the Roharts, Captain Brown, from China, has not put us in possession of much interesting intelligence. A few Americans remained at Whampoa, but not a single English ship. The commercial accounts are consequently dull.

The weather during the last week has been very favourable for the crops, the rain having fallen in abundance; and we have for the first time since the setting in of the monsoon experienced an interruption in the regular receipt of papers from Calcutta and and Madras, our latest dates being, from Calcutta the 22d June, and from Madras 29th June.

Our readers will observe in another column of our paper the subscription that has been opened for the relief of the distressed people in Anjar who have suffered from the late Earthquake; and we feel it a pleasure to state that no sooner was the idea of opening a subscription agitated, than the sum of about 5000 Rs was most liberally forward to Capt MacMurdo for immediate distribution among the unfortunate sufferers.

We mentioned in our last paper the rumour which had reached us of its being in contemplation to raise a subscription for the relief of the unfortunate persons who had suffered so severely from the late earthquake at Anjar and other parts within the Honourable Company's territories in Kutch, and we have now the satisfaction of stating that a subscription has been set on foot, which promises of being sufficient in the end to afford every essential relief to a "once flourishing population which was reduced in one moment to wretchedness and misery."

The Government of Bombay has, with its usual liberality, subscribed the sum of four thousand rupees on account of the Honourable Company, independent of the relief, which we understand, it has afforded by directing the suspension of all taxes and assessment of every kind on account of Government as long as it may be found necessary.

The following further sums have already been subscribed:

Sir E. Nepean, Bart.	500	Henry Meriton, Esq.	250
Alexander Bell, Esq	250	Maj General Baillie,	250
G.L.Prendergast, Esq.	250	Sir W. Keir, Esq.	250
Francis Warden, Esq.	250	James Farish, Esq.	150
Wm. Newnham, Esq	200	Capt. Jas. McMurdo,	500

Subscription will be received by Messrs. Shotten, Malcolm and Co, and the amount remitted to Captain McMurdo, the Resident, for the purpose of being distributed in the manner he may think most advisable.

CALCUTTA MONTHLY JOURNAL.

VOL. XXXVI. AUGUST .. [NUMB. 298.

Calcutta.

MILITARY.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE MOST NOBLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM; 7TH AUGUST, 1819.

The Governor General in Council is pleased to authorize two Lascars for each Corps of Irregular Cavalry when in Cantonments, in order to attend to the due preservation and care of their Ammunition

The number of Doolies hitherto allowed to each of the Corps in question in Cantonments, is limited to two, being the same as authorized under similar circumstances for a regiment of regular cavalry.

W. CASEMENT,
Lieut. Col. Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE MOST NOBLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM; 7TH AUGUST, 1819.

The Most Noble the Governor General in Council is pleased to accept the tender of Collipersaud Dutt, to renew the present contract for the supply of River Sloops, for the transportation of Troops, Stores, and Provisions &c. from Calcutta to Ships at Diamond Harbour, Kedgeree, Coxe's Island and Saugor, and from the Ships at those places to Calcutta, which expires on the 25th instant, for a further period of three years upon the existing terms and conditions.

The renewal of the Contract in question, is to take effect from the date above-mentioned.

W. CASEMENT,
Lieut.-Col. Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE MOST NOBLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM; 7TH AUGUST, 1819.

In pursuance of the original views of Government in raising the Cuttack Legion, the Most Noble the Governor General in Council is pleased to authorize the addition of another Company of Infantry to that Corps, to be composed of Paiks, of the undermentioned strength, and on the same rates of Pay as drawn by the corresponding Ranks in the Legion.

1 Subadar,
2 Jemadars,
7 Havildars,
7 Naicks,
1 Bugler, and
120 Privates.

The foregoing arrangement is to have effect from the 13th June last, the date on which, conformably to instructions from Government, the formation of the Company commenced.

W. CASEMENT,
Lieut.-Col. Sec. to Govt Mil. Dept.

Head Quarters, Calcutta, 6th August, 1819.

GENERAL ORDERS

By the Most Noble the Commander in Chief.

In all future instances where Officers Commanding His Majesty's Regiments in India, think proper to recommend thro' the prescribed channel that leave of absence may be granted to any Officer, they shall state in addition to the causeon account of which the leave is solicited, and the period for which it is recommended the distribution of the Officers belonging to the Regiment, shewing the manner in which they are employed, and the number who are absent, according to the form annexed.

To avoid the trouble which in some instances has lately happened of returning applications for leave of absence, in consequence of the want of the prescribed accompanying declaration, the Commander in Chief enjoins the strictest attention to the General Orders of the 25th February 1812, an Extract from which is here recapitulated.

"In obedience to the Orders received from His Royal Highness "the Commander in Chief, the Right Honorable Lord Lake directs "that in future all applications from Officers in His Majesty's Service "for leave to return to Europe, shall be accompanied by a declaration "upon their honor, that it is not their intention to retire from the "Service at the expiration of such leave."

"No leave is in future, to be granted until the determination of the "Officer making the application (whether on Sick Certificate or "otherwise) shall be made known."

The declaration to be written and signed by the Officer soliciting permission to proceed to Europe at the foot of the application for leave of absence, which is to be prepared on paper of the Foolscap size, and according to the form prescribed.

The two Boys per troop formerly allowed on the Establishment of His Majesty's Regiments of Cavalry being discontinued, no recruits of that description are in future to be enlisted.

The enlistment of Boys of five feet four inches in height, for the King's Regiments of Infantry stationed at and to the Eastward of the Cape of Good Hope, is likewise to be discontinued

The Most Noble the Commander in Chief, publishes for general information to His Majesty's Forces, that His Royal Highness the Prince Regent in the name on the behalf of His Majesty, has been pleased to direct that those Regiments shall be disbanded to which Soldiers adjudged to General Service have hitherto been attached, and as it is now impossible to carry into effect the Provisions of the 6th Clause of the Mutiny act, it becomes expedient that some other punishment shall in future be adopted by Courts Martial, in preference to those sentences of General Service, which have heretofore been been passed upon the Clause abovementioned.

By Order of the Most Noble the Commander in Chief.

THOS. McMAHON, Col. A. G.

FORM

——————Regiment of——————

Application for leave of absence.

Rank and Name——————

From what period——————

To what period——————

On what account——————

——————

Detail in the event of the above leave being granted.

		Field Officers.	Captains.	Subalterns.	Staff.
Present	At Head Quarters				
	At Out Quarters,				
Absent	On Staff, or other duty,				
	With leave,				
	Without leave,				
Vacant,					
	Total				

Signature of the Commanding Officer,

DECLARATION.

Head Quarters, Calcutta, 10th August, 1819.

GENERAL ORDER,

BY THE MOST NOBLE THE COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF.

With the view of insuring uniformity in the preparation of the half yearly confidential Reports on His Majesty's Regiments in India, the Most Noble the Commander in Chief is pleased to lay down the following Form of heading, which is invariably to be affixed without the slightest deviation to those Document by Generals, or other Officers making the half yearly inspections.

FORM.

"Half yearly confidential Report on the State and Condition of H. M ——Regiment of— —Dated——of ——— 18—."

The inspecting Officer's observations, as directed by His Majesty's Regulations, are to follow here, without any further preface or preamble whatever, and the Report when complete is to be forwarded with the several inspection Returns to the Adjutant General of His Majesty's Forces, for submission to His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief

By order of the Most Noble the Commander-in-Chief.

THOMAS McMAHON, Col. A.G.

Head Quarters, Calcutta, 16th August, 1819.

GENERAL ORDER,

BY THE MOST NOBLE THE COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF.

The Most Noble the Commander-in-Chief in India is pleased to make the following Promotions and Appointments, until the pleasure of His Royal Highness the Prince Regent in the name and on the behalf of His Majesty shall be made known.

17th Light Dragoons.

Arthur Dalzell, Gent. to be Cornet without purchase, vice William Marriott, promoted in the 67th Foot—18th July 1819.

65th Foot.

Ensign Joseph Mulkern to be Lieut. without purchase, vice E. Thomson, deceased—15th July 1819.

William Fitzmaurice, Gent. to be Ensign without purchase, vice Joseph Mulkern promoted ditto.

67th Foot.

Cornet William Marriott from the 17th Light Dragoons, to be Lieutenant without purchase, vice Wm. Jones, deceased—18th July, 1819.

N. B. The following Appointment is cancelled.

53d Foot.

William Hislop, Gent. to be Ensign without purchase, vice G. Despard promoted—30th January 1819.

By Order of the Most Noble the Commander in Chief

THOS. McMAHON, Col. A. G.

AUGUST 23.

The College disputations took place at the Government House on Thursday morning last: a particular account of which, we presume, will be published in the *Government Gazette*. In the evening the Governor General entertained at dinner, the Lord Chief Justice, the Lord Bishop, the Hon'ble the Judges, and Members of Council, with the College Officers, and many of the principal persons of the Settlement.

We understand the *Atlas*, Capt. MAYNE, and the *Streatham*, Capt. HAVISIDE, will take their departure for China, the first week in September. These Ships will touch at Penang, and proceed through the Straits, up the Pallawang passage, and it is expected, that they will reach China in all November.

CONVERZATIONE ASSEMBLIES.

Our fair readers will perceive that Calcutta is again to be enlivened and amused by the establishment of regular Assemblies at the Town Hall. The following arrangements have been made by the Stewards for regulating and con-

ducting these Entertainments; and the names of the Gentlemen who have kindly undertaken the management, afford the best founded expectations that the intended Assemblies, will largely contribute to the gratification of Society.

At a meeting of Gentlemen of the Society of Calcutta at the Town Hall, on Thursday, the 29th July, 1819, it was proposed to re-establish the Conversazioni, as they were established in March 1817, and to solicit the patronage of the Most Noble the Marquis and Marchioness of Hastings.

This proposition being unanimously assented to, and the wished for patronage obtained, the following Gentlemen were proposed and elected Stewards, and the following Regulations approved of.

S. Goad, Esq. *President.*
J. P. Larkins, Esq.
Captain Cobbe.
N. Alexander, Esq.
Captain Macan, *A. D. C.*
——— Patrickson.
——— Dawes.
——— Croker.
——— Rainey.
James Barwell, Esq.
Charles Trower, Esq.

1. The Conversaziones will be held at the Town Hall every alternate Friday, commencing the first Friday in September.

2. The rooms to be opened at 8 o'clock; the Ball-room will be provided with a Military and Country Dance Band. Tables with all kinds of refreshments will be provided, but no regular supper. One room will be appropriated as a retiring room for the Ladies; one room for card tables; one for Prints, Magazines, &c., and another for Chess and Backgammon Boards, and amusements of this description.

3. The music will cease at 12 o'clock; at which hour, it is expected the assembly will break up.

4. The amount of subscription to be 16 Rupees per month, payable in advance on the bill and receipt of the Treasurer.

5. Three of the Stewards will attend each evening of the Assemblies: to whom it is requested all applications may be made in case of inattention on the part of the persons engaged to provide the refreshments, or any other account.

6. Hookahs will be admitted in all the rooms, except the dancing room.

7. A general invitation will be sent in the name of the Managers to all His Majesty's and the Honorable Company's Corps doing duty in Fort William, Dum Dum, and Barrackpore; but it is of course optional for any Officer to subscribe.

8. Tickets are not required for Officers attending under this regulation, but it is requested that they will give their names on a card to the European appointed to receive the tickets at the door.

9. Subscribers will be furnished with tickets for the night of assembly, and such as wish to bring visitors, will write the names of their guests on their tickets. The Managers acting on behalf of the Subscribers, will be happy to receive as visitors all Officers of H. M. and the H. C. Civil, Naval and Military services, who may be casual visitors at the Presidency, on application for tickets through a Subscriber.

10. A Subscriber's ticket admits all the Ladies of his party.

11. No persons who are fixed residents in Calcutta, can be admitted as visitors.

12. Application to become a Subscriber to be addressed to the Stewards of the Town Hall, who reserve the power of refusing their assent without assigning any reason.

13. Carriages will enter at the Eastern gate of the Town Hall, and drive out by the Western.

14. No Carriage will be permitted to continue standing under the Portico beyond the time requisite for taking up and putting down the Company.

We understand that letters have been received during the last week from several stations in the Upper Provinces, where the apprehensions of an approaching famine have been entertained, announcing a considerable fall of rain, and expressing strong hopes that the threatened calamity will be averted. We have been assured that in the neighbourhood of Goruckpore, the rain fell for eight hours successively, and has greatly refreshed the Country and raised the expectations of the cultivators. Similar accounts from other quarters, have been published in the Journals of the last week and we sincerely hope, that a few days will bring us further intelligence, that will entirely remove the gloomy anxiety, which appears to have generally prevailed on this subject. The prices of grain of every kind continue to be very high in Calcutta: and we have been informed, that the price of Paddy was encreased 25 per cent. in one day, during the last week.

Our letters from Madras states, that the *Marchioness of Ely*, or *Prince Regent*, had not reached England on the 22d of April, when the *Carnatic* and *Grenville* left the Downs. The *Hannah*, whose arrival in England is announced, left the Cape about ten days before the first mentioned Ships.

The following has been sent to us by a Correspondent :—

"The friends of Colonel JEREMIAH JOHNSON will be glad to hear, that the *William Dawson*, the ship on which the Colonel embarked at Calcutta in November last, arrived at Liverpool on the 24th of March, after an expeditious voyage of four months."

We have been favored by a friend with the following Narrative, which too plainly demonstrates the cruelty of the Joasmee Pirates towards their Christian Prisoners. The authenticity of the document is vouched for; and it is believed that the capture of the Schooner mentioned in the following statement, gave rise to the rumour which long prevailed, respecting European Female Captives being in the possession of the Pirates :—

Narrative of CHADDAYAPPAH, *a Store Lascar, who was detached from the Arsenal of Fort St. George, with Military Stores for the Stations of Quilon and Cannanore: shewing how the Vessel on which he sailed was driven in the Coast of Arabia; with an account of his Capture by the Joasmee Pirates, and his subsequent escape from Slavery.*

I sailed from Madras on board the schooner *Mary*, X. D. Rozario master, on the 18th of February, last year. The crew consisted of the master, his son, who officiated as mate, one seacunny, and five lascars; Mr. Conductor Hugh Ross was in charge of the stores; another Store lascar named Periamootoo Gungaram and myself, were under his command; an European Soldier named McCarthy, of His Majesty's 89th Regiment; and an elderly Portuguese man, the father-in-law of Mr. Ross, were passengers; making altogether 13 souls on board the vessel.

[illegible] days after leaving Madras, we anchored at Nagore, [illegible] the Captain landed some cargo; we remained there [illegible] night, and proceeded on our voyage the following day. [illegible] progress round Ceylon was extremely tedious; neither [illegible] Master, nor any of the crew appeared to be acquainted with their duty. There was no nautical instrument in the vessel, not even a Compass, and had there been a Sextant, [illegible] was no person on board that would make use of it.

At the end of about forty days (that is to the best of my recollection, for I cannot pretend to speak accurately as to time and dates) we found ourselves off Point de Galle, on the Island of Ceylon. Here we unfortunately encountered a dreadful storm, and were driven very considerably to the westward: we suffered very much for want of provisions, and more especially for water. In course of about five weeks, we made an Island called Cardiva*, where we anchored, and procured a supply of cocoanuts and fresh water. The inhabitants told us that we were about ten days sail from Cannanore, but the master of the vessel said he could sail there in three days. We proceeded to sea again, and days and weeks elapsed without any appearance of land—that is, of continential land; for after leaving Cardiva, we passed several islands. Our provisions were soon expended, and we were reduced to the greatest possible extremity for want of fresh water. I cannot tell how long we were in this dreadful situation: I eat a few grains of raw rice every day, and latterly our drink was salt water. Mr. Ross was much reduced by a dysentery; almost every person on board was sick, and I may say that the vessel was allowed to take her own course†. At last we observed land, which we endeavored to reach, but our attention was soon directed to ten sail of vessels that were approaching us, and some of them soon commenced firing at us. We judged that they were pirates, and we determined to run the ship on shore, and endeavoured to save our lives by getting into the country. The pirates, however, were on shore as soon as ourselves, and we were all made prisoners. Mr. Ross, McCarthy, Mr. Ross's father-in-law, the Master of the vessel, the Mate, and the Seacunny, were put to death by being shot immediately: the lives of the remainder of us, that is, the five ship Lascars, my comrade Store Lascar, and myself, were spared. A young lad stabbed me in the belly, and would have put me to death but that some of the pirates interfered on my behalf. We were put on board the Pirate vessels, and brought to a place called Munguymat‡, where we were landed. My

* One of the Maldivas, situated in 5° North Latitude, and 73° East Longitude nearly.

† On being questioned, he says, that the rising sun was morning on their right. It is wonderful that it did not occur to Master or to Mr. Ross to sail towards the rising sun.

‡ By a reference to H. M. ship *Eden*, it has been ascertained that this depôt of Piracy is situated near to Cape Musseldam, at the entrance of the Gulph of Persia, on the Arabian shore.

In a Memorandum received from Lieut. Moffat, of the *Eden*, the Narrator is stated to have been picked up off Keda, a quarter Eastward of Cape Musseldom. In many maps and charts, the place is spelled Massendom.

comrade lascar was sold to a merchant for 250 dollars, and I was sold to the Minister or Secretary of the head man of the place for 150 dollars: the ship Lascars were sold to different individuals. Most of the stores were removed from the schooner *Mary;* after which she was scuttled and sunk. My duty was to attend on board my master's vessel, and to help, to work it, and to keep it clean. I received every day for my support a handful of dates, and a few shrimps. Soon after being made captive, I was forced by my master to submit to the operation of circumcision, and subsequently I was constrained to marry, according to the rites of the Mahomedan religion, a slave girl selected for me by my master.

Nine days after my marriage, the vessel I was attached to, and several others, were directed to put to sea, in order to take prizes; but after being a long time out, we returned without meeting a single vessel. On gaining the port, the Pirates were dismayed, and astonished at observing an English Ship of War at anchor. On perceiving us, she immediately weighed, and stood towards us; she discharged a few shot at the Pirates, and one shot struck the vessel I belonged to. The Pirate vessels retired to the shallow water near the shore, and many of the crews ran to the land. Three Muscat men, who were prisoners on board the vessel I belonged to, and myself, availed ourselves of the general consternation: we cut away a boat, and pulled for the English ship, which I hailed calling "Captain Sahib, Captain Sahib." We were all received on board His Majesty's ship *Eden*, and I was questioned by a Gentleman who could speak the Hindostany language; by his means I made the Captain acquainted with the circumstances of my case, and he asked me if it was practicable to approach the Pirate vessels, which were now close to the land. I informed him that the attempt would probably cause the loss of the ship, owing to the shoals and sand banks with which the Coast abounded; and that the Pirates only were acquainted with the safe channels. The Captain accordingly abandoned the idea of attacking them. The Muscat men were landed at Muscat.

I proceeded to Bombay, and subsequently I arrived at Madras on the *Eden**; and I humbly acknowledge that I was [illegible]ed with the greatest humanity and kindness by all [illegible]s on board His Majesty's Ship.

* A reference has been made to H. M. ship *Eden*, and it appears that the circumstance of the escape of the Narrator is correctly stated above. He is a young man of very good character, and there is no reason to suppose that he has deviated from the truth in any part of his story.

We noticed in a former paper the expedition of RUNJEET SING to Cashmeer, and the occurrence of a battle between his troops and those of the Governor. It now appears that the former was defeated on the occasion, but rallying again, he succeeded in routing the enemy, and his standard is said to be now flying in the Province which had so long been the object of his anxiety and ambition. In gratifying his pride by the accomplishment of this arduous scheme, he has however exposed the provinces of his southern and western frontier to great hazard, for as their allegiance is not the result of reciprocal interest, but a compulsory acknowledgement of superior force, the moment the pressure is removed to another quarter, they will make a renewed effort to gain their independence. This conquest of Cashmeer will probably operate ultimately to the advantage of SHAH SHOOJA. MAHOMMUD KHAN, the Governor of Cashmeer, now in possession of Peshawur, may turn his views to the recovery of his province, and in that case Peshawur will be easily captured by SHOOJA. We have no accounts from Caubul.

(From the London Gazette.)

EAST INDIA HOUSE, MARCH 30, 1819.

The Court of Directors of the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies, do hereby give notice,—

That a General Court of the said Company will be held, by adjournment, at their House, in Leadenhall-street, on Wednesday, the 21st April next, at Eleven o'Clock in the forenoon, for the purpose of proceeding in the consideration of a motion made in the General Court, on the 24th instant, to prove a Resolution of the Court of Directors of the 17th ultimo, granting to Mr. James Wilkinson, under the circumstances therein stated, the sum of 75,000 Sicca Rupees, at 2 s. the Current Rupee, with Interest thereon, at 6 per Cent. per Annum, from the 11th October, 1816, to the day when payment shall be made.

The Court of Directors do further give notice, that they have received the following Letter from certain Proprietors of the East India Stock, viz.

To the Chairman, the Deputy Chairman, and the Honourable the Court of Directors of the East India Company:

GENTLEMEN,

We have the honor to inform you, that it is our intention to move and second at the General Court, appointed for the 21st April next, that instead of the sum of Sicca Rupees,

75,000, at 2 *s.* the Current Rupee, with Interest thereon, at 6 per Cent. from the 11th October, 1816, to the day when payment shall be made, proposed to be granted to James Wilkinson, Esq. the said grant, shall be the sum of Sicca Rupees 2,88,800, at 2 *s.* 6 *d.* per Sicca Rupee, with Interest at 8 per Cent. per Annum, from the 30th April, 1817, till the same be paid, in conformity with the Report and Recommendation of the Committee, especially appointed by the Governor General in Council, to consider of Mr. James Wilkinson's case, who were unanimously of opinion, that "the said sum was the lowest compensation, to which Mr. "Wilkinson was entitled;" and we request the favour, that this notice may be given to the Proprietors, fourteen days previously to the holding of the said Court.

We have the honour to be,
GENTLEMEN,
Your Obedient humble Servants,
CHAS. FORBES,
C. COCKERELL.

Copies of the Papers, relating to the case of Mr. Wilkinson, with the Report required by the Bye-law, cap. 6, sec. 20, are open for the inspection of the Proprietors, at this House.

JOSEPH DART,
Secretary.

A LIST OF THE DIRECTORS

FOR THE YEAR 1819.

Yrs. to serve.		*Yrs. to serve.*	
2	Campbell Marjoribanks, *Chairman.*	1	James Pattison
		1	Sir J. Jackson
3	Goe. Abercrombie Robinson, *Deputy.*	1	James Daniel
		1	John Bleydon Taylor
1	H.W.F. Elphinstone	4	Samuel Davis
2	Charles Grant	4	Hon. Hugh Lindsay
2	George Smith	4	John Morris
2	Sweny Toone	4	David Scott
2	William Astell	4	A. Allan
3	R. C. Plowden	3	W. Stanly Clarke
3	J. Huddleston	3	John Thornhill
1	John Inglis	3	George Raikes
1	John Bebb	4	Robert Campbell

The following Gentlemen went out by rotation.

Jacob Bosanquet	Thomas Reid
Joseph Cotton	William Wigram
Edward Parry	William T. Money

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE

CALCUTTA.

ARRIVALS.

At Kedgeree.

AUGUST.

15 Ship *Lord Minto*, Captain G. Chiene, from Penang the 21st July.

19. Ship *Eliza*, Captain J. G. Frith, from Penang the 27th July.

— American Ship *Glide*, Captain E. Ford, from New York 10th March, and Batavia 27th July.

20. Ship *Exmouth*, Captain John Aiken from China 26th April, Batavia 13th July, and Penang 1st August.

— Ship *Maister*, Captain P. Berriman, from Columbo 8th August.

— Arab Ship *Fyzel Allum*. Nacoda, from Muscat 17th July, and Madras 26th ditto.

21. Brig *Dolphin*, Captain C. G. M. Cowcher, for the Mauritius, and Bourbon 21st July.

Off Calcutta.

20. The *Lord Minto*.

PASSENGERS.

PER DOLPHIN.

Captain and Mrs. Penn, Mr. A. R. M. Lamotte, Mr. Adolphus Mahola.

PER H. C. SHIP ROSE.

From England.

Mrs Trevor Plowden, Misses S. Parker, S. Hogg, R. Hogg, Denson, N. Sherwood, and S Sherwood.

Mr. Charles Atkinson, Assistant Surgeon, and Thomas Richardson, writer.

From Madras.

Mrs. McTaggart, and family, Mrs Shaw and family, Lieut.-Col. Shaw, C. B. H. M. 87th Regiment, Lieut R. Holt, 84th ditto. Lieut. H. Sucklin, 1st ditto, Ensign R. Williams, 86th ditto, Mr. R. Greig, Assistant Surgeon 22d Light Dragoons, and 135 men, 22 women, and 26 children of H. M. 17th and 87th Regiment.

DEPARTURES.

From Calcutta.

AUGUST.

15. Ship *Aurora*, Captain Percy Earl, for Liverpool, via St. Helena.
17. Brig *Minerva*, Captain John Russell, for Penang.
18. Ship *Salacia*, Captain T. Tankersley, for Malta.

PASSED TO SEA.

During the Week.

Schooner *Courier*.
The *Lord Collingwood*.
The *Caledonia*.
The *Good Success*.

PENANG.

ARRIVALS.

July 9. Ship John Bannerman, H. Hunter, from Bombay 20th June. — Passengers: Mr. M'Carthy, and 32 Natives.
11. Lord Minto, Geo. Chiene, from Burong 28th ditto.
12. Isabella Robertson, G. G. Michell, from Calcutta 22d ditto.—Passengers: Mr. and Mrs. Schaffalitzky, K. Murchison, Esq. Civil Service, Captain Romney, H. M. 17th Regt. Doctor D Shaw, Mr. Duntzfelt, Mr. Pina, Mr. Lureiro, Mr. Morenno, and Master O'Farrell.
13. Ship Isabella, P. C. Foster, from Malacca 8th July.
14. Ship Morning Star, James Wallace, from Calcutta 17th June.
15. Ship Eliza, J. G. Frith, from Mauritius 15th ditto.
19. H. C. Ship General Harris, G. Welstead, Esq. Captain, from Cowes, Isle of Wight 5th April.—Passengers: H. Lane, Esq. and G. Bonham, Esq.
H. C. Ship Warren Hastings, R. Rawes, Esq. Captain, from ditto, ditto.
Ship Samdany, G. C. Lindsay, from Calcutta 1st July.
20. Brig Aurora P. Butler, from ditto 5th June Pilot 22d ditto.
Brig Tay, Tunkoo Malim, from Burong 15th July.
23. Brig Good Intention, A. T. Wuderhold, from Teluksamawi 13th July.
24. Ship Fame, W. Eastgate, from Calcutta, Pilot 29th June.—Passengers: Captain McDowall, Bengal Art. C. T. Blaney, Esq. 269 Followers of the 2d Bn. 20th Regt. N. I.
25. Brig Hammudy, A. Henning, from Soosoo 11th July.—Passenger: Mr. John Christie.
Ship Milford, R. Horwood, from Bombay 20th March, Pedier 20th July.—Passengers: 1 Native and 2 Prisoners.
H. C. Ship Lowther Castle, Charles Mortlock, Esq Capt from London, 28th Jan. Bombay, 6th July.—Passengers, Mrs. Parlby, Miss Fordyce, Richard Terin, Esq. Capt. Clubley, 3d Madras N. C. Mr. J. Bone, and Elizabeth Rhodes, Servant to Mrs. Parlby.

H. C. Ship Charles Grant, Hugh Scott, Esq. Capt. from ditto ditto.
27. Ship Exmouth, J. Aken, from Batavia, 11th July Singapore, 19th ditto.—Passengers, Messrs. Sandarth and Morgan.
29. Ship Ahmudy, F. Gregory, from Pedier, 16th July.

DEPARTURES.

July 11. Brig Covelong, J. Gaudart, for Padang.
Ship Mary Anne, J. Webster, for Calcutta.—Passengers. Major and Mrs. Hampton and Family, Mrs. Smoult, and Mr. Cox.
12. Do John Bannerman, H. Hunter, for China.—Passenger, W. Blunt, Esq. Bengal Civil Service.
15. Brig Hope, P. Thissell, for Collong.
17. Ship Isabella Robertson, G. G. Mitchell, for Manilla.
Do Nadershaw, Noq. Calfan Ben Sayd, for Padang.
20. Brig Fidrebanny, Sayd Hussman, for ditto.
Ship Lord Minto, G. Chiene, for Calcutta.
22. Do Morning Star, J. Wallace, for Malacca, and Singapore.
Do Isabella, P. C. Forster, for Eastward,
26. Ship Eliza, J. G. Frith, for Calcutta.
Brig Minerva, J. A. F. Leyd for Macao.
29. Ship Samdany, G. C. Lindsay, for Malacca and Eastward.

Penang.

By the *Isabella*, Captain Foster, lately from Borneo, we are informed, that the English Ships are allowed to trade on that Coast, by paying 6 per cent. on all Goods sold, and 100 Dollars per Chest for Opium.

It is reported that the Dutch have been driven out of Palimbang, with a loss of 300 men, by the old Sultaun lately restored by them.

When this Vessel quitted Sincapore, Sir Stamford Raffles and suite were there, and, we are happy to add, in perfect health.

The Rajah of Pontiana is dead.

On Monday last the 19th Instant, the H. C, direct Ships *General Harris*, Captain Welstead, and *Warren Hastings*, Capt. Rawes came to an anchor in our harbour.

The *Exmouth* will sail to-morrow for Calcutta.

The Rev. Henry Harding, A. B. has been appointed Chaplain to the Factory of Canton,—the Rev. Atwell Lake declining the appointment.

CIVIL APPOINTMENTS.

Mr. Wm. Sartorius, to be Accountant and Auditor.

Mr. Wm. S. Cracroft, to be deputy Accountant and Auditor, and to be Agent for the Affairs of Acheen.

Mr. A. D. Maingy, to be Sub Treasurer.

Mr. J. Anderson, to be Deputy Warehouse Keeper, and Malay Translator.

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Calcutta.

CIVIL APPONITMENTS.

POLITICAL DEPARTMENT,

AUGUST 20, 1819.

Mr. B. H. HODGSON to be Assistant to the Commissioner in Kumaoon.

TERRITORIAL DEPARTMENT,

THE 20TH AUGUST, 1819.

Mr. COLIN LINDSAY to be Assistant to the Secretary to the Board of Customs, Salt and Opium.

Mr. J. NEAVE to be ditto to the Secretary to the Board of Commissioners in the Ceded and Conquered Provinces.

Mr. T. J. TURNER to be ditto to the Collector of Meerut.

Mr. F. TOWNSEND to be ditto to the Collector of Bareilly.

Mr. H. PALMER to be ditto to the Superintendent of the Western Salt Chokies.

Mr. J. HUNTER to be ditto to the Collector of Agra.

GENERAL DEPARTMENT,

AUGUST 20, 1819.

Mr. T. T. BLACKBURN to be Assistant to the Sub-Treasurer.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

THE 20TH AUGUST, 1819.

Mr. W. PAGE, Assistant to the Magistrate of Nuddeah.

Mr. W. R. CLARKE, ditto to the Magistrate of Bareilly.

Mr. E. BURY, ditto in the Office of the Register of the Sudder Dewanny Adawlut and Nizamut Adawlut.

Mr. W. N. GARRETT, ditto to the Magistrate of the City of Dacca. 5

Mr. ROBERT BARLOW, ditto to ditto of Bakergunge.

Mr. J. C. BROWN, ditto to ditto of Benares.

Mr. G. CLERK, ditto to ditto of the Suberbs of Calcutta.

Mr. C. CARDEW, ditto to ditto of Juanpore.

Mr. H. MANNING, ditto to ditto of Burdwan.

MILITARY.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE MOST NOBLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM; 14TH AUGUST, 1819.

The Most Noble the Governor General in Council is pleased to make the following Promotions.

Cavalry.

Senior Major William Elliott, C B. to be Lieutenant Colonel from the 27th of July, 1819, vice Frith, deceased.

4th Regiment of Light Cavalry.

Captain Edward Jervaise Ridge to be Major. Lieutenant and Brevet Captain Charles Bridgeman Neild to be Captain of a Troop. Cornet Henry Jonathan Reade, to be Lieutenant.	From the 27th of July, 1819, in succession to Elliott, promoted.

The undermentioned Gentlemen having furnished Certificates and an Affidavit of their respective appointments as Cadets of Infantry on this Establishment, are admitted to the Service accordingly.

Mr. John Fulton Meade,
" Gregory Haldane Jackson,
" George Farquharson.

Messrs. Meade and Jackson are promoted to the rank of Ensign, leaving the date of their Commis- sions to be adjusted hereafter.

In reference to the 21st Article of the Barrack Regulations the Governor General in Council is pleased to appoint Captain J. P Griffin of the Invalid Establishment, to the charge of the Public Military Buildings at Midnapore, Balasore and Cuttack, and to the executive duties at those stations respectively.

Mr. John Mair Gerard, Surgeon, having been reported duly qualified by the Medical Board, is appointed to do duty as an Assistant Surgeon on this Establishment. with temporary rank in the Army.

The undermentioned officers who obtained leave to proceed to Sea by General Orders of the 2d of June, and 14th of November, 1818, for the recovery of their health, having respectively furnished Medical Certificates from the Cape of Good Hope, are permitted to proceed to Europe on Furlough, on account of their health, viz.

Lieutenant and Adjutant William Turner of the 27th Regiment of Native Infantry.

Lieutenant John Barclay of the 4th Regiment of Light Cavalry.

The Furlough above granted to Lieutenants Turner and Barclay, is, with reference to the Furlough Regulations of the Service, to commence, the former from the 10th May, 1819, the day the Ship Marchioness of Exeter was to sail from Cape of Good Hope, and latter from the 24th of April, 1819, the day the Ship Lady Raffles sailed from that Colony. for Europe ;—But. with reference to the act of Parliament, which limits the period of absence from India of Officers of the Hon'ble Company's Service, Lieutenants Turner and Barclay's Furlough will be considered to have commenced from the date of their respective embarkation from Bengal.

The Hon'ble Ensign P. C. Sinclair of the Hon'ble Company's European Regiment, having furnished the prescribed Certificates from the Medical and Pay Departments, is permitted to proceed to Sea for the recovery of his health, and to be absent on that account from Bengal for ten Months. commencing from the date of the sailing of the Ship on which he may embark.

His Lordship in Council was pleased, in the Political Department, under date the 31st ultimo, to permit Lieutenant Robert Bell of the 17th Regiment of Native Infantry, attached to His Highness the Nizam's regular Troops, at his own request, to resign the Service of the Hon'ble Company.

W. CASEMENT, Lieut. Col.
Secy to Govt. Mil. Dept.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE MOST NOBLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM; 14TH AUG. 1819.

The Most Noble the Governor General in Council is pleased to make the following appointment.

Surgeon William Ainsly to perform the Medical duties of the Civil Station of Patna, vice Muston, returned to the Military branch of the Medical Service.

Lieutenant Newton Wallace of the 27th Regiment of Native Infantry, and Adjutant to the Cuttack Legion, having furnished the prescribed certificates from the Medical and Pay Departments, is permitted to make a voyage to the Cape of Good Hope, for the benefit of his health, and to be absent from Bengal on that account for ten months.

Major George Becher of the 5th Regiment of Light Cavalry, Assistant Commissary General, having forwarded a Medical certificate from the Cape of Good Hope, the extension of the leave of absence granted to him in General Orders of the 26th of June, 1819, is cancelled, and that Officer is permitted to proceed to Europe on Furlough, for the benefit of his health.

The Furlough granted to Major Becher, is, with reference to the Furlough Regulations of the Service to commence from the 21st of April, 1819;—but in adverstance to the Act of Parliament which limits the period of absence from India of Officers of the Honorable Company's Service, that Officer's Furlough will be considered to have effect from the date of his departure from Bengal.

Captain George Cunningham of the 7th Regiment of Native Infantry Commanding the 2d Rohillah Cavalry, having furnished a Medical Certificate, the extension of leave of absence granted to him by General Orders of the 27th of February last is further prolonged for six months, from the expiration of the period therein specified, on account of his health,

W. CASEMENT, Lieut. Col.
Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept

GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE MOST NOBLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM; 14TH AUGUST, 1819.

Ordered, that the following Extract, (Paragraphs 2 to 7) from a General Letter from the Honourable the Court of Directors, in the Military Department, bearing date the 19th of March, 1819, be published in General Orders.

PARA 2 —" Lieutenant Colonel Alexander Caldwell of your Establishment has our permission to remain in England until the month of January, 1820.

3. We have permitted Brevet Colonel and Lieutenant Colonel John Cunninghame, and Mr. Assistant Surgeon Henry Thornton of your Establishment, severally to remain in England until the departure for your Presidency of the last Company's Ship of this Season.

4. The undermentioned Officers, belonging to your Establishment, have also our permission to remain in England, until the departure for your Presidency of the first Company's Ships of next Season, 1819, 20, viz.

Captain Edmund F Waters,
——— John Orok.
Surgeon Andrew F. Ramsay,
Lieutenant Ambrose Eldridge, and
——— Arthur A. Homer.

"We have permitted the undermentioned Officers to return to their Rank, upon your Establishment, viz.

Captain Edward Day,
——— John Rd. De Beauregard,
Surgeon William Findon,
Lieutenant John Lucas Earle.

6. We have permitted Lieutenant Graves Chamney Haughton, lately belonging to your Establishment, to resign the Company's Service from 12th February, 1819.

7. We have permitted Mr. Whitney Taylor to proceed to yo/r Presidency to practise as a Surgeon; and we direct that he succeed as an Assistant Surgeon, upon your Establishment;—his Rank will be settled at a future time."

W. CASEMENT, Lieut. Col.

Sec to Govt. Mil. Dept.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE MOST NOBLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM; 21st AUGUST, 1819.

In obedience to instructions from the Honorable the Court of Directors the Most Noble the Governor General in Council is pleased to admit Mr. Heysham, formerly a Lieutenant in the 11th Regiment of Native Infantry, to the Pension Establishment. Mr. Heysham will draw the Allowances of a Captain of Infantry, on the list of Military Pensioners.

W. CASEMENT, Lieut. Col.

Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE MOST NOBLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM; 21st AUGUST, 1819.

The rule laid down in the 5th Article 2d Section of the Medical Code, published in General Orders under date the 19th of April 1816, for providing Detachments of European Troops with subordinate Medical Officers, appearing to the Most Noble the Governor General in Council in some respects objectionable, the following modification is directed in the existing regulation on that subject.

1st For a Detatchment of 24 men, and upwards, but not exceeding a Troop, or Company, an Assistant Apothecary and Steward in one person.

2d. For a Detachment of more than a Troop, or Company, but not exceeding half a Regiment of Cavalry, half a Battalion of Infantry, or half a Battalion of Artillery, an Assistant Apothecary, and an Assistant Steward.

3d. For a Detachment exceeding half a Regiment, or half a Battalion, an Apothecary and Steward.

The other descriptions of Hospital Establishments laid down in the clause of the article under consideration, to remain unaltered, and the Apothecaries now attached to detatchments, which by the proposed modification will be entitled only to an Assistant Apothecary and Steward in one person, to be continued until they can be otherwise disposed of, when they will be replaced by those of the lower rank.

His Lordship in Council further considering, that an increase to the number of subordinate Medical Officers, would greatly promote an efficient System of Hospital Management, is pleased to authorize three Assistant Stewards and eleven Assistant Apothecaries to be added to the Establishment. The Assistant Stewards to be stationed, one at the Presidency General Hospital, one at Cawnpore, and one at Meerut, whence they will be ready to accompany any Detatchment of European Troops proceeding from those Stations, and when not required for detached duty, will be employed in their respective Hospitals.

Presidency General Hospital, 1 Assistant Apothecary,
For Artillery at Dum Dum, 1 ditto.
Horse Artillery, 1 ditto,
2 Regiments of European Dragoons, at 1 each, 2 ditto,
6 Regiments of European Infantry, at 1 each, 6 ditto.

The Assistant Apothecaries will be stationed as exhibited in the Margin and their Services also considered available for occasional Detachments.

The Pay of this class of subordinate Medical Officers, Assistant Apothecary, is increased to 25 Rupees per Mensem.

W. CASEMENT, Lieut. Col.
Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

Head Quarters, Calcutta, 19th August, 1819.

GENERAL ORDER

17th Foot. *87th Foot.* The details of the Regiments stated in the Margin, arrived from Madras on the Honorable Company's Ship *Rose*, under the Command of Lieut. Colonel Shawe of the 87th, will be arranged as follows on their Disembarkation, when Major General Wood will be pleased to order the Party for His Majesty's 17th Foot to join the Head Quarters of that Corps immediately, upon which Lieut. Colonel Shawe will deliver over to Lieut. Colonel Nicoll all the Documents he has relative to the Volunteers from the 84th for the 17th Foot, and to the Acting Brigade Major those referable to the 87th Regiment.

The Party for the 87th Regiment (sick excepted) will proceed to Cawnpore by water as soon as the necessary means, which Major General Wood will be pleased to apply for in the usual manner, can be prepared for their Transport, with such men as are recovered belonging to the same Corps, and to the 11th Dragoons.

Lieut. Young of the 8th Dragoons will hold himself in readiness to proceed in charge of these Troops to Cawnpore.

An Assistant Surgeon from His Majesty's 17th Regiment will afford Medical aid to this Detachment from Fort William to Berhampore, from which Station he will return to his Regimental duty without delay, upon being relieved by Assistant Surgeon Owen of the 87th, who will join the party for the purpose of affording it Medical aid to its destination.

Doctor Greig, who stands appointed Assistant Surgeon to the 67th Regiment in General Orders of the 29th ult. (No. 1740) will repair to Bombay with as little delay as possible for the purpose of joining his Corps.

Lieut. Holt of the 84th Regiment, and Ensign Williams of the 86th, who came to Fort William on duty with the Troops on the Rose, will hold themselves in readiness to embark for England by the first fa-

Captain Turner, Acting Brigade Major to the King's Troops, will furnish Lieut. Young, 8th Dragoons, with a transcrip of the 8th and 9th Paragraphs of General Orders to His Majesty's Forces dated the 3d June, 1819.

By Order of the Most Noble the Commander in Chief.

THOS. M'MAHON, *Col. A. G.*

Head Quarters, Calcutta, 20th August, 1819.

GENERAL ORDER.

At a General Court Martial held at Secundarabad on the 24th May and on subsequent days, in the year of our Lord One Thousand Eight Hundred and Nineteen, Ensign Charles Deane of His Majesty's 30th Regiment, was arraigned on the following charge, viz.

"For ungentleman like and unofficerlike conduct in saying in the "presence of Major Murray, H. M. 30th Regiment, Lieutenant Gar-"vey, and Lieut. and Adjutant Atkinson, H. M. 30th Regiment and "others, at different periods, that I was a Coward, Liar, and Black-"guard, and this at a time when I was not present with the Corps "to defend my character against such harsh expressions."

(Signed) WILLIAM SULLIVAN,

Lieut. H. M. 30th Regt.

Upon which charge the Court came to the following decision.

Sentence.— "The Court finds the Prisoner, Ensign Charles De "of H. M. 30th Regiment, Guilty of the charge prefered against him "with the exception of "Ungentlemanlike conduct," of which the "court fully acquits him;—for that part of the charge in which the "Court have found him Guilty, it doth sentence him to be reprimand-"ed in such manner as the Officer confirming this Sentence may be "pleased to direct.

Lieutenant General Trapaud deemed it expedient to make the following observations.

"If the prisoner knew any circumstances implicating the charac-"ter of Lieut. Sullivan, it was his duty to represent it officially to "the Commanding Officer of the Regiment, but his conduct in "resorting to private aspersion is highly reprehensible"—"I confirm "therefore the Sentence of the Court, and in pursuance thereof "most severely reprimand Ensign Deane of H. M. 30th Regiment "of Foot accordingly."

"Ensign Deane is to be released from arrest, and return to his duty."

The Most Noble the Commander in Chief directs that the foregoing Order be entered in the General Order Book and read at the Head of every Regiment in His Majesty's Service in India.

By Order of the most Noble the Commander in Chief.

THOMAS Mc MAHON,

Col. Adj. Gen.

Head Quarters, Calcutta, 20th August, 1819.

GENERAL ORDER.

The Most Noble the Commander in Chief in India is pleased to make the following Promotion, until the pleasure of His Royal Highness the Regent Prince in the name and on the behalf of His Majesty shall be made known.

53d Foot.

This establishes the promotion of Cornet Rolland and appointment of R. G. Davidson in the 22d Dragoons, in succession to Sir J. Gordon.

Lieutenant Sir John Gordon, Bart. from the 22d Light Dragoons, to be Captain of a Company without purchase, 5th July, 1817.

The following Promotions are cancelled.

53d Foot.

Brevet Major and Captain J. Giles to be Major without purchase, vice Piercy, deceased. 5th July, 1817.

Lieut Sir John Gordon, Bart. from the 22d Dragoons, to be Captain of a Company without purchase, vice Giles, promoted, ditto.

By Order of the Most Noble the Commander in Chief.

THOS. M'MAHON,
Col. A. G.

Head Quarters, Calcutta, 21st August, 1819.

GENERAL ORDER.

The Most Noble the Commander in Chief in India is pleased to make the following appointments, until the pleasure of His Royal Highness the Prince Regent, in the name and on the behalf of His Majesty, shall be made known.

22d Light Dragoons.

Lieutenant R. Robinson, from the 24th Foot, to be Lieutenant, vice T. McKenzie, who exchanges, 20th August, 1819.

24th Foot.

Lieutenant T. McKenzie, from the 22d Light Dragoons, to be Lieutenant, vice R. Robinson, who exchanges, 20th August, 1819.

By Order of the Most Noble the Commander in Chief.

THOS. M'MAHON,
Col. A. G.

Head-Quarters, Calcutta, 23d August, 1819.

GENERAL ORDER.

With the view to offer every possible advantage to the soldiers of the 21st and 22d Dragoons, the Most Noble the Commander in Chief is happy to have it in his power to extend the period of volunteering, and to throw open to their service, the 5th, 11th, 13th and 17th Dragoons, as corps into which they make choice to volunteer under the instructions, as to Age, Bounty, &c. &c detailed in the General Order of the 24th of June, 1819, (No 1702,) issued to His Majesty's Forces in India.

With the view of giving the men of the 21st and 22d dragoons, ample time to make up their minds, eight clear days will be allowed them respectively after the receipt of this order, should they be desirous of remaining in India, and of availing themselves of the liberal advantages held out.

At the expiration of the eight days the volunteering is to cease, the returns are to be closed and the documents required by the General Orders, No 1702 are to be prepared, and forwarded forthwith to the Adjutant General of his Majesty's Forces.

By Order of the Most Noble the Commander in Chief.

THOS. M'MAHON,
Col. A. G.

AUGUST 30.

The ship *Aberdeen*, after proceeding as faras Saugor Point, parted from her anchors on the 22d instant, and was driven back to Saugor Roads, where, she was brought up with her only remaining anchor. The Pilot on the 24th attempted to take her to the Company's moorings at the New Anchorage, but when abreast of the vessel in charge of the moorings, the cable parted, in the act of bringing up: and the state of the wind and tide rendered it necessary to run the ship on shore nearly opposite Kedgeree. Signals of distress procured prompt assistance from H. M. ship *Dauntless*, and from the H. C. ships *Minerva*, *Atlas*, and *Streatham*, and by judicious arrangements the *Aberdeen* was kept upright, and prevented from being strained, when the tide receded,—and at midnight she floated and was secured at the moorings, without having sustained any apparent injury from the accident. These particulars we have collected from an article in the *Bengal Hurkaru*, in which, laudable commendation is bestowed on Mr. LURCHER, the master of the *Dauntless*; Mr. APLIN, Chief Officer of the *Minerva*, and the other officers and men to whose prompt and energetic assistance, the preservation of the *Aberdeen* has been ascribed by the Pilot.

The death of the late NABOB of the CARNATIC has been officially announced in the *Madras Government Gazette*. We have not heard what arrangements have been made in respect of the succession. Several members of the family of the late Wallajaha still survive—and we believe the last NABOB has left Children.

We have learnt with much concern the death of Sir ALEXANDER ANSTRUTHER, Knight, late Recorder of Bombay. His death happened, we understand, at the Mauritius, whither, he had proceeded some months ago in the hope of re-establishing his health. Sir ALEXANDER came to India in 1798, and accompanied his brother-in-law, Sir THOMAS STRANGE, then Recorder of the new Court established at Madras. In the Recorder's Court, and afterwards in the Supreme Court at Madras, Sir ALEXANDER practiced many years as an Advocate: and when the latter Court was established, and Sir BENJAMIN SULIVAN was raised to the Bench, Sir ALEXANDER was appointed Advocate General to the Madras Presidency. On the retirement of Sir JAMES MACKINTOSH from Bombay, Sir ALEXANDER was appointed Recorder of that Court, and received the honor of Knight-

hood. In the early part of his professional career, and before he quitted England, he published three volumes of Reports of cases decided in the Exchequer He also published a small work on "*Light, Heat and Electricity*," which was written, we believe, during his Voyage to India

Letters from Madras state that Sir GEORGE COOPER, Knight, the Junior Puisne Judge of the Supreme Court at that Presidency, was about to proceed to Bombay to act as Recorder, until the appointment from England of a President to the Recorder's Court. This will be third instance of Judges proceeding from Madras to preside in the Court at Bombay.

A letter dated Saugur in Bundlecund, 5th of August mentions that the country had been blessed with plentiful showers of rain since the 10th of the preceding month, and that the weather was then extremely pleasant, the climate resembling that of Kumaoon and the district being free from the Cholera, though it had been committing ravages in parts not very remote from that station At Cawnpoor also we are happy to hear that they had experienced a considerable fall of rain, and that some light showers had fallen at Allahabad, at which latter place the Bunias had actually shut up their shops refusing to sell any grain, when the showers above alluded to produced a fortunate change They appear however to have been very scanty, and by no means sufficient to raise the hopes or spirits of the poor, who were living on a species of flour made from the pounded kernels of mango stones, and other food of the most unwholesome qualities.

We understand that General Sir David Ochterlony has lately dispatched, as a present from the Nuwab of Bhawulpoor, a beautiful wild Ass of that species called by the natives Goi Khur This elegant creature is described as being between eleven and twelve hands in height, of a beautiful light fawn or cream color with long ears, and large black eyes In disposition it is untractable, and in this as well as in every other respect, excepting the color resembles the Zebra It is said to be a complete model of strength, beauty and agility.

It appears that private letters confirm the report of the expulsion of the Dutch from Palembang Mr MONTINGHE, the Resident, had arrived at Batavia. The Malays are

said to have opened a battery of thirty pieces of cannon on the Dutch soldiers, who three times stormed the strong hold, in vain, and with the loss of 117 men and the officers killed.

Another account states that the Dutch at Palembang had made the whole of the British subjects, whom Sir STAMFORD RAFFLES deputed to Palembang, prisoners, and sent them to Batavia; and that it was a few days subsequent to this apparent outrage that the Malays rose upon the Dutch, who escaped under cover of the night.

According to private letters, the son of SYUD HUSSAIN one of the late rival kings of Acheen, has been ordered to Penang. The successful candidate and the people are said to be anxious to place themselves under the protection of the British Government.

On Tuesday the last Drawing of the Twentyfirst Calcutta Lottery took place. The Prize of 100,000 Sa. Rs. fell to No. 5527, which is said to be the property of Major-General CHARLES STUART of this Establishment.

COLLEGE OF FORT WILLIAM,

AUGUST 19, 1819.

PUBLIC DISPUTATIONS.

On Thursday the 19th instant, being the day appointed by His Excellency the Most Noble the Marquis of Hastings, for the public disputations in the Oriental languages, the President and Members of the College Council, the Officers, Professors, and Students of the College, met at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at the Government-house, where the Honourable the Chief Justice, the Right Honourable the Lord Bishop of Calcutta, the Honourable George Dowdeswell, the Honourable James Stuart, and the Honourable John Adam, Members of the Supreme Council, and the Honourable Sir Francis Macnaghten, Judge of the Supreme Court, with Major General Wood, and many of the civil and military officers at the presidency, and others of the principal European Inhabitants of Calcutta, as well as some respectable natives, were also assembled.

The Marchioness of Hastings, Lady Macnaghten, Lady D'Oyly, Mrs. Middleton, Mrs. Wood, Mrs. Udny, and several other ladies of the settlement, likewise honored the College with their presence.

Soon after 10 o'clock, the Most Noble the Visitor, attended by the officers of His Excellency's suite, entered the room where the disputations were to be held. When the Visitor had taken his seat, the disputations commenced in the following order.

FIRST.—PERSIAN.

"POSITION.—An eminent superiority of the literary compositions of the western ancients, over those of Asiatic Writers, will be found in the purity and elegance of the former, when contrasted with the glare of figurative exaggeration of the latter."

Respondent, ... Mr. C. Lindsay.
First Opponent, ... Mr. B. H. Hodgson.
Second Opponent, ... Mr. W. Page.
Moderator, ... Lieutenant D. Bryce.

SECOND.—HINDOOSTANEE.

"POSITION.—A translation of the popular works of Europe into the "colloquial languages of Hindoostan, would tend to expand the minds "of the natives, and facilitate the extension of civilization and science."

Respondent, . . . Mr. W. Page.
First Opponent, . . Mr. E. Bury.
Second Opponent, . Mr. J. C. Brown.
Moderator, . . . Major J. W. Taylor.

THIRD.—BENGALEE.

"POSITION.—The Bengalee language merits a sedulous cultivation, "not only from its utility in business, but from its conciseness of expression and elegance of style, which render it highly applicable to literary composition."

Respondent, ... Mr. W. R. Clarke.
First Opponent, ... Mr. B. H. Hodgson.
Second Opponent, . . . Mr. J. Hunter.
Moderator, ... Rev. Dr. W. Carey.

FOURTH.—SUNSKRIT.

"POSITION.—The Sunskrit language, though at present shut up in "the libraries of the Brahmens, and appropriated solely to the records "of religion and literature, was probably once current over most of the "Oriental world."

Respondent, ... Mr. A. Grote.
First Opponent, . . . Mr. W. R. Clarke.
Moderator, ... Rev. Dr. W. Carey.

When the disputations were concluded, the President of the College Council presented to the Most Noble the Visitor, the several students of the College, who were entitled to receive degrees of honour, medals of merit, or other honourary rewards, adjudged to them at the public examination held in June, and read the certificates granted by the Council of the College to each student about to leave the College.

The Visitor presented to each student entitled to receive a degree of honor, the usual Diploma, inscribed on vellum, and at the same time expressed the satisfaction which he felt at conferring it.

The prizes and medals which had been awarded to the several students were also distributed to them respectively; after which His Excellency the visitor delivered the following discourse.

Gentlemen of the College of Fort William.

It is with gratification, though not altogether unqualified, that I meet you on the present occasion. The deductions from my satisfaction are not indeed weighty; still they are such as I feel bound to express.

The returns of the late examination do not exhibit the extraordinary display of acquirements, which has done honor to the College of Fort William at many of our former anniversaries.

The honorary rewards distributed on the present occasion are fewer in number than those of even the last year, which I was forced to complain of as inferior to any preceding year in its product of eminent learning.

I turn from this unsatisfactory view of the result of the examination, to remark on the other hand, with great pleasure, that of twenty-six civil students who have been examined, no less than eighteen have been found qualified to discharge the duties of the public service, by a competent proficiency in two of the languages taught in the College.

Of these, one student, Mr. William Rankes Clarke has qualified himself in less than five months; three, Mr. Lindsay, Mr. Hodgson and Mr. Simson, in nine; and two, Mr. Page and Mr. Barlow, in ten.

In this view of the subject, the aggregate proportion of qualification for the public service yielded by the College this year, seems inferior only to the produce of 1816, which in this respect appears to have been singularly distinguished beyond other years.

I am happy to have it in my power to remark, that the attendance of the students at the lectures has been more regular during the past term than it had been during many former terms, and to this amendment must in great measure be attributed a success in the present year extensive, if not strikingly brilliant.

I have also much gratification in noticing those instances of individual merit which the reports of the College have brought under my inspection.

Among the students reported qualified for the public service, Mr. Hodgson by his general proficiency, stands first. After having been attached to the institution for the short period of nine months, he has obtained a degree of honor for high proficiency in the Bengalee, and a medal of merit for rapid and considerable progress in Persian. He holds the rank of second scholar in Persian, and second in Bengalee. It does not take from Mr. Hodgson's merit to observe, that on his admission into the College, his acquirements in Bengalee and Persian were already considerable.

Mr. PAGE is the second student in the order of general proficiency. Two medals of merit have been awarded to him for diligent application and rapid progress in the Persian and Hindoostanee languages; in the latter of which he stands first, and in the former, on a level with Mr. Hodgson. His knowledge of those languages appears to have been acquired almost entirely at the College of Fort William since August last, at which period he entered the institution.

Mr. LINDSAY is ranked the third in the list of general proficiency, and stands at the head of the Persian class. He was admitted into the College subsequently to Mr. Hodgson and Mr Page, and after having been attached to it little more than two months, obtained a medal of merit for progress in the Persian language. To the honor of Haleybury College be it mentioned, that when Mr. Lindsay joined the College of Fort William, he was superior to any Persian Scholar in the latter. It is doubly praise-worthy in Mr. Lindsay that he brought so much knowlege with him, and that he has been able to keep his place with competitors of more than common talent. He has also obtained a medal of merit for rapid progress in the Hindoostannee Language, in which he is the fourth scholar.

Mr CLARKE, who holds the fourth place in the general list, stands first of the Students of Bengalee, and has attained a Degree of Honor in that language He has also acquired considerable proficiency in Sunskrit, and is the second Scholar in that tongue. Mr. Clarke's pro-

gress in the short period, little more than four months, during which he has been attached to the College of Fort William, has been rapid and honorable, and it is alike creditable to him and to the Sister Institution of Haleybury, that he brought with him from England a considerable portion of his knowledge of the Bengalee language.

Mr. Simon, the fifth on the general list, has distinguished himself by rapid and considerable progress in Persian and Hindoostannee, and has obtained medals of merit in both languages.

Mr. Grote, who was admitted only in January last, and is not yet reported qualified for the Public Service, has gained great credit by distinguished progress in Bengalee, in which language he has obtained a medal of merit, and by great proficiency in Sanskrit, in which he is the first scholar

Two medals of merit have been assigned to Mr. Thomas Temple Blackburn, for superior specimens of penmanship in Persian and Nagree Characters, and a medal of merit to Mr. Garrett, and one to Lieutenant Fulcher, the only Military Student at the College, for a similar distinction in penmanship in the Persian Character.

I am sorry to find it incumbent on me to mention, that two students, Mr. Molony, and Mr. Stamforth, have this year suffered the disgrace of removal from College; and that Mr. Walter Blackburn and Mr. Henry Smith, are reported as having exposed themselves to a similar penalty.

There is another student whose conduct has not been creditable, but whom I forbear indicating more distinctly, in the hope that his future amendment may justify this mark of lenity.

The only Degrees of Honor conferred this year are two; both for proficiency in the Bengalee language. The number last year was four, all in the Bengalee language. So that in two successive years, no Degree of Honor has been conferred, either in Persian or Hindoostannee, or in any other language than Bengalee

I am at a loss to account for this undue preference to the provincial language of Bengal, at the sacrifice of those more extensively useful languages, the Persian and Hindoostannee.

I am apprehensive that the name of the language must mislead the Students at the preparatory College of Haylebury, destined for the Bengal Presidency, under an erroneous supposition, that because, they are nominated to Bengal, the language of that province is the one which they should take the greatest pains to acquire.

A short experience in this country, Gentlemen, will show you that they have done wrong who have neglected the study of the Persian and Hindoostannee languages, in order to devote their principal attention to the Bengalee.

I trust that you will not misunderstand me, nor suppose that I undervalue a knowledge of the Bengalee language

To those who serve in the Province of Bengal, it is indispensible as a qualification, but Persian and Hindoostannee are not less necessary even in Bengal.

Such therefore as wish to obtain employment in Bengal, but without relinquishing the honorable eminence of being qualified for employment in every part generally of the territories under this Presidency, should endeavour to obtain a competent knowledge of Persian, Hindoostannee, and Bengalee.

They again who wish preferably to be employed in the Provinces beyond Bengal Proper, should understand, that, if they confine themselves to the study of two languages, the Persian and Hindoostannee are those which they will find most generally useful, the Hindoostannee for colloquial purposes, the Persian for correspondence and business conducted in writing.

While on this subject, I must say a word respecting the study of the Arabic and Sanskrit languages. These hold the highest rank in erudition: and those students who propose to profit by this institution, in order to obtain great acquirements in Oriental Literature, or with a view to arrive at a more radical knowledge of Persian, Hindoostannee, and Bengalee, and the other languages of India, will do well to apply themselves to Arabic and Sunskrit. Those on the other hand whose object is to qualify themselves as speedily as possible for the ordinary duties of the Public Service, and to quit the College as soon as they be reported qualified, will accomplish their object in the best manner, by directing their principal attention to Persian, Hindoo-tannee, and Bengalee, reserving the venerable, but less immediately, needed, languages of Arabic and Sunskrit for future study.

I regret to see, that of the Honorary Rewards of this year, so many have been adjudged for the art of penmanship, to gentlemen who do not appear in other respects to have obtained any distinguished eminence in the knowledge of the languages. The art of ready writing, when combined with a knowledge of the languages, is invaluable, and, even in these days, when a knowledge of the languages is extensively diffused, will confer marked distinction on its possessor, will always prove of the greatest advantage and comfort to himself, and may be productive, in particular emergencies, of material benefit to the State. But I would wish you, Gentlemen of the College of Fort William, to remember, that mere penmanship, that is, the drawing or painting of elegant letters, without an adequate knowledge of the language, is not alone a worthy object of attainment, and that when Honorary Rewards were instituted for this art, it was with a view to encourage, not the mere dexterity of the pen, but an accurate knowledge of the language for useful purposes, which cannot be said to be attained, without the talent of ready writing be connected with that of composing.

I cannot conclude this review of the proceedings of the past year, without offering to the Gentlemen of the College Council and the Officers of the College, my warmest thanks for their zealous and honorable exertions.

I much fear that we are about to lose the services of Doctor Lumsden, the distinguished Professor in the Arabic and Persian languages, and one of the chief ornaments and supports of the College from its foundation. He has quitted us on leave of absence, and probably will not resume the Professor's Chair, his health being much impaired by his valuable labors in the institution; but in the hope of his possible return, I will not now anticipate the period of his final departure.

In the course of this year a valuable donation of Books on Scandinavian Literature has been received into the College Library, from the University of Copenhagen, in the return for a collection of Oriental works, presented by this Government in the name of the Honorable Company. The managers of the Danish University, and the Commissioners for its library, have expressed themselves in the warmest terms of acknowledgment for the present we sent them, and have signified a strong desire to promote an intercourse between the two institutions, for which there is a corresponding inclination on our part.

I am most happy to have it in my power to announce, that a Sunskrit and English Dictionary, by that distinguished scholar, Mr. Wilson, is completed, and will issue from the Press in the course of a few weeks. This work, which is the translation of an extensive compilation prepared by learned natives for the use of the College, comprehends the whole body of words to be found in the original Dictionaries yet extant, to which particular reference is made under each term extracted from them. It also contains the radicals of the Sunskrit

language, which are uniformly omitted in the original works, as being the subject of separate collections, and it comprehends many other additions that will no doubt prove highly useful to the Sunskrit student, by whom the want of such elementary aid has long been sensibly felt. The appearance of this Dictionary forms an important events in the cultivation of a very ancient and interesting language, and adds another national claim to the thanks of the literary world, to whom the successful labours of the company's servants in India have made that language accessible and known. To Mr. Wilson we are under the greatest obligations for giving to us so important and valuable a work.

Mr Sutherland, of the civil service, a gentleman distinguished in the annals of our College, is about to publish English translations from the original Sanskrit, of the Duttaka Meemansa and the Duttaka Chundrika, two esteemed treatises on the Hindoo law of adoption; to which the translator has added numerous notes, illustrative and explanatory, and a brief synopsis of the law. Mr. Sutherland has persued the study of Sunskrit since he quitted the institution, and is an example, gentlemen, worthy of imitation.

Captain Roebuck is adding to our stock of Hindoostance knowledge, by preparing for publication a third edition of his English and Hindoostance Naval Dictionary and Grammar, greatly augmented and improved since its first appearance in 1811, especially by the addition of a Hindoostance and English Dictionary.

I address a few to you, gentlemen, who are about to enter the public service, a few words of advice and exhortation. I indulge a feeling which might not misbecome paternal interest. I look to your career with earnest solicitude, though with comfortable augury. The first situations you will occupy will be of a subordinate character; but the lowest offices in the service to which you belong, are of importance, and are attended by duties of considerable responsibility. It may, however, fall to the lot of any of you to be employed at an early period in stations of elevated description. In no other part of the world do duties of such high trust devolve on such young men. You will have a large population looking up to you for justice and protection. You will have the rights and interests of your Government and the prosperity and happiness of its subjects committed to your charge. With such duties before you, you will readily see that a knowledge of the Native languages is not the only qualification required of you. You will have to exercise temper, judgment, and perfect impartiality, together with zeal and devotion to public business. You are called on to love and cherish the people under you,—to enter into their feelings, pay attention to their peculiarities, and view with gentle charity their prejudices and weaknesses.

The eyes of Government will be upon you: yet I depend on your spontaneous honorable impulses, much more than on any effect of supervision.

Every well-ordered mind must be conscious that where Providence bestowed sway, it has attached deep and inseparable conditions to boon. The sacred duty of promoting the welfare of those over whom rules is exercised will be acknowledged by all: But there may be peculiarity of circumstances which will give to that duty a more extraordinary claim. Such circumstances do distinguish our position in this country. Our dominion is altogether unprecedented in its nature. History records nothing parallel to it. Britain holds here an immense empire not by national force, but by the confidence which the most energetic and intelligent portion of the Native population reposes in us. We have attained this height of power, not through plan, not through force, but from the result of various unprovoked and unexpected contests; some of every one of which was rendered favourable to us, by the fa-

delity of natives in our employ, and the advantageous prepossession which the inhabitants in general entertained respecting us. While we bless the bounty of Heaven for these successes, our gratitude ought to be sincere towards a people, whose reliance on our justice made them, in spite of habitual prejudices, connect their own comfort with the advancement of our dominion. Superadded to the generally recognised demands of attention to the happiness of the governed, we have the special bond of justifying that opinion which so decisively facilitated extension and stability of our interests; and since the extraordinary elevation of this fabric of power must attract the wondering gaze of the world, we have to remember, that we are thence only the more under observation as to the tone in which we act for our country. It is not the character of us petty individuals that is at stake. It is Britain that stands responsible to mankind for the mode in which this unexampled preponderance shall be used; and we have the proud, but awful consolation, that our Country's renown is so far committed to us. There is no one of you, young men, who will not have, even at your outset, an active part in the discharge of this vast obligation. Fashion your minds to the situation. You ought to go forth with a parental feeling towards the natives, entertaining the superiority of your own acquirements as only prescribing the allowances which should be made to those destitute of similar advantages. You will have to meet with a community enhanced and debased in a considerable degree. If you will reflect that this is the consequence of their being long neglected by vicious and tyrannical Governments, it will be the most effectual remedy to habituate them to a different treatment. It is not impossible that patience, kindness of manner, and learning of precedence, will operate towards reclaiming them still more than even equity, which, if dry and repulsive, will work but little on the feelings of such a population. Be the protectors, the consolers, the cheerers, of those around you. There has been a Cleveland. Emulate him.

Of you, Gentlemen, who have done your utmost in the college to qualify yourselves for the public service it may be fairly presumed that the applause of your own conscience has already taught you the happiness arising from a faithful discharge of duty, and that there is no danger of any deviation from the meritorious path you have hitherto pursued—proceed and prosper. An approving Government will not overlook your goods, or neglect to reward your services; and I trust that success will crown your endeavours, and that your names will be enrolled in the number of those who do honour to the service to which they belong.

Each of you will have more or less the means of promoting the measure most important towards the general improvement of the natives, I mean, the dissemination of instruction among them by the establishment and encouragement of schools. I therefore recommend this object to your active attention, and care must be used in the prosecution of it, not to revolt the prejudices of the natives, by controversial arguments against their notions. Instil the universal principles of morality, open the minds of the rising generation, enable them to exert their reason, and obnoxious customs will silently die away before the light diffused. By this simple prudence you will avoid exciting any jealousy which would obstruct your beneficent purpose. It is a high satisfaction to me to inform you that the persons whom I sent to establish schools in Rajpootana, have met the most cordial countenance. When they had explained to the principal men the nature and extent, of their object, showing that it did not in any degree interfere with the habits and persuasions of the people, the project was received with fervor; and it was professed that there was no other mode in which the British Government could have so strongly testified its anxiety for the welfare of those liberated countries.

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These gentlemen who must be sensible that they have neglected to avail themselves of the advantages of the college, may yet indulge in the consolation that the door is open for improvement. Let them make amends for past idleness by application to the duties of their respective offices. It is in their power to retrieve the past and still to distinguish themselves so as to gain honor as public servants.

You, gentlemen, who remain attached to the college, have before you, at no distant period I hope, the same prospects that I have been pointing out to your companions now quitting us, and you cannot think too much of the importance of the duties which await you in the employ of the state. In the mean time, your principal attention should be devoted to the means now in your reach of qualifying yourselves by an adequate knowledge of the languages. The character of the college is at present confided to your hands; and I trust that you are determined to make the coming year brilliant and distinguished in our annals, as well as honourable to yourselves.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE

CALCUTTA.

ARRIVALS.

At Kedgeree.

August.

22 Ship *Britannia*, Captain W. Snoball, from Rangoon 20th August.

23 Ship *Susan*, Captain H. Collingwood, from Bombay, Madras and Vizagapatam.

— Arab Ship *Homayun Shaw*, Nacoda, from Muscat 17th June.

24. Ship *Venus*, Captain G. Dawson, from Madras 15th August.

26 French Ship *La Florence*, Captain E. Le Cog, from Bourbon 31st July, and Pondichery 20th August.

28. Ship *Sarah*, Captain T. W. Aldham, from England 22d April, and Madras 22d August.

— Ship *Union*, Captain W. Skitter, from Bassoorah, and ditto.

Off Calcutta.

22. The *Eliza*, and the American Ship *Glide*.
23 The *Exmouth*, and Brig *Dolphin*.
24 The *Fyzel Allum*.
25. The *Homayun Shaw*.
26. The *Susan* and *Venus*.

PASSENGERS.

PER SUSAN.

Lieut and Mrs. King, Mr. R. G. Morris, Bombay Civil Service.

PER SURRY.

For Bengal

Mrs. Mary Thomas, Mrs Elizabeth Grigg, Mrs. Poynton, Mrs. Mary Jane Earle, Mrs Frances Isabella Hickey, Mrs. Sophia Wright, Misses Mary Poynton, Mary Thomas, Sophia Wright, Mary Wright, Charlotte Delamaine, Anna Delamaine, Emily Stewart, and Charlotte Noyes, Miss Caroline Grigg, Miss Louisa Grigg and Master Christopher Grigg, Children; Captain W. Thomas, many years Commander in the Country Service Lieut John Lucas Earle 8th Regt. N. I Mr. Wm Hickey, Mr. Wm. Halford, and Mr. Thomas Grigg.

For Madras.

Mrs. Waters, Miss Mary Ann Tully. Miss Catharine Campbell, Captain Thomas Douglas 5th Regt N. I Captain John Palmer, 5th Light Cav Lieut George Murcel, 8th Regt. N I. Lieut Robert Waters, 8th Regt. N. I. and Lieut. Charles H Gibb, 12th Regt N I.

EXPECTED TO SAIL.

In a day or two.

The Ship *Elizabeth*, Captain W. Ostler, for London, via Madras.

DEPARTURES.

From Calcutta

August

22. Brig *Brothers*, Captain C M'Nicol, for Madras.
25. French Ship *Adele*, Captain S. F P. Deplessey, for Havre de Grace.
— Ship *Bengal*, Captain G Woodward, for Liverpool.
— Ship *Georgiana*, Captain G Rogers, for Madras
— American Ship *Cadmus*, Captain R. Brumley, for New York.
26 Bark *Amboyna*, Captain D Wilson, for Madras
27 Ship *Tottenham*, Captain C Davey, for Madras and London.
— Ship *Prince Regent*, Captain J Richmond, for Madras, Cape and Greenock

PASSED TO SEA

During the Week.

The *Cambridge*, *Isabella* and *Eliza*.

MADRAS.

ARRIVALS.

August 2d, Schooner Swallow, Captain H. Rudland, from Estamookala 28th July.—6th Ship Oracabessa. Captain David Thompson, from Mauritius 17th July.

DEPARTURES.

July 31st, Ship Heroine, Captain J. L. Garrick, for London.—August 2d, Brig Orraglair la Maria, Captain L. Moulen, for Calcutta.—3d H. C. Ship Minerva, Captain John Mills, for Calcutta.—Do. Schooner Eliza, Captain L. Gurrie for Pondicherry.

BOMBAY.

ARRIVALS.

July 22d, Ship Dadaloy, J. Orton, from Calcutta.
Ditto, 24th, Ship Cornwall, Wm. Richardson, from Bushire.
Ditto, 26th Ship Bombay, Merchant (Free Trader) John Clarkson, from London, 2d April.

PASSENGERS.

Per Cornwall.—Lieut. G. Madden of H. M. 65th Regt. Lieut. E. Searight of the Bombay Marine.
Per Bombay Merchant.—Captain A. B. Campbell, Lieut. Addison, Mrs. Addison, Mr. H. Fawcett, H. C. Treasdale, S. B. Wilson, E. Carthew, D. Liddle, C. Johnstone.

DEPARTURES.

June 20th, Ship England, John Reay, to London.
Do. do. Ship Brampton, Wm. Green, to London.
Do. do. Brig Hibernia, L. Emmet, to the Isle of France.
Do. 21st, Portuguese Ship Europa, Antonio, da Luz, to Rio de Janeiro.
Do. 22d, Ship Susan, J. C. Collingwood to Calcutta.
Do. do. Grab Ship Futty Alvadood, William Richardson, to the Coast of Java.
Do. 23d, H. C. Cruizer Psyche, Lieut. I. M. Guy, to the Persian Gulph.
July 24th, The H. C. Ship Marquis Camden, Thos. Larkins, to China.
Do. Ship Vansittart, R. S. Dalrymple to China.
Do. Ship Inglis, Thos. Borradaile to China.
Do. Ship Essex, Captain Richard Nisbet, to China.
Do. 25th Ship Elizabeth (Free Trader) Thomas Harrison, to London.

PASSENGERS.

By England.—Capt. Lamb, late Master of the Leda, and Mrs. George Lamb, and son.

By Brampton,—Lieut. Clark, Assist. Surgeon Mitchel.

By Hibernia.—Major Hall, Lieut. E. Mason, Mr. and Mrs. Boyce, and child

By Susan.—Lieut and Mrs King, R G. Morris, Esq.

By Fortan Alvado.—Mr T. W. H. Dobinson,

By Indus.—Mr J. Dexan.

By Elizabeth.—Captain Blast, H. C. Marine Lieut, Dominicate, Mr. H. Dyson, H. C. M, Mrs, Tanner, H, C, M, and three children, Mr, Geo, Osborne.

NAUTICAL NOTICES.

The arrival of the Dadalov, from Bengal, has set our minds at rest with respect to the ship at anchor off Malwan, for she proves to be the identical ship, and her report states her having been seventeen days at anchor; that she lost two anchors, and, finally, was enabled to make her way to this port by taking a favorable slant of wind to attain an offing.

The circumstance of a ship getting near that part of the coast at this time of the year, though unusual, has happened before, and can only be attributed to an error in their reckoning. A remarkable instance of this happened about the year 1787, which it may be as well to quote premising that neither Lunar observation or Time-Keepers were much in fashion.

The Ship Henry, Captain George Galloway, bound from Madras to Bombay, in the S. W. monsoon being by their reckoning sufficiently to the westward of the Lacadivas, and on the Equator, hauled up North for Bombay when to their great surprize they made Pigeon Island in Latitude 14 00 N finding an error of 10 or 11 degrees in their Longitude; but now they escaped being wrecked, on the numerous Islands and shoals they must have passed—excites wonder and ment. This Ship the Henry after beating about for some days arrived at Bombay in safety

This does not appear however to be the case of the Dadalov, for her reckoning appears to have been corrected by a sight of the Eagle Islands, and that she actually, came up to the Westward of the Lacadivas.—and that after getting to the North ward of them, she was set on the coast, by light winds, and a heavy swell setting on the shore

The Indiamen sailed on Saturday, for China, and the Elizabeth for England, on Sunday

Madras

The Funeral of the late *Nabob of the Carnatic* took place yesterday at Noon.—The ceremony was conducted with appropriate Military Honors.—The Flag at the Fort was hoisted half-mast high the whole day.—Minute Guns, the number corresponding to the Age of *His Highness*, were fired from the Saluting Battery when the Procession began to move.

The Corpse was carried from the Palace of Shady Mahl to the principle Mosque in Triplican, through a street formed by the Body Guard of *the Right Honourable* THE GOVERNOR; the very small distance between the Palace and the place of interment admitting the formation of a greater number of Troops.

The NABOB was raised to the Musnud on the 31st July 1801, and during the whole period of his holding that elevated station, the conduct of *His Highness* was distinguished by the most cordial attachment to the Honorable Company.

The loss of this benevolent Prince is deeply lamented by the Government, by the Members of his illustrious Family, and his numerous dependents.

Accounts were received at the Presidency on Friday from Port Louis, of the death of Sir ALEXANDER ANSTRUTHER, Recorder of Bombay.—Sir ALEXANDER had long been ill of a dangerous complaint, and had proceeded to the Isle of France for the benefit of his health; but he expired on the 16th ultimo.—In consequence of this event Sir GEORGE COOPER to the Senior Puisne Judgeship of this Bench, is making immediate preparations to proceed overland to Bombay by Tippal, to fill the vacant Judgeship. The learned Judge intends to leave the Presidency in the course of the week.

Two new Judges have been appointed to Ceylon in the room of the late Chief Justice,—Sir ALEXANDER JOHNSTONE, who has retired, and the late Sir WILLIAM COKE.—Mr. Justice GILFORD, the late Advocate Fiscal at Columbo, is appointed to the Puisne Justiceship.

The despatches for the *Windsor* and *General Kydd* were expected to be closed last evening, as they are reported ready for sea, and they will probably sail for Penang and China in the course of this day or to-morrow. They are unusually late this season.

PASSENGERS.

Per General Kydd—Major Birchman, H. M. 30th Regiment, for England—Captain J. Reddie, for Penang.

Per Windsor.—Mrs Jourdan; Master Jourdan; Lieut. and Brevet Captain H. G. Jourdan, of the 10th Regt. N. I. for England—J. Blackburn, Esq. J. Shaw, Esq and Mr. C. F. Miller, China.

The *Carnatic* and *Thomas Grenville* are expected to sail for their ultimate destination in about a fortnight.

The *Catherine*, Captain Knox, taken up by the Honorable Company for one voyage, will probably be the next arrival from England. She was at Deal on the 21st of April.

His Majesty's Ship *Caron*, came in from Masulipatam on Sunday.

MARQUIS OF HASTINGS.

It has been currently reported that a grant of £5000 a year had been granted to this Nobleman by the East India Company, but we find on looking over our despatches that a Court

of Proprietors was held on the 21 of April, at the India House, to consider the propriety of granting an annuity of 5000£ from the territorial revenues of India for twenty years to the Marquis of Hastings, in such a manner as the Directors might chuse. Mr. Patti-on the Chairman informed the meeting that he had received a letter from the President of the Board of Control, stating that he forwarded the opinion of the Attorney and Solicitor General respecting the illegality of this grant. Mr. Jackson then moved the adoption of another proposition which had been submitted to the Directors—to grant 60 000£ to the Noble Marquis to be vested in Trustees for his benefit. He thought this plan would be more acceptable to the Marquis than an annuity. This motion was objected to as irregular, and Mr. Jackson therefore moved an adjournment, which was carried.

The *Albion*, free trader, was to leave England on the 5th of May for Madras, calling only at Madeira.

The free trader *Mary*, Captain Browne, was under an engagement to sail from Gravesend for the Isle de France about the end of the month.

The Indiamen which arrived on Thursday Evening brought several boxes of Letters, which are ready for delivery.

The *Carnatic* spoke the *Matilda* and *Commander* [illegible] in Latitude N. 15 50.—Lon. W 25°. 42 [illegible] *Lord Castlereagh*, for China, in Lat. S 37°. 20' [illegible]. Long. [illegible] spoke H. M. Ship *Magecienne*, from St Helena for England, and learnt that the H. C. Ships *Bombay*, *Herefordshire*, and *William Pitt* had arrived at St Helena. Nothing particular regarding Napoleon.

The *Catherine*, Captain Knox, bound for Madras, was at Deal on the 19th April, ready for sea

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Bombay.

(From the Bombay Gazette.)

A CASE, NOT, INCURIOUS AT WHIST.

Mr. Editor,

An insertion of the following in your next Gazette, will oblige

Yours,

WHISTOPHIL.

In the event of a Revoke, says Father Hoyle (Quere, whether exactly so in the first edition) "the adversaries may add 3 to "their own score or take 3 tricks from the revoking party, or "take 3 tricks from their score."—Now, the first and last of these methods are unexceptionable, nevertheless any case, I believe

making the penalty more than a loss of 3 points, which is all intended The middle mode, I think, should be discarded, because it will sometimes happen (not always) that the interest of the game to the revoking party is lessened 4 points instead of 3. B G A & B are parties at Whist—A. the revoking party, we say, has already 4 points scored — B nothing, at the end of the hand in which the revoke is made. — A we say, has 7 tricks, and B 6. In consequence of the revoke, B takes 3 tricks from A's heap and puts it to his own, and is thereby 3 by cards, which he scores.—A. remains at 4 This makes a difference of 4 points in the interest of the game to A instead of 3 as had no revoke been made, he would have scored 5 and B. nothing. Take the other method, Let B. take down 3 from A's score, at the conclusion of the hand A with his odd trick scored, will be 2. and B. nothing In one case, then, it stands (the middle mode) A. 4. B. 3. the other A. 2. B 0 Now, Mr. Editor, if I am not Otherwise, instead of Cockerwise, there is a difference of one point between these statements. Q. E. D.

The fall of rain during this last week has been very great, and in general their has been a want of wind, particularly on Friday; the Tides have been strong and the water smooth, so that the ships experienced no difficulty in getting to sea.

Gulf of Persia—Accounts brought from this quarter by the Cornwall, who came in on Saturday, mention that the Imaum was preparing for the invasion of Ras el Khyma, both by sea and land A letter from Bahrein states that two Joasmees boats had been there, for the purpose of disposing of their Prize goods chiefly consisting of piece goods both European and Indian, and of property plundered from the Madras Brig.

Our readers may also recollect, the report of a ship, having been burnt off Cape Ras-el-had, this has been confirmed by the arrival of the Cornwall who has brought one of her crew. The ship in question was an Arab ship, bound from Bengal to Mocha, and not been able to repulse the attack, of several Joasmee pirates, the Nocada gallantly blew her up, but not so effectually as to prevent the Joasmees taking possession of her after the explosion; they accordingly plundered her and then sunk her, taking out such of the crew that has escaped the explosion, some of whom, with the person who arrived here in the Cornwall, were taken out of the Joasmee boat, by the Honourable Company's Cruizer Mercury.

Mocha.—The Anglo Indian ship Batteh Islam, arrived on Sunday from this place. She brings no news of consequence either political or commercial.

Gulf of Persia.—The ship that arrived on Saturday from Muscat, confirms the report of the Imaum's preparations for the attack of Rasel Khyma, but how far his political calculations

first lesson in reading the Persian or Arabic Alphabet, which was followed by the Shurgusht or grand procession round the city by the torch light which was truly splendid, consisting of many thousand Torches, coloured Lanthorns, transparent figures, blue lights, fire works and every variety of show that could be seen in an eastern Sowaree. The latter part of this ceremony was celebrated by a very splendid Dinner given by the Newaub at his palace to the European Gentlemen then at Ellichpore; fit pains was spared to make everything most agreeable and pleasant. The two Grand Halls which farce each other, were splendidly put up by beautiful Chandeleirs, and an immense number of large Lamps and wall Shades, which being most tastefully fixed in the Hall and Verandah, formed a pleasing contrast, and a set of the Eastern Architecture to the greatest advantage. The enclosed Court or Garden between the two Halls was grandly illuminated by many thousand little Lamps placed on each side of the Court (which is more than 200 feet long) on the palisades in two rows and their reflection from the large fountain and Jet d'eau in the centre had a grand effect. The native Music and Nautch added much to the hilarity of the Evening as they had put on rich Dresses and entertained us with a few Persian songs. On our going away we were presented with utter and garlands of flowers. The old Newaub and his family shook hands, with us, and we departed highly delighted with the attention and pleasure we had experienced, and which would have done honour to the most lightened European nobleman. The old Newaub though more than sixty years old, is very active, and perhaps as good if not a better horsemen than any of his *Siladars*. His kindness and wish to please all ranks of society makes him much liked by all who have any communication with him.

P. S. It is rather extraordinary we did not feel the shock of the Earthquake of the 17th June at Umrutee, but it was sensibly felt at Ellichpore, about 30 miles N. Westerly, and water was thrown out of the fountain in the palace, &c. &c.

The Cholera Morbus, still continues about us, there has been no material variation here for some weeks in the number of cases which occur daily, and this formidable disease is not certainly so generally prevalent on this island as it was in the month of May, but we are sorry to hear that of late some very serious cases have occurred on Colabah. An officer of H. M. 47th Regt. a few days ago, had a very serious attack, and his life was saved only by immediately administering the proper medecines, three privates also of the same regiment have died of it.

It appears from the latest accounts that this disease has abated for some weeks past generally in the northern and southern Konkan, and also on Salsettee; it still exists, however, in those districts and continues prevalent in the Callian, and Bhewndy districts in particular.

unexceptionable, never in any case, I believe

with the Pacha of Egypt will allow him to act, is not yet ascertained; for that some jealousy already exists between those powers, and that the Pacha has been temporizing since his occupation of Dheriah, is evident enough; and, after all, it is perhaps the best policy as the Religious prejudices of the Mahomedan would condemn the whole nation of the Wahabees to extirpation. We are convinced that a treaty of commerce may be entered into with these states that would be beneficial to both parties. The size and equipment of their vessels might be so prescribed as to make them unfit for the purpose of war, and a factory might be established at their capital.

On Friday last, the friends of Lady Grant Keir, gave her Ladyship's farewell Ball and Supper at Lowjee Castle.

The Ball was opened by Mr. Bell, and Lady Keir, and followed up by all the beauty and fashion of our little Island, through several successive sets. At 1 o'clock about 200 persons sat down to an excellent Supper.

After the usual toasts were given, Mr. Bell addressed Lady Keir in a neat and appropriate speech, expressive of his regret, and of that of the whole settlement in the prospect of losing her Ladyship so soon.

And on "a speedy and safe passage to her Ladyship and the Katharine Forbes" being given, the acclamations made the *welkin roar.*

After Supper the merry dance was resumed, and kept up to an early hour.

Ceylon.

Head Quarters: Colombo, 21st July 1819.

GENERAL ORDERS.

His Royal Highness The Commander in Chief has been pleased to approve of Lieut. Colonel Andrew Hamilton, on the Half Pay of the 4th West India Regiment, being appointed Aid-de-Camp to Major General Sir Edward Barnes, K. C. B. and also to approve of Lieut. George Hutchinson, of the late Staff Corps of Cavalry, to be Extra Aid-de-Camp to the Major General.

July 22, 1819.

Major General Sir Edward Barnes, K. C. B. appointed to the Staff of the Army serving in Ceylon, having arrived—All Reports are to be made to the Major General by the respective Officers of the Staff as the Second in Command of that Army—and the details of the Army will be conducted by The Major General under the direction of the Commander of the Forces.

(Signed) G. W. WALKER,
Dep. Adjt. Genl.

MARRIAGES, BIRTHS, AND DEATHS,

ANNOUNCED SINCE OUR LAST NUMBER.

MARRIAGES.

July.

5. At Bombay, Lieutenant G. W. Blachley, 7th N. I. to Miss M. A. G. Parkhurst.

11. At St John's Cathedral, by the Revd. Mr. Parson, Capt Wm. Daller, of the Country Service, to Mrs Jessmina Tapson.

14. At Madras, Charles Maitland Bushby, Esq. Civil Service, to Mary Catherine, eldest daughter of the late Col. Andrew McCally.

19. Mr. Charles Lefevre, to Miss Mary Hall, eldest daughter of Henry Hall, Esq.

20. At St. George's Church, by the Revd. Edward Vaughan, Senior Chaplain, P. Cleghorn, Esq. of Bonafield, Fifeshire and Barrister at Law at Madras, to Isabella, youngest Daughter of the late Thomas Allan, Esq Edinburgh

21. At Patna, by the Revd Mr. Nugent, Chaplain of Dinapore, Mr. George Burnet, son of Lieut. Col. J Burnet, to Miss Sophia W. Jacob.

27. At Barackpore, by the Revd. Mr. Hawtayne, George James Morris, Esq of the Civil Service, to Miss Caroline Craufurd

28. At St. John's Cathedral, by the Rev. J. Parson, Mr. Thos Forth, Apothecary of the Hon'ble Comyany's Medical Service, and attached to His Majesty's 17th Regiment of Foot, to Mrs. Elizabeth Edgeworth.

August.

2. At St. John's Cathedral, by the Revd J Parson, Capt. G N. Savage, H. M 17th Regt. to Anna Sophia Sisson, widow of the late Thomas Sisson, Esq. of the Hon'ble Company's Civil Service, and third daughter of of Holcott.

At Madras, the Rev W Roy, Chaplain of Masulipatam, to Anna Catherine, eldest daughter of E. J. Giscoigne, Esq. Deputy master attendant.

9 By the Revd. Mr. Corrie, Mr James Waite, to Miss M. Archer

10 At the Cathedral, by the Revd. Mr Corrie, Mr. James Wood, to Miss Mary Birmingham.

13. At Cawnpore, by the Rev. Mr. Hastings, Mr. J. H. Love, Artillery steward, to Miss Elizabeth Green.

14 Captain Wm. Crocker, of H M 17th Foot, to Miss Eliza Stokes.

23 Henry Manning, Esq of the civil service to Miss Sarah Caroline Russell, daughter of Lieut General Russell, of the Bengal Establishment.

At Bombay, Mr. Nadir Baxter, to Miss Isabella Goter, Daughter of H. Goter, Esq. of London.

24. At the Cathedral, by the Rev. Wm Carey, Lieut. William Carse, of H. M. 17th Foot, to Margarett Parker Berkeley Keene, youngest Daughter of the late James Hayton Keene, Esq. of Calcutta.

BIRTHS.

JUNE.

At Baroda, the Lady of V. C. Kemball, Esq. of a Son.

15. At Poonah, Mrs. Robert Bennet, of a Son.

19 At Penang, the Lady of J. L. Phipps, Esq. of the Civil Service, of a Son.

21. At Malwan, the Lady of V. Hale, Esq of a Daughter.

27. At Pondicherry, the Lady of L. Fondclair, Esq. of a Daughter.

28. At Bangalore, the Lady of Capt Benjamin Blake, 1st Batt 23d Native Infantry, of a Daughter.

29. At Madras, the Lady of Lieut. Fullerton, of the Engineers, of a Daughter.

At Bombay, Mrs. James Taylor, of a Daughter.

30. At Penang, the Lady of Lieut. H. Burney, Military Secretary to the Hon. the Governor, of a Son.

JULY.

2. At Pondicherry, the Lady of J. Benjamin, Esq of a Son.

5. At Nagpore, the Lady of Lieut. T. Crichton, 1st Batt. 25th N. I. of a Son.

11. At Hoshudgabad, the Lady of Lieut. Col. Alexander Duncan, 2d Regt. of a Son.

16. At Madras, the Right Hon. Lady Elizabeth MacGregor Murray, of a Son.

17. Same place, the Lady of Lieut. Col. Blacker, C. B. Qr. Mr. Gen. of a Son.

18. At Moradabad, the Lady of Captain A. Christie, of a Son and heir.

At Seetapore, the Lady of Lieutenant Colonel Shapland C. B. 2d Battalion 25th Regiment N. I. of a Daughter.

Mrs. Lallament, of a Daughter.

23. At Madras, Mrs. Simpson, relict of the late William Simpson, Esq. of a Daughter.

At Futty-ghur, the Lady of Lieut. A. Smith, 25th, Regt. Native Infantry, of a still born infant.

24. At Gorruckpore, the Lady of Captain John Gerrard, of a Daughter.

At Cawnpore, the Lady of Lieutenant C. D. O. Apin, of a Son.

25 At Tellichery, the Lady of T. H. Baber, Esq Civil Service, of a Son.

26. At Dum Dum, the wife of Mr. John Grace Powell, (Gunner in the Regiment of Artillery and Nephew of Colonel Grace, of the same Regiment,) of a Daughter.

28. At the house of her father, the Rev. T. Thomason, the Lady of Captain Stephen of Engineers, of a Son.

29. At Rungpore, the Lady of C. R. Richardson, Esq. of a Daughter.

At Husingabad, the Lady of G. Webb, Esq. Assistant Surgeon 45th N. I. of a Son.

30. At Midnapore, Mrs. Anne M. Silvester, the wife of Mr. Valentine Silvester, head Clerk to the Judge and Magistrate of that station, of a son and Heir.

The Lady of Captain George Nicholls, of the ship Philippa, of a Son and Heir.

31. At Madras, the Lady of J. D. White, Esq. acting Member of the Medical Board, of a Daughter.

At Chingleput, the Lady of Captain James Taylor, 20th N. I. of a Son.

AUGUST.

1. At Cawnpore, the Lady of

Captain J.H. Cave, of a daughter.

2 Mrs. Samuel Greenway, of a Daughter.

6. The Lady of the Hon. Sir John Newbolt, Chief Justice, of a Son.

Mrs. Cockburn, of a Son.

The Lady of J. O'B. Tandy, Esq. of the Civil Service, of a Son.

7. The Lady of Captain C. H. Bean, of a Daughter.

8. At the Botanic Garden, the Lady of N. Wallich, Esq. Superintendent, of a Daughter.

9. The Lady of George Eaan Law, Esq. of the Civil Service, of a Son.

At Bareilly, the Lady of Lieut. J. J. Hamilton, 4th N. Regt of a Son.

11. At her father's house, Mrs, Crook, of a Daugter.

The Lady of T. B. Swinhoe, Esq. Attorney at Law, of a Daughter.

12. At Bhaugleepore, the Lady of W. J. Lemarchand, Esq of a Son.

At Coel, the Lady of Capt. G. D'Aguliar, 13th N. I. of a Daughter,

13. The Lady of P. Turnbull, Esq. of a Daughter.

15. The wife of Mr. James Broders, junior, of a Daughter.

At Chinsurah, at the house of her father, the Hon'ble D. A. Overbeck, the lady of Captain P. Dewal, of the 30th Native Infantry, of a Son.

16. Mrs. Ann Nicholas, of a Daughter.

19. At Dacca, Mrs. Ross, of a Daughter.

27. Mrs. Miller, of a still-born male child.

DEATHS.

JULY.

5. At Wallajahbad, Major J. S. Lynch, of the Royal Scots.

At the same place, Petornelle, the wife of Mr. Conductor W. Hill.

7. At Nussurabad in Rajpootana, Lieut. Robert Canty, Quarter-master of the 2d Batt. 19th Regiment. This gentleman, in the prime and vigour of life, fell a victim to that epidemic which now so fatally ravages India, after a lingering trial of 12 days in which his friends and relatives had flattered themselves with many symptoms of convalescence, and strong hopes that he would be spared to them. He possessed no small portion of taste and information, was active and intelligent, and in upright and honourable principles was excelled by no man. He has left a large family to deplore a loss, to them irreparable and singularly distressing.

At Nurdah, in the district of Baugulpore, Mr. John Clark, Son of Captain Alex. Clark, of Inverness.

10. At Cuddapah, Benjamin Randall, Esq. Commercial Resident in the ceded Districts.

13. At Muttra, Capt. G. Barker, of the 12th N. I.—universally regretted.

14. At St. Thome, the Right Rev. Fre Joze de Grase, acting Bishop of the Roman Church.

20. George Templer, Esq. Commercial Resident at Jungypore.

22. At Almorah, Lieut. John Bateman, Interpreter and Quarter Master of 1st Battalion 13th N. I. of a Typhus fever contracted by continual exposure to the sun.

AUGUST, 1819.—*Thirty-one Days.*

PHASES OF THE MOON.

○	Full Moon, .	6d.	3h.	51m.	Morning.
☾	Last Quarter, . .	13	0	7	Ditto.
●	New Moon, . .	21	3	7	Ditto.
☽	First Quarter, . .	24	9	21	At Night
⊙	Enters, ♍ . . .	24	7	9	Morning.

HIND. MONTH.	DS. MON.	ENG. DS. WK.	ENG. DS. MON.	OBSERVABLE DAYS, &c. &c.	MOON'S AGE.	SUN RISES.	SUN SETS	HIGH WATER AT CALCUTTA. MORN.		EVEN.	
					D.	H M	H.M.	H.	M	H.	M
SRABONE, 1226.	18	C	1	8th Sund. aft. Trin. Lammas	11	5 28	6 32	10	36	11	0
	19	M	2	[Day, Ld. Nelson's vict	12			11	24	11	48
	20	T	3	[off the Nile, 1800	13	5 29	6 31	12	12	12	38
	21	W	4		14			1	0	1	24
	22	T	5	[Glorious Lord	15	5 30	6 30	1	48	2	12
	23	F	6	Full Moon. Transfig. of our	16			2	30	3	0
	24	S	7	Name of Jesus. Prin. Amelia	17	5 31	6 29	3	2	3	48
	25	C	8	9th Sund. after Trin. [born	18			4	12	4	36
	26	M	9		19	5 32	6 28	5	0	5	24
	27	T	10	St. Lawrence. [1740	20	5 33	6 27	5	48	6	12
	28	W	11	Duchess of Brunswick born	21	5 34	6 26	6	36	7	0
	29	T	12	Prince of Wales born 1762.	22			7	24	7	48
	30	F	13		23	5 35	6 25	8	12	8	36
	31	S	14	[Assumption.	24			9	0	9	24
	32	C	15	10th Sunday after Trinity.	25	5 36	6 24	9	48	10	12
BHUDDUR, 1226.	1	M	16	Duke of York born 1763.	26			10	36	11	0
	2	T	17		27	5 37	6 23	11	24	11	48
	3	W	18		28			12	12	12	36
	4	T	19		29	5 38	6 22	1	0	1	24
	5	F	20	[New Moon	30	5 39	6 21	1	48	2	12
	6	S	21	Duke of Clarence bn. 1765	1	5 40	6 20	2	36	3	0
	7	C	22	11th Sunday after Trinity.	2			3	25	3	51
	8	M	23		3			4	16	4	42
	9	T	24	St. Bartholomew.	4	5 41	6 19	5	7	5	33
	10	W	25		5			5	58	6	24
	11	T	26		6	5 42	6 18	6	49	7	15
	12	F	27		7	5 43	6 17	7	40	8	0
	13	S	28	St. Augustin	8	5 44	6 16	8	31	8	57
	14	C	29	12th Sunday after Trin. St	9			9	22	9	48
	15	M	30	[John Bap. beheaded.	10	5 45	6 15	10	13	10	38
	16	T	31		11	5 46	6 14	11	4	11	30

THE CALCUTTA
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Calcutta.

MILITARY.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE MOST NOBLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM; 21ST AUGUST, 1819.

The Most Noble the Governor General in Council is pleased to make the following Promotion, and Adjustment of Rank.

Artillery Regiment.

Major Clements Brown to be Lieutenant Colonel from the 2d of August, 1819, vice Butler, deceased.

Captain George Swiney to be Major;—First Lieutenant William George Walcot to be Captain of a Company. } *From the 2d Aug. 1819, in succession to Brown, promoted.*

Medical Department.

Acting Superintending Surgeon Robert Lowe to be Superintending Surgeon, from the 14th of March, 1819, vice O'Neil, deceased.

Senior Assistant Surgeon Alexander Halliday, to be Surgeon, with rank from the 29th of June, 1819, vice Howell, deceased.

Adjustment of Rank.

Surgeon John Stephens, date of rank 14th March, 1819, vice Lowe, promoted.

Surgeon James Mellis, M. D. 9th May, 1812, vice Bunce, deceased.

Surgeon Angus Hall ditto 21st May, 1819, vice Balfour, deceased.

His Lordship in Council is pleased to make the following Appointments.

Colonel Loveday of the 20th Regiment of Native Infantry, to the permanent Government Command of the Troops at Agra, and Muttra; with the temporary rank of Brigadier, vice Brevet Colonel Richard Frith, deceased.

Sub-Assistant Commissary General Lieutenant David Bruce, of the 13th Regiment of Native Infantry, to be an Assistant Commissary General, from the 22d April, 1819, vice Major George Becher, who has proceeded to Europe on Furlough.

Acting Sub-Assistant Commissary General Lieut. J. Syme, of the 19th Regiment of Native Infantry, to be a Sub-Assistant Commissary General, vice Bruce.

Deputy Assistant Quarter Master General, Lieut. Palmer, of the 3d class, to be a Deputy Assistant Quarter Master General of the 2d class, vice Browning, removed to the Commissariat Department.

BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE MOST NOBLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM: 25th August, 1819.

[illegible] General in Council.

[illegible] Pay, for [illegible] Surgeon, vice Ainslie, removed to Patna

Assistant Surgeon Andrew [illegible] ant at the Presidency General Hospital, vice Ha[illegible]

Officiating Assistant Surgeon John M[illegible] form the Medical duties at the Civil Station of Mymensing, vice Stephens.

Mr R. Nighland, having been reported duly qualified by the Medical Board, is to do duty as an Assistant Surgeon on this Establishment, with temporary Rank in the Army.

Officiating Assistant Surgeon R. Nighland to perform the Medical duties at the Civil Station of Howrah, vice MacRa, appointed Surgeon to His Excellency the Commander in Chief.

Mr. Hawkins to be a sub-Assistant in the Training Department of the Honorable Company's Stud, vice Lieutenant Hanbury, deceased.

Mr. Charles Mackinnon, having produced a counterpart covenant of his Appointment as an Assistant Surgeon on this Establishment, is admitted to the Service accordingly.

The leave of absence granted in General Orders of the 12th December, 1818, to Lieutenant W. Oliphant of the Artillery Regiment, to proceed to Sea, for the benefit of his health, is commuted to a furlough to Europe on the same account, from the 18th January, 1819, the date of the Ship Sovereign's Sailing from Bengal, on which he embarked.

The conditional extension by the Local Government at Prince of Wales Island, of the leave of absence granted by the Supreme Government in General Orders of the 12th of September, 1818, to Ensign Edward James Smith, of the corps of Engineers, is confirmed by his Lordship in Council for a period of six Months, from the 18th of May last.

In continuation of General Orders of the 24th of October 1809 the Governor General in Council is pleased to authorize an allowance of One Sonat Rupee per diem to be passed to Conductors and Sub-Conductors who may either resign or be dismissed the service under the same rules as therein laid down for Commissioned Officers similarly circumstanced.

W. CASEMENT, Lieut. Col.

Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept

GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE MOST NOBLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM; 21st August, 1819.

Lieutenant W. Barnett, of the 27th Regiment of Native Infantry, has been permitted by the Honorable the Court of Directors to return to his duty on this Establishment, without prejudice to his rank.

The Governor General in Council is pleased to make the following transfers.

Cornet R. E. J. Kerr, from the 4th (Sneyd's) to the 1st Rohillah Cavalry.

Lieutenant Cave and Cornet T. B. Smith, from the 4th Rohilla Cavalry to the 2d Nusseree Battalion, the former in his present rank and the latter as Ensign.

Such Officers as would prefer the receipt of this [illegible]ry, which has been published for them, [illegible]
[illegible]rmoor [illegible] of donation per mensem is, [illegible]
Lieuten[illegible]net or Ensign [illegible] the 3d Rohilla Cavalry to [illegible] he eby, their present rank.
Assistant [illegible] to them [illegible] the regular establishment, is promoted to th[illegible]

W. CASEMENT, Lieut. Col.

Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE MOST NOBLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM: 21st AUGUST, 1819.

Intelligence having been received of the demise of His Excellency the Nuwaub of the Carnatic—The Governor General in Council is pleased to direct, that Minute Guns, to the number of forty-five, corresponding with the years of the deceased, be fired from the Ramparts of Fort William.

By Command of His Excellency the Governor General in Council,

(Signed) C. T. METCALFE,

Sec. to the Govt.

(A true Copy,)

W. CASEMENT, Lieut. Col.

Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept

GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE MOST NOBLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM; 21st AUGUST, 1819.

Doubts having been entertained of the applicability of the General Orders of the 7th of November, 1818. to the case of Serjeants of European Corps, when transferred to the Invalid Establishment; the Most Noble the Governor General in Council is pleased to resolve, that all European Invalids, whether Privates or Non-Commissioned Officers, shall receive the same Pay as they drew with their Corps at the period of their transfer to the Non-Effective List.

His Lordship in Council also resolves, that Drummers and Fifers of the European Invalid Establishment, shall receive the rates of Pay, drawn by a Gunner of Artillery or Private of Infantry, after fourteen (14) years effective service, as they may be invalided from the Artillery or Infantry branch of the service. This indulgence is restricted to Men invalided subsequently to the period from which augmented rates of Pay to European Soldiers were granted.

W. CASEMENT, Lieut. Col.

Sect. to Govt. Mil. Dept

GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE MOST NOBLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM: 25th AUGUST, 1819.

The Batta and other Allowances for July and Pay, fo[illegible] Palme[illegible] Governor of the Troops at the Presidency, and at the oth[illegible] Surgeon, vice including Benares, will be issued on or after Mo[illegible] ant at the Pre-

W. CAS[illegible]
Sec[illegible]

form the Me[illegible]
Stephens.
[illegible]ified by the
[illegible] this Esta-

GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE MOS[illegible] VERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM; 28TH AUGUST, 181[illegible]

[illegible]edical

The Governor General in Council is pleased to direct, [illegible] lowing Extracts of General Letters from the Honorable th[illegible] Directors, in the Military Department, under dates the 30th [illegible] and 7th April 1819, be published in General Orders.

General Letter, 30th March, 1819.

PARA. 128. We have permitted Captain Charles J. Ridge to return to his rank on your Establishment.

129. We have permitted the undmentioned Officers belonging to your Establishment; severally to remain in England, until the departure from your Presidency of the first Company's Ships of next Season 1819—20; viz. Lieutenant Thomas Tristrid Cornet John Samuel Williams.

130. We have permitted Mr. Charles Mackinnon and Mr. John Mitchell Todd, severally to proceed to your Presidency as Assistant Surgeons; and we direct that they succeed as Assistant Surgeons on your Establishment; their rank will be settled at a future time.

General Letter, 7th April, 1819.

PARA. 18. We have appointed Mr. Thomas Sewell, now abroad a Cadet of Infantry on your Establishment, provided you shall be satisfied that he is not the Son of a Native Inman, or exceptionable in any other respect.

19. The friends of Mr. Sewell have delivered to us the necessary Certificate of his age, and his Order of Rank will be forwarded to you by an early Conveyance.

20. You will accordingly administer to him the usual Oath of Fidelity to the Company.

W. CASEMENT, Lieut. Col.
Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE MOST NOBLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM; 28TH AUGUST, 1819.

The Most Noble the Governor General in Council is pleased to authorize a donation of twelve months allowances to such Local Officers, attached to irregular Corps now under orders of disbandment as shall not have been continued on the Establishment at the period of reduction, by previous transfer to other Corps of the Army. The Officers entitled to this donation will consider themselves discharged from the Service, from the same date as that on which their respective Corps may be disbanded.

3d and 4th Corps of Rohilla Horse
2d and 3d Regiments of Ramporah Local Cavalry.
3d Corps of Skinner's Horse.

Such Officers as would prefer the receipt of this donation to the Cavalry, which has been published for them, will be allowed the option. Firmoor [illegible] of donation per mensem is, for a Lieutenant 200 Rupees, Lieutenant or Ensign 150 Rupees, and Deputy Pay Masters Cavalry to be hereby authorized to discharge the same, on bills Assistant [illegible] to them by the parties, duly vouched and attested.

promoted to th[illegible]

W. CASEMENT, Lieut. Col.
Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept

Head Quarters, Calcutta, 29th August, 1819.

GENERAL ORDERS.

Assistant Surgeon Finlayson of the 8th Light Dragoons will proceed to Berhampore in the Medical Charge of the *detail* of His Majesty's 59th Regiment, commanded by Captain Graham; after the junction of which with the Head-Quarters of that Corps, Assistant Surgeon Finlayson will proceed by Water to Ghurmuckteser Ghaut with all convenient expedition, and this being his first arrival in India, he is entitled to the indulgence of Boat Allowance under the Regulations of Government dated the 19th September 1818.

59th Regiment.

1 Major, 1 Captain, 5 Subalterns, 1 Assistant Surgeon, 5 Serjeants, and about [illegible] Rank and File.

The detail stated in the margin is daily expected, and upon its landing Major Gen. Wood will be pleased to make the necessary application for the usual means for its conveyance to Berhampore, where upon [illegible] without awaiting the period of the next monthly Return, [illegible] Commanding the Regiment will send a statement to the Adjutant General of His Majesty's Forces in India, in which all Absentees on the strength of the Battalion are to be particularly accounted for, whether in England, in India, or elsewhere.

The Lieutenant Colonel Commanding the Regiment will at the same time send in a return of the accoutrements, reporting upon their condition, and whether any deficiency appears in the appointments coming under the head of supplies by the Colonels of Corps. The earliest means will be taken to replace any Articles deficient, and the necessary communication will be made to His Royal Highness the Commander in Chief.

Opposite the deficiencies, remarks are to be made whether actually worn out, lost, or destroyed by accident, or otherwise.

By Order of the Most Noble the Commander in Chief.

THOS. M'MAHON,
Col. A. G.

Head Quarters, Calcutta, 31st August, 1819.

GENERAL ORDERS.

His Royal Highness the Prince Regent has been pleased in the name and on the behalf of his Majesty, to make the following promotions and appointment.

8th Light Dragoons.

Cornet Henry Fergusson, from the 9th Light Dragoons, to be Lieutenant by Purchase, vice Fraser, promoted, 25th February, 1819.

21st Light Dragoons.

Troop Quarter Master Miller Blair to be Regimental Quarter Master, vice Forterquieu, deceased, 21st January, 1819.

14th Foot.

Captain Gerald Rochfort, from the half pay of the Regiment, to be Captain of a Company, vice Thomas Dunn who exchanges, receiving the difference, 18th February 1819.

By Order of the Most Noble the Commander in Chief.

THOS. M'MAHON,
Col. A. G.

Head-Quarters, Calcutta, 24th August, 1819.

GENERAL ORDER.

Lieutenant Duke late of the Coldstream Guards, and at present an Ensign in His Majesty's 46th Regiment, is appointed an Extra Aid de Camp to His Excellency Lieutenant General Sir Thomas Hislop, vice Captain Sir John Gordon, who has resigned that situation.

By order of the Most Noble the Commander in Chief.

THOS. M'MAHON,

Head-Quarters, Calcutta, 24th August, 1819.

GENERAL ORDERS.

Captain Cloete of his Majesty's 21st Light Dragoons, will proceed his corps to England, where, upon his arrival, he is to report himself to and receive further Orders from the Adjutant General of the Forces, Horse Guards.

Lieutenant-Colonel Westcura, 8th Light Dragoons, agreeably to instructions he has received, will select 8 Non Commissioned Officers, who are to be attached to the 11th Dragoons until further orders, and are to be accounted for in the returns of the Royal Irish—"On Command"

Major General Sir D. Marshall will be pleased to order the Non Commissioned Officers to proceed from Meerut to Cawnpore as early as convenient by water.

By order of the Most Noble the Commander in Chief.

THOS. M'MAHON.

Col. A. G.

Head Quarters, Calcutta, 25th August, 1819.

GENERAL ORDER.

The Most Noble the Commander in Chief in India, is pleased to make the following appointment, until the pleasure of His Royal Highness the Prince Regent in the name and on the behalf of His Majesty shall be made known.

67th Foot

Alexander Pilford, Gent. to be Ensign without purchase, vice McDonald, promoted - - - - 1st April, 1819

By order of the Most Noble the Commander in Chief,

THOS. M'MAHON,

Col. A. G.

Head-Quarters, Calcutta, 26th August, 1819.

GENERAL ORDERS.

The Detail for His Majesty's 87th Regiment at present in Fort William, will be joined immediately by two Steady Serjeants and two Corporals of the 59th Regiment, who will be selected by Captain Graham.

These Non-Commissioned Officers will be relieved from the Head Quarters of the 59th Regiment upon their arrival at Berhampore, and the four Non-Commissioned Officers proceeding from that Station will be relieved by an equal number from His Majesty's 24th Foot at Ghazepore, who will proceed with the party under Lieutenant Young of the 8th Dragoons to Cawnpore.

The Non-Commissioned Officers of the 59th Regiment will return to [illegible] from Ghazeepore by the first convenient opportunity, as in [illegible] will be Non-Commissioned Officers of the 24th Foot from

The extension of leave of absence granted to Ensign Burney of His Majesty's 87th Regiment, by General Orders of the 16th ultimo, is cancelled, and the Ensign is directed to join and do duty with the above detail, with which he will proceed to Cawnpore by Water.

Ensign Nagel of His Majesty's 17th Foot, has leave of absence from his Corps for four months from this date, with permission to visit Masulipatam on his private affairs.

By Order of the Most Noble the Commander in Chief.

THOS. M'MAHON,

Col. A. G.

Head-Quarters, Calcutta, 28th August, 1819.

GENERAL ORDERS.

His Excellency the Commander in Chief, with the sanction of the Most Noble the Governor General, is pleased to direct that Major Colebrooke of the King's Artillery, Supernumerary Aide-de-camp, shall proceed to Bombay, under instructions which will be communicated to him, and on his arrival, he will place himself at the disposal of the Officer Commanding at that Presidency.

Lieut Webb of his Majesty's 69th Regiment (now at the Presidency) has his leave of absence extended to the 26th of October next, to enable him to join his Regiment.

By Order of the Most Noble the Commander in Chief.

THOS. M'MAHON,

Col. A. G.

SEPTEMBER 6,

The H. C. Ship *Princess Charlotte*, Captain GRIBBLE, has arrived at the New Anchorage, having left the Downs 24th of May. We have been kindly favored with a letter—and a price Current of 9712 chests of Indigo sold at the East India House, which documents, will be interesting to our Commercial readers.—We understand that the *Marchioness of Elg.* reached England on the 5th or 6th May; and as far as we have been able to learn, from private letters received, the passengers had all landed in good health. Should we collect any further particulars, they shall appear in a *Postscript.* —*We have great pleasure in giving publicity to the following* correspondence, which is equally creditableto all the parties:—

On board the H. C. ship Princess Charlotte of Wales; New Anchorage, 2d September, 1819.

To

CAPTAIN C. B. GRIBBLE.

DEAR SIR,

We the several Officers and Passengers, who have just arrived from England, in the Hon'ble Company's ship *Princess Charlotte of Wales*, under your command; being unanimous in our feelings of satisfaction and gratitude for the kind and liberal treatment, which we have experienced from you on the voyage, and desirous of expressing our sentiments before we take leave of you, have resolved to offer you our cordial thanks, and to request that together with them, as a more permanent token of our good wishes, you will accept a piece of plate of the value of one hundred Guineas, which will be presented to you the earliest opportunity.

We have the honor to be,

DEAR SIR,

Your sincere Friends, and obdt. Servants,

W. Robison, Lieut.-Col. H. M. 24th Foot.
G. Halford, Major, H. M. 59th Foot.
Francis Dickson, Captain, 21st N. I. Bengal Establishment.
Richard C. Andree, Captain, 4th N. I. Bengal Establishment.
J. Featherston, H. M. 24th Foot.
John Skertock, Paymaster, H. M. 87th Foot.
P. Benson Husband, Captain, H. M. 87th Foot.

John B. Pratt, Captain, 4th Bengal N. I.
Thomas A. Morgell, Lieutenant, 8th Light Dragoons.
George A. Pemberton, Lieutenant, 28th Bengal N. I.
Terenu O'Brien, Lieutenant, 87th Foot.
B. P. Browne, Lieut. 11th Light Dragoons.
A. Watson, Lieutenant, 24th Regiment.
William Mellis, Lieutenant, 24th Regiment.
William Jordan, Lieutenant, 11th Light Dragoons.
George Murray, Ensign, 24th Foot.
J. Robinson, Cornet, 8th Light Dragoons.
H. W. Hartley, Ensign, 24th Foot.
George Frankland.
G. Griffiths, Cadet.
V. Shortland, ditto.
L. Wilson, ditto.
G. Templer, ditto.
W. Garrett, ditto.
J. Stevens, ditto.

[To

LIEUTENANT-COLONEL ROBISON.

H. M. 24th Regt. C. B

DEAR SIR,

I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt, through you, of a letter from the several Ladies, Officers of H. M. 24th, 59th, 87th, 11th, 8th, H. C. 4th, 26th, and 28th Regiments, and Passengers, who did me the honor of taking their passage in this Ship from England, conveying their unanimous intention of presenting me with a Piece of Plate, value One Hundred Guineas.

I have to request, my dear Sir, that you will do me the favor of assuring the Ladies and Gentlemen, that I feel deeply impressed with this flattering mark of their attention and kindness to me, and that I beg they will accept my unfeigned thanks.

It was my good fortune to have had a party whose gentlemanly behaviour, and undeviating good fellowship, so essentially contributed to the harmony which has happily pervaded our society throughout the passage.—I feel this the more, as from their partiality and kindness, they have greatly overrated, any little attention I may have had the pleasure in shewing them.

Allow me to offer you my cordial thanks for the very handsome manner you were pleased to communicate the sen-

timents of those Ladies and passengers, for whom I shall always entertain the greatest respect and esteem.

I have the honor to be,
DEAR SIR,
With esteem, your obliged and faithful humble servant,
CHARLES B. GRIBBLE.

We collect from an advertisement, that an European, is about to open an Office, in one of the principal Bazars of Calcutta, for the purpose of ascertaining the quality and prices of provisions, purchased for families. We sincerely hope that he may experience encouragement,—for, the impositions to which the public are now subject, from Consummahs and other persons, who purchase Articles of daily consumption, are almost insupportable. It may be expected, that the parties who are likely to suffer by this attempt to check or diminish their *regular profits*, will oppose its operation by every means in *their* power,—and much time must elapse, before the opposition can be effectually overcome: but, a temperate and steady perseverence, on the part of the person, who has undertaken the office alluded to, assisted by the patronage of the principal families, and the support of the Magistrates, when frauds may be detected—will, in time, overcome all improper opposition. We are surprised, that among the many Europeans, who are now in Calcutta, it has not occurred to any of them, to establish themselves as *Butchers* and *Bakers*. We are persuaded, that if establishments of these descriptions shall be formed, they will receive every proper encouragement

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Extract from a Letter dated Moorshedabad.

" On the 27th of last month, a Boat laden with sundry Europe articles at the risk of the River Insurance Company, proceeding to the Upper Provinces, was attacked by a body of Decoits at Balloogunge near Sooty, who after wounding three of the dandies, robbed them, the Manjee and Peon of all their money and clothes, and broke open one of the chests, but finding that it contained *Beer*, they left it in that state and examined no further.—Report was immediately made to the thannadar of the district and acting magistrate Mr. F. MAGNIAC, who ordered immediate measures to be adopted to secure the fellows if possible and to prevent alike occurrence.

"Whilst upon this subject, I have great apprehension that the River Insurance Company will suffer much this year from the number of losses I have heard of. A few days since one of their Boats, having on board a considerable number of Dollars, was sunk about 3 coss from Gysabad, by the banks falling on her as they were tracking up; by which means one of the Brijebossies was drowned, and much fear is entertained I understand for its recovery."

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE

CALCUTTA.

ARRIVALS.

At Kedgeree.

AUGUST.

29. Ship *Elizabeth*, Captain R. H. Gibson, from Madras 10th August, and Eskapilly the 19th ditto.
30. Ship *Cracabessa*, Captain D Thomson, from the Isle of France 17th July, and Madras, and Kisnapatam 22d August.

SEPTEMBER.

1 H C Ship *Carnatic*, Captain Blanchard, from Madras the 20th August.
— H. C. Ship *Thomas Grenville*, Captain Munning, from ditto ditto.
3. Portuguese Ship *Sete De Marco*, Capt. A. F Roiz, from Rio de Janerio the 6th June.
4 H. C. Ship *Princes Charlotte of Wales* Captain Gribble
— H. C. Ship *Marquis of Wellington*, Capt. J. Wood, from England 24th May.
— Arab Ship *Nader Shuw*, Nacoda, from Judda 19th Aug.

Arrived off Calcutta.

SEPTEMBER.

1. The *Union*, and the *La Minerva*.
2. The *Cracabessa*.

PASSENGERS.

PER ELIZABETH.

From Madras.

Lieut. R. Inverarity Mr. James Barrett, Mariner, Fre Joao de St. Anna, Franciscan Priest.

From Penang.

Lieut. T. D L Davis, 2d Batt 20th N. I.

PER H. C. SHIP CHARLOTTE OF WALES.

Mrs Sherlock; Mrs. Pemberton; Mrs. Brown; Misses Keys, S. Keys, Smith, Buckingham; Col Robison, C. B.: Major Holford; Capts. Husband Dickson, Andree and Pratt; Paymaster Sherlock; Surgeon Featherstone; Lieuts. Pemberton, Watson, Mellis, O'Brien, Morgell, Brown, and Jordan; Cornet Robinson: Ensigns Hartly & Murry, Messrs Garrett, Wilson, Griffiths, Stevens; Shortland, and Templer, Cadets; Mr. Franklin.

PER MARQUIS OF WELLINGTON.

Mrs Hope: Mrs Wyatt, H Hope Esq Civil Service; J M McNabb Esq do; M McLeod, Esq M D. Assistant Surgeon: C W. Welshman, Esq M D Assistant Surgeon; -- Griffiths, Esq. Assist. Surgeon: - Fairlie, Esq. Lieut Col. Tidy, C B Lieuts. Brenan, G. Mackenzie, Fowler, Kent, Mansell, H. M 14th Regt with a detachment; Ensign Murray, H M 59th Regt with a detachment; Ensign Caruthers, H M. 17th Regt Ensign Cates, H M. 87th Regt. Messrs Wyatt, Cheap, Cooke, Campbell, Writers; Messrs. Fleming, White Wakefield, Cautly, Campbell, Roberts, McMorine, Moorshead, Halhed, McVitie and Corbett, Cadets; Mr Furbur Free Mariner.

EXPECTED TO SAIL.

In two or three days.

Ship *Monarch*, Captain D. Campbell, and Ship *Greenock*, Captain D. McLarty, for Greenock.

DEPARTURES.

From Calcutta.

AUGUST.

28. Ship *Windermere*, Captain A. Williams, for Liverpool.

31. Ship *Lord Cochrane*, Captain A. A. L. Williams, for London, via Madras and Cape.

Gone to Sea during the week.

The *Aurora*

The American Ship *Cadmus*.

The *Bengal*

The *Georgiana*, and

H. M. Sloop *Dauntless*.

BOMBAY.

ARRIVALS.

July 31st, Ship Governor Petrie, Capt. Wm. Bresbery, from Bussorah the 12th June, and touched at Bushire and Muscat.

August 1st Ship Futtay Salam, Nackudah Adum Adjee, from Mocha the 17th July 1819.

4th, Hon. Co's. Ship Bombay, Capt. Archibald Hamilton, from London and St. Helena: Portsmouth 1st March and St. Helena 11th June.

Ditto, Hon. Co's. Ship Herefordshire, Captain Wm. Hope, from London, St. Helena, not touched at any Port since.

PASSENGERS.

PER HEREFORDSHIRE.

Mr. Wm. Joseph Commine,—Assistant Surgeon,—Mr. Geo. Moore, Cadet,—Thomas Parr, Cadet,—Mr. Thos. C. Bridges. Volunteer for Bombay Marine.

Madras

We understand that the Honorable Sir George Cooper will proceed with Lady Cooper and Family, to Bombay by the *Reliance*, which sails for that Presidency about the end of this month, and by which he will probably arrive there as early or nearly so as he could have done by going overland to Mangalore, as originally intended.

Bombay.

On Wednesday evening, the Hon'ble Company's ships Bombay, Captain Hamilton, and Herefordshire, Captain Hope, anchored in this harbour, from London, and St. Helena. They left that island on the 11th June. The ex-Emperor Napoleon it was said was well but inaccessible. We are ignorant whether this difficulty of approach to him arises from the sullenness of offended dignity in Bonaparte, or from the restrictions imposed by his jealous keeper.

The Phœnix free trader, from this port 31st March last, for London, had arrived off St. Helena about a week before the departure of the H. C. ships. We have not heard of any other news these ships have brought, the letters and account from Eng-

land by them are of course all of an old date: but we find that in perfect conformity with the late system of forwarding letters by which all considerations of dispatch and regularity are disregarded, a packet mail was received, subjecting the persons to whom the letters are addressed to the high rate of 1s. 6d. a single letter, and to the absolute certainty of their being more than six weeks longer than usual in the passage.

We regret to learn that letters from Fort Victoria state the epidemic which has so long prevailed throughout India, to have visited the districts round that station with encreased violence during the last few weeks. This disease has been for many months past prevalent with more or less violence along the whole tract of country between Bombay and Fort Victoria, and seem to be travelling gradually southward, having already reached Chiptoor and Anjenwell.

Upon the appearance of this fatal malady in a village, the natives generally abandon the place for a certain time and take up their residence at some other; the disease is described as being in general but little felt after their return. The cases are less numerous this season than last, but unfortunately they are more fatal.

The following extract of a letter has been kindly handed to us.

"Kaira, 24th July, 1819.

"The last post from Bombay was dated the 7th instant, so that we have 18 posts due: you must have had immense fall of rain to the southward, which must have caused that delay of the post here—We had last night about 8 o'clock a great fall of rain accompanied with lightning and thunder, the lightning killed a Dragoon of the 17th Regiment and scorched two others that were with him. About half past ten, there was a slight shock of an Earthquake felt."

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Calcutta.

CIVIL APPOINTMENTS.

POLITICAL DEPARTMENT,

Fort William; 28th August, 1819.

Mr. E. Sterling to be an Assistant to the Resident for the States of Bundelkund, and Superintendant of the Nerbudda Territories.

Mr. J. Simson ditto ditto.

MILITARY.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE MOST NOBLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM; 28th August, 1819.

The Most Noble the Governor General in Council is pleased to make the following Transfer, Promotions, and Adjustment of Rank.

Infantry.

Lieutenant General Sir John Macdonald, K. C. B. is transferred to the Senior list from the 21st of March, 1819, vice Morgan, deceased in England.

Brevet colonel and Lieut. colonel James Tetley to be colonel of a Regiment, from the 21st of March, 1819, vice Macdonald, transferred to the senior list.

Major Robert Patton, C. B. to be Lieutenant colonel, vice Tetley, promoted, with Rank from the 1st of July, 1819, vice Francis, transferred to the Invalid Pension Establishment.

Major William Hill Perkins to be Lieutenant colonel, from the 1st of August, 1819, vice Weston, deceased.

5th Regiment of Native Infantry.

Captain Henry Huthwaite to be Major from the 1st of July, 1819, vice Patton, promoted.

29th Regiment of Native Infantry.

Captain John Delamain to be Major.
Lieutenant and Brevet Captain Hugh Morrieson to be Capt. of a Company.
} *From the 1st of August, 1819, in succession to Perkins, promoted.*

ADJUSTMENT OF RANK.

Infantry.

Lieutenant Colonel P. Keble, date of Rank 21st March, 1819, vice Tetley, promoted..

28th Regiment of Native Infantry.

Major J. J. F. Leith, date of Rank 21st March, 1819, vice Keble, promoted.

Captain C. H. Raymond, ditto 21st ditto, vice Leith, promoted.

Assistant Surgeon Skelton, on the Establishment of Fort St. George, having furnished the prescribed Certificate from the Medical Department, and an engagement from Mr. Fulton, of the House of Messrs. Mackintosh and Co. of calcutta, to be answerable for any demands that may hereafter be brought against him by Government, in lieu of the usual Pay Certificate, he is permitted to proceed to Europe, on furlough, for the benefit of his health.

Assistant Surgeon Henderson of the Medical Establishment, at Prince of Wales Island, having furnished the prescribed certificate from the Medical Department, is permitted to proceed to Europe, on furlough. for the benefit of his health.

His Lordship in Council is pleased to make the following promotions.

Ordnance Commissariat.

Troop Serjeant Major Christopher Prest, of the Horse Brigade, to be Sub-conductor of Ordnance, from the 2d June, 1819, vice Linton, whose promotion has not taken effect.

Serjeant Richard Brinsley Smith of the Regiment of Foot Artillery, to be Sub-conductor of Ordnance, from the 3d of June, 1819, vice Housden, promoted,

Gunner Bryan Dunn of the Invalid Pension Establishment, is permitted to reside and draw his Pension at the presidency.

An allowance of Five Sonat Rupees per mensem, is sanctioned for the Riding Master of the Horse Artillery, for each troop of that corps, not including the Rocket Troop, for cavisons, whips, &c. required for the horse drills.

W. CASEMENT, Leut. Col.
Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE MOST NOBLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM; 28TH AUGUST, 1819.

The Most Noble the Governor General in council is pleased to direct Major colebrooke of the Royal Artillery, and Supernumerary Aide de camp to the Governor General, to proceed to Bombay, under instructions which will be communicated to him, and on his arrival, he will place himself at the disposal of the Officer commanding the Forces at that Presidency.

W. CASEMENT, Lieut. Col.

Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE MOST NOBLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM; 28TH AUGUST, 1819.

The Most Noble the Governor General in council has great pleasure in publishing to the Army, the following Paragraphs of a General from Letter the Honorable the court of Directors, in the Military Department, under date the 30th of March, 1819, authorizing certain revised rates of compensation to Officers who may lose their Baggage and camp Equipage, under circumstances therein prescribed.

Reply to the General Military Letter dated 11th April, 1817.

110 *a* 22, Stating that Government having had recently under consideration the Rates of Compensation which are allowed to Officers for the loss of Baggage, &c. while on duty, are of opinion, that those Rates (being the same as obtained in His Majesty's Army, (are insufficient for Indian service, and communicating a revised scale of Rates, with other particulars prepared by the Military Board, with the view of enabling court to make such Revision in the present Regulations as the case may appear to merit.

"32. Having fully considered the circumstances and arguments detailed in these Paragraphs. We have resolved to accede to your recommendation in favor of a revision of the rates of Compensation to Officers who may lose their Baggage and Camp Equipage, while on actual service.

33. We accordingly direct that the following rates be allowed to Officers on your Establishment, who may lose the whole of their Baggage and camp Equipage when on duty in the Field, or when proceeding by sea, under the orders of Government.

Engineers, Artillery, and European and Native Infantry.

Subaltern, personal Baggage,	St. Rs.	910
Camp Equipage and Carriage,		540
	Total	1450
Captain, Baggage,		1214
Camp Equipage and carriage,		810
	Total	2024
Major, Baggage,		1517
Camp Equipage and carriage,		1296
	Total	2813
Lieutenant colonel, Baggage,		1517
Camp Equipage and carriage,		1620
	Total	3137
Colonel. Baggage,		1820
Camp Equipage and carriage,		2160
	Total	3980

Horse Artillery and Cavalry, European and Native.

Subaltern, Baggage	St. Rs.	1062
Camp Equipage,		540
	Total	1602
Captain, Baggage,		1470
Camp Equipage,		810
	Total	2280
Major, Baggage,		1820
Camp Equipage,		1296
	Total	3116

Lieutenant Colonel, Baggage,.....	1820
Camp Equipage,.....	1620
Total	3440

Colonel, Baggage,.....	2157
Camp Equipage,.....	2160
Total	4317

34. The Baggage and Camp Equipage of all Regimental Staff Officers to be valued as those of Subaltern Officers.

35. In no case is Compensation to be granted, without a declaration upon oath from the Officer concerned, that he has sustained the loss for which he claims to be reimbursed, accompanied by a Certificate from his Commanding Officer, that at the time the loss was sustained such Officer was employed on public duty, and that according to the best of his knowledge and belief, the loss did not arise from any fault, or neglect of the Officer applying for Compensation.

36. We also authorize you to make such further allowance to Officers of the Artillery, or Engineers, who may lose professional instruments while on duty in the field, or while proceeding by sea under the orders of Government, as the particular circumstances of each case may appear to require.

37. These Regulations are to have effect from the date of their publication in General Orders."

In conformity to the principle recognised in the 10th Clause of Para. 198 of the Honourable Court's letter to Bombay, dated the 6th of June 1814, and published in General Orders at this Presidency of the 29th of July 1815, Officers losing any part of their Baggage and Camp Equipage, when on duty in the field, or when proceeding by sea under the orders of Government, will estimate their loss at one fourth, one half, or three fourths of the whole value, as the case may be, according to which they shall be paid the like proportion of the above sums.

W. CASEMENT, Lieut. Col.

Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE MOST NOBLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM; 28TH AUGUST, 1819.

The Governor General in council is pleased to promote William Forth and Daniel Hodgkinson to the rank of Assistant Apothecary, and Robert Vander Vleet to that of Assistant Steward, to supply vacancies in the Hospital Establishment.

W. CASEMENT, Lieut. Col.
Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE MOST NOBLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM; 28TH AUGUST, 1819.

The Most Noble the Governor General in council is pleased to appoint from the 3d ultimo, Lieutenant colonel J. R. Lumley of the Honorable company's European Regiment, at present Acting as Town Major of Fort William, to be commandant of the Fortress of Asseerghur.

W. CASEMENT, Lieut.-Col.
Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE MOST NOBLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM; 4TH SEPT. 1819.

The Most Noble the Governor General in council is pleased to make the following appointment.

Officiating Assistant Surgeon James Barker to perform the Medical duties of the civil Station of Purneah, vice Davidson, deceased.

Lieutenant W. Badenach of the 29th Regiment of Native Infantry, having furnished the prescribed certificates from the Medical and Pay Department, is permitted to proceed to Sea for the benefit of his health and to be absent on that account for ten months from Bengal.

His Lordship in council is pleased to establish the following scale of compensation in lieu of Off-reckonings, for the Officer commanding the corps of Horse Artillery, from the 25th of November, 1817, to the date of the Appointment of a colonel to that corps, and for the Officers commanding the corps of Infantry Levies and Rampoorah Local Battalions, viz.

	Per Annum.
Officer Commanding Horse Artillery during the period specified,..... St. Rs.	1680 0 0
Officers Commanding Corps of Infantry Leviès, each.....	2384 0 0
Ditto Rampoorah Local Battalions, each,..	1965 0 0

The Post of Dwarka in Oude is to be considered as appertaining to the 6th or Allahabad Division, and Hissar to the 12th Kurnaul Division of Barrack Department, with a Native Agent at each, on the established pay of Sonat Rupees (12) Twelve per mensem.

W. CASEMENT, Lieut. Col.
Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE MOST NOBLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.
FORT WILLIAM; 4TH SEPT. 1819.

The undermentioned Gentlemen having respectively furnished Certificates, Affidavits and Counterpart Covenants of their Appointment as Cadets of Infantry, and Assistant Surgeons on this Establishment, are admitted to the Service accordingly.

Infantry.

Messrs. Hay Macdowall, Joseph Walker, Jasper Ouseley, William Payne, Francis Edward Manning, Charles Farmer, William Beckett, Miles Dormer, Frederick Coape Smith, William Whitaker, William Hickey, Thomas Sewell.

Medical Establishment.

Messrs. James Stewart and Edward Hickman.

The Cadets of Infantry are promoted to the rank of Ensign—leaving the dates of their Commissions for future adjustment.

His Lordship in Council was pleased, in the Political Department, under date the 28th ultimo, to sanction the temporary attachment of Assistant Surgeon Allan to the Mission in Bhopaul, vice Gerard, deceased.

W. CASEMENT, Lieut. Col.
Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE MOST NOBLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.
FORT WILLIAM; 6TH SEPT. 1819.

Ordered that the following Extract (Paragraphs 4 to 7 and 9) from a General Letter from the Honorable the Court of Directors, bearing date the 12th of May 1819, be published in General Orders.

" 4.—The undermentioned Officers have our permission, severally to return to their Rank on your Establishment, viz. Captain Francis Dickson, Captain Richard Collier Andrew, Captain Robert B. Fulton, and Lieutenant George R. Pemberton.

5.—We have permitted the undermentioned Officers of your Establishment, severally to remain in England until the departure for your Presidency of the first Company's ships of next season 1819-20, viz. Captain Hugh L. Playfair, and Captain Henry Weston.

6.—We have permitted Captain William Hiatt, of your establishment, to remain in Europe until the departure for your Presidency of the first Company's ships of next season 1819-20.

7. We have permitted Mr. Edward Hickman to proceed to your Presidency to practise as a Surgeon; and we direct that he succeed as an Assistant Surgeon on your Establishment—his rank will be settled at a future time.

9.—We have permitted Mr. John Griffiths to proceed to your Presidency to practise as a Surgeon; and we direct that he succeed as an Assistant Surgeon on your Establishment—his rank will be settled at a future time."

W. CASEMENT, Lieut-Col.

Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY THE COMMANDER IN CHIEF.

Head Quarters, Calcutta; 6th Sept. 1819.

Lieutenant Anderson of the 2d Battalion 4th Regiment Native Infantry, is appointed to officiate as Adjutant and Quarter Master of European Invalids at Chunar, and Inspector of the 5th Telegraphic Section, during the absence on leave of Lieutenant Weston, and also as Fort Adjutant of Chunar, until the arrival of Lieutenant MacLeod.

Captain F. S. White is removed from the 2d to the 1st Battalion 4th Regiment, and Captain R. C. Andree from the 1st to the 2d Battalion.

JAS. NICOL, Adjt. Gen. of the Army.

Head Quarters, Calcutta, 6th September, 1819.

GENERAL ORDERS.

8th Light Dragoons, 11th ditto, 14th Foot, 17th ditto, 24th ditto, 59th ditto, 87th ditto.

The details of His Majesty's Regiments stated in the Margin, arrived from England on the Honorable Company's ships *Princess Charlotte of Wales* and *Marquis of Wellington*, will be disembarked agreably to instructions transmitted to Major General Wood, who will, upon their landing, order the Detachment of H. M. 17th Regiment to unite with the Head Quarters of that Corps.

The small detail arrived for the 59th Regiment will join the Detachment under Captain Graham, with which it is to proceed to Berhampore on Boats which will be provided.

Brevet Lieutenant Colonel Tidy of H. M. 14th Foot, and Lieut. Colonel Robinson of the 24th, will send in the usual disembarkation returns, and will deliver over the papers they have respecting the men, to Captain Turnor. Acting Brigade Major, who will dispose of, and act upon them as may be necessary.

Lieut. Col. Tidy will retain the charge of the Troops when landed from the *Wellington*, until further orders, and Lieut. Colonel Robinson will in like manner continue his charge of the Troops when landed from the *Princess Charlotte of Wales*. These two Field Officers will receive further instructions from the Adjutant General of His Majesty's Forces.

Major General Wood will be pleased to apply in the usual manner for the necessary means of Transport for the Detachments of the 8th and 11th Dragoons, 14th, 24th and 87th Foot, and as soon as Boats can be provided they will proceed accordingly, and the Officers who are to go with them on duty conformably to Regulation will be announced in a future order.

Surgeon Featherston of H. M. 24th Foot will hold himself in readiness to proceed in Medical charge of these details, and upon his arrival at Ghazeepore, he will resume charge of his Corps, and thence Assistant Surgeon Finlayson, 8th Dragoons, will be attached as Medical Attendant on the Troops, and he will proceed with them by water to Cawnpore.

By Order of the Most Noble the Commander in Chief.

THOS. M'MAHON,
Col. A. G.

SEPTEMBER 12.

The Sheriff of Calcutta, under the sanction of Government, has convened a public meeting, to enable the parties interested, to discuss and determine the long pending *Vestry Question*. Our sentiments on the points in dispute between the Gentlemen who now act as a Select Vestry, and those who complain of expulsion from offices to which they have been elected, have been repeatedly submitted to the public, and continue to be unaltered by any statement or argument that we have read or heard, in support of the acts of the parties who now *execute* the Vestry functions. The objects of the intended meeting are distinctly stated in the letter from the *Sidesmen* to the Sheriff, which has also been published; and as Government has authorized the Sheriff to convene the inhabitants, for the purposes stated in that letter, it is manifest, that all that has been said and written, to prove that Government has APPROVED of the conduct of the late Vestry, must have been founded in misconception. It appears to be now placed beyond a doubt, that Government has *not* interfered in the controversy, further than interference became unavoidable—from an appeal to its authority by the contending parties: and it is evident, that by suffering a public discussion of this question, the Government has disclaimed all authoritative jurisdiction in a matter which seems to be purely parochial. We therefore trust, that in the approaching discussion, the points in difference between the late Vestry and the expelled Sidesmen, will be considered according to their *merits;* and that no allusion will be made, by either party, to the correspondence that has been entered into on this subject, with the officers of Government. The letter of Mr. Secretary LUSHINGTON, authorising the Sheriff to convene a public meeting, has permitted the parties interested, to *discuss*, and virtually to *determine*, the matters in dispute.

The subject to be considered by the approaching meeting, must be so familiar to our readers, that we shall not repeat, what has been often stated by ourselves and by our correspondents: But, we may be excused for observing, that the principal question to be determined, is, Whether the Gentlemen who now officiate as Vestrymen and Sidesmen of St. John's Church, were justified in expelling from the Office of Sidesmen, two gentlemen, elected by a Majority of Inhabitants, who attended the last Easter Meeting? In considering this question, it will be necessary to refer to

the *only Constitution* which St. John's Church seems to possess—under the authority of which, the late Vestry alone obtained, or ought to have obtained, their right to administer the funds of the church. If that constitution is valid for *any* purpose, it ought to be deemed valid for *all* purposes, which it professes to contemplate, unless contrary to *law*. Whether it be considered as a code of regulations established by the Governor General *in Vestry*—or as a private trust deed or agreement entered into by the parties who built and dedicated St. John's Church, it ought to be considered binding on those who have accepted offices, in conformity with the terms of the regulations,—or who have undertaken *trusts*, to be performed according to the stipulations of the agreement: and those, who at the ensuing meeting, intend to justify the expulsion of the Sidesmen, must be prepared to shew—either that the late Vestry, did not derive their authority from the Constitution established by Lord CORNWALLIS and the Vestry—or that by the regulations of that Constitution, the election of Messieurs PLOWDEN's was *void*. If it shall be admitted, that the Constitution so established, is yet in force, and that the late Vestry were subject to its regulations, many other questions will arise, of great importance to the community, respecting the *manner* in which these regulations have been performed; but on which we forbear from offering any observations at present.

SHIPPIG INTELLIGENCE.

CALCUTTA.

ARRIVALS.

At Kedgeree.

SEPTEMBER.

10. Ship *Surry*, Captain Thomas Hurt, from London 22d April, and Madras 3d Sept.

Off Calcutta.

7. The Portuguese Ship *Seete D'Marco*

Put back from Saugur Point.

10. The *Hyperion*.
The *Windermere*.
The *Bengal*.

DEPARTURES.

From Calcutta.

SEPTEMBER

8. Ship *Stanmore*, Captain H. B. Torlesse, for Bencoolen and Batavia
— Ship *Hashmy*, Captain Chas. E. Smith, for the Persian Gulph.
9 Ship *Greenock*, Captain D. McLarty, for Greenock.
— French ship *La Ugenia* Captain J. A. Vandercruyce, for Manilla and China.
10 Ship *Isabella*, Captain F Bignall for Bombay.
— Ship *Margaret Ann*, Captain J. P. Philipps, to complete her lading for Liverpool.
— Ship *Portsea*, Captain J Nicholls, for Valparaiso.
11. American Ship *America*, Captain E. Rosseter for Philadelphia.

Gone to Sea during the week.

The *Elizabeth*—The *Prince Régent*.—The *Providence*—The *Aberdeen*.

MADRAS.

ARRIVALS.

August 30. Ship Surry, Thomas Hurt, from London and Downs 23d April.
21. Brig Norfok, Edward Oakes, from Coringa 29th July.
Ship Catherine, W. Knox, from London and Downs 23d April.
Schooner Generea, Desnams, from Mauritius 19th June.

DEPARTURES.

August 19. Ship Reliance, M. Pike, for Fatmuookaioo.
Ship Bombay, G. Young, for Port Jackson.
21 H. M. Brig Bacchus, J. P. Parkin Esq. Captain for London.
22. Ship Surry, T. W. Aldham, for Calcutta.

BOMBAY.

ARRIVALS.

August 11. Ship Albinia, Captain Thomas Lynn, from the Cape of Good Hope, the 2d July 1819,—Passengers, Major Atichison, and Family, Captain Stewart and Family.

DEPARTURE.

August 8. Ship Catherine Stewart Forbes, Capt. John Lamb to London.—Passengers: Lady Grant Keir, Captain John Mack, Miss Isabella G. Keir, Doctor George Gordon, Master Geo. Malcolm, Henry Sage, Miss K. S. Forbes and Wm. Bacchus.

Madras.

We received letters on Thursday from the homeward bound ship *Phoenix*, Capt. Thomson, off St. Helena, dated the 3d of June. All the Passengers were well. The ship had experienced a tedious voyage of eleven weeks, and one calm lasted twenty-five days. They were to proceed on their voyage on the 6th.

We have also letters from the *Moira*, which left this on the 27th of February. She reached St. Helena on the 27th of May, after a passage equally tedious with that of the *Phoenix*. The Passengers of the *Moira* were likewise all well. She continued her voyage on the morning of the 3d of June. The *Phoenix* from Bombay had also touched at St. Helena.

The Packets for the *Bacchus*, Sloop of War, were closed finally on Saturday morning, and the brig sailed for England the same evening. She touches at the Cape and St. Helena.

The Ship *Catherine*, Captain Knox, arrived on Saturday from England, having left the Downs the 23d of April.

Passengers: Mrs. Faskin, Mrs. Abdy, Miss A. Rose, Dr. Faskin, Captain Abdy and Lieutenant Biddel.

The Ship *Seaforth*, Captain Davies, is expected to sail for England to-morrow evening.

The Packet Mails forwarded on H. M. Ship *Bacchus* were closed and sent on board on Saturday last. The *Bacchus* sailed for England the same evening.

"Upon the 21st Instant, a considerable part of the Brass Ordnance captured at Mahidpoor having arrived within the limits of the Presidency, they were met by THE COMMANDER IN CHIEF opposite to Saint George's Church and were conducted by *His Excellency* under the Escort of a strong Detachment of Troops, consisting of Cavalry and Infantry, to the Government House, where they were received in front of the Ban-queting Room by *The Right Honorable* THE GOVERNOR. The same Escort, under the command of Colonel Molls of His Majesty's 46th Regiment, conveyed them from thence within the Ramparts of Fort St. George."

Bombay.

To the Editor of the Courier,

SIR,

A circumstance has lately occurred to me from the operation of the India Letter Act, which I think ought to be publicly known. During the late Mahratta Campaign, I transmitted some of your papers to my friends in England, folding them up with the ends open and writing on the back the word "Newspaper," in order that they might be charged only three pence each according to the Act. Mr. Freeling however charged every one of them as a double letter, and stated in reply to a remonstrance, that the government never intended that unstampted papers should be transmitted for three pence.—So that according to this Secretary's interpretation, news-papers may pass from England to India, but not from India to England.

Penang.

GOVERNMENT ORDERS.

General Orders by Government; Fort Cornwallis, August 6, 1819

Under the most sincere feelings of affliction and regret, it becomes the painful duty of the Government to notify the decease, on the evening of yesterday, of the Honorable Colonel Bannerman, the late Governor of this Presidency.

By this melancholy and deplored event, the Government has been deprived of the services, and the public at large have to lament the loss of one whose zeal and anxiety to promote the public welfare were ardent and unceasing, and whose useful and honorable labours, marked alike by integrity and every manly virtue, were not confined to the sphere of this Presidency, but have been exemplified and often publicly appreciated during a period of upwards of forty-three years passed in the service of the Honorable East India Company, in various stations of difficulty, honour, and responsibility.

To mark the public concern on this mournful occasion, the Government directs, that the Flag of the Garrison of Fort Cornwallis be hoisted at half-staff immediately, and that it so continue till sun-set.

The whole of the Troops to be paraded to attend the funeral of the late Governor, which will take place this evening at 5 o'clock; Minute Guns to the number of 81, corresponding with the age of our late respected Governor, will commence firing from the Fort at that hour, and continue during the funeral procession from the Church to the place of Interment.

The Commanding Officer of the Troops is requested to frame and issue such subsidiary arrangements as may be requisite for carrying the above Order into effect, in the manner best becoming the memory of so old and distinguished a Soldier.

(Signed) W. A. CLUBLEY, Secretary.

Published by Order of Government,

W. A. CLUBLEY, Secretary to Government.

Ceylon.

COLOMBO, AUG. 7.

The small pox, we are sorry to state, has appeared in Colombo and the neighbourhood, but not by any means in an alarming degree.

The epidemic has again broken out at Trincomalee and at Galle; three privates of the 45th at the former place, and one of the 19th at the latter, had fallen victims to it:—we are happy to add, however, that this fatal disorder has not reappeared in any other parts of the Island.

Alipoot, 28th July.—" We yesterday had a singular occurrence, or rather a phenomenon in this part of the world, viz. a fall of hail-stones, larger considerably than the common size of a pea.

" The former part of the day was particularly close and sultry, with a hazy sky: about 1 o'clock, claps of distant thunder, no uncommon thing, were heard to the N. E. and showers of rain fell among the mountains; about half past 1 or towards 2 o'clock, the sky became overspread with dense black clouds, with loud peals of thunder very near, preceded by vivid lightning: from the N. W. where the clouds seemed to concentrate, a hurricane of wind and rain approached us with a noise which was heard at a great distance; our houses were partly unroofed by the first gust, and a cloud of dust from the square of the Fort, with tallipot leaves (the materials which formed the covering of our houses,) was flying before the storm; the rain fell in torrents; the wind veered in a short time towards the North, when hail-stones were observed rebounding from the ground, and were picked up in numbers, considerably larger than peas. I am happy in having to communicate to you, that sickness has disappeared almost entirely at this post. We have at the present time only one European in hospital, who, with three Malays, with trival complaints, form the whole of our sick; most of the Europeans, who were lately ill with fever, have recovered. The Native Troops in Wellessy continue as yet very healthy; the season has been particularly wet, which may have suspended the cause of fevers."

Cape Town.

JUNE 5.

By recent advices from Graham's Town, it appears, that every thing there is proceeding quietly, and that Lt. Col. Willshire's arrangements are in as much forwardness as the circumstances of the season could have given reason to expect. The Commando from the Cape District marched to Junction Drift on the 24th of last month; Junction Drift is so called from the Post being situated near the spot where the Little Fish River falls into the large stream of that name. The Horses of this Detachment are reported to be in very good order. The Stellenbosch Commando arrived at Graham's Town on the 15th May, but their Horses were much fatigued and very poor.

The Caffers had been for some days perfectly quiet, but on the 8th of last month they shewed themselves, in considerable force, at the Upper Caffer Drift Post, which they surrounded and attacked. Captain Birch, of the Royal African Corps, (who estimates their number at between 3 and 4000,) received them so warmly, that they were not disposed to persist in the attempt to carry the Post, and after skirmishing for about an hour, he drove them off, with considerable slaughter. We had one man slightly wounded in this affair. This Post is situated on a high bank of the Fish River, about 12 miles from its embouchure; it command one of the principle Fords used by the Caffers in their incursions into the Zureveld.

Detachments of the 38th and 54th Regiments have sailed to reinforce the Army on the Frontier.

JUNE 26.

Every thing on the Frontier remains quiet; the Caffers have ceased their Depredations and Incursions for some time past; but the armed Inhabitants are anxiously awaiting Col. Willshire's orders to move beyond the Fish River. The Horse sickness has disappeared, and the Horses for the remount of the Zwellendam Command, and of such Burghers from the other Districts, as have lost their Horses by the fatal distemper, have proceeded towards Graham's Town. Meanwhile Commandant Linde, impatient at inaction, has led a strong dismounted Patrole through the thick wood at Trompetter's Drift, and having fallen in with a party of Caffers lurking there with plunder, he succeeded in recapturing above 200 heads of Colonial Cattle; 12 Caffers fell in this rencontre.

Mr. Anderson, the Missionary at Griqua Town, has by His Excellency the Governor's desire, communicated with the Tribes of Briquas and Bashuanas, and with the numerous Bastards in his own vicinity, on the subject of establishing a Fair at the Kooksoutem, in the Beaufort District, in conformity, to the Proclamation of 27th Nov. last, & the Tribes have expressed their great satisfaction at the proposal. The months of April and Sept. are considered the best for this purpose; but they have particularly requested, that Wednesday the 4th of August next may be the day fixed for their repairing to the Kook: the Landdrost of Graaff-Reynet has very properly notified to them his acquiescence in this request, and the 4th of August next is therefore, the day fixed for the First Fair on the Borders of this Colony.

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Calcutta.

CIVIL APPOINTMENTS.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT,

THE 20TH AUG. 1819,

Mr F. D GORDON, Register of the Zillah Court of Dacca Jelalpore.

MILITARY.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE MOST NOBLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM; 28TH AUGUST, 1819.

In conformity to instructions from the Honorable the Court of Directors the Most Noble the Governor General in Council is pleased to notify in General Orders, that Officers on the Invalid or Pension Establishment will be considered entitled to Furlough, in the same manner and subject to the same Rules and Regulations, as effective Officers.

Under instruction from the Honorable Court, His Lordship in Council is further pleased to notify, that the Staff Salary of Sonat Rupees (200) Two Hundred per mensem, assigned in General Orders of the 5th April 1817, to the Deputy Post Masters attached to the "Nagpore Subsidiary Force," now styled the "Nerbudah Field Force," shall be reduced from the 1st Proximo to Sonat Rupees One Hundred (100) per mensem, exclusive of the Allowance of Sonat Rupees Forty (40) per mensem drawn for Writers, Stationery and Contingencies.

W. CASEMENT, Lt Col.
Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE MOST NOBLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM; 28TH AUGUST, 1819.

Ordered, that the following Extract of a General Letter from the Honorable the Court of Directors, in the Military Department, be published in General Orders.

General Letter dated 20th April, 1818.

Para. 3 We have permitted Brevet Captain and Captain Lieutenant John B. Piatt, to return to his rank on your Establishment.

W. CASEMENT, Lt. Col.
Sec. to Govt. Dept.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE MOST NOBLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM; 11th SEPT 1819.

The Most Noble the Governor General in Council is pleased to make the following Appointments:

Assistant Surgeon A. Wardrop to perform the Medical duties at the Civil Station of Nuddea, vice J. Barker, removed to Purneah

Assistant Surgeon J. R. Martin to act as second permanent Assistant at the Presidency General Hospital, until further orders.

The undermentioned Officers have been permitted by the Hon'ble the Court of Directors to return to their duty on this Establishment, without prejudice to their Rank.

Captain Richard Collier Andree of the 4th Regiment Native Infantry.

Captain Edward Day of the 26th ditto.

Lieutenant John Lucas Earle of the 28th ditto.

The following Gentlemen, having respectively furnished Certificates, Affidavit, and Counterpart Covenants of their appointment as Cadets of Artillery and Infantry, and Assistant Surgeons, on this establishment, are admitted to the Service accordingly. The Cadets are promoted, the former to the rank of Second-Lieutenant, and the latter to that of Ensign; leaving the dates of their Commissions to be adjusted hereafter:

Artillery.

Mr. James Watson Wakefield,
—— Arthur Campbell,
—— Charles McMorine,
—— Archdale Wilson,
—— Proby Thomas Cautley,
—— William John Macvitie,

Infantry.

Mr. William Hamilton Halford,
—— George Griffiths,
—— James Stevens,
—— Robert William Halhed,
—— James White,
—— Brown Jackson Fleming,
—— Steuart Corbett,
—— William Dalzell,
—— Thomas Roberts,
—— Edward Morshead.

Medical Establishment.

Mr. Murdock Macleod
—— Charles Walter Welchman,
—— John Griffiths.

Captain Starling of the 16th Regiment Native Infantry, having reported a continuance of the bad state of his health, the conditional Furlo' granted to him in General Orders of the 9th of January last, to proceed eventually to Europe from the Cape of Good Hope on account of his health, is confirmed; the period of that Officer's Furlough commencing from the date of the sailing of the ship Moira from this Presidency.

The undermentioned Officers having respectively furnished the prescribed Certificates from the Medical and Pay Departments are permitted to proceed to Sea for the benefit of their health, and to be absent on that account the former for six Months, and the latter for ten

Months, from the date of the sailing of the Ship on which they may severally embark.

Lieutenant and Adjutant Henderson of the 9th Regiment Native Infantry.

Lieutenant Humfreys of the 18th Regiment Native Infantry, Sub-Assistant Commissary General.

Ensign A. D. Gordon, doing duty with the 1st Battalion 9th Regiment of Native Infantry, having furnished the prescribed Certificate from the Pay Department, is permitted to proceed to Bombay on urgent private affairs, and to be absent on that account for six months from Bengal.

Hospital Apprentice Samuel Henry Ewart, attached to the 3d Batt. of the Regiment of Artillery, having been reported duly qualified, is promoted to the rank of Assistant Apothecary at Dum-Dum.

Serjeant Major Poole of the Furruckabad Provincial Battalion, is admitted to the benefit of the Pension established by Minutes of Council of the 11th of January 1797, and permitted to reside and draw his stipend at the Residency.

W. CASEMENT, Lieut. Col.

Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE MOST NOBLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM; 11TH SEPTEMBER, 1819.

Lieutenant Ebenezer Marshall of the 1st Regiment of Native Infantry, having furnished the prescribed Certificates from the Medical and Pay Departments, is permitted to proceed to Europe on Furlough, for the benefit of his health.

W. CASEMENT, Lieut Col.

Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

Head Quarters, *Calcutta*; 31*st August*, 1819.

GENERAL ORDERS.

BY THE MOST NOBLE THE COMMANDER IN CHIEF.

A General Court Martial held at Kaira on the 7th June, 1819, and continued by adjournments until the 9th of the same month, Private George Smith, alias Walsh of the 17th Light Dragoons, was arraigned upon the following Charge, viz

George Smith, alias Walsh, confined "for Desertion, he having broke "out of the Regimental Hospital, on or about the 20th August last "(1818) he being then (Sick) a Prisoner confined there under the "sentence of a General Court Martial for former Desertion."

"Upon which Charge the Court came to the following decision.

Opinion and Sentence. "The Court having duly considered the "evidence against the prisoner George Smith, alias Walsh, and also "what he has stated in his defence, are of opinion that he the said "Prisoner George Smith, alias Walsh, is *Guilty* of the crime laid to his "Charge, which being in breach of the Articles of War, do sentence "him the said George Smith, alias Walsh, to be *transported as a Felon* "*for the term of seven years.*"

Which Sentence was approved and confirmed by Major General Baillie, Commanding the Forces at Bombay.

The Most Noble the Commander in Chief directs, that the foregoing Order be entered in the General Order Book, and read at the head of every Regiment in His Majesty's Service in India.

By Order of the Most Noble the Commander in Chief.

THOS. M'MAHON,

Col. A. G.

Head-Quarters, Calcutta; 13th September, 1819.

GENERAL ORDERS,

The Most Noble the Commander in Chief in India, with the concurrence of the Supreme Government, is pleased to permit such unlimited service Men of H M 22nd Dragoons, as have passed the age of Thirty Three, yet who may have strength for service during a further adequate term, to engage in the Hon'ble Company's Madras Artillery, or European Regiment, for such period and at such rate of Bounty, as it may please the Right Hon'ble the Governor in Council of Fort St George to fix

For this purpose eight days will be allowed after the publication of this order to H M 22d Dragoons to make choice of the two Corps above stated, after which the Returns must be finally closed, and no further Volunteering can be permitted

His Excellency Lieutenant-General Sir Thomas Hislop will be pleased to take the necessary steps for carrying the foregoing arrangement into effect, and will issue such subsidiary orders as he may deem necessary upon the occasion.

By Order of the Most Noble the Commander in Chief

THOS M'MAHON,

Col A G

Head-Quarters, Calcutta, 13th September 1819.

GENERAL ORDERS

The Invalids and Service expired men of H M. 17th and 59th Regiments, are to be held in readiness to embark for England on the Ships which will be appropriated for the conveyance of H M 21st Dragoons.

Major General Wood will be pleased to order the respective Commanding Officers to prepare the requisite Documents.

The Men belonging to the 59th Regiment are to be removed by water to the Presidency, with all practicable expedition, for which purpose the Major General will take the usual steps on such occasions, and upon their arrival he will cause the final Medical examinations to be made, as the men will be called upon very shortly to embark.

By Order of the Most Noble the Commander in Chief.

THOS. M'MAHON,

Col A G

Head-Quarters, Calcutta; 14th September, 1819.

GENERAL ORDERS.

The Most Noble the Commander in Chief in India is pleased to make the following Appointment, until the pleasure of His Royal Highness the Prince Regent, in the name and on the behalf of His Majesty, shall be made known.

24th Foot.

Volunteer George Frankland, to be Ensign without purchase, ... 1st Sept. 1819.

By Order of the Most Noble the Commander in Chief,

THOS. M'MAHON,

Col. A. G.

Head-Quarters, Calcutta; 14th September, 1819.

GENERAL ORDERS.

All Officers arrived from England, on board the Honorable Company's Ships Princess Charlotte of Wales, and Marquis of Wellington, whose names were not specified in the General Orders of the 13th Instant, (No. 1794) will proceed at their earliest convenience to the Stations specified in the margin, for the purpose of joining their Corps, which they are expected to do within the prescribed period since their landing at Fort William, unless prevented by urgent business, or indisposition, which must be reported to the Adjutant General of His Majesty's Forces.

Ghazeepore,
Cawnpore,
Meerut,

The periods prescribed are as follows from the Presidency, viz.

			Months.
To	Ghazeepore,	...	....two and a half
—	Cawnpore,	....	....three and a half
—	Meerut,	....	....five

By Order of the Most Noble the Commander in Chief.

THOS. M'MAHON,

Col A. G.

Head-Quarters, Calcutta; 1st September, 1819.

GENERAL ORDERS.

Assistant Surgeon Badenach of His Majesty's 59th Regiment, has leave to proceed to Europe for the recovery of his health, and to be absent on that account for two years from the date of his embarkation.

Assistant Surgeon Thomson upon his return to Bengal from Ceylon, will assume Medical Charge of the 59th Regiment, and act as Surgeon to the same until further orders, or until a senior Medical Officer properly belonging to the Corps shall have joined.

By Order of the Most Noble the Commander in Chief

THOS. M'MAHON,
Col. A. G.

Head-Quarters, Calcutta; 2d September, 1819.

GENERAL ORDERS.

Under the rule laid down in the General Order issued from this Department, dated Calcutta the 5th November, 1816, the Most Noble the Commander in Chief in India is pleased to promote the undermentioned Subaltern of 15 years standing and upwards, and who had not attained the rank of Captain on the 1st of January 1819, to the Brevet of that rank in the East Indies only from that date, viz.

Lieutenant H. L. Franklin, 14th Foot.

By Order of the Most Noble the Commander in Chief.

THOS. M'MAHON, Col. A. G.

Head-Quarters, Calcutta; 9th September, 1819.

GENERAL ORDERS.

His Royal Highness the Prince Regent has been pleased in the name, and on the behalf of His Majesty, to make the following promotions and appointments.

22d Light Dragoons.

Captain John Floyd Patterson to be Major by purchase, vice Broome, who retires, 18th May, 1819.

To be Lieutenant without purchase, Cornet R. G. Davidson, vice J. H. Bromwick, deceased, 20th January, 1816.

Cancels Cornet Rolland's promotion, vice Sir J. Gordon, appointed to the 53d.

Cornet John Rolland, vice Tristram, appointed to the 13th Light Dragoons, 1st September 1817.

To be Cornet without purchase, R. G. Davidson, Gentleman, vice J. Rolland, 25th December, 1813.

24th Light Dragoons.

Lieutenant T. Macan to be Captain of a Troop without purchase, vice Kearney, deceased, 27th April, 1818.

Cornet H. Shepherd to be Lieutenant without purchase, vice Macan, promoted ditto.

25th Light Dragoons

James Ralston, Gentleman, to be Cornet without purchase, vice D. McDougall, promoted, 14th August, 1817.

By Order of the Most Noble the Commander in Chief.

THOS. M'MAHON, Col. A. G.

Head-Quarters, Calcutta; 13th September, 1819.

GENERAL ORDERS

Lieut Bronnan, 14th Foot, Lieut. O'Brien, 87th Foot, Lieut. Watson, 24th Foot, Ensign Murray, 59th Foot

In reference to the General Orders issued from this Department dated the 6th instant, (No 1788,) the Most Noble the Commander in Chief is pleased to appoint the Officers named in the Margin to proceed by water, on duty, with the Detachments of His Majesty's Regiments destined for the Upper Provinces, under command of the senior Officer Lieut. Barnnan of the 14th Foot.

Cornet Robinson, 8th Dragoons, Lieut. Kent, 14th Foot. Lieut. Mansell, 14th Foot, Lieut. McKenzie, 14th Foot, Lieut. Fowler 14th Foot, Ensign Bowly, 14th Foot, Ensign Murray, 24th Foot, Ensign Hartley, 24th Foot, Ensign Cates, 87th. Foot.

The other Subalterns (as per Margin) who have recently landed from the Honorable Company's Ships *Princes Charlotte of Wales*, and *Marquis of Wellington*, being their first arrival in Bengal, and consequently entitled to the indulgence of Boat Allowance under the Regulations of Government of the 19th of September, 1818, will accompany the abovementioned detail for the purpose of joining their respective Corps.

Assistant Surgeon Finlayson, 8th Dragoons, will relieve Surgeon Featherston of the 24th Foot at Ghazeepore, whence the Assistant Surgeon will proceed in Medical Charge of the Troops to Meerut, instead of to Cawnpore, as stated in the concluding Paragraph of the General Orders of the 6th instant.

Lieutenant Brannan will be held responsible for the regularity of the Soldiers at the respective Stations, and Bazars, nor are they to be allowed to move out of sight of their Boats except when they are sent under charge of a Commissioned or Non commissioned Officer; and care must be taken not to allow the men to wander into the villages contiguous to where they stop occasionally.

If supplies are required from Bazars, regular parties must be formed, under suitable superintendence.

Lieutenant Brannan, from the period of his departure from Calcutta, until his arrival at Meerut, will transmit a weekly statement to the Adjutant General of His Majesty's Forces, to whom he will report any material occurrence during his progress, for His Excellency the Commander in Chief's information.

By Order of the Most Noble the Commander in Chief.

THOS. M'MAHON,
Col. A. G.

SEPTEMBER 20.

We have received very little intelligence during the last week, either from the interior or the sister presidencies. Some arrivals from England, will be seen under our shipping head. To the *Government Gazette* we are indebted for a report of the proceedings at the last meeting of the Asiatic Society, and we have extracted a few paragraphs from other Journals of the last week. Letters from different parts of the country contain the most cheering assurances, that a considerable fall of rain, has dispelled the apprehensions which were very generally entertained. A considerable scarcity still prevailed at Nursingpore, but the country in that neighbourhood had also been blessed with abundant rain. At Nagpore, we are happy to learn that the distress of the poorer classes has been alleviated by the employment of numerous men, women and children, in the construction of roads and other useful works; and while those who are able to labour, are thus relieved at the expence of the Circar,

it is gratifying to be assured, that about sixteen hundred of the old and helpless, are daily fed at the expence of the European community at Nagpore, aided by the subscriptions of the wealthy native inhabitants of that city. A letter from the force under Col. LUDLOW, notices an attempt to assassinate Major BUNCE of the 1st Local Cavalry, by a man of that corps, who was about to undergo the sentence of a Court Martial. The Major was thrown to the ground, and thrice struck with a dagger, but before the assailant could effect his purpose, the officers and men rushed from the ranks, and "cut him to pieces."

The Lord BISHOP of Calcutta has published a proclamation, creating a new Court in Calcutta, to be styled "The Consistory Court within and for the Archdeaconry of Calcutta in the Diocese of Calcutta;" and Friday, the 15th proximo, is fixed for opening, constituting, and forming the Court.

A general meeting of the Calcutta School Book Society, has been advertised for to-morrow morning, at the Town Hall, when, it is expected, that all the members now in Calcutta will attend. The principles and objects of this truly excellent institution, have been frequently explained to the public, and must be well known to our readers; but, it may not be so generally understood, that the Society has already been enabled to accomplish much of the benefit which was contemplated by its projectors. Many useful books have been prepared and distributed, and knowledge has begun to diffuse its light and blessings among the rising generation of this portion of the globe. We understand that the Society, at its meeting to-morrow will receive a report of what has been recently done, by its executive members, in furtherance of the objects of the institution;—a report, which is likely to prove highly gratifying to all who are interested in the moral improvement of the natives.

A meeting of the British Inhabitants of Calcutta was holden on Monday last, in pursuance of a public notice, for the purpose of taking into consideration the best mode of expressing the respect entertained for the character and memory of the justly lamented WARREN HASTINGS. The object of the meeting was explained by the Sheriff, when Mr. LARKINS took the Chair,—and delineated the character of Mr. HASTINGS, and his conduct while he presided in the Supreme Government,—concluding, with observations on the prosecution which followed his return to his native country. Mr. PALMER, Mr. WYNCH, Captain BRYANT, Captain

LOCKET, and Mr. YOUNG, also addressed the meeting, and the motion of Mr. WYNCH, seconded by Captain BRYANT, for the erection of a Statue, was unanimously agreed to. The speeches delivered on this occasion, have been published at length in the *Calcutta Journal*, from which, we have taken the names of the gentlemen who were appointed a Committee, to conduct the subordinate arrangements,—and the resolutions which follow:

Mr. LARKINS	Captain LOCKETT
Mr. PALMER	Mr. JAMESON
Mr. FENDALL	Mr. WYNCH
Sir C. D'OYLEY	Mr. T. PLOWDEN
Mr. MAITLAND	Mr. JAMES BARWELL
Mr. J. YOUNG	Colonel DICK
Major BRYANT	Colonel HARDWICKE.

The following were the Resolutions then agreed to, *nem con.*, and these last have been officially communicated:—

1. Resolved, that a Book be left open at the Town Hall for Subscriptions.

2. Resolved, that the Committee communicate these Resolutions to the principal Stations under the Presidency of Bengal.

3. Resolved, that Messrs. PALMER and Co. be appointed Treasurer, and authorized to receive the amount of Subscriptions.

4. Resolved, that the Thanks of this Meeting be given to the Sheriff, for his prompt attention in calling the Meeting together.

5. Resolved, that the Thanks of this meeting be given to the Chairman, for his able conduct in the Chair.

(Signed) J. P. LARKINS, *Chairman.*

Town Hall, Sept. 13, 1819.

ASIATIC SOCIETY.

A Meeting of the Asiatic Society was held on Saturday evening the 5th instant, the Marquis of HASTINGS in the Chair. The long interval which had taken place since the preceding one, was occasioned by the Society's Rooms being under repair. The consequence has been an accumulation of papers and documents of various interest, which we shall now notice.

Mons. LANGLES of Paris, presented to the Society the thirteenth and fourteen numbers of the *Monuments Anciens et Modernes de l'Hindoustan*, through the medium of Mons. PICARD.

A letter was read from H. C. ORSTED, Secretary to the Royal Society of Copenhagen, transmitting a volume of their transactions.

A duplicate of the beautiful Medal of MALHERBE was received from the Society of Agriculture and Commerce at Caen, together with two volumes of their Memoirs, and several other works published by them.

H. H. WILSON, Esq. has been nominated Corresponding Member of that Society.

The first number of the *Revue Encyclopedique ou Analyse Raisonne*, and an *Esquisse d'un Essai sur la Philosophie des Sciences*, from M. A. JULLIEN, of Paris. The *Revue* contains several curious articles, some of which we intend to notice on a future occasion.

From M. ROUSSEAU, of the Academy of Sciences at Marseilles, the Society has received two works of his own composition. A *Memoirs sur les trois plus fameuses sectes du Mussulmanisme, les Wahabis, les Nosairis, et les Ismaelis* and a *Notice Historique sur la Perse, ancienne et moderne*

Copies of all the different tracts published by the Calcutta School Book Society, were presented by Lieutenant T. DREINE, the Secretary to that laudable Institution.

Count VOLNEY, the author of a *Voyage en Syrie* and *Ruines*, presented to the Society a new work called *L'Alfabet Europeen applique aux Languages Asiatiques*. In the dedication of this volume, to the Asiatic Society, the author describes the singular ordeal passed by his system of orthography When the French Government was engaged in publishing the sumptuous work, descriptive of Egypt, it was deemed necessary to annex to it a geographical map, and it was also of importance that the Arabic and French nomenclature should correspond as literally as possible. The Parisian *Arabistes* finding this impracticable, VOLNEY who had an intimate knowledge of the subject, was consulted. As there were however many Orientalists who opposed his theory, he suggested that a sort of Jury might be appointed to sit and decide between the parties in this literary suit. The case was a difficult one, and VOLNEY proposed three eminent men, distinguished for their knowledge of *Mathematics*, to assist at the trial. The Government was of opinion that the commission should consist of twelve, and twelve persons of literary distinction were accordingly appointed. The cause was investigated, and VOLNEY's system of European transcription admitted to be the best. It is this system which is described in the volume new transmitted to the Asiatic Society

Colonel MACKENZIE presented a specimen of the curious remains of Sculptured antiquities at Amrisweram in Guntoor. It was taken, with a few others, in the possession of that distinguished Antiquarian, from the mound called Deepul Dinna or Mount of Lights, first described by him in the 9th volume of the Researches.

The Secretary presented a copy of the first part of Mr. H T. COLEBROOKE's Treatise on Obligations and Contracts, in the name of the Author.

A letter was read from Mr. W. H. MACNAGHTEN, transmitting ten rupees, taken from a number (204) discovered in an earthern pot, by a poor man while digging on the bank of the Mahanunda, near Maldah. They appear to be of the age of Shah Jahan.

A model of a *Kharad*, or Turner's Lathe, used by the native Turners at Patna, was presented by a Lady; also some seeds of the Candleberry Myrtle, with two candles made of the wax produced by that plant. The plant grows at the Cape, and the candles are in general use among the Dutch at that place.

Capt. P. G. BAKER has added to the stores of the Museum a box of Minerals, the produce of Rajpootana.

A Sponge plant from the shores of Singapore, was presented by Mr. PALMER, and the skin of a Snake about twelve feet long, by Colonel PATON.

A letter was read from Dr. WALLICH transmitting descriptions of several plants by Dr. GOVAN, Superintendent of the Botanical Gardens at Saharunpore, to which additional remarks are appended by Dr. WALLICH. In the observations on the *Aconite*, called by the Natives *Beekh*, or *Bees*, it is said that the idea of its effluvia affecting the air, so as to produce deleterious effects upon those exposed to it, is very prevalent among the inhabitants of Bissepore and Gurhwal. Dr. GOVAN having been himself as well as all those who accompanied him, repeatedly exposed both during the day and night to its influence, without having ever experienced any inconvenience, he is inclined to attribute this belief to the circumstance of the plants always occurring at very high elevations where we are informed by the highest authority, great inconveniences, similar to those believed to be produced by it, are often felt, viz. giddiness, fainting, somnolency, and difficult respiration, the latter of which symptoms has been usually ascribed to rarefaction of the air, and said to occur when the body remained perfectly at rest. The plant occupies the highest situations in the forest belt investing the sides of the Himalaya. Dr. GOVAN never having met with it much below where the Barometer stood at 19 inches. With regard to his own personal experience of the effects above mentioned, and that of the people who accompanied him in crossing the Himalaya by the Role or Pannung Pass in Bissepore, where the Barometer stood at 17 inches,—after passing the night, at what he conceived the upper limit of perpetual snow, he can assert that no other inconvenience, or difficult respiration was felt, than what was the necessary result of the exertion in ascending, and which ceased whenever the body remained at rest. On one occasion a degree of sickness and giddiness were experienced, with anxiety of respiration, not during the exertion of ascending, and several of the servants would willingly have remained behind to sleep for a short time on the snow, but here the plant was not to be found for many miles, and as the situation was much inferior in elevation to that above mentioned (the Barometer having only sunk to 19 inches) Dr. GOVAN could not help attributing the sensations experienced, to the exertion of walking more than ankle deep among snow for nearly six hours, during which the feet were benumbed, and the head exposed to the very powerful action of the rays of the sun. This was in crossing Manjhee-ke-khanda, between the Touse and Tumnoutri, in the begining of October, 1818. *Aconite* is imported into the plains, and sold at the rate of one rupee the seer. It is used in Chronic Rheumatism by the native practitioners.

A collection of Fossils found on one of the Carrybaree cliffs, bordering on the Burhampooter, was presented to the Society by D. SCOTT, Esq. Commissioner at Cooch Behar, through the medium of Dr. WALLICH.

A specimen of a singular conformation of a human bone, with a description of it, was received from Mr. JOHN TYTLER.

A letter was read from the same gentleman communicating a paper on the Binominal Theorem, the discovery of which had been attributed to Sir ISAAC NEWTON. It was afterwards ascertained that NEWTON was not the inventor of it, but the first who applied it to fractions. The paper in question professes to shew that the theorem was known to the Arabians, as it is to be found in two of their Arithmatical books, viz. the *Mifteh-ul-Hisab*, or key of Arithmetic, composed by Jam-id ben Masaoud in the reign of Ulug Beg, grandson of Timoor. [about

1450], and in the *Ayoun-ul-Hisab*, or Rules of Arithmetic, composed by Mahommud Baukér, in the reign of Shah Abbas the I. about the year 1600. The rule is said to be derived from authors of still more ancient date. Mr. REUBEN BURROWS in the VII. vol. of the Researches suspects that it was known to the Hindoos.

Lieut. E. FELL, transmitted a description of an ancient stone fabric near Bulsa, with drawings of the sculptures found there.

The Secretary communicated an account of Human Sacrifice as practised at Puchmurre, from Lieutenant R. A. McNAGHTEN. From this account, which contains a peculiar feature of superstition, we gather the following particulars.*

Among the many natural curiosities to be found at Puchmurree is an Archea Cave, sacred to Maha-deo. It is about one hundred feet in length, and twenty in height, and is a natural excavation at the bottom of an immense solid rock. It is situated in a deep narrow dell, and the surrounded rocks are from 150 to 200 feet above the level of the cave. The floor of this cavity is covered with water about knee deep, which is the effect of a constant dripping from the roof, but for which it is difficult to account, as the upper surface of the rock is perfectly dry, and as there is no water visible any where near it to supply the perpetual filtering.

At the further end of the cavern is an Idol, to which the Pilgrims, who annually resort thither in great numbers, pay their devotions, bathing themselves at the same time in the water which drips from the roof. Another rock, which contributes to form the dell above alluded to, is consecrated to Bhowanee, there called the wife of Mathadeo. This rock is devoted to a purpose similar to that of mount Leucas of old, from which Shappho precipitated herself into the sea. When a woman has been married for several years, and is unblessed with offspring, she pays her devotions to Mahadeo to remove her sterility, and vows to sacrifice her first born child to the God, by throwing it from the top of Bhowanee's rock, which is about 170 high, and nearly perpendicular! Lieut. McNAGHTEN, was at Puchmurre in last April, at the time the annual pilgrimage takes place. A women had arrived there for the purpose of sacrificing herself in conformity with the horrid superstition just described, and Lieut. McNAGHTEN, excited by curiosity, proceeded to the spot to witness the circumstances of this dreadful ceremony. He was accompanied by a Hurkaru named RAM SING, charged by the gallant Colonel ADAMS, to use every effort in his power to dissuade the deluded woman from putting in execution her frantic resolution. When they reached the rock, about four miles south west of Puchmurree, the voluntary victim was setting on the ground, waiting the arrival of the Brahmin who was to assist at the ceremony. She was of the Rajpoot cast, and seemed to be about thirty years of age. It appeared that her father and mother were both dead: that her mo-

* In the seventh volume of the Asiatic Researches Mr. COLEBROOKE, in his dissertation on the religious ceremonies of the Hindoos, thus alludes to the same subjects. "I must also take this occasion of announcing a very singular practice, which prevails among the lowest tribes of the inhabitants of *Berar* and *Gondwanna*. Suicide is not unfrequently vowed, by such persons, in return for boons solicited from idols; and, to fulfil his vow, the successful votary throws himself from a precipice, named *Galabkatravo*, situated in the mountains between the *Tapti* and *Nermada* rivers. The annual fair, held near that spot, at the beginning of spring, usually witnesses eight or ten victims of this superstition."

ther had formerly vowed to sacrifice her first child to Mahadeo, agreeably to the established custom, but on the birth of the child, a daughter, she neglected to fulfil her vow. The daughter grew up, and was married; her husband died, and she married again. Her second husband also died, and being without off-pring, the accumulation of misfortunes drove her nearly mad. She would dance and sing all day, and eat any thing from any body, by which she lost her cast, and became entirely neglected. She at length felt persuaded that her misfortunes arose from the circumstance of her mother having broken her vow, and therefore, she determined to immolate herself without loss of time. She had seated herself at the foot of the rock, surrounded by those who had accompanied her from Hurdah, the place of her residence, calmly expecting the arrival of the *Raj Gooro*, or Chief Priest. She was perfectly sensible, and had neither ate nor drank any intoxicating or stupifying drug. Indeed her appearance indicated perfect selfpossession, and her friends positively asserted that nothing of the kind had been administered to her. There was a bottle of common Bazar spirits near her, which they said was to be given to her, if she asked for it, but not otherwise. She held in her right hand, a cocoa-nut, and in the left, a knife and a small looking glass, into which she continued to look, excepting when she turned her eyes towards heaven, exclaiming "Doe Bhuijee," which she did very frequently. It is evident, that her resolution entirely originated in her own breast. When RAM SING began to dissuade her, she became exceedingly angry, and told him that his interference was both useless and improper. He however continued his expostulations, in which, it is worthy of particular remark, he was heartily joined by her own people, who declared, that they had previously used all their endeavours, to induce her to relinquish her design of destroying herself. One of them, an old Brahmin, seconded RAM SING so earnestly, that she threw the cocoa-nut at his head, with such violence, as would have been productive of serious consequences, had her aim been sure; but fortunately it erred, and the nut was broken to pieces against the stones, on which it fell. Full three hours, RAM SING continued his expostulations, and she was still immoveable. So reluctant was she to attend to him, that she repeatedly, and angrily, ordered the Musicians, who were present, to commence playing, that his voice might not be heard. Lieutenant MCNAGHTEN, considering it a hopeless case, returned to camp, leaving RAM SING to do all he could to delay the threatened sacrifice. In a few hours afterwards his servants brought him intelligence, that RAM SING had succeeded, and was bringing the women into Camp. On ascending the fatal rock, from which she was to precipitate herself, he had fainted away, from exhaustion both of body and mind, and continued senseless for nearly two hours. On recovering she cried bitterly, and appeared to hesitate. Every one present, seized the favorable opportunity, and implored her to abandon her resolution; and, what was still more effectual, the *Raj Gooro* told her, she had Maharajee forgiveness! Soon after her arrival in Camp, she was sent off to Hurdah, provided by Colonel ADAMS with money to defray her expences on the road, and a letter to the Sonadar of the province, who had in the first instance kindly endeavoured to dissuade her from her purpose, to see that she suffered no indignity or wrong, in consequence of having abandoned her intention.

We are happy to observe, that the accounts of the Treasurer, ending the 30th of April last, shew a balance in the Society's favor, of about 11,500 Rupees.

Captain LOCKET brought to the notice of the Society the exertions that had been made by Sir JOHN MALCOLM to establish a Library and

Reading Room a Mho v, and suggested, that a copy of the Asiatic Res a ches should be presented to that institution. The suggestion was immediately complied with.

The appl cation of the Pri cipal of the University of Edinburgh, communicated by the Mo t N ble the President, to be favored with such ar cles as can be spared from the Society's Museum, of which there may be duplic tes, was favorably received, and an early opportunity will be taken to transmit the collection to Scotland

C. T. METCALFE. E-q. and Captain HODGSON, were unanimously e e-ted Members of the Society.

The expedition to Cashmeer was not commanded by RUNJEET SING in person, as before un ierstood, but by one of his confidential Chiefs, DEWAN CHUND. After he had received advices of the conquest of the province, he exp essed his in ention to proceed thither, but circumstances have since changed his mind, and he is now occupied in making choice of a faithful and able Governor!

The shrewdness and prudence, and the military skill of RUNJEET SING are well known to those who have had opportunities of appreciating his character, and it is probable that he will render Cashmeer even more productive than it has been to the King of Caubul He has the genius and intrepidity to awe and con tol a great number of disaffected petty states, which are constantly on the watch to evade the payment of the stipulated tribute. While he lives, his power over those states will most likely remain unimpaired, but in the event of any accident befalling him, the Sik'h Empire will in all probability crumble to pieces at once, and be divided into a thousand conflicting interests.

We have already mentioned that Mr. Lacy had undertaken to fill the situation of Organist in Saint Andrew's Church, vacant by the death of Mr. Alsager, and we are now enabled to add, that he will enter on the performance of his duties on Sunday next. With the superior excellence of the Euharmonic Organ, in Saint Andrew's Church, our readers must be already generally acquainted, and it is gratifying to think that an instrument, so well calculated to increase the solemnity as well as to improve the exercise of the most interesting part of devotion resorted to in public worship, has been committed to the management of one whose eminent professional talents will soon produce the greatest effect of which it is capable As the improvements, which are peculiar to this organ, are hardly known as yet to the musical world, except by description, no similar one of equal size having been ever built besides, it must be some time before Mr. Lacy can avail himself fully of their assistance. We have listened, however, to his performance already on the instrument, under great disadvantages, and we feel convinced, that in the earliest exercise of his functions he will give high satisfaction, while practice will enable him at no distant period to communicate the greatest delight to those who are lovers of sacred harmony.

The *Prince of Orange* spoke the ship *Amboyna*, from Calcutta, bound to Madras, on the 8th instant off the Jagernaut Pagoda,

She has brought from Point de Galle, a part of the first Ceylon Volunteer Battalion, consisting of five officers, 206 rank and file, and 39 followers. We also find mentioned as passengers on board of her, from Point de Galle, Captain Sartorius, Mr F. Scoats, 1st officer, and five of the crew of the late ship *Hayston*. This vessel, it will be re-

collected, had left the Isle of France on the 1st July, for Madras and Calcutta, and we have been looking for her arrival here, since the beginning of the present month. She was not destined, however to return, and the following is the account that has been kindly handed to us respecting her loss.

She was wrecked on the 20th July, on a reef of rocks, to the westward of the Maldive Islands, and in about 6, of North latitude. She had crossed the line on the 14th, in long. 69. E. and saw nothing until after she struck, and then only the reef on which lay at low water. They report its extent as great, being as far as the eye could reach, both North and South.

The breakers were discovered at eight o'clock, on the evening of the above day, and she was immediately hove in stays, but she struck in coming round, and the rudder was knocked off by the shock. All the efforts of the officers to get her off proved unavailing. The boats were stove by the violence of the surf, and the Captain, with part of the crew reached one of the Maldive Islands, about thirty miles distant, upon a raft, from whence they were sent by the native chief to Point de Galle.

Letters have been received in town from Manilla, brought on from Penang by the *Shaw Allum*. These mention the arrival at the former port of the ship *Mary* from Acapulco, and state, also, that the *Carmo*, *Santa Rita*, and *San Ruperto*, were left at San Bas, nearly ready to return to Manilla, laden with dollars, bullion, and copper, to a great amount. Mexico is represented to be in a state of profound tranquility, and the mines in 1818 had produced eleven millions of dollars.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

CALCUTTA.

ARRIVALS.

At Kedgeree.

SEPTEMBER.

13 Ship *Lloyd's*, Captain P McPherson, from London 12th Feb. Cork, Teneriffe, St Helena, Madras, and Masulipatam 8th September.

— Ship *Prince of Orange*, Captain Thos Silk, from London 4th April, and Point de Galle 3d Sept

— Ship *Shaw Allum*, Captain J J Denham, from Penang 18th August.

— Brig *Maria*, Captain J. H. Carter, from Padang 10th August, and Madras 5th Sept.

15. Danish ship *Ludwig*, Captain Anders N Beck, from Copenhagen 15th April, and Madras 8th Sept.

16. Ship *Albion*, Captain H Stewart, from Liverpool 22d May, and Madeira 6th June.
— H C. Ship *Hoogly*, Captain J T Lamb, from London 26th May.
17. French Ship *Laseine*, Captain J Houssart, from Havre de Grace 28th April, and Pondichery 9th Sept.
— American Brig *Mentor*, Capt. S. Greenland, from Madagascar, (date of departure unknown.)

Off Calcutta.

13. The *Surry*
14. The Brig *Maria*, and Arab Ship *Nadir Shaw*.
11. The *Lloyds* and *Elizabeth*
16 The *Shaw Allum* and *Bengal*

PASSENGERS.

PER ALBION.

Mr. George Potts Free Merchant; Mr. James Mortimer, Free Merchant; Mr Jas Stewart, Free Mariner; and Mr J. S. Pitts, Cadet.

DEPARTURES.

From Calcutta

SEPTEMBER.

11 American Ship *America*, Captain E. Rosseter, for Philadelphia.
13. Ship *Cornwallis*, Captain R Graham, to complete her lading for Bombay.
— Ship *Monarch*, Captain D. Campbell, for Greenock.
— Ship *Udny*, Captain T. Woodley, for the Persian Gulph.
— American Ship *Commodore Preble*, Capt. E. Brag, for Boston.
— French Ship *Seneux*, Captain J Durbie, for Pondichery, Bourbon and Marseilles.
14. Ship *Blenheim*, Captain W. Shirley, for London, via Madras
— Brig *Wasp*, Captain C Penberthey, for Madras.

MADRAS.

ARRIVALS.

August 21. Brig Norfolk, Captain Edward Oakes, from Coringa 29th July.
Schooner Genereux, Captain Desnains, from Mauritius 19th June.

28. Ship Mary Anne, Captain J. T. Anderson, from Coringa 11th August.
Ship Admiral Drury, Captain R. Johnson, from Masulipatam 6th August.
28. Ship Reliance, M. Pike, from Etamookooloo 26th August.
29. Schooner Black Joke, W. Eglan, from Masulipatam 25th August.
31 Ship Mary, Alexander Scott, from Calcutta 26th July, and Sand Heads 3d August.
Ship Lloyd M'Pherson, from London 11th Feb. Cork 20th March, St. Helena 3d, and Teneriffe 30th June.

DEPARTURES.

August 22. Ship Surrey, Captain T. W. Aldham, for Calcutta.
27 H. C. Ships Carnati, Captain J Blanchard, and Thomas Grenville, Captain W. Manning, for Calcutta.
23 Ship Seaforth, Davis, for Liverpool.
29. Brig Adventure, G. R Gilton, for Jaffanapatam and Penang.
September 1. Ship Admiral Drury, R Johnson, for Trincomalee.

BOMBAY.

ARRIVALS.

August 14. Ship Ann (Free Trader) Captain Thomas Thatcher, from London the 22d April and stopped ten days at Madeira.
15 Hon. Company's ship York, Capt James Tilber, from London, left Gravesend 2d May, left Downs. 6th May.
18. Ship Volunteer, Capt. Thomas Waterman, from Bussorah, Bushire and Muscat.
Arab ship Mellukelbhur, Naqudah Mahomed Arrateon, from Judda 23d July, Mocha 1st Augt and left 7th August, 1819.
19. ship Bombay Castle, Capt. Charles Hutchinson from Liverpool the 6th April, 1819
20. Ship Eliza, Capt. B. S. Woodhead from Bussorah the 7th July, touched at Muscat
21 H. C. Chartered Ship Marquis of Hastings, Charles Arkcoll, from England 4th May.

PASSENGERS.

PER ANN.

Mrs. Gerand,—Miss Gerand.—Miss Kensington,—Mrs. Thatcher.—P. Irvine, Esq. Barrister,—Mr. Roberts,—Mr. Kensington,—Mr Stalker.—Mr. Deacon.—Mr. Apthorp,—Mrs. Brydon,—Mr. Fletcher,—Mr. Brown 4 cadets.

PER YORK.

Messrs. W. H. Jackson, James Outram, T. Stalker, cadets Infantry.—Mr. W. S. Cooke, assistant surgeon,—Jas. Laidlaw Pitcairn, John D'Acry cadets Bombay Marine.—Stackhouse Edwards, fell overboard and drowned 25th June,—Mr. O. S. Lumley free mariner.

PER VOLUNTEER.

Mrs. Hill.

PER BOMBAY CASTLE.

James Hutchinson, Esq. Surgeon.

DEPARTURE.

August 10. Ship Fatteh Islam, Naqudah Adamjee to Malabar.

PENANG.

ARRIVALS.

August 3. Ship St. Michael, Peter Dillon, from Calcutta, 27th June; Pilot, 8th July; Passengers, 10 European Convicts, for N. S. Wales.

5. Brig Johay, John Baptista, from Pedier, 29th ditto, Passengers, Che Wan, 10 Men, and 2 Women.

H. M. Ship Topaze, J. Lumley, Esq. Captain, from Manilla 13th June.

7. Ship Shaw Allum, T. T. Derham, from Isle of France 7th July.

8. Ship Hooghly, P. Johnson, from Calcutta 21st July.

Cutter Frolic, J. Dimpsey, from ditto 21st do.

H. C. Ship Marquis Camden, T. Larkins, Esq. Captain, from London 8th Jan. and Bombay 25th July.

9. Ship Darves, Maden, Phidang, from Cuddalore 25th July, Passengers, 24 Natives.

10. Ship Fatta Alwadood, W. Richardson, from Bombay 22d July, Passengers, Mr. Dobbinson, and 12 Natives.

Brig Covelong, J. P. Gaussart, from Pedier 4th August, Passengers, 8 Natives.

Ship Shaw Burangore, S. T. Ball, from ditto 6th ditto, Passengers, Mr. Morris.

11. H. C. Ship Inglis, T. Borradaile, Esq. Captain, from London, 27th January, Bombay, 25th July, Passenger, Mr. J. Dixon, for China.

Brig Anne, J. Pereira, from Burong, 1st August.

DEPARTURES.

August 1. Brig Good Intention, A. T. Wuderhold, for Malacca.

Ship Exmouth, T. Aken, for Calcutta.

4. Brig Calmer, Beal Cussum, for Padang.

7. H. C. Ship Charles Grant, H. Scott, Esq. Captain, for China.

H. C. Ship Lowther Castle, C. Mortlock, Esq. Captain, for ditto.

12. H. M. Ship Topaze, J. R. Lumley, Esq. Captain, for Trincomalie.

13. Cutter Frolic J. Dimply, for Batavia.

Madras.

The Free Trader *Seaforth*, sails immediately—her packet closing this morning.

The following is a list of the Passengers:

Surgeon James Foljambe; Captain T. Swann, 2d Battalion 18th Regt. N. I.; Captain Edward Osborn 1st Battalion 2d Regt. N. I.: Lieutenant R. I. Marr, 2d Battalion 3d Regt. N. I.; and Thomas Mellott, a discharged Soldier from the Royal Scots.

Our Shipping notices must necessarily be unusually uninteresting, for with the exception of the *Reliance* from a Salt Pan to the Northward, nothing in the shape of arrival, besides Country Craft, has come in. The *Reliance*, it is expected, will sail about Sunday next for the opposite coast. By this opportunity Sir GEORGE and LADY COOPER and Family proceed to Bombay.

AUGUST 25, 1819.

The Commander in Chief has much gratification in publishing a Letter from Major General Sir Henry Torrens, K. C. B. Military Secretary to His Royal Higness the Duke of York, and his Excellency has consequently directed a Letter to be addressed to every officer who served under his personal Command on the 21st December 1817, and whose Name was submitted to His Royal Highness, to receive the honorary distinction of a Medal.

Copy of a Letter from Major General Sir Henry Torrens, K. C. B. Military Secretary, addressed to His Excellency Lieutenant General Sir Thomas Hislop, Bart. and G. C. B. &c. &c. &c. dated Horse Guards, 15th October 1818.

I have the Commander in Chiefs Commands to acknowledge the receipt of your dispatch of the 7th January last, addressed to the Adjutant General, transmitting a Return of Officers personally and particularly engaged in the Battle of Mahidpoor, whom, under a view of the continued existence of a system of granting Medals of distinction, you consider worthy of bearing badges commemorating that glorious event.

I have His Royal Highness's Commands to assure you, that he appreciates in the highest degree the bravery and discipline which so signally distinguished Sir John Malcolm, and all the officers under your Command in the Battle of Mahidpoor, as well as the valor, ability, and promptitude, with which you directed their zeal, in leading the Troops, to the accomplishment of a splendid achievement, which has mainly served to the overthrow of a confederacy that aimed at the subversion of the British Power in India; but it is incumbent upon his Royal Highness to

acquaint you, that when the Military Order of the Bath was extended, His Majesty's Government thought proper to decide for reasons which it is unnecessary here to detail, that the system of granting Medals of distinction should be abolished, and under these circumstances His Royal Highness is reluctantly compelled to explain the impossibility of his giving effect to the wishes you have expressed in regard to the Officers whose names you have transmitted

You will find, however, that the Order of the Bath, as far as its statutes and regulations could permit His Royal Highness and the President of the Board of Controul to recommend the grant of it, has been conferred on the Officers of the King's & the Honorable Company's service, who have been principally distinguished under your Command, and should the circumstance of your having recommended the grant of Medals of distinction, have been made known to the Army, His Royal Highness trusts you will give such explanation to the Officers, who were under your Command at Mahidpoor, as may convince them that this kind of distinction is withheld in compliance with General Regulations, and not from any failure in the due appreciation of their distinguished conduct.

I have the honor to be, Sir, Your most obedient, humble Servant, (signed) H. TORRENS.

(Signed) *B. R. HITCHINS*,

Asst. Adjt Genl's. Dept.

Bombay.

On Saturday evening the free trader Ann, Captain Thatcher, from Downs 22d April, anchored in this Harbour

PASSENGERS —Mrs. Gerard;—Miss Gerard;—Miss Kensington; Miss Robinson;—Mrs. Thatcher, —Mrs Roberts, —Mr. Stalker;—Mr Kensington;—Mr. Brown;—Mr. Deacon;—Mr. Appthorpe;—Mr. Brydon,—Mr. Fletcher; and——Irvine, Esq. Barrister.

And yesterday evening, the H. C. extra Ship York, Capt. Talbert, from Downs the 6th May arrived here.

PASSENGERS —Messrs Cooke, Jackson,—Lumley,—Stalker, —Outram, D'Arcy, and Pitcairn.

The Ann stayed 10 days at Madeira, and the Ship Orient for this port, sailed from that island the day before her. The Sarah, from Bristol for Bombay, was spoken with by the Ann off the Cape de Verd islands.

The Prince Regent has appointed Hardinge Giffard, Esq. to be Chief Justice, and Richard Ottley, Esq to be Puisne Justice, of Ceylon.

Penang.

On Thursday evening came in H. M. S. *Topaze* Captain Lumley, from Manilla. A friend has furnished us with some interesting articles of intelligence brought by this opportunity, of which we have only time and space to give the following heads :—

Accounts from Rhio, dated 29th June, state that the *Indiana*, with the Hon'ble Stamford Raffles on board, grounded in going into that place on her way to Bencoolen, and was obliged to start her water. The Dutch Resident furnished her with a fresh supply, and she continued her voyage on the next day—all well.

The Dutch have hoisted their flag on the Rajah Mooda's Fort at Rhio, and almost all the Inhabitants have in consequence, left it to reside under Major Farquhar at Singapore;—the Rajah Mooda himself has retired to Lingin.

The Dutch Frigate *Wilhelmina* was at Rhio when the *Topaze* passed. The *Eclipse* (Sloop of War of that Nation) was lately at Lingin with 40 Soldiers, whom she have landed, but the Rajah, it is said, would not receive them.

Accounts from the Eastward confirm the report of the Dutch having been driven out from Pallinghang with great loss; and also of a revolt of the Natives against them on the Island of Banca.

Advices from Manilla, of the 14th June, mention, that two thirds of their crop of Sugar had been destroyed by Locusts. Government had sent for several thousands of the Marten Bird, in hopes of destroying them.

FUNERAL OF THE LATE GOVERNOR.

It becomes this week our melancholy duty to record the death of our late respectable and respected GOVERNOR, the Honorable Colonel JOHN ALEXANDER BANNERMAN, who after an illness of a fortnight, expired on Sunday Evening last, the 8th instant, in the 61st year of his age, of a supposed schirrous in the pylorus, of lower orifice of the Stomach. He had been Governor of this Colony about 20 months, and had ably and faithfully served the Company in various situations of the highest responsibility during the long period of 43 years—during 9 of which he held a seat in the Direction. He has left a Widow, and 3 Sons and 5 Daughters to mourn his irreparable loss. Every possible respect, so justly due from this community, was publicly paid to his memory; the funeral procession being attended not only by all the European Inhabitants, but by a prodigious concourse of Natives of the various Eastern Nations of which our population is principally composed. Captain LUMLEY, too, of H. M. Ship *Topaze* Captains WEASTEAD

Rawes, and Larkins of the H. C. Ships *General Harris*, *Warren Hastings*, and *Marquis Camden*, and many of their Officers, together with the Commanders of several other Vessels there in the harbour, united in paying the last sad honors to the mortal remains of our late Governor. The Pall was supported by Sir Ralph Rice (the Recorder) W. A. Clubley, Esq. (Member of Council) R. Ibbetson, Esq. (High Sheriff) Colonel Shouldham, David Brown and James Carnegy, Esq. Capts. Lumley, Weegstead, and other principal Gentlemen present. Minute Guns corresponding with the age of the deceased were fired from the Rampart of Fort Cornwallis during the procession from the Church to the Place of Interment, and the Flag remained, throughout the day, hoisted half mast:—the same mournful compliment was also paid by the Frigate, the Indiamen, and other Ships. Colonel Shouldham had ordered out the whole of the Troops, who concluded the painful ceremony by firing 3 vollies over the grave. The Colonel lies close to the tomb of Mr. Petrie (one of his predecessors) and 3 other Governors are buried in the same line: for it is remarkable, that of 14 or 15 Chief Magistrates of this Island, only 2 (we understand) ever lived to re-visit their native land; of whom one is the present Governor of Mauritius, and Sir George Leith, the other. Three of them have died at Sea, and the rest, we believe, in different parts of India.

Though we hope that Colonel Bannerman's Friends in Europe will give to the public a more detailed account of his very useful life and important services, yet we are in the mean time, desirous of recording, even in our fugitive publication, a few particulars which have come to our knowledge—only regretting our inability to furnish a more complete memoir. As a Military member he had seen, we know, a great deal of service under Sir Eyre Coote, Sir Hector Munro, and Lord Cornwallis. Indeed he had scarcely arrived in India, and was yet a Cadet of Infantry on the Madras Establishment, when, in the year 1778, he was made Assistant to the Engineer at the memorable siege of Pondicherry under Sir Hector Munro. He afterwards served in the arduous and severe Campaign with General Goddard's Army, and also under Sir Eyre Coote; was again at the reduction of Pondicherry in 1793, and commanded a Battalion at the Capture of Ceylon in 1795. During the different Carnatic Wars he was repeatedly and severely wounded. In the year 1788 he was employed by Sir Archibald Campbell—then Governor of Madras—in a diplomatic situation of great importance with the Rajah of Travancore.*

Lastly, and even after he had taken his passage for Europe, he was selected by Marquis Wellesley to reduce the Polygars of Pungallah Coorcne; and having accomplished this service with distinguished credit, he returned home in 1801. In 1806 we find him a Member of the House of Commons; and after hav-

* See Wilk's history of India vol. 3d page 42—45.

ing been presented with a superb service of plate by the Court of Directors for his services in India (in the Inscription on which his "*spotless integrity*" is particularly eulogized.) he was elected a Member of that Court if 1808. He continued in the Direction for 9 years, commanding the esteem and applause of al parties, until appointed, in 1817, Governor of this Presidency

COLONEL HANNERMAN was in close friendship with SIR JOHN MALCOLM; General MUNRO, Colonel WILKS, and many other emminent Indian characters; and was on terms of personal intimacy and confidence with MARQUIS WELLESLEY, the DUKE OF WELLINGTON, Mr. W. POLE, Lord CLIVE (the Governor of Madras) and the late EARL OF BUCKINGHAMSHIRE, from all of whom he had received many proofs of particular esteem and regard.

But while so much may with great truth be said of his unshaken firmness and impartiality, of his "spotless integrity," and extraordinary zeal, ardour, and devotion in the *public* service: his *private* life cannot be forgotten or passed over in silence, distinguished as it was by manly worth, and soldier-like frankness and candour on all occasions; together with such affectionate and lively feelings as rendered him almost, as it were an object of adoration to his immediate family and friends. To sum up all, we are assured by the Clergyman, who, by his own desire, attended him almost in his last moments to administer one of the most holy ordinances of our religion, that though he had been called upon, in the course of his professional Duty, to visit many persons in the same affecting situation, yet he never remembered to have witnessed patient composure and perfect submission to the dispensations of Heaven, exemplified in a more admirable and surprising degree: thus affording to his surrounding children, notwithstanding the agonizing pains of his last sickness, a most impressive and a most consoling lesson of Christian fortius resignation

"*Let me die the death of the righteous and let my last end be like his.*"

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Calcutta.

CIVIL APPOINTMENTS.

TERRITORIAL DEPARTMENT.

THE 3D SEPTEMBER, 1819.

Mr. T. PARKNEAM, Collector of Cuttack.

THE 17TH SEPTEMBER, 1819.

Mr. JOHN KINLOCK Collector of Government Customs and Town Duties at Furruckabad.

Mr. C. PHILLIPS, Assistant to the Salt Agent of Eastern Division of the 24-Pergunnahs.

Mr. W. N. GARRETT, Assistant to the Collector of Burdwan.

SEPTEMBER 17, 1819.

COMMERCIAL DEPARTMENT.

Mr. H. A. WILLIAMS to be Commercial Resident at Jungypore.

Mr. E. MARJORIBANKS to be Commercial Resident at Malda.

MILITARY.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE MOST NOBLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM; 11TH SEPT. 1819,

The Most Noble the Governor General in Council is pleased to publish the following information of the armies of the three Presidencies. the following List of European Commissioned Officers entitled to share in the property captured during the Mahratta War, in the years 1803, 4 and 5, but whose claims have not hitherto been laid before the Mahratta Prize Committee at this Presidency for adjustment.

A List of European Commissioned Officers whose claims to share in the property captured during the Mahratta war, in the years 1803, 4 and 5, have not been submitted for adjustment to the Presidency Prize Committee.

8th Light Dragoons.
Lieut J. Wyatt,
" J. R. Willard,
" John Young,
" J. A. Morley,

27th, now the 24th Dragoons.
Lieut. John Caulfield,
Assist. Surg. Thos. Lewis

29th, now the 25th Dragoons.
Captain J. Stone,

6th Regt. Native Cavalry.
Captain J. Smith,
Cornet E. S. Arnold.
" H. Smith.
Surgeon G. Toshach.

2d Regt. Native Infantry.
Captain C. C. Wilson,
" C. Christie,
Lieut. J. Forbes,
" J. Murray,
" J. P. Livesey.
" J. P. Aubrey,

Lieut. M. Davis.
" Thomas Keighly,
" Thomas Martin.

22d Regiment.

Lieut. William Wilson,
" George Mansergh,
" Stephen Swetnum.
Asst. Surg. P. Graham.

75th Regiment.

Lieut. Col. Jas. Mitland,
Captain C. J. Milnes,
" S. Engel,
" C. Durand,
" A. McLauchlin,
Lieut. A. Stewart,
" J. Atkins,
" J. Williams,
" Thomas Grant,
" Adam Bugh,
" Charles Grey,
" William Leech,
" Edward Byne,
" Dold. McLauchlin,
" R. H. S. Malone,
" J. C. Dumass,
Ensign Thomas Harfield,
Lieut. & Adj. P. Mathewson,
Quar. Mast. M. Murray,
Asst. Surg. C. Young.
" J. Cuming.

76th Regiment.

Captain R. Cameron,
Lieut. Thomas Booth,
" W. S. St. Aubin,
Ensign J. Lloyd Lucan,
" W. Bright.

2d Battalion Artillery.

Captain R. Best,
" J. Robinson,

European Regiment.

Captain H. Blankenhagan,
" S. Kelly,
Lieut. E. Morris,
" A. Maxtope,
" A. Hamilton,
Ensign G. Bolton,

1st Regt. Native Cavalry.

Lieut. A. W. Bureau,
Cornet J. F. Erskine.

2d Regt. Native Cavalry.

Cornet J. Kyan.

3d Regt. Native Cavalry.

Cornet C. Famer.

4th Regt. Native Cavalry

Captain R. Armstrong,
Cornet H. Smith,
" W. Baillie.
" H. Arbuthnot,
" Thomas Parr,
" C. W. Lewis, now Major Bird,
Ensg. J. P. DeBeauregard,
Ensg. H. P. Stacy.

4th Regt Native Infantry.

Captain J. Malcolm,
" G. Foulis,
Lieut. R. S. Harrison,
" Thomas Goodall,
" Lee Parker,

8th Regt. Native Infantry.

Captain R. Duff,
Lieut. W. Williams,
" G. Lane,
" J. L. Purvis,
" G. B. Martin,
" A. Abernethy.

2d Batt. 9th Regt. N. I.

Ensign H. F. Plumtree.

12th Regt. Native Infantry.

Captain J. Kellie,
Lieut. G Bridge,
" G. Randall,
" J. Bowring,
" J. Aylmere,
Ensign F. Dalton,
" T. Taylor,
" W. Bowyer,
" W. Rattray,
" R. Waterhouse.

14th Regt Native Infantry.

Captain W. Sneyd,
Lieut. J. Harrington,
" W. Hiart,
" C. Rawling,
" W. Ball,
" Thomas Evans.

15th Regt. Native Infantry.

Captain Thos. Evans,
Lieut. John Faithfull,
" H. Addison,
" G. E. Hartley,
Ensign A. Lambert.

2d Batt 16th Regt. N. I.

Captain W. Sturrock,
Lieut. G. Warden,
" J. Hay,
Ensign L. Grant.

21st Regt. Native Infantry.

Captain J. M. Stewart.

2d Batt. 22d Regt. N. I.

Lieut. J. Tichet.

2d Batt. 23d Regt. N. I.

Lieut. S. Moody.

It having been brought under the notice of Government, that several of the parties entitled to Mahratta Prize Money, or their Executors, also the Agents and Trustees to the estates of deceased and absent claimants, are at present in India; His Lordship in Council is pleased to allow a period of Six Months from this date, for the final adjustment in India, of all claims to the Prize Money in question.

The prompt attention of all Officers commanding Corps and Departments are required to investigate and submit within the period above specified the claims of all Individuals under their controul, who may appear to be entitled to share in the property captured during the Mahratta war, in the years to which this order refers.

W. CASEMENT, Lieut. Col.
Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE MOST NOBLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM; 11TH SEPT. 1819.

The Governor General in Council is pleased to appoint Serjeant Major William Edwards, on the Most Noble the Governor General's Body Guard, to be an Overseer in the Stud Institution.

His Excellency the Commander in Chief is requested to issue the necessary Subsidiary Orders for Serjeant Major Edwards being placed under the orders of the Board of Superintendence.

W. CASEMENT, Lieut.-Col.
Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept

GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE MOST NOBLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM; 16TH SEPTEMBER, 1819.

The undermentioned Gentlemen having produced Certificates of their Appointment as Cadets of Artillery and Infantry on this Establishment, are admitted to the Service accordingly, and promoted, the former to the rank of 2d Lieutenant, and the latter to that of Ensign, leaving the dates of their Commissions to be adjusted hereafter.

Artillery.

Mr. William Trigge Garrett.

Infantry.

Mr George Fleming,
" George Henry White,
" Vincent Shortland,
" George Burney.

Captain Francis Dickson of the 26th, and Lieut. George Richard Pemberton of the 28th Regiments of Native Infantry, have been permitted, by the Hon. the Court of Directors, to return to their duty on this Establishment, without prejudice to their Rank.

W. CASEMENT, Lieut.-Col.
Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE MOST NOBLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM; 16TH SEPT. 1819.

Mr. George Templer, having produced a Certificate of his Appointment, as a Cadet of Infantry on this Establishment, is admitted to the Service accordingly, and promoted to the rank of Ensign, leaving the date of his Commission to be adjusted hereafter.

Captain John Backhouse Pratt of the 4th Regiment of Native Infantry, has been permitted by the Hon'ble the Court of Directors, to return to his rank on this Establishment, without prejudice to his rank.

His Lordship in Council is pleased to authorize a further monthly expenditure of 38 Seers and 12 chittacks of Oil, and 1 seer of Cotton Wick, also an additional Oil Cooly, on the prescribed rate of Pay, to the Barrack-master's Establishment at Dum Dum, in consequence of the additional Wards to the European, and the enlargement of the Native Hospital at that Station.

The permission granted in General Orders of the 14th ultimo, to Lieutenant Newton Wallace, Adjutant of the Cuttack Legion, to proceed to the Cape of Good Hope for the benefit of his health, is commuted to leave of Absence to proceed to Sea, on the same account, from the date of the sailing of the Ship Stanmore, on which he has engaged a Passage.

W. CASEMENT, Lieut.-Col.

Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE MOST NOBLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM; 18TH SEPT. 1819.

With reference to General Orders of the 17th July and 7th August last, the following modified rule, substituted in lieu of that contained in the 3d Article of the Resolutions passed by Government in the Territorial Department, on the 25th of June 1819, is published for general information.

III. "The Military Board, having revised the "Estimate and "Plan, will forward them to the Secretary to Government in the Department to which the Building belongs, and when the final orders "of Government in regard to the execution of the work are passed, "they will be communicated from the Secretary's Office to the Military Board, in order that the Board may issue the necessary instructions to the Superintendents to commence the work. The Plan "and Estimate will also be returned to the Military Board, and the "Secretary to Government will at the same time apprize the Accountant General, of the Amount of Credit which will be required "on account of the work."

W. CASEMENT, Lieut.-Col.

Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE MOST NOBLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM; SEPT. 18TH 1819.

The Governor General in Council is pleased to appoint Assistant Surgeon H. M. Fraser to perform the Medical duties of the Civil Station of Rajeshahye, vice Darling, deceased,

W. CASEMENT, Lieut.-Col.
Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

Head-Quarters, Calcutta; September 14, 1819.

GENERAL ORDERS.

BY THE COMMANDER IN CHIEF.

Lieutenant Lynch of the 14th, and Ensign Frankland of the 24th Foot, are, as coming under the Regulations of Government, dated the 19th of September, 1818, to proceed by water with the Officers stated in the General Orders of the 13th instant, (No. 1794) to their respective Corps, the former to Meerut, and the latter to Ghazeepore.

The necessary sanction having been received, the Most Noble the Commander in Chief is pleased to appoint Lieut. Morgell of H. M. 8th Dragoons, to act as Interpreter from the Presidency to Meerut with the Detachments of the King's Regiments directed to proceed in the General Orders of the 6th and 13th instant, (No. 1788 and 1794) to their respective Stations.

By Order of the Most Noble the Commander in Chief.

THOS. McMAHON, *Col. A. G.*

Head-Quarters, Calcutta; September 15, 1819.

GENERAL ORDERS.

His Royal Highness the Prince Regent has been pleased in the name and on the behalf of His Majesty, to make the following Promotion and Appointments.

25th Light Dragoons.

Brevet Major Charles Synge, from the 20th Light Dragoons, to be Major by purchase, vice Ellis, who retires, 5th November, 1818.

Robert Burdett, Gent. to be Cornet by purchase, vice Oswald, who retires, 22d October, 1818.

87th Foot.

Cancels Ensign Bateman's promotion, vice Turner.

Lieutenant Henry Wyndham Desbarres, from the half pay of the Regiment, to be Lieutenant without purchase, vice Turner, promoted 2d April, 1819.

MEMORANDUM.

The date of Commission of Capt Harrington, 8th Dragoons, is the 18th of March, 1819, and not the 14th June, 1818, as stated in the General Orders of the 14th of August, 1819.

By Order of the Most Noble the Commander in Chief.

THOS. McMAHON, *Col A. G.*

Head-Quarters, Calcutta, September 15, 1819.

GENERAL ORDERS.

The Most Noble the Commander in Chief in India, is pleased to make the following Promotion and Appointment, until the pleasure of His Royal Highness the Prince Regent in the name and on the behalf of His Majesty, shall be made known.

87th Foot.

Ensign William Bateman to be Lieutenant, without purchase, vice Lieutenant James Carroll, appointed Adjutant, retaining the original date of his promotion, viz. 20th November, 1817.

Charles Carroll, Gent. to be Ensign without purchase, vice Wm. Bateman, promoted, 10th August 1818.

N. B. The Appointment of Charles Carroll, Gent. to be Ensign in the 87th Foot, in succession to Reade, promoted as stated in the General Order of the 19th of September, 1818, is cancelled.

The removal of Assistant Surgeon Greig, M D. from the 22d Dragoons to the 67th Foot, as stated in General Orders of the 29th July, 1819, is cancelled, and Doctor Greig, will revert to his original situation in the 22d Dragoons, until the further pleasure of His Royal Highness the Prince Regent shall be known.

By Order of the Most Noble the Commander in Chief.

THOS. McMAHON, *Col. A. G.*

Head-Quarters, Calcutta; September 16, 1819.

GENERAL ORDERS.

His Royal Highness the Prince Regent has been pleased in the name and on the behalf of His Majesty, to make the following Appointment.

87th Foot.

Brevet Lieut. Col. and Major Thos. Hunter Blair, from the 91st Foot, to be Major, vice Barrington, who exchanges, 1st April, 1819.

By Order of the Most Noble the Commander in Chief.

THOS. McMAHON, *Col. A. G.*

Head-Quarters, Calcutta; 17th September, 1819.

GENERAL ORDERS.

The Most Noble the Commander in Chief in India is pleased to make the following Promotion, until the pleasure of His Royal Highness the Prince Regent in the name and on the behalf of His Majesty, shall be made known.

29th Foot

Ensign Edward Kenny to be Lieutenant without purchase, vice Hewson, deceased 26th June, 1819.

N. B. The following appointments are cancelled.

21st Light Dragoons,

Captain M. White, from the 24th Light Dragoons, to be Captain, vice Thomas Jones, who exchanges, 25th June, 1818.

Lieutenant John Tritton, from the 24th Light Dragoons, to be Lieut. vice A. Bond, who exchanges, 25th June, 1818.

Lieutenant E. A. Maxwell, from the 24th Light Dragoons, to be Lieutenant, vice McConchy, who exchanges, 10th July, 1818.

By Order of the Most Noble the Commander in Chief.

THOS. M'MAHON, Col. A. G.

Head Quarters, Calcutta, 20th September, 1819.

GENERAL ORDERS.

The whole of the Volunteers, turned out from His Majesty's 21st Dragoons since its departure from Cawnpore, will be immediately handed over to the Brigade Major to the King's Troops, and Lieutenant Leeson of the 21st Dragoons, will superintend them until further orders and instructions shall be issued.

Ensign Murray of His Majesty's 24th Foot is attached to the detail of His Majesty's Troops to proceed to the Upper Provinces, under the Command of Lieutenant Brannan, 14th Regiment, in the room of Lieutenant Watson, 24th Foot.

By Order of the Most Noble the Commander in Chief.

THOS. M'MAHON, Col. A. G.

Head Quarters, Calcutta, 14th September, 1819

GENERAL ORDERS.

His Royal Highness the Prince Regent has been pleased in the name and on the behalf of His Majesty, to make the following Promotions and Appointments.

1st Foot.

Captain James Cowell from the half pay of the Regiment, to be Capt. of a Company, vice Wm. Clarke, who exchanges, 11th March, 1819.

30th Foot.

Lieutenant Sutherland Hall Sutherland, from the half pay of the 58th Foot, to be Lieutenant, vice Thomas Major, who exchanges, receiving the difference, 25th March, 1819.

Paymaster Hugh Boyd Wray, from the half pay of the Regt. to be Paymaster, vice Cruckshanks, deceased, ditto.

34th Foot.

Lieutenant Wm. McLeod from the half pay of the Regt., to be Lieutenant, vice Ready, who exchanges, receiving the difference, 2d April 1818.

Lieut. H. Straith to be Adjutant, vice Ready, who resigns the Adjutantcy only, 1st April, 1818.

46th Foot.

Captain John Hamilton Edwards, from the 86th Foot, to be Captain of a Company, vice B. G. Humphrey, who exchanges, 25th July, 1818.

53d Foot.

Lieut Wm. Booth to be Adjutant, vice Daly, who resigns the Adjutantcy only, 16th Feb. 1818.

59th Foot.

Captain Duncan Gordon from the half pay of the Regiment, to be Captain of a Company, vice Wm. Redding, who exchanges, receiving the difference, 5th March, 1818.

To be Lieutenants.

Lieut. Alexander Howard, from the half pay of the Regt. vice John F. G. Maclean, who exchanges, receiving the difference, 10th May, 1818.

Ensign C. Hogan, without purchase, vice Holmes, deceased, 23d July, 1818.

65th Foot.

To be Lieutenants without purchase.

Ensign R. G. Wallace, vice White, deceased, 4th May, 1816.

Ensign A. G. Faden, 20th June, 1818.

To be Ensigns without purchase.

R. G. Wallace, Gent. vice Fagan, promoted, 17th December, 1813.

Ensign Thomas Coleman, from the 56th Foot, vice Wallace, promoted 20th Nov. 1816.

67th Foot.

Lieut. Wm. Jones from the half pay of the Regt. to be Lieut. vice F. Richard Dickson, who exchanges, receiving the difference 1st June 1818.

Lieut. Benjamin Beaufoy, from the 27th Foot to be Lieutenant, vice Everett, who exchanges, 18th March, 1819.

69th Foot.

Lieut. Genl. William Carr Lord Beresford, G. C. B. from the 88th Foot, to be Colonel, vice Sir Cornelius Cuyler, deceased 11th March, 1819.

Charles Stewart, Gent. to be Ensign without purchase vice Langson, promoted 1st Aug. 1816.

84th Foot.

Lieut B. R. Ottley, from the half pay of the 30th Foot to be Lieutenant, vice Battersby who exchanges, 1st March, 1818.

86th Foot.

Capt. B. G. Humfrey from the 46th Foot, to be Captain of a Company vice Edwards, who exchanges 25th July, 1818.

By Order of the Most Noble the Commander in Chief.

THOMAS McMAHON,

Col. A.

SEPTEMBER 27.

The letters received during the last week from the Upper Provinces, confirm the previous accounts of copious falls of rain, but in many plac-

es, this blessing was bestowed too late in the season, to move immediate pressure,—and the prices of grain particul of rice, continued to place that article, beyond the reac the poorer classes. In one station, it was selling at a rea rate than wheat. Hopes are said, however to be generally tertained, that the scarcity will not be encreased, and those who have stored large quantities of grain, in the pectation of profiting by the anticipated dearth, will gr dually bring their stores into the Bazars.

The Bombay papers continue to publish details of Earth quakes. A letter from Camp near Booj, dated the 1st u timo, states that several other shocks have been expe rienced. The writer indulges in a considerable vein c jocularity, somewhat inconsistent with the situation, i which he is placed. He says, that "at one time, the earth "rocks like a ship in the sea,—at another time, it trembles as "if it had an ague fit—and again it bumps as if it was "striking on a shoal." We know not whether this gentleman is, or is not "a little poetical in his prose," but the condition of the people in Kutch must be truly deplorable if they are compelled during the rainy season to abandon their houses—and to sleep every night, in temporary huts constructed of grass!

We have received by the *Kent*, Penang Journals, but they contain little besides shipping intelligence, which will be found under our usual head. Of late we have not been much edified, by interestic and romantic details of proceedings to the Eastward.—The *mine* of confidential correspondence appears to have been *sprung* by the imprudence of those who had been entrusted with the *train*—and the explosion at Penang, will perhaps be felt at Calcutta. The *gold-mine* lately discovered at Singapore will, we trust, be worked in a more *skilful* manner, and it may hereafter serve to relieve the embarrassments of our mother country, by facilitating the success of Mr. RICARDO's *ingot scheme*. The China Ships from Madras, had reached Penang, and the *Waterloo* from this port, had relieved the Artillery on that Island.

The Meeting of the Inhabitants of Calcutta to consider of the Vestry differences, which we have frequently mentioned, took place on Wednesday last, at the Town Hall, and was most numerously and respectably attended. An account of the proceedings at this meeting has already appeared in the *daily* papers of Thursday, and a detailed report is to be published in the *Calcutta Journal*. Our readers in Calcutta have been sufficiently informed of the discussions and of the result, and to our Country Subscribers, we shall merely

say, that the resolutions which were adopted on Wednesday, have satisfactorily shewn, that, in the opinion of the meeting, MESSRS. PROWDEN were *duly* elected Sidesmen, and were improperly expelled from their office. The Inhabitants, it may now be said, as far as they *can*, have adopted and confirmed the Regulations of 1787, established by the then Governor General in Vestry: and have resolved to pursue all competent measures to enforce the regulations—to vindicate their authority—and finally, to place the establishment on a footing analagous with similar institutions in England. We have not yet seen the resolutions,—but understand, that by one of them, it is resolved to make an application to Government, to interfere with the persons who now exercise the office of Vestrymen. Should this be true, we conceive that the meeting has departed from its constitutional ground. We think, for reasons, that have been repeatedly stated in this paper, that the Supreme Government *cannot*—and will not interfere in the affairs of the church. Assuming the Regulations of 1787 to be valid and operative,—the Governor General and Members of Council are *ex officio* members of the Select Vestry:—but, as a body *distinct* from the Vestry, it is not likely, that the Government will interfere with the business of the *parish*. If the resolution was intended merely as a mark of respect to Government, we shall not quarrel with it,—but, as the Government authorised the Inhabitants to meet, to consider of the best means of restoring the expelled Sidesmen to office, it appears to us, that all *authoritative* interference with the litigating parties, was thus virtually disclaimed. Until, however, we see this resolution, we shall not make any other observation on this point. We are most happy to learn, that the warmth of debate, did not prevent the speakers—or the meeting—from doing all that was practicable, to prove that the controversy between the men in office, and those expelled, was founded on public grounds, untinctured by private feeling. We understand, that one of the resolutions conveys a most liberal acknowledgement, that the conduct of the late Vestry, as *such*, has not in any degree diminished as any the respect and esteem entertained for them as private individuals. This, was as it ought to be. The late Vestry have in *our* opinion acted *wrongfully*, and have, almost perversely, owing to their error—but, although we think they ought to have been *long ago* converted—and that they have pushed the controversy *too far*,—we are disposed to make great allowance for the tenaciousness,—with which they have adhered to a system, which, we believe, they considered to be *right*. Men are apt to repose on their first creed—and

he who ventures to disturb their slumbers—is generally co sidered an officious intruder; and we are taught by da experience, that few possess sufficient meekness to end the eradication of errors—without contortion—and few still, can command magnanimity enough, to *act* in opp sition to their own opinions.

PROCEEDINGS

OF THE

CALCUTTA SCHOOL-BOOK SOCIETY

On Tuesday the 21st, took place the Second Annu General Meeting of the CALCUTTA SCHOOL BOOK SOCIET

Though at an unfavourable time, the number of Nativ was considerable; and among the European friends to tl Institution present were some of the principal Gentlemen the Settlement.

W. B. Bayley, Esq. being called to the chair on the motic of the Honorable the Chief Justice, read the Report of th Committee's Proceedings since the general Meeting of Jul 1818: whereupon it was

Moved by the Honorable J. Adam, Esq. seconded b Sir E. H. East, and resolved unanimously,

"That the Report be adopted by the Meeting and printe under direction of the Committee for distribution."

The Chairman then announced that agreeably to what ha been a frequent object of the Committee's wishes, he had ob tained the consent of the Most Noble the Marquis of Hast ings to be formally placed at the head of the Institution a Patron; observing in substances that for his Lordship not t have manifested his decided esteem for such associations would indeed have been inconsistent with the wellk nowr benevolent attention constantly manifested by him for the best interests of the Natives of this Country. To this th Meeting with common acclamation requested Mr. Bayley t present their warmest thanks for the honor thus conferred on them.

Sir Edward Hyde East next addressed the Meeting in a animated speech, of which we can only offer the leading ideas. Regarding with heartfelt delight a spectacle so gratifying and uncommon before him as a Meeting composed of some of the principal European Gentlemen with the mos respectable Natives, Hindoo and Moosulman, in disse

minating useful knowledge throughout the country, he naturally adverted to the illustrious Patron of this Association; instituting a happy comparison between the dazzling glories of his Lordship's military fame, and the milder but more lasting honors of this engaging feature of his Lordship's administration; since by withdrawing the minds of men from war to the moral improvement of their fellow creatures, he was establishing a name which would live in the annals of this and similar Societies to the latest posterity.—In short, in thus presiding over and fostering the various endeavours now making to diffuse that knowledge which should tend to improve the moral condition of the many millions placed under his care, he knew no man who could more justly say of himself,

"*Exegi monumentum ære perennius.*"

Having expressed thus much, he could not refrain now from adding the slender but hearty tribute of his applause to the worthy Chairman, who might with justice be termed the "foster father" of the Society; as it was well known that notwithstanding so much of his laborious life was unavoidably consumed in the important duties of his high station, he had uniformly manifested the same attention to the interests of the Society, and had found time for regularly attending the stated meetings of its Committee.—He felt it was a striking feature of this Association that here was no room for the exhibition of pride and vanity, or the indulgence of those passions which disturb the peace of man, but it was a union of the most benevolent nature, productive of solid advantage, and in a word a Society which could not but be pleasing in the eyes of God.

The Chief Justice then concluded by suggesting the expediency of a modification of such of the Society's rules as were inapplicable to its present relations and the recent accession to its respectability and efficiency. He had therefore to propose for the sanction of the general Meeting,

That a President and four Vice-Presidents be elected in addition to the Members who have hitherto formed the Committee, and that the former Rules V. VI. and VIII. being rescinded, the following be adopted in lieu of them as Rule

"V. That the business of the Institution be conducted by a Committee, which shall comprise a President, 4 Vice-Presidents, and 20 Members 10 of them being Natives, to be annually chosen at a general meeting in July, who shall associate with themselves as Members *ex-officio*, a Treasurer, a Collector, a European and Native Recording Secretary, and an European and Native Corresponding Secretary, with as

many other Secretaries as the Sub-Committees it may be expedient to form shall require."

The rule was accordingly generally adopted.

Mr. Forbes proposed in consequence that W. B. Bayley, Esq. be elected President of the Calcutta School Book Society, which motion was seconded by Hol. McKenzie, Esq. and unanimously adopted.

And Mr. Sherer, seconded by Mr. Lushington, moved that the following Gentlemen be also elected Vice-Presidents;

Honorable Sir Edward Hyde East,

William Edward Rees, Esq.

Charles Theophilus Metcalfe, Esq. & W. H. Trant, Esq.

and the same were elected accordingly.

Various other resolutions were then unanimously adopted, the detail of which will appear hereafter in the report.

Most of the Hindoos present were able to understand the English report; and the Moosulmans were gratified by a summary abstract prepared and read to them by Mowluvee Vilayut Husun, Mooftee of the Calcutta Court of Appeal, which called forth interesting remarks expressive of their thanks and good-will to the Society.

The table was spread with the different publications by and for the Society, of which there appeared during the past year,

13 new editions, and 6 new works, completed with specimens; also of

7 new works in the press, exclusive of works ready or preparing for press.

The President representing the exhausted state of the funds after an expenditure since the last annual meeting of 20,000 Rs. on the objects of the Society, the European Gentlemen present put down in Donations and Annual Subscriptions upwards of 5,500 Rs.

With reference to the funds of this Society and the general appeal about to be made in its favor, it may be observed that it has not, properly speaking, called on the public at large for a space of two years. The support given it on being brought forward in 1817 was so liberal that the Managers then felt they had the more difficult task of procuring the *execution* of work proportionate to the extent of the funds. In the first year the expenditure was 5,000 Rs. leaving on the 4th of July, 1818, a favorable balance of 13,000 Rs. in Cash and Government Securities.

Soon after, three new Institutions in this Metropolis arose to claim that support from the Public which they obtained

as well as merited.* The Managers of the Calcutta School Book Society, considering therefore that the Institution under their charge was in no immediate want of funds, felt the propriety of refraining from bringing forward its claims to public notice. Circumstances are now however quite altered. The Institutions in question are established on a firm basis, while the funds of this Society are brought to a low ebb; the demands on it for new works and new editions in 6 Languages, for the supply of seminaries of all descriptions mean time progressively multiplying. To carry through the works actually printing or ready for press would alone require a large sum.

The Society's complete organization and arrangements will now enable it to expend with effect even the most ample pecuniary supplies; which, after the experience gained, arrangements adopted, and connections established up to the present time, are alone now wanting. Whatever then might be the natural fear of a failure of the funds on this occasion, the liberality of the Community of this Country will surely not allow such a cause to bar the attainment of the many important objects obviously within reach of the Society's immediate accomplishment.

Accounts from Hyderabad mention that the rains have been unusually heavy in that quarter, and have destroyed the crops of small grain, which form the principal food of the lower classes. A rebel Zemindar, named KONA RAO, who has long been in a state of hostility with the NIZAM, is said to have abandoned all resistance to the government, and that now the whole country acknowledges the authority of the Prince.

It is reported that the *Shah Alum* brings information from Penang that a Gold Mine has been discovered at Sincapore. This is probable enough, but no accounts have yet been given of the productiveness of the ore.

The ship *Hayston* was wrecked on the 20th of July last, on a reef of rocks laying about 30 miles to the west of the Maldive islands. The Captain, passengers and crew, having effected their escape upon rafts, were hospitably treated by the Chief and inhabitants of one of the islands. One of the passengers, Mr. MYER, was unfortunately drowned in attempting to cross the surf.

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* The Leper Asylum, the School Branch of the Cal. Diocesan Committee, and the Calcutta School Society.

We regret to state, that a melancholy accident occurred on Sunday night last, on the river, opposite to Mr. Smith's yard in Clive Street. About half past ten o clock, a young man, named Barnes, an officer of the free trader *Northumbrian*, having been on shore with a Mr. Tod, was returning on board, accompanied by the same gentleman, when the tide hurried them athwart hawse of a brig called the *Sarah Anne*. So great was the rapidity of the stream, that the dingy in which they were, was shattered to pieces, and they were precipitated into the river where they found a watery grave.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

CALCUTTA.

ARRIVALS.

At Kedgeree.

SEPTEMBER.

29 Ship *Kent*, Capt. C. Farquharson, from China and Penang, 1st Sept.

Off Calcutta.

21 Danish Ship *Ludevig* and Brig *Mentor*.
23 Ship *Albion*
24 H. C. Ship *Hooghly*.

DEPARTURES.

From Calcutta.

SEPTEMBER.

22 Brig *Catherine*, Capt B Gibson, for Masulipatam.
24 French Ship *La Minerve*, Capt. E. Lecog, for Bourbon.
25 American Ship *Sachem*, Captain H. Bancroft, for Boston.
— Ditto *Atlas*, Capt. J. Girdon, for Philadelphia.
— Ship *Mahomed Shaw*, Capt. J. Laird, for Bombay.

MADRAS.

ARRIVALS.

September 2. Brig Ariel, J. Harvey, from Colombo 5th, Trincomalie 13th, and Negapatam 21st August. Pondicherry 1st September 4, Brig Maria, J. H. Carter, from Padang 9th August, Ship Leaving (Danish.) A. N. Beck, from Copenhagen 8th April, Trincomalie 18th and Tranquebar 31st August, Porto Novo 3d September.

DEPARTURES.

September 3. Ship Surry, Thomas Hurt, for Calcutta; 4, Brig Norfold, Edward Oakes, for the Coast and Calcutta: ditto Schooner Black Joke, William Eglin, for the Northward; 5, Ship Lloyd, P. M'Pherson, for Masulipatam and Calcutta; do Ship Mary, Alexander Scott, for London; 6, Brig Maria J. H. Carter, for Calcutta; 8. Brig La Maria, Walker, for Madras, Java and Manilla; ditto Ship Luavig, (Danish) A. N. Beck, for Calcutta.

BOMBAY.

ARRIVAL.

August 27. Ship Diana, Charles Williams, from Liverpool 22d April.

DEPARTURES.

28. The H. C. Cruizer Ariel, Lieut. Wm. C. Greenway to Bussora.
30. Ship Volunteer, Thomas Waterman, to Calcutta.
— Ship Governor Petrie, W. P. Bristley, to Calcutta.
— Ship Helen, David Seton, to Calcutta.
— Ship Loyalty, Hearn, to Liverpool

PASSENGERS

By Volunteer—Mr. Hill, Mr. Michal, Armenian, Mr. Zorab. ditto Mr. Paul, ditto, Lieut Black for Madras.

By Helen.—Col. Edwards, H. M. 73d Regt. Mr. H. Forbes, Mr. Mack, Bombay Establishment, Captain Heatley of H. M. 47th Regt. and Child.

NAUTICAL NOTICES.

The Diana of this port from Liverpool the 22d April, fell in with and spoke the American ship (Huntress) from New York to China, with a Cargo of East India Cotton; also reported that several other ships were taking in similar Cargoes for the same destination.

In Latitude 00-20 S. and Longitude 21-20 W. she fell in with the Comet of Greenock homeward bound from Calcutta.

On the Coast of Brazil the Diana was boarded by a Spanish Frigate; a Line of Battle ship and a Sloop in Company, lately from Europe.

The paragraph respecting the Orient, having been at Madeira, is a misconception altogether; that ship could not have left England before the 15th May—and we observe in the Times of the 26th April, she is advertized to sail about that time

The H. C. Cruizer Ariel, with the Overland despatches went to Sea on Saturday.

The Helen. Governor Petrie, and Volunteer, for Bengal, got to Sea on Monday Evening, the Loyalty, yesterday Morning.

PENANG.

ARRIVALS.

Brig *Hope*, P. Thisell, from Collong, 10th July; Passengers: the Rajah of Salangore's Family, including followers 67.

Brig *Ganges*, Chas. Maybury, from Singapore and Malacca. 11th August; Passengers: William Blunt, Esq. Bengal Civil Service, and Mr. N. M. M'Intyre.

21 H. C. Ship *Waterloo*, R. Alsager, Esq. Captain, from England, March; Calcutta, 17th August; Passengers, Captain Close, Dent, Esq. C. Palmer, Esq. Lieut. Wilson, and a Detachment Artillery.

23 H. C. Ship *Windsor*, J. R. Franklin, Esq. Capt., from England 1st March; Madras 19th August. Passengers: J. Shaw, Esq. J. Blackburn, Esq; D. Bannerman, Esq., Capt. Jourdan, M. N. I. Mrs. Jourdan, and Eleven Convicts.

— H. C. Ship *General Kyd*, A. Nairne, Esq. Captain, from ditto, ditto; Passengers: — Taylor, Esq. C. S. J. Reddie, Esq. Master Attendant, Major Becher, and R. Hudlestone, Esq.

— Brig *Penang*, J. Bacon, from Batavia, 5th August; Malacca, 18th ditto; Passengers, 8 Arabs and 9 Lascars.

24 Brig *Helen*, J. S. Luxeira, from Pedir, 13th ditto; Passenger: 1 Native.

— Brig *Cauder*, Noq. Abboobaker, from Bombay, 18th May; Point de Galle, 7th August; Passengers: 31 Native.

— Ship *Kent*, C. Farquharson, from China, 19th June; Sincapore, 19th August.

DEPARTURES.

AUGUST.

16 Brig *Tay*, for Padang.
18 H. C. Ship *Inglis*, T. Borradaile, Esq. Capt. for China.
— H. C. Ship *Marquis Camden*, T. Larkins, Esq. Captain, for ditto.
— Ship *Show Allum*, T. T. Detham, for Calcutta.
— Ship *Fame*, W. Eastgate, for Sincapore and China.
21 Brig *Hope*, P. Thissel, for Padang.
— Brig *Aurora*, P. Butler, for Bombay.
— Ship *Ahmudy*, F. Gregory, for ditto.
22 Brig *Sala Salamat*, Noq. Alley, for Quedah.
— Brig *Show Buramgore*, S. T. Ball, for West Coast.
23 Brig *Hammudy*, A. Henning, for Bombay.
24 Ship *Fatta Alwadood*, W. Richardson, for Malacca and Siam.
26 Ship *Fattel Rahmin*, J. Bruns, for Rangoon.
— Ship *Minerva*, R. Ballard, for West Coast.
27 H. C. Ship *Waterloo*, R. Alsager, Esq. Captain, for China.

Madras.

With feelings of deep regret we announce the death of the Reverend J. Mousley D. D. Archdeacon of Madras, who died after a severe, but not protracted illness, at his garden house on Tuesday morning. Many will lament the premature death of Dr. Mousley, though, probably, but few can duly appreciate the value of so excellent a character. He was mild and unaffected in his deportment and conversation,—cherished a benevolent and charitable disposition,—and evinced a simplicity of manners, often the attributive of transcendent merit.—To sum up his character in few words, he was a pious Christian, a Churchman, a liberal Scholar, and an accomplished Gentleman.

Dr. Mousley died in the 48th year of his age. His remains were interred in St. George's burying ground on Tuesday evening, with every mark of respect. The funeral was attended by H.

the Commander in Chief, the Judges of the Supreme Court, and the principal Civil and Military Gentlemen of the Settlement.—the Honourable the Chief Justice following as chief mourner.

The Drawing of the Madras Lottery commenced on Wednesday, when the following Prizes above 250 Rupees were drawn.

No 3354 a Prize of 40,000 Rupees; No. 780 a Prize of 20,000 Rupees; Nos. 3513, 4433, 4342, 4690, 5540, 3253, 3642, Prizes of 500 Rupees each.

From Ceylon we have nothing of importance - Major General Sir Edward Barnes had left Columbo on a tour through the interior Provinces.—His Excellency the Governor and Lady Brownrigg had set off on a similar excursion.

The Packets for the homeward bound Ship *Mary* were closed on Saturday evening, and the Ship got to Sea on Sunday.

The *Surrey* and *Lloyds*, have both sailed for Calcutta since Friday.

The *Reliance*, Captain Pike, is expected to sail for Bombay about Sunday next.

The Danish Ship *Luavig*, Captain Beck, came in from Copenhagen on Saturday last, from whence she sailed on the 15th April.

As a Tribute of respect to the Memory of the late lamented Dr. Mousley, *Archdeacon of Madras*, a Funeral Sermon was preached on Sunday morning last at St. George's, Choultry Plain, by the Reverend E. Vaughan, Senior Chaplain, from the following Text, taken from Hebrews, Chap. 13, Verse 7.

"Remember them which have the rules over you, who have "spoken unto you the Word of God; whose faith follow, con-"sidering the end of their conversation."

The Packet Ship *Mary* sailed for England on Sunday last.

The *Rochester* from this place, is stated to have been in the Downs on the 4th of May.

In addition to the H. C.'s chartered Ship *Catharine*, the Ships *Blenheim*, *Aurora* and *Elizabeth*, proceed to England from this place before the Monsoon.

Bombay.

On Saturday last the H. C. chartered Ship *Marquis of Hastings*, Capt. Charles Arkcoll, from the Downs 4th May; and yesterday morning the ship *Dirna*, of this port, Captain Williams, from Liverpool the 22d April, arrived here. The latter ship spoke on the 11th June, the ship *Content* of Greenock, bound to Calcutta; and in lat. 22 9 S. and long 47. 3. W. she was boarded by a spanish line of battle ship, a frigate, and a sloop of war. These arrivals of course furnish nothing new in the shape of European intelligence.

During the early part of the last week, the weather was more boisterous and squally than is usual at this season of the year, and we are sorry to have to mention the occurrence of a most distressing accident On Monday afternoon, as the ship *Helen* was working out to sea, the bunder boat which she was towing to windward, and in which were twelve men, was upset by the stroke of a sea. Every effort was made by the *Helen* to save the boat's crew, her jig was lowered down, and the first officer, Mr Gover, with some lascars, endeavoured, at the imminent hazard of their own lives, to pick up the drowning people; they only succeeded in rescuing one man. Another clung to the ship and was saved. Two others got hold of the upset boat which had been cut adrift upon the accident occuring, and one of them was taken off of her the next morning by the jolly-boat of a ship at anchor in the middle ground, past which the upset boat was driving. He was nearly exhausted but by immediate medical assistance was recovered; his companion had been washed off during the night, and with seven other poor fellow met a watery grave. The *Helen* in consequence of this sad accident was obliged to return to her anchorage in the middle ground."

Borebunder, 26th July, 1819.

MR. EDITOR,

Having done myself the pleasure of communicating to you, the circumstances which attended the Earthquake, at this Port on the 16th ult. I now describe its *continual* operations.

"These annoy us but do not create alarm."

I have ascertained, that the shock of the 16th ult. lasted *exactly a minute*. I have done this by taking a watch in my hand, and acting as I did during the Shock, so that I have ascertained the true time, within one or two seconds.

It has been observed in Europe that the Shocks generally last a minute.

On the 13th, 14th, 15th, and 16th ult. there were frequent tremors in the Earth, generally about 10 *a. m.* and at midnight.

16th. It is now a month since the great Shock, and yet its effects are still felt. At 10 *a. m.* and at noon, there were strong tremors in the Earth.

17th & 18th Frequent tremors in the Earth. High gusts of wind, passing with hollow sounds, much lightening, though but little thunder.

19th. The springs commenced to-day, at 10 *a. m.* there was so strong a tremor, or shock, as to induce Lieut. Lardner and myself to quit our rooms at the same instant, though we were in different houses.

Between 10 and 12 o'clock at night, there were repeated strong tremors, or shocks in the Earth, which caused me to quit my bed three times.

The tremors have at different dates, produced various sensations, as felt from the bed on which the person reclines, sensations such as slight fits of an ague, on the body; at others, strong throbbings, like the pulsation of a great artery; and, at others, short pushes or jerks. I imagine the long rolling motion, formerly noticed, to have been produced by wind; the tremors by the action of fire, and the throbs, by that of water, or by large metallic substances, melted by the subterraneous fire, and dropping into some abyss below.

The sensations have been most felt while reclining on the bed, because the body there retains the sensation of at least 6 square feet of earth, on which space a camp cot stands, whereas, while the person is standing erect, there is little more than a single square foot stood on.

The sensations in upper rooms have been much greater than those on the ground floors, from the same principle which causes the motion on the top of a mast, to be much greater than that on the deck.

We have been quite free from our former unpleasant personal sensation since the ceasing of the rolling motion in the Earth.

20th & 21st. Frequent tremors, throbs and jerking motions in the Earth, generally between 10 and 12 in the morning, and at the same time at night.

22d. Tremors, as usual.

23d. A little after sun-set, I complained of feeling oppressed by heat, I felt a moisture on my brow, though it rained at the time, and I was sitting still. Two hours afterwards, or about 9 *p. m.* we were a little annoyed by strong tremors, which continued three quarters of an hour; about 10, were alarmed by strange sounds in the air, like the rolling of heavy carriages, coming with short gusts of wind, and accompanied by a shock which shook the door, and caused us to jump out of our beds.

For the last twenty days, we have had regular moonson weather.

24th. Slight tremors in the Evening.

25th. Ditto. Ditto.

26th. At 1 o'clock and at 7 *p. m.* there were strong tremors, and throbbings. The former shook the doors and caused us to leave our beds. Monsoon weather.

Your's most obedient,

C. W. ELWOOD.

Northern Ports. Accounts from Surat and Broach continue to lament the devastation made by the unusual fall of rain, during this last month, in both the Cotton and Pulse Grounds in the neighbourhood of those places. This on referring back, we find to be a very usual complaint, and that every year a quantity of seed is sown in the end of August, or even as late as the end of September, to replace what has been washed a way.

Penang.

A constant friend has favored us with the following items of intelligence from the Eastward. We should, under any circumstances, have been obliged by this mark of kind attention, but are more particularly so on the present occasion, when for want of fresh arrivals, we have really nothing else that is new to offer to our readers.

Accounts from Sincapore state, that Major FARQUHAR was about to proceed in the Schooner *Enterprize* to survey the straits and Island. Captains Ross and CRAWFORD were at Sincapore on the 6th instant, after having surveyed the Straits of Banca, Dryon, and Malacca, and the Island of Lingin, and were on the eve of returning to China.

The Dutch have taken complete possession of Rhio, and have pensioned the Rajah MOODA with 1,200 Dollars per month. The Rajah MOODA is son of Rajah ALI, who was killed by a cannon ball at the siege of Malacca in the year 1784.

The arrival from Madras of the H. C. Ships *General Kyd* and *Windsor*, has put us in possession of Europe intelligence to nearly the end of April.

The relief of Artillery arrived here from Bengal on Tuesday last in the H. C. Ship *Wave Leo*. The Ships *Kent* and *Milford*, are under dispatch to convey the returning Division.

MARRIAGES, BIRTHS, AND DEATHS, ANNOUNCED SINCE OUR LAST NUMBER.

MARRIAGES.

AUGUST.

9. Mr. James Fielder, of the Hon.ble Company's Bengal Marine, to Miss Louisa Walters, second daughter of Mr. James Walters, of Cawnpore.

20. At Benares, Lieut. R. S. Sutherland, of the Bombay Army, to Miss Robeson.

23. At Dum-Dum, W. Harris, Esq. to Eliza, second daughter of the late Major-General Sir John Horsford, of the Bengal Artillery.

25. At Bombay, by the Reverend Mr. Wade, John Sandwith, Esq. to Miss Pitcairn.

26. By the Rev. Mr. Fisher, at her uncle Major MacPherson's quarters, in the Imperial Palace of Dheli, Lieut. R. Rideout, of the 7th Regt. E. I. to Miss Isabella Clark.

SEPTEMBER.

6. At Dacca, Lieut. Cosmo MacDonald, of the 1st Battalion 6th N. I. to Miss Lucy Gibbs.

9. At Madras, Gregory Arratoon Avietick, Esq. the eldest Son of Arratoon Avietick, Esq. of Rangoon, to Miss Virginia Burgoise, the eldest daughter of Peter Burgoise, Esq.

11. Thomas Boulton, Esq. of the firm of Richardson and Company, to Miss Sarah Dinsdale.

13. Mr. Thomas Newton, to Miss Anna Lumsdaine, eldest daughter of Dr. James Lumsdaine, of Bencoolen.

14. At Dacca, Captain Edward Fitzgerald, 2d Battalion 30th N. I. to Miss Harriott Blenkinsop, fifth daughter of the Revd. H. Blenkinsop, of Fulmer Bucks.

15. At the Cathedral, Mr. J. Buckland, to Miss C. S. Smith.

17. By the Rev. J. Anderson, David Dale, Esq. of the Civil Service, to Miss Ann Eliza Douglas.

By the Rev. Mr. Parson, Mr. C. W. Lindstedt, Deputy Register in the Secretary's Office, Military Department of Government, to Miss Marianne Matilda Turnbull.

22. At St. John's Cathedral, by the Rev. Mr. Parson, Mr. Harding to Miss Moss.

Lately, at Madras, Serjeant Major William Garson, Horse Artillery, to Mrs. Eliza Hope, of the Egmore Male Asylum.

At Bombay, by the Rev. Samuel Payne, Cornet Potts, of His Majesty's 17th Light Dragoons, to Miss Margaret Hewitt, younger daughter of Marmaduke Hewitt, Esq. of Beverley, Yorkshire.

Re-married at Dacca, by the Rev. A. W. Taylor, Mr. Michael Meyers, to Miss Theodora Adelaide Wallthausen.

BIRTHS.

AUGUST.

12. At Vellachelum, the Lady of George Gowan, Esq. of the H. C. civil service, of a daughter.

18. At Nagpore, the Lady of Lieut. Barlow, H. H. the Rajah's Infantry Brigade, and H. M. 59th Regt. of a daughter.

21. At Chowringee, the Lady of the Hon'ble J. E. Elliot, of a son.

23. At Nattore, the Lady of J. F. Ellerton, Esq. of the civil service, of a Son.

—. At Mutra, Mrs. A. Murphy, of a Daughter.

22. The Lady of the Revd. James Keith, of a Son.

25. At Shah Jehanpore, near Barreilly, the Lady of M. T. Whish, Esq. of Twins.

—. At Cawnpore, the Lady of A. Orr, Esq. of a Son.

26. At Cawnpore, the Lady of Major Herbert Powen, of the 10th Native Infantry, of a Son.

—. At Purnea, the Lady of William Lambert, Esq. civil service, of a Son.

29. The Lady of the Revd. Mr. Hampson, of a Son.

30 Mrs. W. H. Twentyman, of a Son.

31. Mrs. C. M. Pratt, of a Daughter.

—. Mrs. W. Wallis, of a Son.

—. The Lady of C. A. Catnhick, Esq. of a Daughter.

SEPTEMBER.

1. Mrs. J. Isabella D'Aguiar, of a Son.

4. The Lady of Major Robert Hampton, of a still-born Son.

7. The Lady of Lieut. Whittle, of the Royal Navy and Master of the Floating Light Vessel Torch, of a Daughter.

—. At Sylhet, the Lady of Capt. Hugh Davidson, of the 15th Regt. N. I of a Daughter.

9. At Purnea, the Lady of Capt. J. L. Gale, commanding the Provincial Battalion, of a Daughter.

10. At Azimghur, the Lady of J. V. Biscoe, Esq. of the civil service, of a Daughter.

—. At Jessore, the Lady of W. Wollon, Esq. of a Son.

—. The Lady of Captain Winnithorne, of H. M. 55th Regt. Foot, of a Son.

11. Mrs. C. Jones, widow of the late Mr. J. M. Jones, of a Daughter.

12. Mrs. Castello, of a Son.

—. Mrs. F. R. Tovey, of a Daughter.

14. The Lady of Nathaniel Hudson, Esq. Attorney at Law, of a Son.

—. Mrs. Robert Austin, of a Daughter

—. At Chowringee, the Lady of Capt Lockett, of a Son.

17. Mrs. Briant, of a Daughter.

18 At the Presidency, the Lady of Capt. B. Roberts, S. A. C. Gen. of a Daughter.

—. The Lady of Mr. Nathaniel Baillie, of a Son and Heir.

25. The Lady of Joseph Watts, Esq. of a Son.

Lately, at Madras the Lady of Col. Mant, of a Daughter.

At the same place, the Lady of Lieut. D H. Mackenzie, of Artillery, of a Daughter.

At Hydrabad, the Lady of Lieut. Charles St. John Grant, Russell's Cavalry, of a Daughter.

At Condapilly, the Lady of Capt. Stewart, 3d N. I. of a Daughter.

At Chowringee, the Lady of J. L. Heatly, Esq of a Son and Heir.

At Vizagapatam, the Lady of Henry Taylor, Esq. civil service, of a Son.

At Bombay, the Lady of Lieut. Stevenson, Deputy Commissary of Stores, of a Daughter.

DEATHS.

JULY.

25. At Nagpore, Lieut. Col. H. Mint, C. B. of the 6th Light Cavalry.

26. At Muttra, Col. Richard Frith, aged 62, leaving a large circle of friends to lament his very unexpected demise. Few men possessed more general knowledge of India than Colonel Frith, and had he lived to fill the station which his most intimate friends knew was the greatest wish of his heart on returning to Europe, namely, a Seat in the Direction, we know none would have been more competent to the duties required from a member of that body. A kindness of disposition and vivacity of temper always attached a numerous circle of friends to Col. Frith, who now feel the loss they have sustained in his unexpected Death.

AUGUST.

2. In Camp at Mallegaum, Lieutenant Thomas Walker Baird, 5th N. I. in charge of the Commissariat in Candeish.

5 At Dindgull, Major E. P. Stevenson, of the 4th N. V. Batt.

7. At Battrasa, Mrs. Vallance, and on the 8th, Major Vallance, of His Majesty's 73d Regiment, commanding that station.

8. At Hushingabad, of a fever, Serjeant Major Thomas Noble, 1st Batt. 2d Regt. and his two eldest children.

At Cotallum, Capt. W. Biss, of the 24th Regt. N. I.

At Cannanore, Capt. I C. Hurdis, of the 1st Batt. 19th Regt. N. I.

15. At Prince of Wales Island, the Honorable Colonel Bannerman, Governor of that Island.

At Barelly, George, the Infant Child of Lieut. I. J. Hamilton, 4th N. Regiment; aged six days.

17. At Purneah, John Maxwell Davidson, Esq. civil surgeon of that station; aged 28 years, much regretted by his friends and acquaintances, and leaving a disconsolate widow and infant family to lament their irreparable loss.

Mr. Thomas Brown, late Master in the Pilot Service; aged 47 years.

At Chittledroog, Mr William Jackson, Deputy Commissary of Stores.

23. At the house lately occupied by Mr. Bartlett, Branch Pilot, Bow Bazar, Joseph Sharpe, Esq. proprietor of the Nautical Academy; aged 28 years.

Of the cholera morbus, Mr. William Doll, Chief Mate of the Ship *Stockton.*

27. At Dinapore, Troop Quarter-master P. Gills, late of his Majesty's 24th Regt. of Light Dragoons. By his death, and the departure of the Regt. for Europe, a truly deserving woman and four helpless female orphans, are deplorably destitute of all present support.

Mr. James Tulloh; aged 46.

28. At Fort William, the Lady of Lieut. James Robbins, of the Madras Army.

29. Accompanied by her Infant Baby, the Lady of the Rev. Mr. Hampson, whose early and unaffected piety rendered her dear to all her friends while living, and now affords them the most soothing consolation, in the hope that she will obtain an everlasting reward.

31 Mrs. Augusta Jones, the wife of Mr. David Jones. of the Pilot Service, aged 31 years.

SEPTEMBER.

3. At Saugor, in the 27th year of his age, Lieutenant Edward Strettell, D. A. Q. M. G In the death of this gallant young Officer the Service has met with a severe loss, and society one of its greatest ornaments. For zeal and bravery in the discharge of his military duties, the name of Lt. Strettell has been often eminently borne on public record—whilst for talent and affability of manners, and high sense of honourable and virtuous principles, he was selected as a sincere friend and valuable companion. Some unforeseen misfortunes bore heavily upon the mind of this excellent young Officer, and being connected with an attack of fever, after a painful suffering of a few days illness, he was carried to the grave by his friends who will never cease to forget the many good qualities which distinguished him in every public and private department of his life.

5. At Pulta, Phillip Brady, Esq. deeply and sincerely lamented by a numerous circle of friends and acquaintance, to whom he was justly endeared by a long intercourse of kindness, and by the many excellent qualities of his head and heart.

At Cawnpore, Harriet Elliott, the Infant Daughter of William Leycester, Esq. aged 9 months and 20 days.

John Alsager, Esq Acting Proprietor of the Asiatic Mirror Press.

6 Mrs. Amelia Henderson, wife of Mr. John Henderson, of the Pilot Service; aged 18 years.

7. Drowned by the boat upsetting in which he was crossing the River from Sulkeah, Mr. Richard Barclay, Printer, aged 23 years; Nephew of Capt. Andrew Barclay, late of the Country Service; a most amiable young man, whose loss is sincerely regretted by the few friends he possessed in this country.

10. Mr. William Eyes, of Liverpool; aged 20 years, of a bowel complaint, much regretted by the small circle of his acquaintances.

Mr. James Morris, 2d Officer of the Ship Sappho; aged 23 years.

At Chinsurah, Eliza Marzia, the Infant Daughter of Lewis Betts, Esq aged 3 years, 1 month and 15 days.

11. Mr. William Collins, late Coach-maker; aged 33 years.

15. At the Mission House, Serampore, Mr J. Randall.

17. At Bombay, at the house of her brother, the Revd. Mr. Payne, Miss Vibart,—aged 9 years.

James Donnithorne, Esq.—aged 20 years

19 Arthur Jacob Macan, Esq. aged 15. If it be the happiness of our confined community to believe, and to know, that there is no spot on earth where the sweet charities of life have so luxuriant and active an exercise, it is proportionately our sorrow to feel accutely the condition of our existence—to note the period of benevolence—to contemplate the passage to the grave of the fountain of compassion and of kindness—and to announce that the hand ever open to melting charity is now motionless, or a heart cold, for the first time, to the noblest feelings of our nature. In Arthur Macan, his friends and relatives—the community of Bengal—and the wide family of unhappiness and want have lost a protector and a friend—an example and a benefactor.—Pious from a confidence in his Creator, kind from the sympathies of a warm and affectionate disposition—charitable, because he felt that the chain of existence embraces every child of misery and distress,—his earthly career attempted to rise equal to the dictates of his religion, and actively obeyed the feelings of his heart.—The voice of Arthur Macan never gave expression to an unworthy thought—his countenance never gave protection to an ignoble action; but, lofty in his principles of honour—firm in his opinions of moral obligation—and immutable in every just relation of social life; he lived—as a man would wish to live—honoured, respected, and beloved; he died—as man would hope to die—confident in a well spent life and the mercy of his God; and attended by the tears and prayers of his fellow creatures, that his spirit live for ever among the blessed and the Just,—May we all be so well prepared to die.

20. Mr. Harry Thomas, aged 26 years, after an illness of three months, whose death is sincerely regretted by his surviving partner.

Mr. Laurent Brent—aged 39 years—leaving a widow and two orphans to bemoan his loss.

21. At Allipore, of a bowel complaint, Mr. Thomas Seymour Conway Delany, of Ireland, aged 56 years and 9 months.

Mrs. Anne Grant, widow of Major P. L. Grant, Officiating Town and Fort Major aged, 28 years.

At Madras Mrs. Anne Ranken, the wife of Mr. R. Ranken.

Some place, the Infant Daughter of Lieut. D. H. Mackenzie, of Artillery.

CALCUTTA CURRENT VALUE OF GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

Buy.			Sell.	
		Saturday, Sept. 4, 1819.		
0	6	New. 6 per Cents. Discount.	0	10
		Saturday, Sept. 11, 1819.		
0	6	New. 6 per Cents. Discount.	0	10
		Saturday, Sept. 18, 1819.		
0	7	New. 6 per Cents. Discount.	0	10
		Saturday, Sept. 25, 1819.		
0	7	New. 6 per Cents. Discounts.	0	10

SEPTEMBER 1819. Thirty Days.

PHASES OF THE MOON.

○	Full Moon,	4d.	11h.	20m.	Morning.
☾	Last Quarter,	11	2	52	Afternoon.
●	New Moon,	19	6	46	Evening.
☽	First Quarter.	27	4	57	Morning.
⊙	Equinox.	21	3	50	Ditto.

BHUDDUR, 1226 — ASSIN, 1226

MONTH.	DAY OF MON.	DAY OF WEEK.	DAY OF MOON.	OBSERVABLE DAYS. &c. &c.	MOON'S AGE.	SUN RISES.	SUN SETS.	HIGH WATER AT CALCUTTA. MORN.		EVEN.	
					D	H.M	H.M	H.	M	H.	M.
	17	W	1	Giles.	13	5 47	6 13	11	56	12	21
	18	T	2	London burnt 1666 O. S.	14			12	46	1	17
	19	F	3		15	5 48	6 12	1	45	2	10
	20	S	4	Full Moon.	16	5 49	6 11	2	35	3	0
	21	C	5	13th Sunday after Trinity.	17			3	21	3	48
	22	M	6		18	5 50	6 10	4	12	4	36
	23	T	7	Emurchus.	19	5 51	6 9	5	0	5	24
	24	W	8	Nat. B. V. M. Mary.	20			5	48	6	12
	25	T	9		20	5 52	6 8	6	36	7	0
	26	F	10	Ther. ranges from 78 to 85	21			7	24	7	48
	27	S	11	Battle of Delhi 1803. [Fht	22	5 54	6 7	8	12	8	36
	28	C	12	14th Sunday after Trinity.	23			9	0	9	24
	29	M	13		24	5 54	6 6	9	48	10	12
	30	T	14	Holy Cross.	25	5 55	6 5	10	36	11	0
	31	W	15		26	5 56	6 4	11	24	11	48
	1	T	16		27	5 57	6 3	12	12	12	36
	2	F	17	Lambert.	28			1	0	1	24
	3	S	18		29	5 58	6 2	1	48	2	12
	4		19	15th Sunday after Trinity.	1			2	36	3	0
	5	M	20	[New Moon.	2	5 59	6 1	3	25	3	51
	6	T	21	St. Matthew.	3	5 0	6 0	4	16	4	42
	7	W	22	King George III. Crowned	4	6 1	5 59	5	7	5	33
	8	T	23	Battle of Assaye 1805. [1761	5			5	58	6	24
	9	F	24		6	6 2	5 58	6	49	7	15
	10	S	25		7			7	40	8	6
	11	C	26	16th Sunday after Trinity,	8			8	31	8	57
	12	M	27	[St. Cyprian.	9	6 3	5 57	9	22	9	48
	13	T	28		10			10	13	10	38
	14	W	29	St. Michael Dss. of Wirtemb	11			11	4	11	30
	15	T	30	St. Jerome. [born 1776	12	6 4	5 56	11	56	12	21

THE CALCUTTA
MONTHLY JOURNAL
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Calcutta.

CIVIL APPOINTMENT.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT:

THE 17TH SEPTEMBER, 1819.

Mr. T. A. SHAW, Assistant to the Superintendent of Police in the Lower Provinces.

MILITARY.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE MOST NOBLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM, 18TH SEPT. 1819.

The Governor General in Council is pleased to appoint Captain Ralph Henry Sneyd of the 1st Regiment of Light Cavalry, to the Command of the Agra Nujeeb Battalion, vice Faithfull, promoted to a Regimental Majority.

W. CASEMENT, Lieut. Col.
Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE MOST NOBLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM, 18TH SEPT. 1819.

The Governor General in Council is pleased to authorize and direct that at present existing, and until further Orders, the undermentioned Establishment be attached to the Gun Powder Agency at Ishpore, in

Preparation	Ingredients.	Pay per Mensem.
		Sa. Rs. 20
1 Overseer,		10
1 Sirdar,	For Saltpetre refining,	6
1 Mate,		10
1 Sirdar,	For Grinding Hovers,	6
1 Mate,		10
1 Sirdar,	For Charcoal Yards,	10
1 Mates, at 6 each,		12

W. MACNAGHTEN, Sec. to Govt.

Mixing and Incorporating.

4 Overseers,		at 16 each	64
1 Sirdar,	For Weighing House,		10
1 Mate,			6
1 Sirdar,	For Mixing [illegible]		10
2 Mates,	at 6 each,		12
3 Sirdars,	For Cylinder Mills,	8 each	24
6 Mates,		6 each	36
			162

Finishing and Storing.

1 Overseer, [illegible]	20
1 Sirdar for [illegible] and Corning Houses,	10
2 Mates for [illegible] Houses, at 6 each,	12
2 Ditto for [illegible] ditto, [illegible] 6 each,	12
1 Sirdar for Drying Yard, Sifting House and Magazine,	12
1 Mate for Drying Yard,	6
1 Ditto for Sifting House,	6
1 Ditto for Magazine,	6
	84

[illegible]

1 Mistry Carpenter,	16
1 Ditto Blacksmith,	14
1 Ditto Cooper,	12
1 Ditto Coppersmith,	12
1 Painter,	6
1 Bricklayer,	6
1 Cooley,	3
	69

General Agency.

1 Head Sircar,	50
1 Accountant,	50
1 Writer,	20
1 Godown Sircar,	25
1 Purchasing or Bazar Sircar,	10
1 Tindal or Jemadar,	7
2 Lascars or Peons, at 5 each,	10
3 Gurreewallahs, at 4 each,	12
3 Mauilies to keep the ground clean at 8-8 each,	21
1 Durwan for Military Board's House,	4
1 Manjee for the Pansowee,	4
	213

Total Sicca Rupees 6[illegible]

CASEMENT, Lieut. Col.
Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY [illegible] GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL, MOST NOBLE THE G[illegible]

FORT WILLIAM; 18TH SEPT. 1[illegible]

The Most Noble the Governor General in Council [illegible] Military Department, under date the 10th instant, [illegible] nominal

Lieutenant Ayton of the 17th Regiment of Native Infantry, officiate as Assistant Professor in the Persian and Arabic Departments of the College of Fort William.

Lieutenant C. E. Davis of the 29th Regiment of Native Infantry, having furnished the prescribed Certificate from the Pay Department, is permitted to be absent from Bengal for a period of six months from the 1st of November next, with permission to visit Singapore on urgent private affairs.

W. CASEMENT, Lieut.-Col.
Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE MOST NOBLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM, 18TH SEPTEMBER, 1819.

At the recommendation of the Military Board, the Most Noble the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct, that the immediate Charge of the Train and Artillery Establishment at present Attached to the Command of the Artillery at Cawnpore and Agra, respectively, be transferred to the Ordnance Commissariat Department.

The Officers Commanding at Agra and Cawnpore, will cause this transfer to be carried into effect from and after the 1st proximo, from which period the Commissary of Ordnance at the Station will receive Charge, Muster, Return, and draw for them accordingly.

It is to be understood that these Workmen are to continue to be employed under the directions of the Officer Commanding the Artillery at the Station, who remains vested with a general controul over them, directly responsible and subject to the orders of the Military Board.

W. CASEMENT, Lieut.-Col.
Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE MOST NOBLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM; 22ND SEPT. 1819.

The Batta and other Allowances, for August, and Pay for September, 1819, of the Troops at the Presidency, and at the other Stations of the Army, including Benares, will be issued on or after Tuesday, the 12th Proximo.

W. CASEMENT, Lieut.-Col.
Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

Head-Quarters, Calcutta; 21st September, 1819.

GENERAL ORDERS,

BY THE MOST NOBLE THE COMMANDER IN CHIEF.

The removal of Assist. Surgeon Greig, M. D. from the 22d Dragoons, to the 67th Foot, having been cancelled in the General Orders of the 15th instant, (No. 1802) Doctor Greig will make his arrangements for proceeding to Fort St. George, by the earliest opportunity, for the purpose of joining the 22d Dragoons.

By Order of the Most Noble the Commander in Chief.

THOS. McMAHON,
Col. A. G.

Head-Quarters, Calcutta; 21st

GENERAL ORDERS.

The Most Noble the Commander-in-Chief in India is pleased to make the following Promotions and Appointments, until the pleasure of His Royal Highness the Prince Regent, in the name and on the behalf of His Majesty, shall be made known.

24th Foot.

Lieutenant George Berwick, from the 24th Dragoons, to be Lieutenant, vice Lieutenant Thomas F. Smith, appointed Adjutant, 19th December, 1818.

Ensign P. Dore to be Lieutenant without purchase 21st August, 1819.

Volunteer George Fraser to be Ensign without purchase, vice P. Dore, *promoted*, 1st September, 1819.

N. B. The Appointment of Lieutenant George Berwick, from the 24th Dragoons, to be Lieutenant in the 24th Foot, in succession to Anderson, promoted in the York Hussars, is cancelled.

By Order of the Most Noble the Commander in Chief

THOS. McMAHON,
Col. A. G.

Head-Quarters, Calcutta; 22d September, 1819.

GENERAL ORDERS.

The Most Noble the Commander in Chief in India is pleased to make the following Appointments, until the pleasure of His Royal Highness the Prince Regent, in the name, and on the behalf of His Majesty, shall be made known.

11th Light Dragoons

Cornet William Wymer, from the 22d Dragoons, to be Cornet, vice Arthur McCally who exchanges, 1st September, 1819.

22d Light Dragoons.

Cornet Arthur McCally, from the 11th Light Dragoons, to be Cornet, vice William Wymer, who exchanges, 1st September, 1819.

By Order of the Most Noble the Commander in Chief.

THOS. McMAHON,
Col. A. G.

Head-Quarters, Calcutta; 23d September, 1819.

GENERAL ORDERS.

The following exchange, as stated in the General Order of the 13th of November, 1818, (No. 1480) is cancelled.

21st Light Dragoons.

Ensign J. Erskine, from the half pay of the 14th Foot, to be Cornet, vice Wallan, who retires upon the half pay of the 14th Foot as Ensign, receiving the regulated difference, 17th November, 19.

By Order of the Most Noble the Commander in Chief.

THOS. McMAHON,

Head-Quarters, Calcutta; 23d September, 1819.

GENERAL ORDERS.

Lieutenant Brannan of His Majesty's 14th Foot, has the most Noble the Commander in Chief's permission to remain at the Presidency for two months, on the particular urgency of his private affairs.

Lieutenant Morgell of the 8th Dragoons, [illegible] pointed to do duty with the detail now under [illegible] Lieutenant Brannan, will receive over charge of the [illegible] quisite documents, and he will proceed [illegible] General Orders, and forward the [illegible] communications.

By Order of the Most Noble the Commander in Chief.

[illegible] ASTON,
Cap. [illegible]

FORT WILLIAM.

Territorial Department; October 1, 1819.

1. The Public are hereby [illegible] that the Sub-Treasurers at Fort William, Fort St. George and Bombay, the several Residents at Native Courts, and several Collectors of Land Revenue, under those Presidencies have been authorized to receive, until further orders, any sums of Money, in even Hundreds, not being less than Sicca Rupees One Thousand, which may be tendered on Loan to the Honorable Company, at an Interest of Six per Cent. per Annum, as hereafter specified.

2. Subscriptions will be received to the Loan in Cash at par, at the Presidencies of Fort William, Fort St. George and Bombay.

3. The Treasury Notes outstanding at the several Presidencies will be received in Subscriptions to this Loan, as Cash for the principal sum, with the proportionate Interest that may have accrued on them. Subscriptions will be received in accepted Bills of Exchange, drawn upon the Governments of Fort William, Fort St. George, and Bombay, after deducting Interest at the rate of Six per cent. per Annum, for the period such Bills may have to run. Bills for arrears of Salary, whether the same shall have been advertised for payment or not, and generally all authorized Public Demands, will be received at Par.

4. The several Paymasters of the Army, under the Presidencies of Fort William, Fort St. George and Bombay, are also authorized to transfer any demands, which may be payable by them respectively to this Loan, and to grant Drafts at the Presidencies of Fort William and Fort St. George, for the amount, in the usual manner, on the Accountant General, and at the Presidency of Bombay on the Military Paymaster General, which Drafts shall be received by the several Officers above-mentioned, in payment of Subscriptions, as being tendered to them for that purpose.

5. Furruckabad, Lucknow and Benares Rupees will be received where respectively current, as equal to the Calcutta Sicca Rupees ———, Madras Rupees at the rate of 350 for 335, 172 Calcutta Sicca Rupees, Bombay Rupees at the rate of [illegible] for 100 Calcutta Sicca Rupees.

6. The Acknowledgements granted by the Public Officers at Fort St. George and Bombay shall be expressed in Calcutta Sicca Rupees, at the rates of exchange above-mentioned.

7. The Accounts of this Loan will be closed on the 30th June, 1820.

8. The Interest which may be due on the Acknowledgements on 30th June, 1820, will be paid at either of the Presidencies in Cash, at the rates of exchange abovementioned, or the amount will be

[illegible] cipal, the holder of the Acknowlegements receiv[illegible] [illegible] option, the fractional part of 100 Rupees in c[illegible] [illegible] cases, the Notes ultimately to be granted by the [illegible] Office, may be for sums in even Hundreds of Calcutta Sicca [illegible]

9. The Acknowledgements, after the Proprietors shall ha[illegible] [illegible] receive the Interest due to the 30th June next, are to be transmitted to the Deputy [illegible] General at Fort William, to be exchanged [illegible] Notes (not being less than 1000 Calcut[illegible] [illegible] sums of even Hundreds of Calcutta Sicca Ru[illegible] [illegible] day of June, 1820, which notes will [illegible] numbered in the order in which [illegible] presented at his Office [illegible] at Fort St. George and Bombay, [illegible] holders of Acknowledgements transmit [illegible] to the Accou[illegible] General in Bengal, to be exchanged for Promissory Notes, free [illegible] whatever. The Proprietor, however, must in ev[illegible] either receive the Interest due on the Acknowledgements [illegible] subscribe it in the manner above-mentioned, before the [illegible] is transmitted to Bengal, and must also express thereon [illegible] Number and Amount of the Promissory Notes, which he wishes [illegible] receive in exchange for it, and which will be issued accordingly [illegible] the amount of the Acknowledgement, for any sums [illegible] Hundreds, of not less than 1000 Calcutta Sicca Rupees.

11. The Notes of this Loan shall not be paid off without a previous Notice of Sixty Days being given to the Public, by an Advertisement to be published in the Government Gazette; such Notice shall be considered as equivalent to a tender of payment, at the period appointed for the discharge of the Notes so advertised for payment, and all Interest thereon shall cease from the expiration of that period.

12. The Promissory Notes to be so granted, shall be numbered and placed upon the General Register of the Registered Debt of this Presidency, in manner aforesaid; and when the Notes of the Loan shall be in course of payment, the Principal shall be discharged, (either in Cash at the Presidency of Fort William, or by Bills of Exchange (at the option of the Proprietor.) to be drawn on the Honorable Court of Directors, at the exchange of Two Shillings and Six Pence p[illegible] Sicca Rupee, payable Eighteen Months after date, with liberty to the Honorable Court to postpone the Payment for the further term of One, Two or Three Years, from the date on which the Bills shall have become due; Interest being allowed from such date, at the rate of Five per Cent. per Annum, and payable half yearly, to the period at which the Bills may finally be discharged. It is at the same time expressly stated, that the Public Creditors shall not have it in their option to demand payment by Bills at any time, it being intended only to allow them this alternative, when the Loan shall actually be in course of payment by Public Notice to be given for that purpose.

13. The Notes shall be advertised for payment, according to the order of priority of Date and Number, in which they shall have been placed upon the General Register, with the special reservations hereinafter noticed; but all Notes advertised at the same time for payment, shall become payable on demand, without regard to priority, at the expiration of the notice; Government shall also be at liberty to advertise other Notes for payment, without waiting for the expiration of pending Notices, and to discharge the Notes so subsequently advertised, at the expiration of the Notice relating to them, notwithstanding the holders of Notes comprized in prior Advertisements may have omitted by themselves, or their Attorneys duly authorized to apply for payment.

14. It is clearly to be understood, that Purchases by the Commissioners of the Sinking Fund, and transfers of the Notes of the present Loan into any future Loan in the manner hitherto used, shall not be considered as infringements of the stipulation in the preceding Clause, with respect to priority of payment.

15. For the accommodation of Proprietors of Notes residing at Fort St. George or Bombay, it is hereby provided that on application to the Accountant General at either of those Presidencies, they shall be entitled to have the Original Note issued by the [illegible] Government, exchanged for another Note for the same sum in C[illegible], and of the same tenor in every respect, or, to [illegible] consolidated into one or more larger Notes, or [illegible] subdivided into smaller Notes, ([illegible] Sicca Rupees) on payment of the [illegible]

The Interest on the Promissory Notes [illegible] payable half yearly, on the 31st of December, and the 30th of [illegible] from year to year, until the Principal shall be discharged, or until the Interest shall cease on the expiration of the Notice of payment, as expressed in the 11th Clause; and it shall be optional with the Proprietor of the Notes, to receive payment of such Interest in Cash, either at Fort William, Fort St. George, or Bombay, or in Bills to be drawn on the Honorable Court of Directors, at the exchange of Two Shillings and Six Pence per Calcutta Sicca Rupee, payable Twelve Months after date,—provided always in the latter case, that the Interest, for which Bills may be so required, amount to the sum of Forty-five Pounds Sterling at the least, and no Bills will be granted for any smaller Amount.

17. The Proprietors of Notes which may require the Interest to be paid at Fort St. George, shall be entitled to receive payment at that Presidency in Cash, at the exchange of 335. 172 Calcutta Sicca Rupees per 350 Madras Rupees; or if the holder of a Note at that Presidency, be desirous at any time of receiving the Interest in Bengal, the Sub-Treasurer at Fort St. George will grant him a Draft on the Sub-Treasurer at Fort William, payable at sight for the sum, in Calcutta Sicca Rupees, which may be due upon the Note, on account of Interest to the period of the last half yearly Instalment.

18. The Proprietors of Notes who may require the Interest to be paid at Bombay, shall be entitled to receive payment at that Presidency in Cash, at the exchange of 100 Calcutta Sicca Rupees per 108 Bombay Rupees, or, if the holder of a Note at that Presidency, be desirous of receiving the Interest in Bengal, the Sub-Treasurer at Bombay will grant him a Draft on the Sub-Treasurer at Fort William, payable at sight, for the sum in Calcutta Sicca Rupees, which may be due upon the Note on account of Interest, to the period of the last half yearly Instalment.

19. For the accommodation of Proprietors of the Government Securities, whether such Proprietor be absent in Europe, or be resident in India, certain Regulations have been established, (published in the Calcutta Gazette Extraordinary of the 31st December, 1819;) under which the Accountant General and Sub-Treasurer at each of the three Presidencies, are empowered by the authorities and directions of the Honourable Court of Directors, to act in the management of all property invested in the Government Securities; and those Officers will accordingly, under the Regulations in question, receive into their custody under the responsibility of the Honourable East India Company, the Promissory Notes of the Present Loan, on application being made for that purpose by the Proprietor, his constituted Attorney or Assign; and will remit the Interest (and the Principal also when remittable), as it shall become due, according to the instructions which they may so receive for that purpose.

20. A Certificate or Acknowledgement will be granted in the following form, for subscriptions which may be made at the Treasuries of the different Presidencies.

FORM OF CERTIFICATE.

"[illegible] acknowledge that A. B. has this day paid into the Honorable Company's Treasury, the sum of Calcutta Sicca Rupees [illegible] which is to be accounted for to him, or order, in [illegible]—Interest on the principal at the rate of Six per [illegible] from this date to the 30th June, 1820, will be [illegible] the General Treasury of either of the Presidencies [illegible] Fort William, Fort St. George or Bombay, or at his option, [illegible] to the Principal, [illegible] paying or receiving the fraction of [illegible] Calcutta Sicca [illegible] so that the amount may be brought [illegible] Hundreds, [illegible] the Principal alone, or with the Interest added, as [illegible] Promissory Note, to be dated the 30th of June, 1820, will [illegible] on application to the Deputy Accountant General in Bengal, payable conformably to the conditions of the Advertisement published in the Government Gazette of the 1st October, 1819.

"C. D.
"Sub-Treasurer,
"or Resident,
"or Collector."

21. Promissory notes under the signature of the Secretary to Government of Fort William, will be granted in the following form, in exchange for the Certificates or Acknowledgements.

FORT WILLIAM.

"*Promissory Note for Calcutta Sicca Rupees* ———

"The Governor General in Council does hereby acknowledge to have received from A. B. the Sum of Calcutta Sicca Rupees ——————— as loan to the Honorable the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies, and does hereby promise for and on behalf of the said United Company, to repay the said Loan, by paying the said sum of Sicca Rupees ———, to the said ——— his Executors, or Administrators, or his or their order, on demand at the General Treasury at Fort William, after the expiration of Sixty Days Notice of Payment, to be given by the Governor General in Council, in the Government Gazette, either in Cash or by Bills of Exchange, at the option of the Proprietor of the said Note, to be drawn on the Honorable Court of Directors, at the exchange of Two Shillings and Six Pence per Calcutta Sicca Rupee, payable Eighteen Months after date, with liberty to the said Court of Directors to postpone the payment of the said Bills of Exchange for the further term of one, two or three years. Interest to be paid for such protracted period, half yearly, at the rate of five per Cent. per annum: and to pay the Interest accruing on the said sum of Sicca Rupees ——— at the rate of Six per Cent. per annum, by half yearly payments to the said ——— his Executors, Administrators, or his or their order, on the 30th June and the 31st of December in each year, until the expiration of sixty days, after such notice of payment, as aforesaid, when the amount of Interest will be payable with the principal, and all further Interest cease. The Interest shall be payable at the General Treasuries of Fort William,

"Fort St. George, or Bombay, either in Cash, if at Fort St. George, "at the rate of Calcutta Sicca Rupees 335, 172 per 350 Madras Ru-"pees, and if at Bombay, at the rate of Calcutta Sicca Rupees 100 "per 104 Bombay Rupees,) or at the option of the holder, of Bills "to be drawn on the Honorable Court of Directors at the rate of "two Shillings and six Pence the Calcutta Sicca Rupee, payable "twelve Months after date, with a further option to the holder at "Fort St. George or Bombay, to receive the [illegible] Bills at "sight on the Sub-Treasurer at Fort William [illegible]

"(Signed) [illegible]

"Accountant General's Office,

"Registered as No. ———.

Published by Order of the Most Noble the Governor General in Council.

HOLT MACKENZIE,
Sec. to the Govt.

FORT WILLIAM,

Territorial Department, October 1, 1819.

All Public Officers under this Presidency, who are authorized to receive Subscriptions to the Six per Cent. Loan this day opened, are hereby required to transmit to the Accountant General a weekly Register of Acknowledgements granted by them respectively, made out agreeably to the following Form:

Number of Certificate.	*Date.*	*In whose favor granted.*	*Amount paid into the Collector's Treasury (or as the case may be.)*	*Amount for which the Promissary Note is to be issued. Sa. Rs.*

Published by Order of the Most Noble the Governor General in Council.

HOLT MACKENZIE,
Sec. to the Govt.

OCTOBER 4.

The *Europe* arrived in England on the 21st of May. Mr. ALEXANDER late member of council at Madras, was one of the passengers on this Ship.

The H. C. Ship. *Strathan*, Captain HAVISIDE, and other ships, that for some time past have been detained at Saugor, have proceeded to sea.

The *William Mill* arrived at Madras on the 21st of May,—a list of her passengers we have published. She was expected to sail for this port about the 1st instant.—A Funeral Sermon has been preached at Madras, as a tribute of respect to the memory of the late respected and lamented Archdeacon of that Settlement, Dr. MOUSLEY. Our private letters from Madras, mention the probable successor of the Archdeacon, but we do not feel ourselves at liberty to mention the name of the Reverend person: but, if our correspondent's information be correct—a more worthy choice, can scarcely be anticipated. Sir GEORGE COOPER and family embarked on the 12th instant for Bombay, to perform the duties of the Office of Recorder at that Presidency. The Bombay Journals continue to notice the *Desatir*. It would be well if they could stimulate MULLA FIROZ or his friendly assistants, to give some reply to the observations that have been made on that work in the Calcutta papers—if not—the work and the labourers had better remain satisfied with the *produce* of their exertions, and the *praises* which they have received! We have much gratification in republishing some excellent remarks which have appeared in the Bombay Journals, illustrative of the character of the late Sir A. ANSTRUTHER. From Ceylon, we receive little intelligence worthy of particular detail. The Governor and his Lady have made another Journey to Kandy; we trust that His Excellency's friendly reception by the Dessaves—the Adigars—the Headmen, and the other Kandyan Chiefs—which appears to have been as loyal and respectful as on a former occasion, will not be followed by events similar to those which happened immediately after the last visit to Kandy. The gallant General BARNES was also on a tour through the interior provinces, and intended to proceed to Kandy. Our accounts from the Isle of France reach to the first week in August.—The 22d Regiment had left that Island for England, having served there since 1810. Colonel DALRYMPLE, the Commander of the Regiment, is represented to have received the highest testimonials of regard and respect, from the Inhabitants of the Island, previously to his embarkation.

Our supply of local intelligence during the last week, has been again particularly scanty. Letters from Hyderabad state that the Nizam's dominions have been visited with

more rain than the country required, and that the crops of small grain, which constitute the chief articles of food with the poorer inhabitants, have been nearly destroyed. These accounts, are not however of a very late date, and it may be hoped, that the injury has not been so great as was apprehended. From Dinapore, we have received a letter dated the 22d ultimo. The heat of that station was then very great,—the Thermometer at 2 P. M. being as high as 90. Some cases of Cholera had occurred, and five or six natives had died of that disorder, but it was not alarmingly prevalent. A great want of rain was experienced at Dinapore. A gentleman at Patna in possession of a rain gauge, had ascertained that only one inch and three quarters, had fallen at that place since the month of June. At Chunar a considerable quantity of rain had fallen during the month of September, and the crops were promising. Grain was however very dear, and rice was selling at nine seers for a rupee, although it is stated, that the dealers possessed a great abundance of the article. At Berampore the Rain has not been so abundant, as was expected about the commencement of the last month,—but it is said, that there has been sufficient to nourish and preserve the paddy crops in that neighbourhood. The price of grain, continued to encrease, and the poor inhabitants were suffering considerably. The diminished supply of rain has however been favorable to the Indigo planters in the vicinity of Berhampore, and it is said, that they are likely to have a very productive season.

The following [illegible] on the Report of the College of Serampore has been published in the *Government Gazette*, and conveys a correct account of what has been already accomplished by that institution; together with some of the most interesting parts of the Report:—

The first report of the *College for Asiatic Christian and other Youth, instituted at Serampore in August* 1818, under the patronage of the Marquis of HASTINGS, has just been published. The Committee observe that slow as may have been the progress it has made they can say with truth that every view they have taken of the subject has served more fully to impress them with the necessity of weighing with the utmost care, every circumstance respecting an Institution, the judicious planning of which, or the reverse, must in a great measure decide whether it shall ultimately fall useless to the ground, and like a heap of ruins remain only to discourage others from attempts of the same nature, or abide a blessing to the various tribes of India.

We quote with pleasure the following passages, which shew that the immediate and distinct object of the College is liberally to en-

lighten the people of India, and to diffuse a competent knowledge of arts and sciences, unconnected with any exclusive system of religious instruction.

"The Committee observe, that they are fully convinced of the importance of SUPPORTING *native youths who are not Christians* while they prosecute their studies, as well as those who are. This will be attended with little disadvantage. As a brahmun cannot without losing cast, eat with a soodra, nor even under the same roof with a brahmun of another province, all youth who are not Christians must live separately, and of course without the walls of the College, in order to preserve inviolable their own ideas of cast which it is not the design of the Institution to constrain them to violate in any degree. But without being thus supported a youth of the brighest talents might be wholly debarred those advantages which might hereafter render him a blessing to his country; and to lay this an additional burden on his generous European Patron† who, after subscribing to the College, may have sent thither from the most distant parts of India, an ingenious native youth for education, from regard to the faithful services of his parent, perhaps a trusty and valued domestic, would be placing a barrier in the way of his obtaining knowledge of the highest kind, which in most instances would scarcely be surmounted. An Institution which ought to combine within itself every advantage for instruction, ought to be as free as the air; and no native youth ought to be deprived of its benefits, for having the misfortune to be born and brought up within any particular circle; the barrier to admission ought to be none, beyond the inability of its funds to support and instruct more.

"They are equally convinced, that no Native Youth should be *constrained to do a single act as the condition of his enjoying the benefits of this institution, to the doing of which he attaches any idea of merit or evil.* As it can be no crime in any youth that he did not regulate the circumstances of his birth and of his first reception of ideas, to make it the condition of his receiving certain important literary advantages, that he shall be constrained to do what he himself deems it wrong, or to hear books read which he deems wrong to hear, is the ready way to corrupt the moral principle implanted in his mind by nature. While therefore the Committee are aware of the necessity of guarding against the omission of College duties from mere idleness under the pretence of conscience, they are firmly convinced, that to compel any Native Youth to violate *his* sense of right and wrong, would be to teach him to act against his conscience for the sake of advantage;—and that to deprive him in the least degree of the benefits of the institution for refusing it, would be, to turn a desire to act rightly into a crime, and to be guilty of the most flagrant injustice: In their view nothing but incorrigible negligence, or immoral conduct, can form a just reason for depriving any youth, whatever be his religious prejudices, of the advantages of this Institution.

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† In the Prospectus, published in August, 1818, it was mentioned, that any gentleman who might send to the College a Native Youth not a Christian, would have to *support* him while there, in addition to his Donation or Subscription. This has been since weighed by the Committee for managing the College; and, on more mature consideration, it appears to them, that the Donation or Subscription which entitles any gentleman to send a youth to the College, [illegible] support him while there whether he be a Christian, [illegible] or not. Hence the above article.

"They also feel the propriety of introducing into this College, *all the Science now possessed by the Natives themselves.* To an institution intended to convey superior information to native youth of the highest casts, it is desirable that there be that respectability attached in the eyes of the most learned among the natives, which shall prevent their undervaluing the instruction conveyed, because it is not *what they have.* All the science they really have, ought to be preserved, and not a particle of it lost. If they have carried the study of any branch of knowledge beyond us, this circumstance ought to be acknowledged and improved; if they have merely trodden in the same path, a knowledge of the science they really have will enable us to take it up where they fall, and carry it to its proper extent: while the [illegible] they now possess, and the terms in which they express them, will facilitate the communication of superior ideas. This particularly applies to Grammar, and to Astronomy, which latter science, from its connection with their religious festivals, is cultivated by them with peculiar eagerness."

There are thirty-seven students attached to the College, of which nineteen are Christians or of Christian families,—fourteen are Hindoos of cast, and four have neither cast nor religion. Of the fourteen Hindoos of cast *eleven are Brahmuns*; nine of whom have attached themselves are omission thoroughly acquainted with Astronomy and Geography, and who receive for their monthly support three rupees each. They are now employed in studying the *Lilavatee* the first Astronomical work usually taught in India, preparatory to being made acquainted with European Astronomy.

Since the institution of the College the Committee have decided upon printing

"*The Four* VEDAS, the great palladium of Hindooism, around which superstition, for obvious purposes, has thrown such a degree of veneration, that the Soodra who durst only listen to them, was deemed guilty of a crime to be expiated only by melted lead being poured into his ears. These days of darkness however, are now evidently passing away: every thing sacred in the Scriptures has been exposed to public view; and the enlightened among the Hindoos themselves do not hesitate to acknowledge that darkness and concealment can add no real worth to any work, but rather tend to create suspicions that every work must found its claims to intrinsic worth wholly on its contents; and that these claims can never be substantiated as long as its contents are withheld from public view.—The expence of printing this work will undoubtly be great, as it is voluminous, and its completion must necessarily occupy many years: nor do they expect that the College will ever be reimbursed for the expence of printing it; since, with the exception of learned bodies in Europe and America, who may wish to enrich their libraries with a copy of a work so ancient, few purchasers can be expected. As copies of the Vedas however, are already so scarce, and are likely to become far more so, the Committee think it highly proper to take measures to preserve this ancient monument of Hindooism from complete oblivion."

The Committee having purchased a spot of ground on the banks of the river, exactly facing the country residence of the GOVERNOR GENERAL, at Entrackpore, which cost 11,000 rupees, have determined on erecting the Buildings for the College, to consist of a centre buildings which shall include a large Hall for public examinations and the dispatch of public business, rooms for the various classes, suitable rooms for the Library & the Museum, and an Observatory above; and of two wings for the accommodation of the

Students and Professors. The building will contain two stories, it being intended to render the rooms on the groundfloor equally habitable with those above, with the view of combining the strictest economy with the greatest convenience and neatness. On the same principle the erection of a double row of rooms has been preferred, a single row involving a certain waste of expense, and a triple row being [illegible] inconvenient for those who should occupy the middle [illegible] central building will form a front of about a hundred [illegible] feet, each wing an extension of somewhat more than [illegible] and eighty; and the whole when completed present a front of nearly five hundred feet. Each of the wings will contain rooms for the accommodation of nearly a hundred native Christian Students, besides rooms for the Professors. The College, when completed therefore, will be capable of containing from a hundred and sixty to two hundred Christian Students, and perhaps an equal or greater number of other students, who will preserve their cast inviolate by boarding in the town. It is not intended however to build more than one wing at present: the rest of the buildings can be added as the circumstances of the College may render them necessary.

The following are the concluding remarks of the committee.

"The plan of the Institution, thus fully developed, they respectfully leave before the public. If India needs enlightening beyond almost any other blessing, as is universally acknowledged, this, if it be ever effected, must be attempted by suitable means; and to be done efficiently, it should be attempted through the *Natives themselves* as Europeans are too far removed from them and too little adapted to the climate, to become the immediate agents to any extent in this important work;—but if it must be done by native agents, what method more likely to effect it, than that of collecting youths from every tribe and every part of India, and, restraining them from nothing but idleness and positive vice, to infuse their minds with the love of study and investigation, lay open to them by means of an ample library and able teachers, the various stores of learning and science furnished by the western as well as the eastern world, and give them leisure and opportunity to pursue their researches free from interruption and distracting care, till they ultimately return to their own provinces, fraught with knowledge, and not corrupted by unreasonable expectations, to become a blessing in their own sphere to the end of life! But to accomplish this, some spot is necessary, secluded from those allurements to vice which abound in Eastern Capitals, together with a Library and Apparatus, the collection of which, with suitable Buildings, and the support of able Professors, involves too great an expence to be provided in many different places at the same time. Of the suitableness of Serampore for this purpose, sufficiently the Capital of India and yet perfectly retired—and the fitness to accomplish this object, of the plan now so fully laid before the public, the Committee leave the public to judge: in them it might appear presumption. They merely add, that these ideas are the result of many years devoted to the consideration of the state of India and the most effectual means of promoting its best interests. To this complete disclosure of them, they have therefore nothing to add, but that every benefaction to the Institution, whether intended as a Donation for the general purposes of the Institution, or for the support of particular Native Students,—or whether it be in the form of Annual Contribution for a few years, will be received with the warmest gratitude, and applied with the utmost consideration and faithfulness."

The principal object of interest in the Lahore Ukhbars continues to be the conquest of Cashmeer. At one time DEWAN CHUND, the Sirdar who commanded the Sik'h troops on the occasion, was under considerable alarm, in consequence of the hostile preparations of BHOLA SING, who seemed resolved to resist his advances, and counteract his measures. The Sirdar requested the presence of RUNJEET SING, to frustrate the attempts of this daring chief. The Lahore Chief, however, thought it best to stay in his capital, and appointed MOTEE-RAM the Tehsildar of Cashmeer, aided by 500 Sepoys, to secure the collections of revenue. The brothers of KHOSHAL SING are appointed to preside over the Civil and Criminal courts of the province. It appears that the expence of keeping the Sik'h troops at Cashmeer is estimated at two lacks of rupees permonth. The suwars are said to be 2,000 in number, the city and neighbourhood being [illegible] about the movements of BHOLA SING. His encampment is now close to Cashmeer, but his force is probably of no great [illegible]ent and equal to cope effectually with DEWAN CHUND.

The mountanious country between Lahore and Cashmeer is not favorable to the interest of the Sik'hs. The numberless petty Chiefs in that quarter have manifested strong repugnance to the encroachments of RUNJEET SING, steadily refusing the demanded tribute.

Peshawur is still in the hands of an Officer in the service of MAHOMMUD UZEEM KHAN, who had proceeded to Caubul. It is said to be the intention of RUNJEET SING, to send an expedition to the former place immediately after the close of the rains, as the Affghan people are reported to be weary of their present ruler.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

CALCUTTA.

ARRIVALS.

At Kedgeree.

SEPTEMBER.

26. American Brig *Stephen*, Captain J. R. Stenhope, from Batavia 22d August.

— Arab Ship *Fattymobaruck*, Nacoda Abdullah, from Muscat 25th ditto.

27. Ship *Governor Petrie*, Captain W. Bresley, from the Persian Gulph 16th July.

— Ship *Milford*, Captain Rd. Horwood, from Penang 3d September, and Acheen 10th September.

23. H C Chartered Ship *Almorah*, Captain T. Winter, from London 27th May.

— Ditto *Abberton*, Captain L. Perceival, from London 28th May.

— Ship *Volunteer*, Captain T. Waterman, from Bussorah 6th July.

— Ship *Mary*, Captain B. Orman, from New South Wales 24th ditto.

— Ship *Dick*, Captain W. Harrison, from London 18th Dec. Cape of Good Hope, and Trincomalie 18th August.

— Arab Ship *Fatalmain*, Nacoda, from Muscat 18th August.

29 Arab Ship *Soloman*, Nacodah, from Muscat, (date of departure unknown.)

30 Ship *Kingsmill*, Capt R Mac Dowall, from Liverpool 18th Jan and Bombay 11th Sept.

— Ship *Liverpool* Captain James Green, from Rangoon 15th Sept.

— Brig *Minerva*, Captain A De Gracia, from Nagapatam 4th Sept.

— Arab Ship *Futty Salam*, Nacoda, from Malabar 1st Sept.

OCTOBER.

1 French Ship *Mache dela Baurdo nage*, Captain Morin, from St. Malo 22d June.

— Arab Ship *Futty Curreem*, Nacoda, from Judda 25th August.

Off Calcutta.

29 The *Abberton* and *Almorah*, Chartered Ships *Kent*, *Windermere*, *Governor Petrie*, French Ship *La Seine*, American Brig *Stephen*, and Arab Ship *Futty Moborach*.

30. The *Volunteer* and *Mary*

October 1. The *Dick*.

PASSENGERS.

PER ALMORAH.

From England.

Mr. T. P. MacGregor, 40 Recruits, and 3 Women.

From Madras.

Mrs. Beaufort and child, Mr. Beaufort.

PER ABBERTON.

Mrs Heude, and infant daughter. Lieutenant Heude 25th Madras N I. Mr. R Williams, cadet.

PER DICK.

From Colombo,

Mrs Fuller and child, Mrs. T Brown. Maj. F. Fuller, H. M. 59th Regiment, Captain G. Mathers. ditto, Lieut. W. F. Mayne, ditto, L. Carmichael, ditto, C. Hogan, ditto, H. W Sampson, ditto, Ensign Howe, Assist. surgeon, W. Thompson, ditto, Acting Apothecary Hy. Jenking ditto, 65 Men, 1 woman and 1 child, ditto, 37 Native followers, ditto.

From Trincomalee.

Mr. Hutchinson.

From London.

Mr F. Forbes, Mr. W. Billingsley.

From Madras.

Sir W. Rumbold, Bart. Sir John Gordor, Bart. Mr. Gabriel, 6 Native merchants, from Bushire.

PER MARY.

From Port Jackson.

Mrs. Milsom, Mrs. Mary McCarthy, Miss Elizabeth McKay, captain McKay, 30th Regiment Bengal N I. captain J W. Rollo, Mr. John Watts, Master Pilot, Mr. Henry O'Brien.

Passengers arrived at Madras on the William Miles.

Mrs. Sherson; Mrs C H. Higginson; Mrs Z. Sherson; Miss G Sherson; Captain Walker 10th N I.; capt. Scott 15th N. I.; Mr. G. A. Underwood; Mr. C. Richardson; Mr. C Leslie; Mr J B. Pugel; Mr. R. Alexander; Mr. Samuel Gloacester; E. Jennings; M Malyen.

Passengers per William Miles, for Bengal.

Mrs. J. Pattle; Mrs. C. Baley; Madame D'Letang; Madle. D'Letang; Mrs. L Pattle Mrs. Birch; Miss M. Pattle; Miss H. Hayley; Miss L. Birch; Miss Ford; Miss Ridge; Major Ridge 4th N. C.; Mr. E S Wade; Wm Ellis; J. Crook; J. U. Campbell; D Campbell; E. M Richardson; J. Johnson; Charles Ridge; Edward Ridge; Hannah Pickell; Susannah Isabella Antonio Hammed.

Passengers on the Chartered Ship Fame.

Miss Cameron, Mr. Queiros, Mr. Allen, Mr. Bryant, Captain De Beauregard, Mr. Page, cadet, Mr. Garbell, ditto, Mr. Bowcroft, ditto.

DEPARTURES.

From Calcutta.

SEPTEMBER.

25. American Ship *Sachem*, Captain Bancroft, for Boston.
— Ditto *Atlas*, Captain Girdon for Philadelphia.
— Ship *Mahomed Shah*, Captain J. Laird, for Bombay.
26. Ship *Maria*, Captain J. C. Raby, for London
— Ship *Harriet*, Captain [illegible]ean, for Bencoolen and Batavia.
27. Ship *Ellerpill*, Captain J Potton, for Hull.
— Ship *Re ou ce*, Captain J G. Williams, for China.
— Ship *Glorious*, Captain J. Patterson, for Bombay.
— Ship *Lang*, Captain J. Clark for London
— Ship *Maister*, Captain P. Barrmann, for ditto, via Pointe de Galle.

MADRAS.

ARRIVALS.

September 4, Brig Mary, Captain J. H. Carter, from Padang 9th August.

Danish Ship Luaving, Captain A. N. Beck, from Copenhagen 15th April, Trincomalie 18th and Tranquebar 31st August, and Porto Novo 3d September.

9 Brig Jane, Captain B. Williams, from Calcutta 1st August.

10. Brig Generous, Captain Beaugard, from Mauritius 2d August, and Pondicherry 8th September.

A Moor Brig arrived from Negapatam, bound to Bengal,—Passengers: Mrs. Hepburn and Children, and Mr Hepburn.

12. Ship Acteon, Captain John Mackey, from Port Louis 20th August.

13. Ship Volunteer, Captain T. Waterman, from Bombay 30th August.

DEPARTURES.

September 4. Brig Norfolk, Captain Edward Oakes, for the Coast and Calcutta

Schooner Black Joke, Captain W. England, for the Northward.

5 Ship Lloyds, Captain P. M'Pherson, for Masulipatam and Calcutta

Ship Mary, Capt. Alexander Scott, for London.

6. Brig Maria, Capt. J. H. Carter for Calcutta.
8. Danish Ship Luaving, Capt. A. N. Back, for Bengal.
Ship Mary Anne, Capt. J. T. Anderson, for Covelong.
Brig La Maria, Capt Walker, for Madras, Java and Manilla.
18. Ship Reliance, Capt. Pike, for Bombay.

BOMBAY.

ARRIVALS.

September 3. Arab Ship Durrja B[illegible], Nacqudah Syed Abdooramon, from Mocha 19th A[illegible].

DEPARTURES.

September 1. Ship Kauder Box, Nacqudah Chan Hajee, to Tellichery.
4. Ship Eliza, B. S. Woodhead, to Madras and Bengal.

PASSENGERS.

Per Eliza—Mrs. A. Kelly, Captain Slade, Col. Smith, Ensign Brady.

By the Loyalty.—Captain McNiel, Lieut. Lester, Artly. Lieut. Taylor, Mrs. Burns, Mr. Horn.

Madras.

The following Proclamation was made at Madras on Saturday. We re-publish it as a matter of public record.

Government Gazette Extraordinary,

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 11, 1819.

PROCLAMATION.

It is hereby Proclaimed under the sanction of The Most Noble the Governor General in Council, that His Highness the Prince ARZUM JAH, OMDUT OOL OMRAH, MOKHTAR OOL MOOLK, ROSHUN OOD DOWLAH, MOHUMMED MOONWUR KHAN BUHADOOR, BUHADOOR JUNG, the eldest legitimate Son of *his late Highness the Nabob* AZIM UL DOWLAH BUHADOOR, has succeeded to his deceased Father in the rank and title of *Nabob Subahdar of the Carnatic.*

Published at Fort St George the 11th September 1819.

By order of the Right Honourable the Governor in Council.

G. STRACHEY, CHIEF SECRETARY.

The Fourth LAW TERM for the present year commenced yesterday at noon, with the accustomed forms and ceremonies before their Lordships—the CHIEF JUSTICE and Mr. Justice STANLEY

The Honorable Sir GEORGE COOPER embarked with his family on board the *Reliance*, Captain Pike, on Sunday morning at 8 o'clock. The embarkation of his Lordship was announced by the salute due to his rank. The Vessel sailed shortly after for Bombay, to which place Sir GEORGE COOPER has proceeded to perform the important Judicial duties which have been suspended by the death of the late RECORDER. The voyage at this season of the year will probably consume a month.

The following Passengers proceed by this opportunity for the opposite Coast.

PASSENGERS.

Sir George Cooper and family, for Bombay; John Babington, Esq. and family, and Miss B[illegible]gton, for Calicut; Mrs. Colonel Smith, for Bombay; Colo[illegible]wal, and Dr. Shepherd, for Goa; Lieut. Warre, in charge of [illegible]chment of troops, for Bombay.

The Madras roads presented [illegible]ancholy spectacle on Sunday, inasmuch as it shewed the inactivity and s[illegible]nation of all Commerce at this Port. With the exception of the H. C. Ship *Catherine*, now loading for England, not a Vessel besides Country Craft, and of these even there are few comparatively, remained in the Roads.

The drawings of the Madras Lottery continued on Friday and yesterday. The following prizes of 500 Rupees, and upwards were drawn on Friday.—We are sorry to observe that the prize of 50,000 Rupees, and one of 5,000 Rupees were unsold Tickets:

No. 5986, a Prize of 50,000 Rupees.
No. 2890, a Prize of 30,000 Rupees.
No. 1266, a Prize of 5,000 Rupees.
No. 9424, a Prize of 5,000 Rupees.
No. 3653, a Prize of 1,000 Rupees.
Nos. 2596, 1777, 2296 and 4842, Prizes of 500 Rupees each.

Bombay.

The Calcutta papers contain various remarks on the letter of Mulla Firoz, and on the paragraph alluding to the Desatir, which appeared in our paper of the 31 July. We take this opportunity of correcting a misconception occasioned by the use of the word *translator*. We did not allude to the learned Editor, Mulla Firoz, when we spoke of the translator of the Desatir, but to the Gentleman, by whose unwearied labors, extensive acquaintance with oriental literature and disinterested assistance, Mulla Firoz has been enabled to present the world with the English translation.

Mocha.—Accounts of the middle of August, from this place by the Durria Begee, confirm the fact of the acknowledged surveillance of Ali Pacha. The Troops of Ali Pacha were as

bout to return homeward to the great joy of the Inhabitants, as their conquests were marked by great devastation; the Government of the conquered country is vested in the Imaum of Senna, on condition of paying an yearly tribute of 100,000 German Crowns.

From this place we also learn that Ibrahim Pacha is about to perform a pilgrimage to Mecca, and that before he sets out he delivers over Katif and Larsa to its former governors.

The Anglo-Indian trade was collecting at Mocha, by the Honourable Company's Cruizers Aurora and Prince of Wales, and it was expected to depart about the end of August. Coffee, and Aloes were high, and the [illegible]inal price of Indian goods excessive.

Bushire—From this place [illegible] learn that a Russian envoy had arrived at Tehran with [illegible] message to the King, from the Russian Embassy, but [illegible] had not been favorably received, and set off on his [illegible] immediately.

Another Frigate, for His Majesty's Service, the Seringapatam of 46 Guns, was floated out of Dock, on Sunday morning.

This Frigate is constructed on a theory to combine the greatest stability with the least possible resistance to velocity under every point of sailing; and from this prime quality, as also from possessing strength and durability, she may justly be pronounced one of the most formidable Ships of War of her class in the known world.

The carve work on the Prow appears to be chiefly designed in compliment to the natives of Hindoostan, and represents the Mysore Rajah, attended by his Kitasol bearer; and on the Trailboard, is a banner ornamented with a Lion, as emblematical of the Rajah's Arms.

	Feet	Inch.
Length of Lower Deck, -	157	6
Keel for Tonnage, -	132	0½
Breadth extreme, - - -	40	6
Depth in Hold, - - -	13	6
Burthen in Tons, - - -	1152	9¾
Pierced for	46 Guns.	

A Keel of a twenty-four Gun Ship for the Honorable Company, is in a state of preparation, and will shortly be laid down in the Dock from which the Seringapatam was floated.

The weather during the last week has been mild as we could wish, and the Rain has fallen only in occasional showers, and we are happy to be able to state that it has already had a favorable effect on the Cholera; the number of casualties being sensibly diminished.

On Sunday the 5th Instant, the following Gentlemen were duly ordained Elders of the Scotch Church at this Presidency.

Major-Gen. Sir William Grant Keir, K. M. T.
James Ritchie, Esquire.
Captain William Black, B. N. I.
George Ogilvy, Esquire.

It is with feelings of unfeigned sorrow that we announce the death of the Honourable Sir Alexander Anstruther, Recorder of Bombay.

Sir Alexander had for some time labored under a complaint in the lungs; and he left this place in March last by the advice of his medical friends, and proceeded to the Isle of France in the hope that the voyage and the change of air would restore him to health. That hope proved vain; and he expired on the 16th of July, in the 50th year of his age.

Sir Alexander was the second son of the late Sir Robert Anstruther, Bart., of Balcaskie, Fifeshire, by Janet, youngest daughter of Alexander Erskine, 6th Earl of Kellie; and brother of the late gallant Br[illegible] General R. Anstruther, who, in the prime of life, and [illegible] brightest prospects of military renown opening to his view, [illegible] victim to the fatigue which he endured in the gallant [illegible] discharge of his duties as commander of the rear-guard [illegible] General Moore's army, on its retreat to Corunna.

Sir Alexander in early life devoted himself with assiduous attention to the duties of his profession; and in 1792 engaged in the publication of Reports of adjudged cases in the Court of Exchequer, which he completed in 1797 in three volumes. In 1798 he came out to Madras; and in 1803 was appointed Company's Advocate General at that presidency; in 1803 he married Sarah, the sister of Guy Lenox Prendergast, Esq. member of council at this presidency. On the 25th of March 1812 he was appointed to succeed Sir James Mackintosh as Recorder of Bombay, and on the 10th March 1813 took his seat on the bench in that capacity.

As a private member of society, Sir Alexander exhibited those qualities of heart and mind, which, under the due influence of morality and religion, give charm and value to all the endearing relations of private life. His manners were gentle and unassuming; his temper mild and cheerful; and his heart kind, affectionate and generous.

In his public capacity, his conduct displayed the most essential and proper virtues of a Judge. His understanding was acute and vigorous; his judgment sound and correct, and his learning extensive. They who had the pleasure of practising under him, and who have now the misfortune to regret his loss, will bear testimony to his eminent patience on the bench, his independence of spirit, his strict impartiality, and his uniform integrity.

CALCUTTA MONTHLY JOURNAL.

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Calcutta

CIVIL APPOINTMENT.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT; 1ST. OCT. 1819.

Mr. J. W. TEMPLER, Assistant [illegible] Magistrate of Mirzapore.

MILITARY.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE MOST NOBLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM; 24TH SEPTEMBER, 1819.

Official accounts having been received of the melancho[illegible] intelligence of the death of the Hon'ble Colonel Bannerman, Governo[illegible] Prince of Wales Island, and its Dependencies, on the 8th ultimo, [illegible] Excellency the Most Noble the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that, as a mark of respect for the memory of the late Colonel Bannerman, Sixty-one Minute Guns, corresponding with the number of the Years of the deceased, be fired this afternoon, from the Ramparts of Fort William, the Flag being hoisted half-mast high, during the Ceremony.

W. CASEMENT, Lieut. Col.
Sec. to Govt. Mil Dept.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE MOST NOBLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM; 25TH SEPT. 1819.

The Troops of every Arm belonging to the Presidencies of Madras and Bombay, serving under the command of Brigadier General Sir John Malcolm, K. C. B. and K. L. S. in the Province of Malwah, will be immediately relieved by a Detachment from the Army of Bengal agreeably to instructions furnished to His Excellency the Commander in Chief. With reference to the reduced number of regular Troops stationed in Kumaoon, the Governor General in Council is pleased to abolish from the 1st of November next, the Appointment of Brigadier for that Province, the general duties of which will be conducted under the Orders of the Senior Officer, by the Quarter Master or Adjutant at Almorah, agreeably to the Provision contained in General Orders of the 16th of December 1818.

Captain Leys of the 28th Regiment of Native Infantry, the Brigade Major in Kumaoon, will be removed with his Office, to such other Station or Detachment, as His Excellency the Commander in Chief may be pleased to direct.

W. CASEMENT. Lieut. Col.
Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE MOST NOBLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL

FORT WILLIAM; 25TH SEPT. 1819.

The return to Bengal of the 2d and 3d Volunteer Battalions, and of part of the 1st Battalion from Ceylon, the remainder of which may be expected at no distant period, enabling the Most Noble the Governor General in Council to dispense with the further Services of these Corps; His Lordship in Council is pleased to direct, that they shall be reduced, the 3d Battalion from the 1st of November next, and the 1st and 2d Battalions from the date of their being assembled at the Stations of Barrackpore and Benares respectively.

In consideration of the alacrity with which the 1st, 2nd, and 3rd Ceylon Volunteer Battalions offered their services to meet the views of Government, and of the [illegible] manner in which they have conducted themselves since they were embodied, reflecting a great degree of credit on the character of the Army to which they belong; the Governor General in Council [illegible] on the Native Officers and men a gratuity of one month's Pay and full Batta, which is to be drawn for, and paid to them on their reduction.

The European Commissioned Officers will rejoin their respective Regiments, with all convenient expedition, after they shall have adjusted the accounts of the Men, and such as are entitled to Boat Allowance by existing Regulations, having volunteered from their Corps, or joined at the Presidency by water under the sanction of Government, will draw that allowance on their return.

The Native Officers and men are to be permitted to select the Corps of the Line which they may be desirous of joining.

Leave of absence for the purpose of visiting their Homes, will be granted to each Individual, with the indulgence of half Batta during the period of authorized absence, which is to be regulated by the distance of their places of residence from the Stations at which they are to be disbanded, and from the Corps to which they shall be transferred. In no instance, however, is the leave to exceed eight Months, which extended period is to be granted only to those men, who, from the distance they have to travel, may have a claim to this particular indulgence.

His Excellency the Commander in Chief will be pleased to issue such further orders as may be necessary on the occasion, and to make such arrangements as may be required for the purpose of equalizing the Corps of Native Infantry, and thereby obviating the inconvenience which might arise, from any particular Battalion receiving too large a proportion of Supernumerary Native Officers or Men.

W. CASEMENT, Lieut. Col.
Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE MOST NOBLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM; 25TH SEPT 1819.

The Governor General in Council is pleased to make the following Appointments.

Ordnance Department.

Deputy Commissary Lieutenant P. G. Mathison, to be a Commissary of Ordnance, vice Swiney, promoted to a Regimental Majority.

Lieutenant Lewis Burroughs of the Regiment of Artillery, to be a Deputy Commissary of Ordnance, vice Mathison, promoted.

Captain Peckett of the Corps of Engineers, to superintend the contruction of the Powder Magazine at Moyamore, in the room of Eustace Fitzgerald; who has proceeded to Burdwan, on Survey duty.

Surgeon Alexander Russell has been permitted by the Honorable the Court of Directors, to return to his duty on this Establishment, without prejudice to his rank.

The undermentioned Gentlemen, having produced certificates and counterpart covenant of their Appointment as Cadets of Infantry and Assistant Surgeon on this Establishment, are admitted to the Service accordingly: the Cadets are promoted to the rank of Ensign, leaving the dates of their Commissions to be adjusted hereafter.

Infantry.

Mr. James Donnithorne,
— Henry Doveton,
— William Grant.

Medical Establishment.

Mr. John Mitchell Todd.

Mr. Patrick Brannon, Assistant Commissary of Ordnance, having been found unfit to perform the active duties of his profession, is transferred to the Invalid Pension Establishment from the 1st proximo.

Serjeant Major Conrad Tremblehousen, is admitted to the benefits of the Pension established by minutes of Council of the [illegible] January 1797, and permitted to reside and draw his stipend at [illegible]pore.

A Chowdry is authorised to be added to the Bazar Establishment with the detachment of Artillery serving with the Nerbudda Field Force on a Salary of Eleven (11) Sonat Rupees per Month; the rate allowed for that description of persons with a Battalion of Native Infantry.

His Lordship in Council is pleased to rescind the General Order of the 1st of July, 1814, the reports, required by it, to be made to the Military Board by Deputy Pay Masters, having been rendered unnecessary by the promulgation of the New Barrack Regulations.

W. CASEMENT, Lieut. Col.

Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE MOST NOBLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM; 25TH SEPT. 1819.

The Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that, all Officers who held situations in the Commissariat Department on the Island of Java, or any of its Dependencies; and were entrusted with the disbursement of Public Money, do transmit to the Office of Audit, thro' the medium of Lieutenant Colonel A. Campbell, late Deputy Commissary General at Java, the verification to their accounts upon Oath, prescribed by existing Regulations.

W. CASEMENT, Lieut. Col.

Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

GENERAL ORDERS BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE MOST NOBLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM; 2n OCTOBER, 1819.

Ordered, that the following Extract from a General Letter from the Honorable the Court of Directors, in the Military Department, bearing date the 25th of May 1819, be promulgated in General Orders.

Extract from a General letter in the Military Department, dated 25th May, 1819.

PARA. 6. We have appointed Mr. William Montgomerie, now at your Presidency, an Assistant Surgeon upon your Establishment, provided he is not the Son of [illegible] native Indian, or exceptionable in any other respect, subject however to his being examined and found qualified for his profession by the Medical Board.

7. His order of Rank will be transmitted you at an early opportunity, and you will administer the usual Oath of fidelity to the Company.

8. We have appointed Mr. [illegible] Leeson, now at your Presidency as a Lieutenant in His Majesty's 21st Regiment of Light Dragoons, a Cadet of Infantry upon your Establishment, subject to your being satisfied, that he is not above Twenty-five years of age, or exceptionable in any other respect.

9. His Order of Rank will be transmitted you at an early opportunity, and you will accordingly administer to him the usual Oath of fidelity to the Company.

10. We have permitted the undermentioned Officers of your Establishment to remain in England until the departure for your Presidency, of the first Company's ships of next Season, 1819-20, viz. Lieut. Colonel John Nuthall, and Mr. Assistant Surgeon Wm. C. Scott.

11. We have permitted Lieutenant Colonel Wm. Croxton, and Mr. Surgeon Alexander Russell, severally, to return to their Rank on your establishment.

12 We have permitted Murdack McLeod, M. D. to proceed to your Presidency, to practise as a Surgeon, and we direct that he succeed as an Assistant Surgeon on your Establishment; his Rank will be settled at a future time.

W. CASEMENT, Lieut-Col.
Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

Head-Quarters, Calcutta; 24th September, 1819.

GENERAL ORDERS.

The undermentioned Officers have received the Most Noble the Commander in Chief's Leave of Absence for the reasons assigned.

Corps.	*Rank & Names*	*From what time*	*For, or to what time.*	*Whither and on what Account.*
34th F	Lt. Crawford,	Date of Embk	for 18 Mths,	To proceed to Europe on his private Affairs.
59th F	Lieut. White,	ditto	2 Yrs	Ditto. for the recovery of his Health.

The permission granted by General Orders of the 14th May last to Ensign Keowen of His Majesty's 14th Foot, to proceed to Europe on his private Affairs, is cancelled, at the request of that Officer, who ha

Leave of Absence for 5 months from the 22d Instant, to enable him to join his Regiment.

By Order of the Most Noble the Commander in Chief.

THOS. M'MAHON,
Col. A. G.

Head-Quarters, Calcutta; 1st October, 1819.

GENERAL ORDER.

The detail of His Majesty's 59th Regiment arrived from Ceylon under the Command of Major Fulle[illegible] will proceed by Water to join the Head Quarters of the Regt. at Berhampore, for which purpose Major General Wood will be pleased to apply in the usual manner for the necessary means of Transport.

By Order of the Most N[illegible] Commander in Chief.

THOS. M'MAHON,
Col. A. G.

OCTOBER 11.

The following communication has been sent to us by a Correspondent. We intended, several weeks ago, to have noticed the New Race Stand, and to have offered our congratulations to the sporting community, on their determination to follow an example, which has long since been exhibited at the Mount Race Stand, near Madras; but, as an engraving of the new building, now constructing at this presidency, had been published, from the office of the *Calcutta Journal*, we were fearful that our congratulations would have been too late in the day. We have great pleasure, however, in publishing the statement of our correspondent, in his own language.

"We understand that the community at large are highly delighted with the rapid progress of the new Race-stand. This beautiful building will do infinite credit to the members of the Calcutta Jockey Club. Such a building was certainly very much wanted, and from appearance, it promises to be remarkably well calculated for the purpose. Independently of the advantages which it will possess, in regard to the comfort and accommodation of our fair country women, it will be admired as a very elegant ornament to the race course. From every account, the ensuing cold season promises much interesting amusement—more perhaps, than ever was witnessed at any period, within our recollection.

"It is much to be lamented, that we have not here, as at Madras, Bombay, and several other places, more frequently the amusement of Pony Races—than which, nothing can be more entertaining to every class of society, particularly, when there is a start of 12 or 15, of those surprising little animals, of all shapes and colors—and running in every direction, but the right one. It would likewise be a source of much amusement, to have Donkey Races—This sport, when well managed, never fails to excite much merriment—also, Boys running for small prizes, will make a pleasing variety.

"It may be fairly presumed that, 'ere long, this most noble and manly amusement of Horse Racing, under the auspices of our Jockey Club and Amateurs, at Calcutta, will eclipse our sister pre[illegible]

Our letters during the last week from the different stations in the *country*, afford us a few articles of intelligence. At Muttra, a considerable fall of rain had been experienced in the month of August, and the country in the neighbourhood, had derived considerable benefit. At Berhampore, the weather had been very hot and oppressive, but about the end of the last month, considerable rain had fallen. We are sorry to hear that great sickness prevails among the Officers and men of H. M.'s 59th Regiment, who had recently joined from Ceylon. A letter from Dinapore, dated the 30th ultimo, mentions the establishment of a "Bank for Savings," in the H. C.'s European Regiment.—This measure, we understand, has been suggested and carried into effect by Major BROUGHTON, the Commanding Officer of that Corps;—and there is every reason to expect, that it will be productive of the benefit which was anticipated—by encouraging habits of sobriety, prudence and economy. The principle and objects of Saving Banks, have frequently been alluded to in the *India Gazette*, and we are much gratified by learning, that the advantages of the system, are likely to be extended to the army. Should the experiment now made at Dinapore, prove successful—and we understand there is every probability in favor of its success—it is likely, that the example will be followed; and if the measure be generally adopted, it may be reasonably expected, that the same effects will result—as have been already experienced among the lower classes in England. The augmentation of the sums that have been set apart in the Saving Banks *there*, far exceeds all previous calculation—and the money that has thus been stored for the "winter's day," and the "evening of life"—instead of having been squandered in the pursuits of vice and ebriety, will serve to avert the pres-

ture of calamity; and to insure comforts and consolation—when the season of service and labour shall be past. The hints which economy must induce, in military life, are too obvious to require illustration; and we believe, it is almost proverbial in the army, that non-commissioned officers and soldiers, who are provident and saving, are the men who best discharge their duties in garrison and in the field. We therefore heartily recommend the adoption of Regimental Saving Banks to the attention of those, whose influence, may easily be directed to the explanation and recommendation of a measure—simple in its operation—and the benefits of which, wherever tried, have not yet disappointed expectation. A letter from Mow, dated the [illegible] ultimo, states, that up to that period, the rains had continued: and that some of the crops in the vicinity had been injured by the quantity of rain which had *then* fallen. Accounts from the Deccan state, that the damage occasioned to the grain had been very considerable; but according to the latest intelligence received at Mow from the Deccan, the rains had ceased in that quarter. Letters received from General Doveton's Camp, stat that a great scarcity of grain had rendered the condition of the poorer kind of Camp-followers truly deplorable The European Officers had very generally subscribed considerable sums for the relief of the sufferers—but the accounts which we have received of the conduct of General Doveton on this occasion, are deserving of every possible publicity, and must excite general admiration. The General, we understand, not only subscribed One Thousand Rupees to the fund which was formed by the contributions, to which we have alluded,—but caused extensive purchases of grain to be made, at his own expence, in quarters, which, although not very distant from the Camp, were, for the time, beyond the reach of the common people The grain thus procured, was distributed daily at the rate of half a seer per person, to a number exceeding 12,000; and one of our letters mentions 11,000. The relief which was thus afforded to the famishing camp-followers, need only to be stated to be appreciated; and the conduct of the General on this occasion, affords a noble contrast to the acts of others, whose names have been *recorded*,—and some of whom, contrived to carry to Europe, large fortunes which were realized by the purcase and sale of grain, during the pressure of a similar calamity! We collect from the *Hurkaru* of Friday last, that although a few Indigo Planters may have been disappointed by unfavorable weather, the produce during the last season, has been

generally abundant—and that in some factories, the excess over the quantity obtained during any preceding season, has been great beyond the most sanguine expectation. We have not, of late, received any particular communication respecting this subject; and we therefore quote the information from the authority referred to.

Extract of a letter from Nusseerabad, under date the 5th of September, 1819.

'We have had no reason to complain of the want of rain at this place: the showers have been heavy as well as numerous; in fact we have had a most plentiful supply this season.—I wish other parts of the country had been equally fortunate, * * * * At Cawnpore, Allahabad and in Bundlecund, grain is very dear.'

Extract of a letter from Keitah, in Bundlecund, dated the 18th of September, 1819.

'Grain of all descriptions is extremely dear, as a proof I have only to relate that Attah sells per rupee at the rate of 8 seers only; Gram at 12 seers; Table Rice at 4½; Wheat under 10 seers, and every thing else in proportion.'

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

CALCUTTA.

ARRIVALS AT KEDGEREE.

Sept.

3. Ship *Mary Ann*, Capt. J. Williams, from Madras 17th September.
— Ship *Argo*, Capt. R. Humphreys, from Padang 6th September.
— Brig *Norfolk*, Capt. Ed. Oakes, from Madras 4th ditto, and Vizagapatam 27th ditto.
— American Ship *George*, Capt. T. West, from Salem 9th June.
— Ship *Caudry*, Capt. R. Callender, from Malabar.
4. American Brig *Williams*, Capt. B. Andrews, from Batavia 27th August.
5. H. C. Chartered Ship *Fame*, Capt. S. Remmington, from England 27th May.
7. Portuguese Ship *St. Thiago Maior*, Capt. Jose Joza Franco, from Lisbon 13th March, and Rio de Janeiro 20th July.
— Grab Ship *Caudry*, Nacoda, from Muscat 1st September, and Cochin the 20th ditto.
— Ship *Westmoreland*, Capt. J. Cririe, from Bombay the 11th Sept.
— Arab Ship *Abassy*, Nacoda, from Judda 3d August.
— Dutch Schooner *Chicken*, Capt. J. Intveld, from Padang 24th August.
8. Ship *East Indian*, Capt D. D. Wishart, from Hull 17th May.
— Ship *Lusitania*, Capt. R. Brash, from Cape of Good Hope 16th August.

7. Ship *Sir Evan Nepean*, Captain James Winther, from Alleppee, the 23d Sept.
— Portuguese Ship *Prince of Brazils*, Captain J. [illegible] D'Silva, from Lisbon 21st May.
— Portuguese Ship *Comoens*, Captain J. J. Da Razo, from ditto 30th ditto
9. Brig *Lynx*, Captain Siddons, from Port Jackson 29th July.
— Ship *Helen*, Captain D. Seton, from Bombay 30th August, Alleppee 21st Sept. and Point de Galle 25th ditto,
— Ship *Acteon*, Captain J. Mackay, from the Isle of France, (date of departure unknown)

OFF CALCUTTA.

3 The *Futta Sallam*
6 The *Fatel Mann*.
7. The French Ship *Mahomed Bourdanaye*, the American Ship *George*, and the Schooner *Chicken*.
8. The *Kingsmill*, the *Milford*, the *Argo*, the *Fatal Currim*, and the Brig *Norfolk*.

PASSENGERS.

PER E. C. CHARTERED SHIP FAME.

Mr. Claude Queiros, Mrs. Mary Queiros, Mrs. Harriet Bryant and Son, Miss Mary Cameron, Miss Eliza Padwick, Miss Marianne Allen, Captain J. R. De Beauregarde, 2d Regt. N. I. Captain Wm. Harmsworth, Free Mariner, Messrs. Edward Francis Rowcroft, Hubert Garbet, Joseph Charles Sage, Cadets, Forty Hon. Com. Recruits, three women, and one child.

PER MARY ANN.

From Madras: Mr. H. J. Blane, Mrs. Fleming; Reverend Mr. Fleming, Missionary.

PER BRIG NORFOLK.

From Madras: Captain R. Leigh, Country Service, Lieutenant Crosdale, 1st Regt. 10th N. I.

PER ARGO.

From Padang: Miss K. Maidman.

DEPARTURES FROM CALCUTTA.

(None)

PASSED TO SEA DURING THE WEEK.

The *Kilvergill*, the *Glorious*, the *Maria*, the *Catherine*, the *Sachem*, (American.) the *Mahomed Show*, the *Lang*, the *Atlas*, (American) and the *Resource*.

MADRAS.

ARRIVALS.—September 11, Schooner Swallow, Captain M. Radland, from Masulipatam 6th Sept.
12. Ship Acteon, Captain J. Mackay, from Port Louis 28th August,
13. Ship Volunteer, Captain Thomas Waterman, from Bombay 30th August.
— Ditto, Schooner Princess Charlotte, Captain J. L. Fresle, from Negapatam 9th, and Pondicherry 12th September.

14. Ship Mary Ann, Captain J W. Williams, from Covelong 13th September,
16. H C. chartered ship Almorah, Captain Thomas Winter, from London 26th May,
20 Brig Lutchmy, Captain Charles Cunot, from Mauritius 18th Aug. Tranquebar and Pondicherry 18th September.—Passenger: Thos. Party. Esq

DEPARTURES.—SEPT. 12. ship Reliance, Captain M. Pike, for Bombay.
Ditto, a Moor Brig for Calcutta.
15. Ship Vetrou, Captain J. Mackay for Bengal,
Ditto Ship Volunteer, Capt. Thomas Waterman; for Covelong,
17, Schooner Princess Charlotte, Captain J. L. Fresle, for Masulipatam.
Ditto Ship Mary Ann, Captain J. W. Williams, for Bengal.
18. H. C. Chartered Ship Almorah, Captain Thomas Winter, for Bengal.

BOMBAY.

ARRIVALS.—SEPT. 9. Ship Pascoa, Capt. Samuel Ashmore, from Calcutta the 9th July,
10. Armed Patteemar Tarrerow, Nizamoodeen, from Versovah.
12. Ship Fazel Karim, J. Keys, from Bussorah 28th June.
Ditto, Ship Hannah, J. L Heathorn, from England, 8th June.
13. Ship Ann, Robert Dickie, from Calcutta, 18th July,

Passenger per Ship Pascoa,

Lieutenant F. Cruckshank, Bengal Artillery,

Passengers per Ship Hannah,

Mr G. C. Robinson, Mr. J. Neville, Mr. R Buckly;

DEPARTURES.—SEPT. 4th Ship Eliza, Capt. B. S. Woodhead, to Madras.
11. Ship Westmoreland, Free Trader, John Criric, to Calcutta,
Ditto, Ship Kingsmill, Free Trader, McDowal, to Calcutta.

Passengers by the Ship Eliza.

Mrs. A. Keighty,—Capt. Slade, Lieut Brady,—Cornet Smith.

Passengers per Ship Kingsmill.

Mr. William Kitson.

Madras.

On Monday last the homeward bound Ship Aurora, Captain Earl, arrived in the Roads from Calcutta, whence she sailed the 2d instant.

The Drawing of the Lottery continued on Friday and terminated on Tuesday. The following Prizes exceeding 250 Rupees were drawn.

FRIDAY—No. 2766, a Prize of 10,000 Rupees.
Nos 40[illegible]5, 2395, 3930, 2[illegible]7, Prizes of 1000 Rupees each.
Nos, 4098, 2181, 2770, 1169 3753, 4279, Prizes of 500 Rupees each.
TUESDAY—No 6264, a Prize of 10,000 Rupees.
Nos 866, 982, 1610, 1724, 2784, 3919, 4930, 4727, 4911, 5282, prices of 500 Rupees each.

Bombay

On Wednesday last, William Milburn Esq. took the oaths and his seat on the Bench as an Alderman of the Recorder's Court of Bombay; and Graves Chamney Irwin Esq, Barrister at Law, took the usual oaths on his being admitted to practise in this Court.

Our elegant little Theatre is at present appropriated to the exhibition of an excellent and extensive collection of paintings: whilst we applaud the liberality of the Managers in thus dedicating a public edifice to the furtherance of the fine arts and the gratification of pure taste, we must regret that this circumstance obliges us to infer, that we cannot expect at any very early period to be delighted spectators of the successful exertions of our dramatic corps of volunteer amateurs. We regret this the more, because we have lately witnessed with considerable pleasure the happy attempts of another dramatic corps, whilst laboring under many obvious disadvantages of want of the *material* of the stage, &c. from which the Bombay Theatre by the liberality of the Bombay public is exempt. At Fort George Barracks, by the permission of the commanding officer, were performed on Thursday evening the comedy of 'Lover's Vows' and the burleque heroic farce of 'Chrononhotonthologos.' A labored and detailed critique of the performance will not be expected from us; but we cannot refrain from stating, that all the performers exerted their best powers to please their numerous audience, and they completely succeeded in keeping the whole in good humour and amply gratified by their evening's entertainment.

The ship Pascoa, Captain Ashmore, from Calcutta the 9th July, anchored in the harbour on Thursday evening. She is the only arrival at this port during the last week.

We understand that the H. C. chartered ship York will sail early in October.

The free traders Kingsmill and Westmoreland, which arrived at this port sometime back from England, have obtained a licence from the Supreme Government at Calcutta to proceed to that Presidency. These ships, we understand, were licenced only to the port of Bombay, and not as ships usually are to the principal settlements in India, a circumstance which, in the opinion of the Law Officers at Bombay, precluded the grant of a licence to proceed to Calcutta, as the local Governments in India had not the power to extend the licences granted for the purpose of trade by the authorities in England.

We are most happy to hear that the Cholera has so completely disappeared in many of the Northern Districts as to authorize the discontinuance of the Medical establishments temporarily entertained for that purpose.

CALCUTTA MONTHLY JOURNAL

VOL. XXXV.] .. OCTOBER .. [NUMB. 300.

Calcutta

MILITARY.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE MOST NOBLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM; 20 OCTOBER, 1819.

The Most Noble the Governor General in Council has the satisfaction to publish to the Armies of the three Presidencies, the following Resolutions of both Houses of Parliament, conveying their Thanks to the Marquess of Hastings, K. G. and G. C. B., Governor General and Commander in Chief, and to the Officers and Troops concerned, for their conduct, discipline and bravery during the late Pindarree and Mahratta Campaigns.

DIE MARTIS 2E MARTII 1819.

RESOLVED, NEMINE DISSENTIENTE, by the Lords Spiritual and Temporal in Parliament assembled, that the Thanks of this House be given to General the Marquis of Hastings, Knight of the Most Noble Order of the Garter, and Grand Cross of the Most Honourable Military Order of the Bath, Governor General of the British Possessions in the East Indies, and Commander in Chief of the Forces there, for the promptitude and vigour displayed by him in the overthrow and suppression of the Pindarrees, and for those eminently skilful and judicious Military arrangements which enabled him to defeat the hostile aggressions of the Mahratta Princes, in a Campaign marked by a series of brilliant and decisive successes, highly honourable to the British Arms.

(Signed) HENRY COWPER,
Dep. Clerk. Parliamentor.

JOVIS. DIE 4 MARTII 1819.

RESOLVED, NEMINE CONTRADICENTE, That the Thanks of this House be given to General Marquess of Hastings, Knight of the Most Noble Order of the Garter, and Knight Grand Cross of the Most Honorable Military Order of the Bath, Governor General of the British Possessions in the East Indies, and Commander in Chief of the Forces there, for the promptitude and vigor displayed by him in the overthrow and suppression of the Pindarries, and for those eminently skilful and judicious Military arrangements which enabled him to defeat the hostile aggressions of the Mahratta Princes, in a Campaign marked by a series of brilliant and decisive successes, highly honorable to the British Arms.

RESOLVED, That the Thanks of this House be given to Lieutenant General Sir Thomas Bishop, Knight Grand Cross of the Most Honorable Military Order of the Bath, Major Generals Sir Dyson Marshall, Knight Commander of the Most Honorable Military Order of the Bath, Sir Rufane Shaw Donkin, K. C. B. Sir William Grant Keir, and Thomas Brown, Brigadier Generals, Thomas Munro, Companion of the Most Honorable Military Order of the Bath, John Doveton, C. B. Sir John Malcolm, K. C. B., Lionel Smith, C. B. and to the several Officers engaged in the late Operations in the East Indies for their indefatigable zeal and exertions throughout a long and eventful Campaign.

RESOLVED, NEMINE CONTRADICENTE, That this House doth highly approve and acknowledge the general discipline and bravery displayed by the Non-Commissioned Officers and Private Soldiers, both European and Native, employed in the late Campaign in the East Indies, and that the same be signified to them by the Commanders of the several Corps, who are desired to thank them for their gallant behaviour.

ORDERED, That the said Resolutions be transmitted by Mr. Speaker to the Marquess of Hastings; and that His Lordship be requested to communicate the same to the several Officers referred to therein.

(Signed) J. DYSON,
Cl. D. Dom. Cons.

The Governor General in Council directs that these Orders be publicly read at the several Stations of the Armies of the three Presidencies, to the Troops under Arms; and that the European Officers of the Native Corps do cause the same to be fully explained to the Native Officers and Troops engaged in the late Pindaree and Mahratta Campaigns.

W. CASEMENT, Lieut.-Col.
Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE MOST MOST NOBLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM; 20 OCTOBER, 1819.

The Governor General in Council is pleased to appoint Captain T. Oliver of the 6th Regiment of Native Infantry, to be an Assistant to Lieutenant Herbert, Surveyor of Sumoor.

The undermentioned Gentlemen having produced the prescribed Certificates and Affidavit of their respective Appointment as Cadets for the Corps of Engineers, Artillery and Infantry on this Establishment, are admitted to the Service accordingly:

FOR THE CORPS OF ENGINEERS.

Mr. Thomas Prinsep.

FOR THE ARTILLERY.

Mr. Richard Horsford.
„ Richard Williams.

FOR THE INFANTRY.

Mr John Stainforth Pitts.

The Artillery and Infantry Cadets are promoted, the former to the rank of 2d Lieutenant, and the latter to that of Ensign, leaving the dates of their Commissions for future adjustment.

His Lordship in Council is pleased to promote Subadar Dhabie Sing of the 1st Battalion 20th Regiment of Native Infantry, to the rank of Subadar Major, from the 10th of September, 1819, vice Sewdial Sing, deceased.

Quarter Master Serjeant Thomas Bourchier of the 1st Battalion 22d Regiment of Native Infantry, is admitted to the benefits of the Pension established by Minutes of Council of the 11th of January, 1797, and permitted to reside and draw his stipend at Futtyghur.

W. CASEMENT, Lieut.-Col.
Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE MOST NOBLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM; 2d OCTOBER, 1819.

The Governor General in Council is pleased to make the following appointment.

Captain Charles Graham of the Regiment of Artillery, to conduct the duties of the Gun Powder Agency at Allahabad, during the absence of Captain Galloway, on duty at the Presidency, vice Captain Dundas, relieved.

W. CASEMENT, Lieut.-Col. &
Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE MOST NOBLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM; 9TH OCTOBER, 1819.

The Governor General in Council is pleased to make the following appointments.

Officiating Assistant Surgeon John Colvin, M. D. to perform the Medical duties at the civil Station of Goruckpore.

Assistant Surgeon James Clarke to perform the Medical duties at the civil Station of Dacca Jelalpore.

Officiating Assistant Surgeon George Craigie to perform the Medical duties at the civil Station of Tipperah, vice Hume, deceased.

Captain Conolly Stirling of the 15th Regiment of Native Infantry, having furnished the prescribed Certificates from the Medical and Pay Departments, is permitted to proceed to Europe on Furlough for the benefit of his health, and to embark accordingly on the Free Trader Layton.

Captain Arthur Warde of the 3d Regiment of Light Cavalry, having furnished the prescribed Certificates from the Medical and Pay Departments, is permitted to proceed to Sea for the benefit of his health, and to be absent on that account from Bengal for Eight Months, from the date of the dispatch of the Ship on which he may embark.

Officating Assistant Surgeon W. Knott, temporarily appointed to the Service of the Honourable Company by General Orders of the 3d July 1818, has been removed by authority to the Medical Staff of the Island of Ceylon, in consequence of his appointment by His Royal Highness the Commander in Chief of His Majesty's Forces, as Hospital Assistant to the Forces.

His Lordship in Council is pleased to make the following promotions.

Governor General's Body Guard

Quarter-Master Serjeant William Turner to be Serjeant Major, vice William Edwards, removed to the Honorable Company's Stud.

Serjeant William Claxton to be Quarter-Master Serjeant, vice Turner, promoted.

Corporal Simon Sharp to be Serjeant to the Gallopers, vice Claxton, promoted.

W. CASEMENT, Lieut. Col.
Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE MOST NOBLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM; 2D OCTOBER, 1819.

The situation of several of the Cavalry Regiments affording facilities for procuring Horses, which if not purchased on the spot would be lost to the Service, the Governor General in Council deems it expedient to avail himself of the well known zeal of Officers Commanding mounted Corps in aid of the Commissariat Department in the duty of supplying remount Cattle, and is pleased to publish the following Rules on the subject.

1st. Officers commanding Regiments of Cavalry serving, or stationed, beyond the Jumna, are permitted to assemble Regimental Committees for the admission of Horses, whenever any may be wanting to complete the authorized establishment of their respective Corps.

2d.—The Committees in all practicable cases are to be composed of five, and never of less than three Officers in Command or in charge of Troops. The Officer in Command of the Regiment is never to form part of the Committee.

3d.—The Regulations of the Service respecting the Age and Height of remount Horses, are to be strictly attended to; and the Horses after having been branded in the presence of the Committee with the admission mark and Regimental number, are to be allotted to Troops, by a Regimental order, without delay.

4th.—The reports of Committees assembled under the present Regulation are to be prepared in triplicate agreeably to the annexed Form. One copy is to be kept as a Regimental record, and another is, by the Officer Commanding the Corps, to be transmitted to the Officer conducting the Field Commissariat Office of Accounts. The third copy the Officer in Command of the Regiment will forward to the Adjutant General of the Army, through the Deputy Adjutant General in the Field, that under the authority of the Officer Commanding in the Field he may communicate to the Deputy Commissary General the number of Horses admitted with each Regiment, to enable the latter Officer to regulate his purchases.

5th.—The Officer Commanding in the Field will likewise direct the Deputy Adjutant General to notify to Officers Commanding Cavalry Regiments beyond the Jumna, the number of Horses procured through the agency of the Commissariat and allotted to their respective Corps, that they may not admit Horses beyond the number actually wanting to complete.

6th.—The price of each Horse passed by the Regimental Committees, is not, on an average of the number admitted at one time, to exceed the regulated price and the individual from whom the Horses are purchased is to be paid in the following manner:

7th.—If the individual is desirous of being paid on the spot, and there shall be any Commissariat, or Pay Officer present, having public funds sufficient to meet the demand, the President of the Committee will draw a bill on him, according to the subjoined Form, payable at sight, in favor of the owner of the Horses.

8th.—But should there be no Officer in charge of Public Treasure at Station where the Horses are admitted, or the Horse owner be desirous of receiving the money at some other place, the bill is to be drawn at ten days after sight on the Station selected by the individual, or the nearest to it at which there may be a Commissariat or Pay Officer able to discharge the amount. The Bills are to be countersigned by the Officer Commanding the Regiment.

9th.—In all practicable cases the bills are to be drawn on Commissariat Officers, in preference to Officers of the Pay Department; and the Governor General in Council deems it of importance that every facility should be afforded to the owners in getting payment for their Horses to whom the price agreed on is to be paid without deduction, on account of fees, dustooree, or on any other account whatsoever.

10th.—The bill drawn as above directed is to be given to the Horse owner, and at the same time a duplicate of it, after a copy shall have been entered into a Regimental Book kept for the purpose, is to be transmitted by the Officer Commanding the Corps, by Dawk, to the Officer on whom it is drawn, who, when paying the amount, will take a receipt in duplicate; one copy of which he will retain as a voucher, and transmit the other with the bill to the Officer at the head of the Field Commissariat Office of Accounts, in which department the expenditure under this arrangement will be adjusted.

11th.—The remount of the Horse Artillery Brigades wherever stationed, and of the Dragoon and Light Cavalry Regiments within the Jumna, to be conducted as at present.

FORM.

of a Regimental Committee assembled by order of Major A.—Commanding the Regiment of Light Cavalry, for the admission of Horses tendered for the Service.

PRESIDENT ——————

MEMBERS. ——————

——————

MUTTRA—OCTOBER, 1819.

Age.	Height. Hds.	Height. Inches	Cast.	Colour.	Marks.	Date of admission.	Owner's Name.	Price.	How Paid.	Remarks.
5	14	3	Tazee,...	Bay,....	No Marks,.....	10th October,	Peer Bux of Bareilly.	380	By Bill on Meerut	
4	14	2½	Toorkee,	Iron Grey,	Scratch and snip,	Ditto,	Mirza Beg of Lahore,	400	By Cash.	
7	14	3	Tazee,..	Black,....	[illegible]	11th October,	Peer Bux of Bareilly	4[illegible]0	By Bill on Meerut	

above Horses were branded with the Regimental No.—in presence of the Committee

Examined and Approved of these Horses.

G. A. *Major, Commanding.*

A. B. *Captain, President.*
E. C. *Lieutenant, Member, &c.*

FORM

Sonat Rupees 400.

CAPTAIN L. M.

Sub-Assistant Commissary General.

SIR,

At sight please to pay to *Mirza Beg of Lahore*, Horse Merchant, the sum of Sonat Rupees *Four Hundred*, being the price of a Horse admitted by a Regimental Committee on the 10*th Instant*, for the——— Regiment of Light Cavalry, and charge the same to the Debit of the Commissariat.

(Signed) A. B. *Captain, President.*

(Date) (Countersigned) G. A. *Major,*

Entered No. —. *Commanding the—Regiment.*

W. B. Adjutant.

To *Sonat Rupees 750.*

CAPTAIN E. G.

Deputy Pay Master,

SIR, *Meerut.*

Ten days after sight please to pay *Peer Bux of Bareilly*, Horse Merchant, or order, the sum of Sonat Rupees *Seven Hundred and Fifty*, being the price of *two* Horses admitted on the 10*th and 17th Instant*, by a Regimental Committee for the——— Regiment of Cavalry, and charge the same to the Debit of the Commissariat.

(Signed) A. B. *Captain, President.*

(Date) (Countersigned) A. G. *Major,*

Entered No. —. *Commanding the — Regiment.*

W. B. Adjutant.

WM. GASEMENT, Lieut. Colonel,

Sec. to Govt Mil. Dept.

Head-Quarters, Calcutta, 7th October, 1819,

GENERAL ORDERS.

Captain Campbell of H. M. 17th Foot is appointed to the charge of the Invalids, and time expired Men of H. M. 17th and 39th Regiments; referred to in the General Orders of the 13th ultimo, (No. 1795.)

Captain Turner, Acting Brigade Major, will take care that the prescribed Documents be delivered to Captain Campbell on this occasion.

By order of the Most Noble the Commander in Chief.

THOS. McMAHON,

Col. A. G.

Head-Quarters, Calcutta, 8th October. 1819.
GENERAL ORDERS.

The undermentioned Officers have received The Most Noble the Commander in Chief's leave of absence, for the reasons assigned.

Corps.	Rank and Names.	From what time.	For, or to what time,	Whither, and on what account.
46th Foot	Lieut. Campbell.	date of Embarkation	for 2 years,	To proceed to Europe on Sick Certificate, instead of on his private affairs, as announced in the General Orders of the 16th of April last.
89th	Lt. Stewart.	Ditto.	18 month	To proceed to Europe on his private Affairs.

The leave granted by His Excellency Lieut. General Sir Thomas Hislop, to Lieut. McDougall of H. M. 30th Foot, to visit Bengal on his private affairs, and to be absent from his Corps from the 10th ultimo, to the 24th of February next, is Confirmed.

By order of the Most Noble the Commander in Chief.

THOS. McMAHON,
Col. A. G.

Head Quarters, Calcutta, 9th October, 1819
GENERAL ORDERS.

Lieutenant Leson of His Majesty's 21st Dragoons is relieved from the duty assigned to him in the General Orders of the 20th ultimo (No. 1818.) in consequence of his appointment in the Honorable Company's Service on this Establishment.

By Order of the Most Noble the Commander in Chief.

THOS. McMAHON,
Col. A. G.

Head Quarters, Calcutta; 12th October, 1819.
GENERAL ORDERS.

The Most Noble the Commander in Chief is pleased to publish for the information of the Regiments composing His Majesty's Army in India, the opinion of the Law Officers of the Crown, regarding the construction which has been put upon the 29th Section of the Articles of War in a recent case, and confirmatory of the course adopted against the Major of one of His Majesty's Regiments in this country, for having administered to the estate of a deceased officer of the same Corps

A case on this particular subject having been prepared for the purpose of ascertaining whether the construction above referred to was satisfiably put, as to limiting the functions of the Major to the Regimental effects of a deceased officer, a Copy of the Attorney and Solicitor General's opinion thereon is hereunto annexed, which appears to confirm in the legality of the proceeding adopted against the Regiment by Major alluded to.

OPINION "The Article of War, Section 19, Artl. I does not give the "Major of the Regiment a power to collect the general effects of the "officer dying; but only such effects, or equipage that he has in "Camp or Quarters, and out of those to pay his Regimental debts, and "Quarters, and to pay the surplus of such effects to his legal representa-"tive. By the statute refered to in the case, the Registrar of the "Court is made the legal representative of British subjects dying in "India, whether Military, or Civil, under the circumstances therein "stated, and we think, that if the power of the Major extended to "the general effects, still he would be bound to pay the surplus to the "Registrar, who had Letters ad Colligenda granted to him as the "legal representative in India of the deceased. But we are also of "opinion that the Articles of War attend only to such specific effects, "and equipage as are in Camp, and quarters namely, Camp equipage, "or moveables, or money, actually found in Camp or in his quarters, "and not to effects debts, or money in the hands of third persons,

(Signed) S. SHEPHERD.
R. GIFFORD.

Dated at Serjeant's Inn, 22d of April, 1819,

This order is to be recorded by every Regiment of His Majesty's in India.

By Order of the Most Noble the Commander in Chief.

THOS. McMAHON.
Col. A. G.

Head-Quarters, Calcutta; 2d October, 1819,
GENERAL ORDER.

The Leave granted by His Excellency Lieut. General Sir Thomas Hislop, to Captain Sir John Gordon, Brigade Major to the King's Troops at Fort St. George, to visit Bengal on his private Affairs for 3 Months from the 20th ultimo, is Confirmed.

Captain Eden, of His Majesty's 53d Foot, will take Charge of the Office of Brigade Major during Sir John Gordon's absence, or until further Orders.

By Order of the Most Noble the Commander in Chief.

THOS. M'MAHON.
Col. A. G.

OCTOBER 18.

The tragedy of *The Revenge* was performed on Friday last at the Chowringee Theatre.—We were not enabled to witness the representation, but we collect from general report, that the audience was very numerous, and that the

performers fulfilled every expectation, which had been previously created. The part of *Zanga,* is stated to have been most successfully sustained.

RAMMOHUN ROY, whose indefatigable exertions to dispel the prejudices of his countrymen, have frequently been noticed in the *India Gazette*, has just published a translation into English of "The Kuth-opunishud of the Ujoor-ved, "according to the gloss of the celebrated Sunkuracharyu." We collect from the preface that a translation of this work, in the Bengalee language, has been already published—and that many copies of it "have been distributed as widely as "RAMMOHUN's circumstances would allow, for the purpose "of diffusing Hindoo Scriptural knowledge among the ad-"herents of that religion." RAMMOHUN states that the object of his English translation, is intended to assist the European community in forming their opinion respecting Hindoo Theology, rather from the matter found in the "doc-"trinal scriptures, than from the Poorans, moral tales "or any other modern works,—or from the superstitious rites "and habits daily encouraged by self-interested leaders."

We are happy to find, from the preface, that a great body of RAMMOHUN's countrymen, of good understanding—and "not much fettered with prejudices," have been satisfied with the truth of the doctrines contained in *this*—and in other works, which he has translated and distributed among them;—and that convinced "of the gross errors of the puerile "system of idol worship which they formerly followed"—they have altered their religious conduct in a manner becoming the dignity of human beings.

We shall content ourselves at present, with this brief notice of RAMMOHUN ROY's meritorious labours—although, we feel inclined to write much on the subject. It appears to us, that he has adopted the true mode of diffusing *light* among his countrymen; and we trust, that the *discretion* and moderation which have hitherto guided his conduct, will ultimately attain that, which has long been desiderated—an *end* which has hitherto been sought by impracticable *means.*

Yesterday, pursuant to notice, the Consistory Court met, at ten *a. m.* at No. 4, Garstin's Buildings, when the Right Reverend the Lord Bishop having taken his seat, accompanied by the Venerable H. L. Loring, DD. Archdeacon of Calcutta, proceeded on the business of opening and establishing the Consistory Court within and for the Archdeaconry

in Calcutta, in the Diocese of Calcutta. Dr. Loring was then sworn in Commissary, and W. H. Abbott, Esq. Registrar, who both severally subscribed the articles. His Majesty's Letters Patent were then read aloud by the Registrar and the following gentlemen took the oaths as Proctors, viz.

R. W. Poe,
C. Trebeck,
W. H. Smoult, } Esqrs.
G. Hamilton,

The Bishop addressed the Court in a most able and appropriate speech; after which the Court adjourned *sine die*.

It is stated on the authority of private letters, that it is in contemplation to establish a Supreme Court at Bombay, instead of the Court of the Recorder.

Our readers will perceive by our extracts from the Bombay Journals, that an expedition to be commanded by Major-General Sir GRANT KEIR, is about to proceed from Bombay against the Joasmee Pirates, whose depredations, have of late been so audacious and frequent as to call for this exertion on the part of the British Government. Some particulars of the journey of Capt. SADLIER towards the Camp of Ibraheem Pacha, will also be found among these extracts. It will be seen that a strange rumour had reached Bombay from Mocha, that the Russians had taken Constantinople—and that an universal panic had seized the Turks in the Red Sea. This account will be found in our extract from the *Bombay Gazette* of the 22d ultimo.

It appears from a *Mauritius Gazette* lately received, that Capt. JONES, who commanded the *Iris*, free trader, bound to Bombay, and wrecked on the Solomon Isles, has *retracted* a considerable portion of the statement, which was published at Calcutta some months ago. A Notarial Instrument has been drawn up, and a copy of it published in the Mauritius papers, in which, Capt. JONES acknowledges that his principal accusation against Capt. LEGOURRE, was unfounded.

It is stated that the government of Batavia has dispatched an expedition against Palembang, consisting of a sixty-four gun ship, a frigate, several gun boats, and 2000 men.

From some of the latest newspapers received from Botany Bay, we collect that Banks for Savings have been established at Sydney, under the recommendation and patronage of the Governor. Several missionaries, with their families, who had arrived on the *Baring* in New South Wales, were about to proceed to the new settlement in New Zealand,—accompanied by the Revd. SAMUEL MARSDEN.

We learn by a letter from Ellore, of date the 26th September, that Lieut.-Colonel Doveton, with the Russell Cavalry, and flank companies of the Russell brigade, marched from Hydrabad on the 18th ultimo, against the fort of *Kurmilla*. The line companies of the brigade, with two 18 pounders, and some field pieces, were to follow on the 1st instant, which is the earliest day the guns can be got ready. The whole of the force from Hydrabad was to have marched at the same time on the 1st, but the cavalry and flank companies have been sent in advance, in consequence of information that the Killadar was collecting troops and plundering the country. The force from Hydrabad is to be joined by a battalion of infantry and 1000 reformed horse of the Berar division of the Nizam's troops.

Kurmilla is about 230 miles to the west of Hydrabad on the Poona frontier of the Nizam's dominions. It is said to be a stone fort, of a circular form, with bastions and ditch, but no glacis. It is spoken of as the general opinion of the natives, that no opposition will be offered, but that the Killadar, convinced of the folly of resistance, will surrender the fort on the approach of the troops. The Killadar is the son of Rao Rumba. He has been for some years past in rebellion against his father, whom, in conjunction with his mother, he expelled from his lands. His father resides at Hydrabad.

The same letter speaks of great apprehensions being entertained of a famine, and that a subscription has been set on foot at Hydrabad by the European gentlemen, to buy grain to distribute amongst the natives.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

CALCUTTA.

ARRIVALS AT KEDGEREE.

OCT.
9. American Brig *Wanderer*, Captain H. B. Sampson, from Boston 14th March, and Havre de Grace 2d June.
- Ship *Augustus*, Captain S. Fo[illegible] from Batavia 15th September.
- Arab Ship *Milleket Bhur*, Nacoda, from Judda 23d July, Mocha [illegible]th August, and Bombay 18th September.
- French Ship *Franklin*, captain Thirot, from Bourdeaux 27th March, Bourbon and Mauritius 1st September.
- Arab Ship *Fyzel Currim*, Nacoda, from Judda.
- Sloop *Mary*, captain W. Bazle, from Penang, 8th September.

OFF CALCUTTA.

5 H. C. Chartered Ship *Fame*.
- The *Liverpool*.

DEPARTURES FROM CALCUTTA.

10. Ship *Lord Sidmouth*, captain W Gunner, for London.
11. Ship *Venus*, captain W. Dawson, for Trincomalie and Columbo.
— Brig *Guide*, capt J. Higgins, for Port Jackson.
12. Brig *Sarah Ann*, captain W. Wilson, for the Cape of Good Hope
— Ship *Dolphin*, captain C. G M Cowcher, for the Mauritius.
— Ship *Oracabessa*, captain D. Thomson, for ditto.

PROGRESS OF VESSELS,

At the following Stations on the 16th Instant.

DIAMOND HARBOUR.

Remain—The *Surrey*, Portuguese Ship *St Jago Mayor*, and Arab Ship *Fyzel Currim*, inward bound.
Passed up.—The *William Miles*, and French Ship *Franklin*.

KEDGEREE.

Remain—The *Lord Sidmouth*, Brig *Sarah Ann*.
Passed down.—The Brigs *Dolphin*, and *Guide*, and the *Maister*.

NEW ANCHORAGE.

Remain—The H. C. Ships *Princess Charlotte of Wales Marquis of Wellington*, *Thos. Grenville*, *Carnatic*, *Minerva* and *Rose*.

MADRAS.

ARRIVALS, September 20th.—Ship Aurora, capt. Percy Earl, from Calcutta 2d Sept.
21. Ship William Miles, capt. Samuel Beadle, from London, 16th May and Madeira 5th June.
— Brig Anna Catherina, capt. P. Barbet, from Trincomalie 11th September.

— Brig Clelie, capt. Floris, from Pondicherry 20th September.
22. Ship Eliza, capt. B. S. Woodward, from Bombay 4th and Pondicherry 22d September.

Passengers per ship Eliza.

captain Smith, 3d Light cavalry, captain Trill. Lieutenant J. Brady, 24th Native Infantry, Mr. A. Kingley, and Mr. Paul, American.

— Ship Isabella, capt. J. Wallis, from Calcutta 25th August.

Passengers per ship Isabella.

W. H. Chalmers, Esq. E. Grant, Esq. capt. Clote, 21st Light Dragoons, and three Servants.

27. Ship Amboyna, captain D. Wilson, from Calcutta 2d Sep. and Coringa and Masulipatam 20th September.

Passenger per ship Amboyna.

A. B. Pepper, Esq. Surgeon.

— Ship Prince Regent, captain J. Richard, from Calcutta 28th Aug.

Passenger per ship Prince Regent.

Lieutenant Robinson, H. M. 22d Light Dragoons.

DEPARTURES September 15th—Ship Volunteer capt. Thomas Waterman, for Covelong.
17 Schooner Princess Charlotte, capt. Frislie, for Masulipatam.
— Ship Mary Ann, capt. T. Williams, for Calcutta
18. H. C Chartered Ship Almorah, capt. T. Winter, for ditto.
21 Brig Generoux, captain Beaugard, for Pondichery and Mauritius.
— Ship Volunteer, capt. Thos. Waterman, for Calcutta.

Passengers per Volunteer.

Sir W. Rumbold, and Sir John Gordon.

BOMBAY.

ARRIVALS, Sept. 15. Ship Sullimany, Nacqudah Abdooraman, from Muscat.
— The H. C Timber Ship Ernaud, Lieut. D. Jones from Calcutta, left on the 25th June, and Isle of France the 28th August.
16. His Majesty's Sloop Curlew, Wm. Walpole, Esq capt. from the Persian Gulph.
18. The H. C. Cruizer Aurora, Lieut. C.J. Maillard, from Mocha 3d Sept.

Passengers per Ernaud.

Lady Anstruther, Lieut. Shaw, H M. 17th Dragoons, W. Currie, Esq, Surgeon, Madras establishment, capt. Sylvester country service, Mr. Wm. Boye and Mr. Alford.

DEPARTURES.—Sept. 16. Arab ship Mellieket.
Bhur, Nacquadah Moses Arrathoon, to Calcutta.
18. Ketch Myra, J. Whitestde to Isle of France.

Passenger by Myra.

H. Le Valliant.

NAVAL REPORT.

The Honourable Company's Cruizer Aurora, from Mocha, entered the harbour on Saturday last, having dispatched the Prince of Wales, to see the Convoy safe into the Northern Ports, the day before.

The Conde de Rio Pardo, arrived safe at Mocha, and purposed sailing again, for this port about the 12th of this present month.

We perceive that the Ahmedy, captain Henning, who visited Siam this year, has reached Pinang, on her return to this Port.

PENANG.

ARRIVALS.—Aug. 28. Ship John Bull, J. Bean, from Pedier 18th Aug.

30. Ship Hunter, Wm. Hodges, from Calcutta 8th do. Passengers: Lieut. Mathison, and Family.

Sept. 1. Ship Po, T H. Higgins, from ditto 10th May, Rangoon 28th Aug. Passengers: captain Miller, 11 Natives.

— Do Sussex, R. G. Trill, from Madras 4th May, Pedir, 27th Aug.

— Do. Perseverance, J. Greig, from Bengal, 7th August; Passengers, 7 Natives.

2. Brig Fattal Curreem, J. Rodrigues, from Teluksemawi 28th do. Passengers: 10 Natives.

— Ship Gloucester, Wm Rankin, from Analaboo 17th Aug. Juuka 28th do. Passengers: 7 Natives.

3. Brig Prime, Wm. Lewis, from Bombay 23d June, Teluksamawi 30th Aug. Passenger: Bhanjee Byram jee.

DEPARTURES —Aug. 28. Brig Anne, J. Pereira, for Padang.

29. Ship Kent, Chas. Farquharson, for Calcutta, Passengers: W. Blunt, Esq. Bengal Civil Service.

— Brig Martin, Sayd Salman, for Padang.

Sept. 1. Ship Hunter, Wm. Hodges, for Malacca, Sin-capore and Batavia.

— Brig Covelong, J. P. Gaudart, for West Coast.

— Do Catharine, Inchee Camis for Sincapore.

3. Ship Mitford, R. Horwood, for Calcutta, Passengers: R. Torin, Esq. Bombay Civil Servide, capt. Romney, H. M. 17th Foot.

Madras.

CIVIL APPOINTMENT.

Mr. H. Chamier, Senior Deputy Secretary to the Board of Revenue

Mr E. Uhthoff. Junior ditto ditto.

Mr. H. Mortlock, Deputy Persian Translator to Government.

Mr. W. Hadleston, junior Deputy Register to the Court of Sudder and Foujdarry Adawlut.

Mr. J. F. Thomas, Head Assistant to the Register to the Court of ditto.

It is expected that the *Catherine* will now sail about the 1st proximo.

We understand that His Majesty's Ship *Dauntless*, proceeded early this morning to join the Admiral at Trincomallie.

It is also reported that His Excellency the Naval Commander in Chief will shortly proceed to Bombay for the purpose of superintending the fitting out the new Frigate.

Yesterday evening anchored in the roads, the Ship *Bengal Merchant*, Capt. A. Brown, from Calcutta, left 11th, and the Pilot 22d August.

The Ship *Eliza*, Capt. Woodward, arrived on Wednesday from Bombay and Pondicherry.

Passengers:—Capt. Smith, 3d L. C.—Lieut. G. Brody, 24th N. I.—Capt. Trill, from Pondicherry—Mr. A. Kingsly—Mr. Pack, Armenian.

There was no regular Packet by the *William Miles;* about 250 Letters only were landed and sent to the Post Office.

The Drawings of the Lottery finished on Tuesday last—Lists of Prizes drawn will be found in our Colums. It is already known that a considerable number of Tickets remained unsold when the Drawing commenced. Nearly all the capital Prizes came up to those unsold Tickets, as if the fickle goddess, Fortune, had determined to revenge the insults of those who had not sufficient confidence in her spells to seek her blind and uncertain favors.

Tuesday —No. 5264, a Prize of 10,000 Rupees.

Nos. 866, 982, 1610, 1724, 2734, 3919, 4950, 4727, 4711, 5283, Prizes of 500 Rupees each.

Pursuant to a notice, which had been published a meeting of the Friends of the lamented *Archdeacon*, of learned and pious memory, was held at the College Hall on Friday last, and the following proceedings were had on that occasion.

At a meeting of the friends of the late Reverend Archdeacon Mousley, D. D. held in the College Hall, pursuant to notice, on Friday evening the 24th September 1819, the Honorable Sir John Newbolt, in the Chair.

IT WAS RESOLVED,

First.—That a Monument be erected to commemorate the public and private virtues of the late learned and pious Dr. Mousely, the first Archdeacon of Madras

Secondly.—That a Committee, consisting of the following Gentlemen, be appointed to carry the foregoing Resolution into effect, with power to add to their number.

The Honorable Sir JOHN NEWBOLT.
His Excellency Lieut.-Gen Sir T. HISLOP Bart. G. C. B.
The Honorable Sir EDMUND STANLEY,
The Reverend EDWARD VAUGHAN, Senior Chaplain,
The Reverend Thomas Lewis,
E. C GREENWAY, Esq.
W. OLIVER, Esq.
D. HILL, Esq.
J. GWATKIN, Esq.
R. YELDHAM, Esq.
Captain MACLEANE,
R. CLARKE, Esq.

Thirdly.—That Subscriptions be received of sums not less nor more than 100 Rupees.

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Fourthly.—That Mr. Gwatkin be the Treasurer, and Mr. Clarke, the Secretary of the Committee.

The following Sums were subscribed instanta.

	Rs.	A.	P.
The Right Honorable the Governor,	100	"	"
The Hourable Sir John Newbolt, ...	100	"	"
His Excellency Lt.- Gen Sir T. Hilsop, Bt. G. C. B.	100	"	"
The Hon. Sir E. Stanley, ...	50	"	"
The Revd. Edwd. Vaughan, Senior, Chaplain.	100	"	"
The Revd. Thos. Lewis, ...	100	"	"
R. C. Greenway, Esq, ...	100	"	"
Thos. Jarrett, Esq, ...	100	"	"
W. Olive, Esq, ...	100	"	"
D. Hill, Esq.	100	"	"
Jos. Gwatkin, Esq	100	"	"
Captain Macleane, ...	70	"	"
R. Yeldham, Esq.	50	"	"
R. Clarke Esq.	100	"	"

The Ship *Prince Regent*, Capt. [illegible], from Calcutta the 28th ultimo, arrived in the Roads on Monday.

Passenger: Lieutenant Robinson, [illegible] 22d Light Dragoons.

The *George Cruttenden*, from [illegible] the 6th instant, reached the Roads on Tuesday.

Passengers: Mr. George Ricketts and Family a . Mr. J. Nicholson.

The *William Miles* is expected to sail in prosecution of her Voyage to Calcutta immediately.

Passengers. M. Le Baron de Richemont Desbassayns and Lady; Miss Abbott, G. Garrow, Esq. Mr. Poussaint.

A Salute of 13 Guns was fired from the Fort Battery on Tuesday forenoon, on the occasion of M. LE BARON RICHEMONT DESBASSAYNS, Inspector General of the French Possessions in India, visiting *The Right Honourable* THE GOVERNOR.

The Weather at the Presidency, and its vicinity lately, cannot be considered as seasonable; it has been less sultry with more rain than usual; there has also been a good deal of Lightning, which has done some mischief—At a place about 30 miles off, we have heard of a Building having been struck and thrown down; and at the Presidency on Monday night, the electric fluid fell near a House on the Mount Road, and in such quantity as instantly to set a Palmira-tree, which it struck, in a blaze; the Thunder which followed was extremely loud and awful; the fluid, was also attracted by some of the Ships in the Roads, but we have not heard that any mischief was done; or that any lives have been lost.

Bombay.

On Thursday morning H. M. sloop of war *Curlew*, Capt. Walpole, from Bushire the 2d September, and Muscat the 9th September, anchored in this harbour. By this vessel we understand that letters have been received from Capt. Sadlier, of H. M. 47th Regiment, who was some months since deputed by the Supreme Government to the camp of Ibraheem Pacha commanding the Turkish troops, which had subdued the Wahabee power in Arabia, and occupied the tract of country bordering on the Persian Gulph. Capt. Sadlier landed at the port of Kuti, which he found in the possession of the Arab Shiekhs, on the 11th July, and after very considerable difficulties arrived at Ul Abas, under the escort of a Bedouin Shiekh, whose protection seemed of a very suspicious nature. Capt. Sadlier was to proceed forward on the 22d July, to join the Pacha's camp which was said to be at the distance of 10 or 12 day's march from Ul Abas.—The Pacha seems to be withdrawing the whole of his forces from the shores of the Persian Gulph, either finding himself not powerful enough to retain his requests, or that their possession was not worth the expence. The whole of the Deryah, lately a populous city, had been razed to the ground. The country thro' which Capt. Sadlier passed is stated to be an entire desert, inhabited by the wildest race of Bedouins. Contests between the different tribes were frequently occurring even in view of his tents, attended with much slaughter.

The hot weather in the Persian Gulph is represented to have been much more intense than has been known for many years.

The Imaum of Muscat was blockading the port of Rasul Khymah, against which a considerable body of his troops had advanced by land.

The Honorable Company's ship *Ernaad*, Lieut. David Jones, from Calcutta the 25th June, and Isle of France 31st August, arrived here on Wednesday — *Passengers*:—Lady Anstruther—Lieut. Shaw, H. M. 17th Dragoons—Wm. Cupe, Esq. Assistant Surgeon Madras Establishment. Mr. Silvestre and Mr. Alford.

GENERAL ORDERS.

Bombay Castle, 10th September, 1830.

By the Right Honourable the Governor in Council.

The Right Hon'ble the Governor in Council is pleased to direct that the following Corps and Detachments be held in readiness for embarkation on foreign service, viz.

One Company of European Artillery, and Lascars, complete.
His Majesty's 47th Regiment.
His Majesty's 65th Ditto,
1st Batt. 2d Regiment Native Infantry.
1st Ditto 3d ditto. ditto.

The Flank Companies of the 2d Battalion 4th Regiment and of the 1st or Marine Batt. 11th Regiment, to be completed to 100 rank and file each.

One company of Pioneers.

The Commanding Officer of the forces will be pleased to issue the necessary orders for hanging the Flank Companies of the 2d 4th and of the Marine Battalion to the Presidency; and also the Head Quarters and sick of the 1st Batt. 3d Regt. from Paulee, leaving a small detail at that place, until the arrival of the Corps intended for its relief.

The several Corps and Detachments now at Bombay are to be immediately relieved from Garrison duty, and formed into a separate force, to be joined by the Flank Companies and the 1st 3d on their arrival at the Presidency.

The Right Hon'ble the Governor in Council is pleased to confer the Command of the force on Major General Sir William Grant Kier, K. M. T.

The following officers are appointed to the staff under the Major General's order.

Major R. G. Stannus, Assistant Adjutant General.

Captain D. Wilson, Assistant Quarter Master General.

Captain G. F. Sadlier, His Majesty's 47th Regiment, at present employed on a special duty in the Persian Gulf, to be Interpreter.

Captain Edmund Hardy, of the Battalion of Artillery, Commissary of Ordnance Stores.

Captain Edward Frederick, Assistant Commissary General.

Lieutenant William Henderson, of the European Regiment, Paymaster.

The following further appointments are made consequent to the above arrangement.

Captain Charles Whitchill, to officiate as Assistant Adjutant General to the Guickowar Subsidiary force, and Captain T. G. Stewart, as Assistant Quarter Master General in Candeish, during the absence of Major Stannus and Captain D. Wilson, from their respective stations.

The Sub Assistant Commissary General will take charge of the Commissariat duties in the Northern Division of Guzerat during Captain Frederick's absence.

Lieutenant Colonel M. Kennedy is placed at the disposal of the Commanding officer of the forces, without prejudice to his command of the Southern Division of Guzerat; the duties of which will in the mean time be conducted by the senior officer in the Division.

Bombay Castle, 15th September, 1819.

The Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Mr. Surgeon Jukes, to be Superintending Surgeon, and Mr. Assistant Surgeon Macneil to be Deputy Medical Store-Keeper, with the force assembled for foreign service under the command of Major General Sir William Grant Kier.

Assistant Surgeon Bell, who stands appointed to the Residency of Bagdad, is directed to accompany the Expedition to the Persian Gulf, under such orders as he may receive from the

Commanding officer of the forces, and on the termination of that service will proceed to join his station without returning to the Presidency.

Assistant Surgeon Dow who stands appointed to the Residency at Bushire, is directed to proceed to join his station by the earliest opportunity.

Lieutenant Remon, the executive Engineer at Kairah, and Lieutenant Price, the executive Engineer at Baroda, are relieved from their present duties, and placed at the disposal of the commanding officer of the forces, in order to accompany the expedition.

The Office of Executive Engineer in the Southern Concan becoming vacant by the return to Europe of Ensign Waddington, Ensign T. B. Jervis is appointed to that situation.

The Governor in Council is pleased to permit Lieutenant Colonel Milnes of His Majesty's 65th Regiment, to resign his command of the troops in Cutch, in order to accompany his Regiment proceeding on foreign service.

By order of the Right Honorable the Governor in Council.

J. FARISH,
Sec. to Govt.

The Expedition for the Persian Gulf is at length fairly entered on; the proposed force will be found in the General Orders of the day. Ships have been tendered for the service and are about to be surveyed.

The weather for these some days past, has been fine, but already do we complain of the absence of rain; for though the mornings and evenings are delightful, the middle of the day is excessive hot. The Coasting Trade had already commenced, and boats arrive and depart daily.

Mocha.—Accounts from this place brought by the Honourable Company's Cruizer Aurora, confirm the former ones, of the whole coast being under the control of Ali Pacha. A Rumour was prevalent at this place that the Russians had taken Constantinople. We can scarce credit this report, but we are told that a universal panic had seized the Turks in the Red Sea. Ali Pacha's ships were all dismantled and laid up at Judda The commercial accounts, from this place, are satisfactory on the whole: though Coffee continued high, yet Indian goods, yielded large profits.

Kutch.—We are concerned to state, that there has been a dreadful Hurricane in the Western part of this country. It lasted one day and two nights; every tree has been torn up by the roots, and every kind of cultivation laid waste, towns and villages have been deluged and all perfectly destroyed. But few people have lost their lives, cattle however, of all descriptions, excepting Buffaloes, have in many places been nearly extirpated; the water generally in the open country, was running four feet deep, and carts in the fields were carried away many miles;

by the force of the wind. The hurricane had not been felt at Bhooj on the 29th of last Month, but they had experienced eight days of high wind, rain and such constant clouds, that the Sun was a stranger to that Capital. The rains, though, not heavy, had yet been constant, since the 12th of July; not a seed of Cotton had been sown up to the former date, whilst the grain crops had rotted.

Accounts from Scind, state *Runjeet Sing* to have conquered *Kashmeer*.

We have no authentic accounts relative to the hurricane said to have occurred in Cutch; our private letters from Anjar dated 30th August, make no allusion whatever to it. We learn from good authority that no eruption of a volcano 30 miles from Bhooj, took place after the earthquake of the 16th June.

The Calcutta Editors are waging a rather severe paper war on each other. One of the subjects of contention is the Liberty of the press at Calcutta. The Journal has maintained that the office of censor of the press is abolished and that all restriction on its freedom there have been removed; and the Editor has not been sparing in his praise of the liberal and enlightened policy which conceded such a measure. The assertion that there is no greater restraint on the press in Calcutta, that what exists in Great Britain, is, however, denied by other papers.

Ceylon.

On the 13th ultimo a sudden and violent hurricane came on about 2 o'Clock in the afternoon at Alipoot in Lower Ouva—It began with thunder, rain and hail from the S. W. and the Thermometer which had been at 82 sunk in a quarter of an hour to 65 Some of the hailstones, or rather pieces of ice measured ¾ of an inch in diameter—In less than an hour the whole of the European Barracks and Hospital, was unroofed, one half of the Stores and the Commandant's house laid in ruins, and a Bungalow near the latter levelled with the ground—The Malay Huts were also entirely destroyed, but the Caffre Huts and the Bazar escaped, being less exposed to the violence of the storm. The largest jack trees in the neighbourhood were torn up by the roots, or snapped off in the middle of the trunk. Two Singalese boys were unhappily killed by the fall of a house into which they had fled for shelter: but considering the suddenness and extreme fury of the hurricane, it may be regarded as fortunate that no more lives were lost.

The utmost exertions were making by Capt. Ritchie to repair the buildings and get the Stores under cover before another fall of rain—The Europeans are quartered in the Bazar, and the Malays have got a shelter among the ruins of their own huts.

CALCUTTA MONTHLY JOURNAL.

VOL. XXXV.] .. OCTOBER .. [NUMB. 306.

Calcutta

MILITARY.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE MOST NOBLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM; 9TH OCTOBER, 1819.

The Governor General in Council is pleased to make the following promotion,

Medical Department.

Senior Assistant Surgeon William Adamson to be Surgeon, from the 18th of September, 1819, vice Leake, deceased

The undermentioned gentlemen having produced Certificates of their appointment as Cadets of Artillery and Infantry on this Establishment, are admitted to the Service accordingly, and promoted, the former to the rank of 2d Lieutenant, and the latter to that of Ensign, leaving the dates of their Commission to be adjusted hereafter;

Artillery.

Mr. Hubert Garbett.

Infantry.

Mr. Joseph Charles Sage.
Mr. Francis Roycroft.

Acting Assistant Surgeon William Montgomerie, temporarily appointed to the Service of the Honorable Company in General Orders of the 3d of July, 1818, having produced satisfactory testimonials on the several points of qualification required by the Honorable the Court of Directors, in the 6th Paragraph of their General Letter in the Military Department, under date the 25th of May, 1819, and published in General Orders of the 2d instant, is accordingly admitted as an Assistant Surgeon on this Establishment.

Captain J. R. De Beauregard of the 2d Regiment of Native Infantry, has been permitted by the Honorable the Court of Directors, to return to his duty on this Establishment, without prejudice to his rank.

Assistant Surgeon Robert Moore [illegible] having furnished the prescribed certificates from the Medical and Pay Departments, is permitted to proceed to Europe on Furlough, on account of his health.

Captain . . Smith of the Honorable Company's European Regiment, having furnished the prescribed Certificates from the Medical and Pay Departments, is permitted to make a voyage to sea for the benefit of his health, and to be absent on that account for Eigh Months, from the date of the sailing of the ship on which he may embark.

Ensign John Fulton Meade, who was admitted to the service by General Orders of the 14th of August last, is permitted at his own request, to resign the Honourable Company's Service.

Mr. David Micheal, an Apothecary on the permanent Establishment, is permitted at his own request, to resign the service of the Honorable Company.

W. CASEMENT, Lieut.-Col.
Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE MOST NOBLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM; 16TH OCTOBER, 1819.

The Most Noble the Governor General in Council, having received from the Clothing Board, a report of the actual cost of the Clothing of the Cuttack Legion, is pleased to declare the General Orders issued on the 16th May, 1817, (the operation of which in as far as related to the Off-reckonings of that Corps, was suspended by subsequent General Orders under date the 4th July, 1817,) to be in full force, from the period of the Cuttack Legion being raised; from which time its Off-reckonings are to be the same as those of the corresponding ranks in the Ramghur Battalion.

W. CASEMENT, Lieut.-Col.
Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE MOST NOBLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM; 16TH OCTOBER, 1819.

The particular object for which the Cavalry Depôt at Cawnpore was originally formed, having been fully accomplished, the Most Noble the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct the abolition of that Establishment, and all arrangements consequent thereon, from the 1st November next; after which, all expences connected with that Depot, will cease.

His Excellency the Commander in Chief will be pleased to issue such subsidiary instructions, as may be necessary for carrying the above order into effect.

Lieutenant Colonel Robert Houston, C. B. is appointed to command the Bengal Detachment, composing the force ordered to relieve the Bombay and Madras Troops, under Brigadier General Sir John Malcolm, K. C. B. Commanding at Mhow.

W. CASEMENT, Lieut. Col.
Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

Head Quarters, Calcutta; 11th October, 1819.

GENERAL ORDERS.

The Most Noble The Commander in Chief in India is pleased to make the following Promotions and Appointments, until the pleasure of His Royal Highness The Prince Regent in the Name and on the behalf of His Majesty, shall be made known.

21st Light Dragoons.

Brevet Captain and Lieutenant William Kent to be Captain of a Troop without purchase, vice Lecky, deceased—29th September, 1819.

Cornet T. F. Cowderoy to be Lieutenant without purchase, vice Kent, promoted—ditto ditto.

1st Foot.

Ensign and Lieutenant F. H. Turner from the Half Pay of the 3rd Foot Guards, to be Ensign, vice Lewis, promoted—6th July, 1819.

30th Foot.

This establishes H. H. Lewis's appointment in succession to Frisell promoted.

Ensign W. B. Frizell to be Lieutenant without purchase, vice Stanhope, deceased, retaining the original date of his Appointment, viz.—1st March, 1817.

53d Foot.

Eugenius De L'Etang, Gent. to be Ensign without purchase, vice Despard, promoted—1st October, 1819.

59th Foot.

Lieutenant W. F. Mayne to be Captain of a Company, without purchase, vice Mandeville, deceased — 2nd October, 1819.

Ensign E. Griffiths to be Lieutenant without purchase, vice Mayne, promoted—ditto ditto.

William Douglas, Gent. to be Ensign without purchase, vice Griffiths, promoted— ditto ditto.

61th Foot.

Lieutenant G. C. Harpour to be Captain of a Company withou purchase, vice Browne, deceased—1st September, 1819.

Ensign Joseph Hassell to be Lieutenant without purchase, vice W H. Greene deceased—30th July 1819.

Ensign Charles McPherson to be Lieutenant without purchase, vice Harpour, promoted—1st September 1819.

———Brant, Gent. to be Ensign without purchase, vice Hassell, promoted—30th July 1819.

Thomas Bates, Gent. to be Ensign without purchase vice McPherson promoted— 1st September, 1819.

89th Foot.

William Hewton, Gent. to be Ensign without purchase, vice Kenny promoted—1st October, 1819.

Memorandum.

For, Lieutenant C. R. McLeod from the 24th Dragoons to be Lieutenant in the 86th Foot, vice Carroll, promoted in the 69th Regiment.

Read, Lieutenant C. R. McLeod from the 24th Dragoons to be Lieutenant in the 30th Foot, vice Winrow, deceased, 12th November, 1818.

By Order of the Most Noble the Commander in Chief.

THOS. M'MAHON,
Col. A. G.

Head Quarters, Calcutta; 13th October, 1819.

GENERAL ORDERS.

His Royal Highness the Prince Regent has been pleased in the Name and on the behalf of His Majesty to make the following Appointments.

13th Light Dragoons.

Major John Floyd Paterson from the 22nd Dragoons, to be Major, vice Lawrence, who exchanges—29th April, 1819.

To be Captains of Troops.

Captain Wm. Browne from the 19th Light Dragoons, vice Moray, who exchanges—28th April, 1819.

Captain Richard Brunton from half pay of the 60th Foot, vice James Considine, who exchanges, receiving the difference between a full pay Troop and full pay Company—29th April, 1819.

22nd Light Dragoons.

Major George Lawrence from the 13th Light Dragoons, to be Major vice Paterson, who exchanges.

By order of the Most Noble the Commander in Chief.

THOS. M'MAHON,
Col. A. G.

Head Quarters, Calcutta; 18th October, 1819.

GENERAL ORDERS.

The Most Noble the Commander in Chief in India is pleased to make the following appointments, until the pleasure of His Royal Highness the Prince Regent in the name and on the behalf of His Majesty, shall be made known.

21st Light Dragoons.

Lieutenant C. Hogan, from the 59th Foot to be Lieutenant, vice Williams, who exchanges—13th October, 1819.

Thomas Bates, Gent. to be Cornet without purchase, vice Cowdery, promoted—29th Sept. 1819.

59th Foot.

Lieut. and Adjt. W. Williams from the 21st Light Dragoons, to be Lieutenant, vice Hogan, who exchanges—13th October, 1819.

69th Foot.

John Cokely Archdale, Gent. to be Ensign without purchase, vice McPherson, promoted—1st September, 1819.

The appointment of Thomas Bates, Gent. to be Ensign in the 67th Foot, vice McPherson, promoted, as stated in the General Orders of the 11th Instant, has not taken place.

Lieut. Hogan will immediately join in the 21st Dragoons in Fort William, with which he is to proceed to Europe in lieu of Lieut. Williams, for whom accommodation was alotted.

Lieut. Williams of the 59th Foot will on the publication of this Order, report himself to the Brigade Major to the King's Troops, and the Lieut. is to do duty with the Volunteers now in Fort William until he receives further instructions.

By Order of the Most Noble the Commander in Chief.

THOS. M'MAHON,
Col. A. G.

Head Quarters, Calcutta; 14th October, 1819.

GENERAL ORDERS.

The Most Noble the Commander in Chief in India is pleased to make the following Promotion, until the pleasure of His Royal Highness the Prince Regent in the name and on the behalf of His Majesty shall be made known.

21st Light Dragoons.

Regimental Serjt. Major James Dixon to be Adjutant, with the Rank of Cornet, vice Williams, who has exchanged to the 59th Foot —13th October, 1819.

By Order of the Most Noble the Commander in Chief.

THOS. M'MAHON,
Col. A. G.

Head Quarters, Calcutta; 15th Oct. 1819.

GENERAL ORDERS.

The Most Noble the Commander in Chief in India is pleased to make the following appointments, until the pleasure of his Royal Highness the Prince Regent in the name on the behalf of his Majesty shall be made known.

15th Light Dragoons.

Captain Edward G. Taylor from the 22d Dragoons, to be captain of a Troop, vice Gregorie, who exchanges—14th October, 1819.

22d Light Dragoons.

Captain Charles Gregorie, from the 15th Dragoons to be captain of a Troop, vice Taylor, who exchanges—14th October, 1819.

By Order of the Most Noble the Commander in Chief.

THOS. M'MAHON.
Col. A. G.

Head Quarters, Calcutta; 16th October, 1818.

GENERAL ORDERS.

The undermentioned Officers have received the Most Noble the Commander in Chief's leave of absence for the reasons assigned.

24th Foot—Lieutenant Wright, 10th Proximo, for 6 months, to visit Ceylon on his private affairs.

30th Foot—Lieutenant Carden, date of Embn. for 18th months, to proceed to Europe on his private affairs.

45th Foot—Lieutenant Grant, ditto 2 years, to proceed to Europe for the recovery of his health.

69th Foot—Lieut. and Adjt. Rose, ditto ditto ditto ditto.

82nd Foot—Lieut. Masterson, ditto ditto ditto ditto.

89th Foot—Assistant Surgeon Duigan, ditto ditto ditto.

The extension of leave of absence from the 10th ultimo, to the 9th of December next, granted by his Excellency Lieut. Gen. Sir Thomas Hislop, to Lieut. Dowdall of H. M. 89th Regt. to enable him to join his corps, is confirmed.

By Order of the Most Noble the Commander in Chief.

THOS. M'MAHON.
Col. A. G.

Head Quarters, Calcutta; 16th October, 1819.

GENERAL ORDERS.

The Most Noble the Commander in Chief in India is pleased to make the following appointments, until the pleasure of His Royal Highness the Prince Regent in the name and on the behalf of His Majesty shall be made known.

11th Light Dragoons.

Lieut. W. H. Boys from the 21st Light Dragoons, to be Lieutenant, vice Chambre, who exchanges, 15th October, 1819.

21st Light Dragoons.

Lieut. A. Chambre from the 11th Light Dragoons, to be Lieutenant, vice Boys, who exchanges, 15th October, 1819.

By order of the Most Noble the Commander in Chief.

THOS. M^cMAHON,
Cpl. A. G.

OCTOBER 25.

On Friday last, the fourth Session of Oyer and Terminer and General Gaol delivery, commenced with the usual forms—and the following gentlemen were Sworn of the Grand Jury :—

GEORGE CRUTTENDEN, Esq. *Foreman.*

WALTER NESBIT,	J. W. FOULTON,
JOHN SMALL,	WALTER DAVIDSON,
E. S. PORTBURY,	S. BEAUFORT,
G. EWAN LAW,	GEORGE TYLER,
GORDON FORBES,	H. T. PR
WILLIAM DUNDAS,	H. H. BE
DAVID CLARK,	NATHANIEL ALEXANDER,
JOHN MELVILLE,	L. A. DA IDSON,
W. L. GIBBONS,	ARCHIBALD SIMPSON,
HENRY PAGGFANT,	ALEXANDER COLVIN, and
GEORGE MACKILLOP,	PETER CLARK, Esqrs.

The usual proclamation having been made, the Honourable Mr. Justice BULLER, delivered a charge to the Grand Jury, which was, we believe, in substance, as follows :—

"The number of prisoners committed for trial are not many, considering the length of time which has elapsed since the last Sessions. Some of them however, are of a very serious complexion. Six persons have been committed, on six distinct charges of Murder, perpetrated in this City, and one for Manslaughter; a greater number than has to my knowledge ever appeared in the Calendar, and they are charged to have been committed, not by the Chinese or native Portuguese, but either by Mussulmans or Hindoos, against whom, as far as I have observed, charges of this nature have been comparatively few. One or two of the cases depend wholly on circumstantial evidence, and will require your ullest attention, and a minute examination of the witnesses

but as far as I can collect from the depositions taken before the Coroner, I am not aware that it is necessary for me to make any particular observations on any of them, except perhaps one. In that, the charge rests wholly (at least as far as appeared on the Coroner's inquest) on the evidence of the Magistrate, before whom, the information on oath of the deceased woman was taken, and on declarations of hers made at other times, but after she received the mortal wound. Such official informations are only evidence, as such, when reduced to writing, and even then only against such prisoners as are present when the examination is taken. If, however, the deposition was given, at a time when her recovery was extremely improbable, and she was impressed with the danger of her situation,—then indeed, that, as well as any other declaration, deliberately made by her under such circumstances, is allowed by the law to be evidence, in cases of the nature, to which I am now alluding,—in consequence of the strong obligation a dying person must feel to tel lnothing but the truth.

" Most of the other cases in the Calendar are, I hope, not of a nature to detain you long.

" Exclusive however, Gentlemen, of the duties you have to perform, in examining and deciding on the Bills which may be brought before you, it is also part of your office to investigate such other matters as may have come to your knowledge without the intervention of Prosecutors,—and on your recommendation, the Court will direct any Bills of Indictment to be prepared and laid before you. In this Country, I fear, many offences are committed of a nature not immediately tending to a breach of the Peace, which do not reach the ears of the Magistrates; the fear the natives have of involving themselves in trouble, in cases where they are not individually the sufferers, cuts off from the Police, that assistance in the discovery of crimes, which, in England and other Countries, it receives from the mass of the population. In the Prosecutions at the last Sessions, for Forgeries connected with the Court of Requests, it appeared that the offence had been carried on, (though I trust for no great length of time but) at all events systematically, by a connected gang of persons, with the general knowledge of the neighbourhood where the offenders resided; and that in some instances, persons had run away from their abodes, rather than give evidence in favor of the persons sued on such forged instruments. The discovery, however, of this system of fraud was not, I believe, made, till a quarrel among the offenders themselves, induced one of them to give information.

"Among other offences which may be carried on to a great extent, but of which the Magistrates, are perhaps, the last persons likely to be informed—from the fear the natives have of making complaints against persons invested with power,—are such, as I alluded to in a former address to a Grand Jury, namely—those, committed by the Chokedars and other under-officers employed in the Police. I do not remember since I have been in this Country, that any prosecution has taken place in this Court, for extortion or abuse of power by such Officers; but, (with the discretion with which they consider themselves invested, or which I have reason to believe they are in the habits of exercising,) I fear offences of that nature must be too prevalent. The danger of trusting inferior native officers with any degree of power, and the necessity of limitting their discretion, have been often the subject of reports from the magistrates of various parts of our Indian possessions; but I fear in this city, such officers consider themselves invested with the power, and perhaps conceive it to be their duty, to arrest and confine persons, till they can be brought before a magistrate; for almost every offence which one person accuses another of having committed,—for every trifling assault or affray, said to have taken place,—though the dispute is at an end, when the charge is made. The abuses to which such a power would be liable, in the hands of natives, are sufficiently manifest,—and it is to be feared it is too often made use of, for purposes of oppression and exaction. It should therefore be generally known, that the law does not trust such officers with any such authority—Where indeed, the officer ascertains that the assault is of so serious a nature, that death may be the consequence, he ought to detain the man accused, to answer the charge; and also (in order to keep the public peace of the city,) he may arrest persons committing an affray in his presence; but in such case, there is less danger of his abusing such authority, as he himself is responsible for the truth of the charge.

"In consequence of proposed alterations in some of the Gaols of this City, I took an opportunity since the last Sessions, of examining them. Defects, appear to me, certainly to exist, but the attention of Government had been previously called to them, and orders, I understand, given, for enlarging the goals and making other improvements, which had been suggested. Had this not been the case, I should have recommended it to you, Gentlemen, to inspect them, but I hope future Grand Juries will do so more frequently than has

been hitherto customary. The personal examination of them and inquiry into the conduct of the Gaolers to their Prisoners, from time to time, would tend much to their good management—and the comfort of the Prisoners.

"When I came into Court, I intended to call your attention to the fees taken by the Gaoler from the several persons in his charge, and to request you to enquire whether length of time has introduced alterations, and whether any further or larger sums have been exacted, than he is authorized to take; but, I have reason to hope the propriety of abolishing such fees altogether, and remunerating the Gaoler by other means, will be taken into consideration, by the Government.—I fear, in some instances, they bear particularly hard on the criminal prisoners—on those of the lower class, who, for slight offences are sentenced to short imprisonments,—and add heavily to the punishment intended to be inflicted. All such fees have been abolished in England, and the Gaoler remunerated out of the county rates. As to all persons acquitted, or discharged on proclamation for want of prosecution, they were abolished by an Act of Parliament passed in the 14th year of his present Majesty's Reign, and in the other instance by an Act passed lately, namely, in the 5th year of the Reign. In alluding to this subject, it is fair by the Gaoler, to state, that I do not do so in consequence of complaints having been made to me of abuses;—on the contrary, I have heard him particularly well spoken of, for his kindness and humanity to the persons in his custody—and I have little doubt he has in many instances generously given up the fee, which it has been customary to demand."

The Grand Jury after receiving their charge, retired for the purpose of performing their functions; and the Supreme Court proceeded with the Civil business of its suitors, until Bills were found.

The following article has been transmitted to us by a Correspondent at Lucknow, the whole of which, is published in his language—with the exception of an observation respecting the *policy* of the measure, which we think, may, with propriety, be omitted:—

"We are informed by a Correspondent at Lucknow, of some particulars, relative to the Coronation of His Majesty the King of Oude. Reports had been in circulation, for several months, that it was the intention of the Vizier to assume the title of King, provided the sanction of our Government, could be obtained, or at least that no decided opposition to the measure, should be manifested in that quarter.

Although the assumption of the regal title by the Vizier may at first have been dictated by caprice and personal pride, without any view to the future; yet it is not improbable that at a subsequent period, His Excellency, was confirmed in his resolutions, by a conviction of the policy of the measure, and of the permanent advantages it might secure to himself, his family and his successors. Be this as it may, there cannot now be a doubt, that it was a measure dictated by the soundest policy, and having for its object an indisputable recognition of His Majesty's independence of any other power,—by placing an effectual bar against the interference of any Government, either directly or indirectly, with the interior administration of His Majesty's Government.

The Coronation took place on the 9th. General MARSHALL with his personal Staff reached the Residency on the morning of the 8th, together with some other Officers, from Cawnpore, Seetapoor and Secrora.

At day-break on the 9th, about 60 Officers assembled at the Residency. The Resident, with General MARSHALL and the other Officers, being mounted on Elephants, proceeded to the Vizier's Palace of Furrud Buksh. The British troops at Lucknow were drawn up in line, extending along the new street. His Excellency's troops were drawn up in the interior of the palace ground. On reaching the Palace, Mr. MONCKTON, General MARSHALL and a few others, alighted and embraced His Excellency. He then mounted his Elephant, in company with the Minister, who was seated behind him. His Excellency was saluted by all the Officers as he passed. The procession to the Durgah was grand and magnificent.—We shall not trespass on the patience of our readers, by attempting to describe, that in which our own feelings are not concerned, and which we are certain can be interesting to none.—The Cavalcade returned by the same road, and on reaching the Palace gate, the Resident and the Officers in his train, took leave of His Excellency. An hour afterwards, the Resident and the Officers proceeded, in palankeens to breakfast with His Excellency. After breakfast, they proceeded to the Baradurree. His Excellency entered by a door in rear of the Throne. On ascending the first step, the Minister delivered to him a *Radial* Crown, studded with diamonds and jewels of great value. He then put it on his head, and was congratulated on the occasion by Mr. MONCKTON, who saluted him as KING OF OUDE. Jewels and Pearls to the value of 30,000 Rupees were then scattered over the heads of the spectators. Many were picked up by our Fair Ladies. Soon after, all of us accom

panied the young Prince to a small apartment, when valuable presents were distributed to all the Officers and Ladies present.

In the evening a grand entertainment was given at Constantia by Mr. MONCKTON, who had spared no pains or expence to give *eclat* suitable to the occasion. The splendid apartments of the Residency were under repairs, so that the new visitors were deprived of the pleasure of seeing the tasteful magnificence for which they have been celebrated for the last twelve months.

There was dancing till a late hour; and every one retired highly gratified with the suavity and hospitality of the British Resident."

We have received *Batavia Courant* to the 21st of August, but we understand from a person, who is enabled to *read* them, that they contain no local intelligence, except an article, which we shall re-publish, on the fidelity of his translation. A subsequent paragraph, supplied to us by a correspondent, will shew, that one of the Dutch Ships of War, stationed at the mouth of the Palembang river, and alluded to in the following article, was not capable of affording much protection to "that part of the Netherland's dominions." Our readers will not fail to observe, that the Editor of the *Batavia Courant*, has acquired the art of puffing—and of extolling his own government. The natives of Java, if *he* is to be credited, are now enjoying "under the "wise regulations of the present government," a degree of affluence and protection, *which they never experienced before.* This, we presume, is intended to counteract the effect, of *different* statements, which have been published in English Journals—and, perhaps, if we steer a middle course, we may approximate towards the truth, respecting the *actual* state of Java.

The following is the statement of the *Batavian* Editor:—

"Mr. Muntinghe, Member of Council and Commissary for Palembang, returned to Batavia on the 31st July in H. M. colonial schooner the *Emma*, to communicate to Government the treacherous conduct of the Sultan Maliommed Badureddin.

"This Prince, who was restored to his rights by the Dutch Government, from which he had been withheld since the transactions of 1811, had a design, during the residence of Mr. Muntinghe, to recommence those atrocities which have for many years been practised at Palembang. The Officers of the Netherland's Government were constantly disturbed by numerous hordes of Malays and other foreigners, at the secret instigation of the Sultan. The Commissary demanded hos-

tages from him for his good behaviour; but, instead of complying with this demand, he threw off the mask, and commenced an instantaneous and unexpected attack on the detachment stationed at Palembang, by whose firmness however, they were soon defeated and driven with great loss into one of the fortified places of the Sultan. Want of ammunition compelled the Dutch to cease from further hostilities, and to retire into the neighbouring island of Banca, to await the reinforcements from Java. The troops retired in excellent order, proceeding along the Palembang river. The Ships of War, after having landed them at Banca, have resumed their station on the mouth of the river, in order to protect that part of the Netherland's dominions.

"Lieut. Bishoff, of the Infantry, died in consequence of his wounds, and Lieut. Haaye, of Infantry, and Mr. Vitringa, Midshipman, were among the wounded.

"Accounts from Samarang mention that His Excellency the Governor General and the Baroness Vander Copellin, after having visited Tagal and Paccalongang, arrived there on the 29th July, and left it on the 15th August for Souracarta and Djoejocarta, in prosecution of their tour.

"The harvest in general was very promising, and great hopes are entertained of the crops of grain proving abundant. The Natives in consequence were enjoying a degree of affluence, produced by the wise regulations of Government, and the ready sale which their goods met with, as well as by their own industry, *such as they never experienced before.*

"At Samarang a conference was held with Mr. Muntinghe, Commissary for Palembang and Banca. Major-General De Kock, and Rear-Admiral Wotherbeck to decide upon the steps to be taken for punishing the Sultan. Rear-Admiral W. is appointed to command the expedition to be sent to that quarter.

"During the stay of Mr. Muntinghe at Samarang, the oath was administered to him on his being appointed a Member of the Supreme Council. This had not been done before, as at the time of the inauguration of the Supreme Government in January last, Mr. M. was absent at Palembang. He is now returning thither, in order to restore tranquility, and to enforce the necessary arrangements."

A letter from a gentleman, who lately visited Rhio, describes the contrast between that place and its rival Singapore, as very striking—the one sinking fast from a previous state of prosperity, as appeared by the complete desertion of large native towns—and the other exhibiting a rapid increase of extent and population, and a most animated scene of indus-

try.—The Rajah MOADAH had abandoned Rhio, and retired to Singin—and all the people were following the example as fast as possible.

Off the Palembang river, the ship, on which our correspondent was a passenger, was spoken by a Dutch sloop of war, who reported the recent catastrophe in that quarter; she was when first seen, under English colours—for using which liberty, two Officers came on board to apologise, alleging as their excuse, their apprehensions of the Malay Pirates!!!

On Sunday last, a small boat which had just quitted the Calcutta side of the River with the intention of proceeding to the opposite shore, was unfortunately upset by the violence of the current; when five human beings were suddenly plunged into eternity. A native woman with two helpless infants in her arms was seen to struggle for a few moments, and then sink beneath the overwhelming tide. The other two who perished were the two boatmen belonging to the Dingee.

A Correspondent who has for some time been employed in collecting, with much labor and at considerable expense, a regular series of Mohammedan coins, from the earliest era of the entrance of those conquerors into Hindoostan to the present period, informs us that he has now completed his collection consisting of upwards of a thousand coins regularly arranged, with the names of the Kings, the year of the Hijra and the corresponding Christian era. We should be happy if it were in our power to give a more detailed account of the meritorious labors of this gentleman; but from the lively interest which we well know he feels in every thing that concerns the general dissemminiation of knowledge, we are persuaded that at a proper time he will adopt measures for rendering his private labors conducive to public information on a subject which we believe has hitherto not been very deeply investigated, although such studies have not unfrequently proved of considerable service both to the Philosopher and to the Historian. In a letter which we had the pleasure of receiving from him a few days ago, he expressed his satisfaction at the discovery of some coins which appear highly deserving of attention, and will no doubt prove particularly interesting to the venerable Society of Masons. To avoid all possibility of error from a misconception of our friend's account of this curiosity, we shall give it in his own words. "I have lately been much gratified by a curious discovery. A few days ago a Sdraff from whom I occasionally procure coins, furnished me with several, each about the size of an

eight anna piece, and of a composition apparently containing silver and copper. Each of the coins is distinctly impressed with some of the emblems of Free Masonry. On one is the *Level*, and beneath a kind of *Spear*, below which are two *Pillars* with a square object or *Chest* between them. On the reverse is a *Square* and an ancient Sungsorit letter—the other figures are unknown. On another is a *Plumb*, and below it the *Spear* and *Pillars*, &c. On a third the square is most distinct. There are no characters, with the exception of the large one just now mentioned in ancient *Dena nagree*. I have not been able to obtain any account of their history or where they were found. They are evidently very ancient and appear to have been in circulation. This may lead to interesting enquiries. The antiquity of Masonry has been disputed as well as its *universality*. Upon these subjects the knowledge even of the brethren is very limited—but Moorcroft in his journal of an excursion to Lake Manasarua mentions having met with a native upon whose garment were sewed the insignia of Free Masonry. (Vide Asiatic Journal, No. xxix. May 1818.) The Free Masons have often been accused of being decendants of the *Manicheans*; and Wilford in his learned Essay (Asiatic Researches, vol. ix. p. 212) proves that Manicheans formerly existed in the neighbourhood of Delhee, and other parts of the upper provinces. On a reference to the Encyclopædia Britannica, we we find it mentioned that the Manicheans made use of Amulets, and professed astronomy and astrology. This remark, and the circumstance mentioned by Mr. Moorcroft forcibly recall to our recollection an occurrence which took place many years ago. The writer of this article overwhelmed with the recollection of a calamity which at an early period of his life had induced him to to penetrate the most savage wilds of Africa, alone and wandering at a distance of some hundred miles from any human habitation, at length sunk down exhausted with hunger and fatigue. On awakening from a trance or sleep, the duration of which he had no means of ascertaining, he to his astonishment beheld a venerable old man whom from his dress he recognized as belonging to the nation of Foolahs, but whose features and language were Arabian, leaning over him and in the act of attaching to his neck a string of coral beads, to which were joined at intervals several gold and ivory ornaments consisting of a tortoise—a pyramid—a full moon—a crescent—seven stars,—a level with small gold weight—a model of a temple in ivory—a sword and a dove with extended wings. Such an apparition, in the midst of such a solitude, and under such circumstances impressed the writer of this with an idea of something supernatural. On the events which

followed, it is unnecessary to touch. For our present purpose it is sufficient to remark that this venerable figure afterwards explained in the most affecting manner the meaning attached to the different symbols, varying their exemplification according to the various occurrences of human life. He sometimes placed the full and waning moon at opposite extremities of the level, with the pyramid in the centre; thus seeming to inculcate that the full and wane of humane happiness were to be borne with the same unvarying equonimity, and our only hopes directed towards that point to which the summit of the pyramid aspired. Whether this man was a Free Mason or whether he was a Manichean we are incompetent to decide;—to us he was a beneficent and guardian angel.

Extract of a letter from Allahabad dated 12th October.

'The 21st N. I. expect to leave this for their station at Banda on the 4th or 5th instant, or as soon as their successors arrive. The crops are coming on in a very fine manner—but Grain still continues very dear—as yet a more favourable season *than the present* never occured in India. The Almighty is very good, to send such fine weather, to render the crops *wholesome*, after the terrible pestilence.'

Constitution of the Consistory Court within and for the Archdeaconry of Calcutta in the Diocese of Calcutta, opened 15th October, 1819.

The Right Reverend Thomas Fanshaw Middleton D. D. Bishop of Calcutta,
The Venerable and Reverend Henry Lloyd Loring D. D. Archdeacon of Calcutta. } Commissary
William Henry Abbott, ... Registrar
Robert Twalling, ... Apparitor and Keeper of the Court

PROCTORS.

W. H. Smoult, | G. Hamilton, and
Robert W. Poe, | Charles Trebeck.

COMMISSIONERS DELEGATE to hear APPEALS from the ABOVE.

The Honourable The Judges of the Supreme Court and Members of Council for the time being, or any three of them, of whom one is to be a Judge.

W. H Abbott, Registrar to the Commissioners Delegate.

We understand that W. H. Abbott Esq. has been appointed to the office of Marshall in the Vice Admiralty Court, in the room of Phillip Brady, Esq. deceased.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

CALCUTTA.

ARRIVALS AT KEDGEREE.

OCT.

17. Arab Ship *Macauly*, Nacoda, from Muscat the 2d September.
18. American Brig *Indus*, Captain John Wells, Jr. from Boston the 9th June
— Brig *Ceneus*, Captain H. Smith, from Batavia 25th May, West Coast 27th Sept. and Penang.
19. Ship *John Bull*, Captain John Bean, from Penang 18th September and Acheen.
— Ship *Baring*, Captain John Lamb, from London and Port Jackson, the 5th August.
20. Ship *Mary*, Captain B. Browne, from London, Lizard 18th June, and St. Jago 7th July.
— Ship *Bark Amboyna*, Captain D. Wilson, from Madras 10th October.
— Grab Ship *Lovelytish*, Captain Small, from Penang the 25th September.
— Arab Ship *Yadel Currim*, Nacoda, from Judda 15th August.
22. Ship *George Grattenden*, Captain J. J. R. Bowman, from Madras 9th October.
23. American Ship *China*, Captain H. Graham, from Leghorn 1st July.
— Ship *Bengal Merchant*, Captain A. Brown, from Madras 14th October.

OFF CALCUTTA.

18. The Ships *Sir Eyre Nepean*,—*Westmoreland*,—Brig *Lynx*,—*Augusta*, American,—*William*, American Brig,—*Wanderer*, American Brig,—*Soloman Shaw*, Arab,—*Abassy* Arab,—*Caudry*, Arab,—*Tage*, Arab,—*East Indian*,—*Lusitania*, *Mulliket Bur* Arab, and *Helen*.
19. The Ships *Mary*,—*Acteon*,—*Cenus*, Brig,—*Indus*, American brig,—*Frank*, French,—*Camoens* Portuguese,—and *Macauly*, Arab.
20. The Ship *John Bull*.
23. *Bark Amboyna*.

PASSENGERS.

PER BRIG CENEUS.

Lieutenant Senior, 20th Bengal Native Infantry.

PER SHIP MARY

For Bengal.—Messrs. Col. Paton, Bunce, Butler, Richards, Misses Paton, Pigot, Maxwell, Henderson, and Mary Henderson, Captain J. Butler, Mariner, Mr. W. Palmer, writer, Messrs. John Paton, Rutherford, Jellicoe, Abbott, and Torckler,—Cadets, Messrs. A. Rodgers, and H. Gamber, Merchants, Mr. Henry Bonner, returning to India.

For Madras.—Mrs. Graham, Mr. Graham, mariner, Lieut. Hodges, 22d N. I. Messrs. J. MacGeorge, G. Rose, Thomas Kirk, and Jonathan Sandford, Assistant Surgeons.—Messrs. Francis, and Mabedy, Cadets, Mr. H. MacKenzie, merchant.

PER SHIP AMBOYNA.

Mr. J. Green, merchant.

PER SHIP [illegible]TÆON.

From Mauritius.—Mr. James Grierson, Country Service, and Mr. Theaker, free merchant.

EXPECTED TO SAIL.

The *Mermaid*, Capt. Harris, for Manilla
The *Lady Barlow*, Capt. H. Clark, for Bombay.
The *Laura*, Captain Laws, for Isle of France and Bourbon
The *Lagion*, Captain W. Morgan for London,
} in 3 or 4 days

DEPARTURES FROM CALCUTTA.

(None)

PASSED TO SEA DURING THE WEEK.

The *Orrasabessa*, the *Venus*, the *Maister*, and the *Dolphin*, brig.

MADRAS.

ARRIVALS.—SEPTEMBER 24. ship Bengal Merchant, captain A. Brown, from Calcutta 11th August.
26. ship Elizabeth, captain M. Ostler, from Calcutta 7th August, Coringa and Masuliparam 24th September.
27. ship Amboyna, captain W. Wilson, from Calcutta 2d September.
— ship Prince Regent, captain J. Richards, from Calcutta 28th August.
— cutter Tartar, captain H. Prendergrass, from Collpatam and Pamben 24th September.
28. brig Brothers, captain C. B. Nicol, from Calcutta 2d September.
— ship George Cruttenden, captain J. J. R. Bowman, from Bencoolen 6th September.
— ship Georgiana, captain Rogers, from Masuliprtam 25th September.
OCTOBER 1. ship Tottenham, captain Davey, from Calcutta.
4. brig Fanny, capt. J. B. Smith, from St. Dennis 2d September.
DEPARTURES.—SEPTEMBER 24. schooner Black Joke, captain W. Eglan, for the Northern Ports.
25. H. M. sloop Dauntless, Hon'ble A. Gardner, captain, for Trincomalie.
29. brig La Clelie, captain F. Floris, for Pondicherry.
30. brig Lutchemy, captain Charles Cunot, for Mauritius.
— brig Victoria, captain M. Gonsalves, for Vizagapatam.
— brig Williams, captain Gauteen, for Pondicherry.
— ship William Miles, captain Samuel Beadle, for Calcutta.
— ship Isabella, captain J. Wallis, for London.
— ship George Cruttenden, captain J. J. R. Bowman, for Covelong.
— ship Georgiana, captain J. Rogers, for Pondicherry.

BOMBAY.

ARRIVALS.—SEPTEMBER 24. Arab brig Sahert, Nacqudah Jaboob, from Mocha 6th September.
25. H. M. ship Liverpool, F. A. Collier, Esq. C. B. Captain, from Mauritius 8th September.
26. ship Upton Castle, W. Howell, from Canton 8th May.

Passengers per Liverpool.

Mrs. and Miss Norris, Major Hall and captain Sutherland,

Per Upton Castle.

Mr. Richard Hitchings, Free Merchant.

H. M. ship Liver pool, arrived here on the 25th, after a passage of sixteen days, from the Isle of France.

The Upton Castle of this Port, arrived also on Monday, from England, and last from the Isle of France.

H. M. ship Conway destined for England, has been stationed at the Isle of France, to await the arrival of the Carron; when she would proceed on the voyage.

The Trade from Mocha under convoy of the H. C. Cruizer Prince of Wales, anchored in Surat roads on the 20th instant.

The H. C. ship York, and the Bombay Merchant, will take their departures for England in the course of this month.

PENANG.

ARRIVALS.—SEPTEMBER 4. ship Sandanay, [illegible] C. Lindsay, from Singapore and Malacca.

7. brig Calender Bux, Wappoo, from Pedir 25th August.

10. brig Mookindin Bux, Lawlah Meah, from Porto Novo, 16th July, Acheen, 29th August: Passengers: 6 Natives.

12. ship Cambridge, J. R. Toussaint, from Calcutta 26th August, Passenger: Mr. Manigault.

— Lovely Tish, Noq. Smael, from Bombay 15th February, Teluksamawi, 1st September.

14. brig Fattal Rahman, Abdull Cassum, from Nagore 22d August.

15. brig Ceneus, E. Smith, from Bencoolen 6th August, Padang 28th ditto; Passengers: Lieut. Senior, 20th Regiment Bengal N. 1 & 3 Seapoys.

17. ship Catherine, Thomas Howard, from Calcutta 24th June Bencoolen 24th August; Passengers: Captain and Mrs. Gordon, and the 6th Company 2d Batt. 20th Regt. B. N. I.

22. brig Minerva, J. Russell, from Calcutta 22d August; Passengers: 7 Convicts.

23. ship Nassary, Sayed Aloe, from Teluksamawi, 15th September; Passenger: Mr. Convado.

DEPARTURES.—SEPTEMBER 5. ship Perseverance, J. Grig, for Malacca.

6. ship St. Michael, P. Dillon, for New South Wales.

— H. C. ship General Harris, George Welstead, Esq. Captain, for ditto.

7. H. C. ship Warren Hastings, R. Rawes, Esq. captain, for China.

8. sloop Mary, S. W. Beggle, for Calcutta.

— brig Helen, S. J. Laxeira, for Padang.

10. brig Prime, William Lewis, for Malacca.

— brig Johnny, Thomas Bacon, for West Coast.

— brig Penang, [illegible] Bacon, for ditto.

— ship Darves Mayden, Phuwang, for Trong.

10. ship Gloucester, William Rankin, for Eastward.

11. ship Larkear, Salemanjee Daud, for Calcutta.

12. brig Cauder Bux, Mayden Shaw, for West Coast.

— H. C. ship General Kyd, Alexander Nairne, Esq. captain, for Bengal.

— H. C. ship Windsor, J. R. Franklin, Esq. captain, for ditto.

19. ship John Bull, J. Bean, for Calcutta.

20. ship Sandanay, [illegible] C. Lindsay, for ditto.

[illegible] ship Cambridge, J. R. Toussaint, for China.

Madras.

The *Tottenham*, Captain C. Davey, came to anchor yesterday afternoon—from Calcutta.

Passenger, Mr. F. Lynell, Free Merchant.

The *Isabella* sailed on Thursday in prosecution of her voyage to London, and the *William Miles* to Calcutta.

The *Catherine*, *Blenheim* and *Aurora* still remain; they all take ship Letter Mails.

Passengers per *Catherine*.—Lady Gordon, Mr. Dalzeile, Captain Paterson, 8th Dragoons, Capt. Saunderson, 46th, Captain Page, Lieut. Brown, 89th, Lieut. Eddington, Lieut. Harper, Lieut. Grant, 46th, Ensign Gonova.

The weather at the Presidency continues unusually mild. Very little of that sultry weather commonly complained of in September has been yet experienced. The force of the South West Monsoon is now over, and Southerly currents and light Northerly winds have generally prevailed for the last week.

The Albion, Captain Waller, came to an anchor on Sunday afternoon. She sailed on the [illegible] of June, and has brought our private correspondence. We received some box-packets of letters on Sunday, and they are now in course of delivery.

Passengers per *Albion*, for Madras: Mrs. J. Godfrey; Lieut. J. Godfrey, N. I.; Mr. Assistant Surgeon R. J. Irving, died at Sea 25th July, Mr. Assistant Surgeon E. Chapman; Messrs. E. Clarke, J. Haig, William Babington, J. Luard, R. N. Campbell, F. McKennen, Y. Sullivan and William Johnston, Cadets; Mr. J. B. Stewart, returning as free Merchant, Mr. Anthony Butler, ditto.

For Bengal: Mrs. Reid, Mrs. Stubbs, Mrs. Harrowell, Miss M. Reid, Miss E. Stubbs, an infant Child, Miss Harrowell, Miss C. Goulett, Miss M. Goulett, Master H. Harrowell, Captain Joseph Savigney, country service; Mr. Robert Reid, Mr. F. Reid, Mr. John Stubb, free Merchant; Mr. T. Harrowell; Mr. Assistant Surgeon McPherson, Mr. McDougal, Cadet; Mr. H. Osborn, ditto; Mr. M. Collier, and Mr. M. Frisby.

The Fourth Law Term for the present year closed yesterday, but the whole of the causes in the paper not having been disposed of, Sittings are appointed after the Sessions. The greater part of the last week of the Term has been occupied in the trial of a cause of great interest to the Public, and we regret that our time has been so closely occupied as to prevent our attempting to give even an outline of the case; it is not one that can be detailed in a few words: and unless the whole was before our readers, conclusions might be drawn, which, perhaps, are not warranted by the circumstances of the case—We therefore deem it fairer to be altogether silent upon it.

We are truly glad to find that our predictions of last week have been partly fulfilled, and that there is every prospect of the renewal of that noblest of all amusements—the sport of the Turf—At the Turf Dinner on Thursday last at the Race Stand, there was a large assemblage of the Friends of the Sport. The meeting auditted and passed the accounts of the last Committee, and proceeded to the ballot of a new one, when the former Committee consisting of Mr Fauquier, and Captains Patullo and Showars were elected. A subscription was then made, and it is with pleasure we mention that it was a most liberal and handsome one, and gave a good earnest of what is to be expected from the liberality of the Public, when the subscription book shall be sent into general circulation. At present we cannot state what arrangements are likely to be made—as to the Plate, Purses, Stakes, &c. &c. but we venture to assure the Friends of the Turf of excellent sport, if they by their subscriptions afford the Committee of the means of promoting that sport. It is incumbent on all those who wish the revival of *Races* at Madras to come forward liberally on the present occasion, for let it be remembered that suspension nearly approaches annihilation; and that if the present opportunity is lost, it may be long before another is afforded of reviving this most manly, noble and fashionable sport.

The Race Stand has lately undergone a thorough repair- t dancing room has been much improved, and every arrangement has been and is likely to be made that can afford comfort and amusement to the frequenters of the Stand.

On Tuesday last M. Le Baron des Bassayn de Richemont, Comtroller General of the French Establishments in India, who lately arrived at the Presidency, paid his first visit of ceremony to the Right Honorable the Governor. His Excellency was received under the honors due to his rank.

The Packets for the Catherine, Captain Knox, are advertised to be closed this day at 12 o'clock and the Kate is expected to commence her homeward bound voyage early.

Bombay.

The late arrivals from the Isle of France, have furnished us with but few articles of intelligence. Some vessels employed in illicit trade, and slaving had been detained, and some of them condemned to H. M. Ships on that station.

The weather during part of last week was extremely variable. Tuesday and the succeeding day was fine, but a squall on the night of Wednesday, indicated the entry of the Moon into its Mansion, Hattia; or in other words the Elephanta began. Thursday it blew all day a strong breeze from the S. E. with a considerable fall of the Barometer; Friday, Saturday and Sun-

day, the wind veered again to the S. W. with rain and occasional squalls. Monday was fine but the intervening showers still continue.

Hajee Mahomet Effendi, a Turkish gentleman of great respectability, arrived a few days since in a Bugala from Judda, he has travelled from Constantinople, through Persia, and Arabia, and is now about to visit the principal places in India.

Another distinguished Native from Bengal has also lately arrived, his name is Meer Mahomed Hassan; he is a near relative of Mahomed Ali Khan's.

A new vehicle, called the Velocimanipede or Phaeton in Miniature, has been constructed calculated to carry three persons. The centre, or body of the carriage, is supposed to be for a female; the front is for a gentleman to sit on a narrow saddle to guide it. At the back is a small dickey to work the hind wheels by machinery. It runs over a distance of ground of one mile in three minutes, and can be kept up at ease at eight miles an hour. It only weighs one hundred pounds.

Penang.

We understand that the H. C. Ships *General Kyd* and *Windsor*, will leave us for China, either this evening or early to-morrow morning.

The Brig *Minerva*, as well as the two ships mentioned in our last, may be expected in a few days from Calcutta.

By the arrival, on Wednesday last, of the Brig *Ceneus* from the Eastward, we learn that Sir Stamford Raffles, arrived at Bencoolen on the 31st of July, and that he has since dispatched 300 Sepoys to Sincapore in the *Indiana* and another ship.

The H. C. Ship *William Pitt*, arrived at Bencoolen on the 8th ultimo.

In our paper of this day will be seen, a Notification from the Government of Fort Marlbro', abolishing the custom Duties of that Settlement. In addition to which, we have been informed by undoubted authority, that an application has been made to Bengal, that the Import duties hitherto levied there indiscriminately may be removed; as far as it affects the produce of that Coast. These arrangements, contributing to the improvement of the currency, which is now calculated on juster principles than formerly, will, it is hoped, occasion a great change in the condition of our settlements in that quarter.

The Pepper monopoly at Bencoolen has also been done away —and it is stated to be the intention of the Government to improve our Establishment at Tappanooly, so, as to make it a general resort of the Traders to the Northward.

The Brig *Minerva* came in on Wednesday last, from C

MARRIAGES, BIRTHS, AND DEATHS,

ANNOUNCED SINCE OUR LAST NUMBER.

MARRIAGES.

SEPTEMBER.

8 At Nagpore, by the Resident, James Gordon, Esq. Surgeon to the Residency, to Mary Louisa, only Daughter of Maj. George [illegible], of His [illegible] the Nagpore Rajah's Service.

16 At Agra, by the Rev. Mr. Evans, Mr. H. [illegible] to Miss Anne Bayley, eldest Daughter of Mr. Wm. Bayley.

At Secunderabad, by the Reverend H. Harper, Captain Joseph [illegible], of H. M. Royal Scots, to Amelia Laura; and Captain Frederick Larkins Doveton, of the 3d Madras Light Cavalry, to Emilia Sophia, Twin Daughters of Charles Thomas Grant, Esq. Pay-Master of H. M. Royal Scots, and Nieces of the late Lord Viscount Falkland.

23. At St. John's Cathedral, by the Rev. Mr. Parson, Mr. Thomas [illegible] Somerset Harding, to Miss Louisa Moss.

25 At Bombay, John Sandwith, Esq to Miss Pitcairn.

OCTOBER.

1. By the Rev. Mr. Corrie, James Cowley Brown, Esq of the Civil Service, to Miss Matilda Chinnery, Daughter of George Chinnery, Esq. of Calcutta.

1. At St. John's Cathedral, by the Rev. Mr. Corrie, Mr. C. M. Hollinghery, to Miss [illegible]ay Welsh.

5. At Chandernagore, Mon. Pierre Woorlee, only son Mon L. X. Woorlee, to M'lle Palmire, only daughter of Mon. Durrar, Captain, French Commercial Residential Dacca.

9. At Patna, by the Rev. Julius Cæsar, M. A. Mr. Julien Boilard, jun. to Miss Antoinette, Juliana Boyard, youngest daughter of the late L. B. Boyard.

11. Serjeant John Dempsy, of H. M. 21st Light Dragoons, to [illegible] Margaret Sharp.

14. At Midnapore, at his father's house, by the Rev. Mr. Parson, Lieut. Vanrenen, of Artillery, to Harriet Catherine, eldest daughter of Admiral Donald Campbell, Royal Navy.

At the same time and place, Lieut. C. Griffiths, of the 18th Regt. N. I. to Anna Grace, second daughter of Lieut Col. Vanrenen, commanding the Station.

BIRTHS.

SEPTEMBER.

9. At Serooe, the Lady of Major Mayne of a Daughter.

10. At Mutra, the Lady of Capt. Charles William Heriot, of the 4th Regt. Bengal Light Cavalry, of a Son and Heir.

11. At Colombo, the Lady of William Gibson, Esq. Ceylon Civil service, of a Daughter.

At Settarah, the Lady of Lieut. J. H. Taylor, 2d Batt. F. A. Brigade, of a Daug[illegible]

12. At Ghazeepore, the Lady of Robert Bird, Esq. of a Son.

16. At Meerut, the Lady of Captain W. P. Cooke, Deputy Judge Advocate General, 2d and 3d Division Field Army, of a Son.

19. At Dinapore, the Lady of Captain J Simpson, 2d Batt. 14th N. I. of a Son.

21. At Allahabad, the Lady of Capt. W. McQuhae, of a Daughter.

22. The Lady of M. H. Turnbull, Esq. Judge and Magistrate of Cuttack, of a Son.

23. At Berhampore, the Lady of Captain Henry E. Pitman, of His Majesty's 50th Foot, of a Son.

24. At Cawnpore, the Lady of Capt. J Farris, Ordnance Commissariat, of a Son.

At Cawnpore, the Lady of Henry Middleton, Esq. of the civil service, of a son.

At Chowringhee, Mrs. Fowler Bean, (successor to Mrs. Durell,) of a Daughter.

25 The Lady of Joseph Watts, Esq. of a Son.

26. At Allipore, the Lady of Edward Impey, Esq. of the civil service, of a Son.

The Lady of Richard Tagore Esq. of a Daughter

27 At the Mission-house Serampore the Lady of H A Williams, Esq. of the civil service, of a Daughter.

28 At the Presidency, Mrs. J Scratchley, of a Son.

30. At Sulkea, Mrs. John Mills, of a Daughter.

October.

1. At Dacca, the Lady of A. Smelt, Esq. of a Daughter.

2. Madame Picard, of a Daughter.

4. The Lady of C. Vrignon, Esq. of a Son.

6 At Sêcrora, the Lady of Capt. E. Cave Browne, of a Son.

7 At Benares, the Lady of W. W. Bird, Esq. of the Bengal civil service, of a Son.

8. Mrs. C. Martin, of a Son.

7. Mrs. J. Pereira, of a still-born Daughter.

8. Mrs. E. Shipley, of a Daughter.

9. Mrs. A. Gilloy, of a Daughter.

11. The Lady of Capt. W. Beatson, Assistant Adjutant General, of a Son.

12. At Dacca, the Lady of Alex. MacKenzie, Esq. of the civil service, of a Daughter.

13. At the house of Charles Trower, Esq. Chowringhee, the Lady of Lane Macartney, Esq. civil service, of a Daughter.

14. At Dinapore, the Lady of Capt. Alexander, of a Daughter.

15. Same place, the Lady of Capt. W. D. Playfair, of a Daughter.

16. Mrs. Henry White, of a Son.

17. The Lady of the late Robt. Chamberlain, Esq of the civil service, of a Son.

22. Mrs. J. Llewelyn, of a Son

Lately at Anjar, the Lady of Captain Morgan, of a Son

Mrs. E Leighton, of a still born female Child.

At Middleburgh, in the Island of Walcheren, the Lady of Doctor J. B. Vos, of a Son.

DEATHS.

SEPTEMBER.

At Madras, of an attack of the liver, Lieut. George [illegible]way Smith, of the 5th Regiment Light Cavalry, in the [illegible] year of his age.

14. Same place, Captain Robert Simpson, of the 16th N. I.

—At Arrah, Mr. Matthias Peter Dessa; aged 35 years.

14. At Almorah, Edward Fo[illegible]bury, the infant son of Capt. [illegible], of the 13th N.I.

18. On the [illegible] from [illegible]pore to Hyderabad, Major Blair, of the Madras Artillery.

23. At Nursinghpore, Sophia Charlotte, aged nearly 1 year, youngest daughter of Lieut. John Hoggan, Interpreter and Quarter-master, 2d Batt. 27th Native Infantry, Nerbudda Field Force.

24. At the General Hospital, after a short but painful illness, Captain Wm. Dallas, formerly of the Country Service, aged 54 years.

26. Mrs. Elizabeth Jones, aged 55 years.

— At the Presidency, Ann Marthe, the Infant Daughter of Mr. F. R. Tovey; aged 13 days.

— At [illegible]pore, the Lady of Col. James Auriol, of the H. C. Bengal European Regiment.

27. Mr. John Steers, of the Assessment Department, Police Office; aged 40 years.

— At Berhampore, Mrs. Anne Mollis, wife of Mr James Mollis, of that place, aged 19 years.

28. Captain Gunter Lyde Rowne, late in H. C. Regular Service; aged 40.

29. At Moorshedabad, R. B. [illegible] Esq. Civil Assistant

OCTOBER.

1. On board the Prince Blucher, Mr. A Greene, late Chief Officer of the ship Aurora, aged 23.

2. At Fort William, Catherine Maria, infant daughter of Capt. Hare, H. M. 21st Light Dragoons; aged 3 months and 14 days.

[illegible] At [illegible] after an illness of only 48 hours, Capt. John Cuthbertson, late of the Ship Bengal, of Liverpool; aged 29 years and 10 months.

On the 4th instant, Mr. David Mackenzie, of the Country Service, aged 24 years.

— At Berampore, Captain Mandeville, of H. M. 59th Foot, who had but lately arrived with the detachment from Calcutta.

7. Mr. Thomas [illegible]tfield, of an inflammation in the bowels.

8. At Benares, the infant Son of W. W. Bird, Esq. of the Bengal Civil Service.

9. Captain Henry Sartorius, of the country service, after a severe illness of 7 days; aged 45 years, much regretted by his friends, as an honest, upright, and estimable character.

10. At Allipore, Miss Elizabeth Boezalt; aged 17 years and 10 months.

—At Dinapore, of dropsy, after a few days illness, at the advanced age of 74, Captain Thomas Leny, of the European Invalids, who first came to India in the year 1760, and through the long period of 59 years enjoyed a degree of good health which falls to the lot of few. He was a humane, kind hearted man, and is much regretted by many old friends,

and by the poor in his neighbourhood.

— At Chowringhee, after a long illness, George Williams, Esq. aged 26, first officer of the H. C Ship Thomas Grenville.

11. Mr. Gasper Rodrigues, late of Rungpore.

12. John Bannister Hudson, Esq. whose loss must be greatly felt and regretted by a large circle of acquaintance, as also by his afflicted family.

— Captain John Claridge, of the Ship Barton, aged 26 years; after a severe illness of 11 days. His friends and acquaintance will long remember the many good qualities and virtues of his heart, which he possessed in an eminent degree; his loss is [illegible] regretted.

15. At [illegible] J. F. M[illegible] Mahratta, [illegible] years.

16 Mr. James Murray, of the Pilot Service, aged 34 years 6 months and 15 days.

— Mr. William Short, aged [illegible] years.

[illegible] at his Residence in Bo[illegible] Road, Jo[illegible] Corbett, Esq. of the Commercial Bank, aged 26.

22. Much lamented by his afflicted parents and relatives, Miss Alice Cooke, a most affectionate, mild, and amiable child, second daughter of Captain John Cooke, aged 17 years and 10 months.

23. The infant Son of Mr. Henry W[illegible], aged exactly [illegible] days.

Lately at Ch[illegible], Jonanna Christina, Relict of George Holroyd, Esq. late a Captain in the [illegible] Regiment N. I. [illegible] Regiment, the [illegible] daughter of [illegible] Plusker, [illegible] Physic.

[illegible] Miles, [illegible] and 3 [illegible] the eldest [illegible] Charles Bayley, Esq. of the Bengal Civil Service.

At Tipperah, Mr. Alexander Pinto, Head Writer in the Office of the Collector there.

CALCUTTA CURRENT VALUE OF GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

Buy.			Sell.	
		Saturday, Oct. 2, 1819.		
0	6	New. 6 per Cents. Discount.	0	10
		Saturday, Oct. 9, 1819.		
1	4	New. 6 per Cents. Discount.	0	10
		Saturday, Oct. 16, 1819.		
1	12	[illegible] Cents. Discount.	2	4
		Saturday, Oct. 23, 1819.		
1	[illegible]	New. 6 per Cents. [illegible]	2	0

OCTOBER, 1819.—*Thirty-one Days.*

PHASES OF THE MOON.

○	Full Moon,	- - -	3d.	9h.	28m.	Evening.
☾	Last Quarter,	- -	11	8	51	Morning.
●	New Moon,	- - -	19	9	51	Ditto.
☾	First Quarter,	- -	26	11	50	Ditto.
♎	Enters	- - -	21	0	8	Afternoon.

HIND. MONTH.		ENG.		OBSERVABLE DAYS, &c. &c.	MOON'S AGE	SUN RISES.	SUN SETS.	HIGH WATER AT CALCUTTA MORN.		EVEN.	
	DS. MON.	WK. DS.	DS. MON.		D.	H. M.	H. M.	H.	M.	H.	M.
	16	F	1	Remigius.	13	5 5	5 5	12	16	1	17
	17	S	2	[Full Moon	14	6 6	5 51	1	45	2	10
	18	C	3	17th Sunday after Trinity	15	6 7	5 5[illegible]	2	3[illegible]	3	0
	19	M	4		16			3	2[illegible]	3	41
	20	[illegible]	5		17	5 [illegible]	5 5[illegible]	4	[illegible]	4	28
	21	W	6	Faith. [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]		4	56	5	12
	22	T	7		9	5 51		5	34	5	50
	23	F	8	No of [illegible]				6	18	6	40
	24	S	9	St. Denys [illegible] drawn b[illegible]	6	5 50		7	2	7	24
ASSIN, 1226	25	C	10	18th Sunday after T[illegible]	5	5 4[illegible]	5 49	7	46	8	8
	26	M	11	[illegible]	6	6 1	5 4[illegible]	8	30	8	52
	27	T	12	[illegible]	6			9	14	9	36
	28	W	13	Trans of K. Edward [illegible]		5 1[illegible]	5 4[illegible]	9	[illegible]	10	20
	29	T	14		6			10	4[illegible]	11	4
	30	F	15	Ther. ranges from 75 to 80.	7	6 14	5 40	11	[illegible]	11	13
	1	S	16	[Hundred.	8			12	10	12	34
	2	C	17	19th Sunday after Trinity	9	[illegible]	5 [illegible]	1	[illegible]	1	22
	3	M	18	S. Luke. Battle of Leipsic	6	[illegible]	[illegible]	1	1	2	13
	4	T	19	New Moon. [1813	1	[illegible]		2	3[illegible]	3	0
	5	W	20	[falgar 1803	2	6 1[illegible]	5 12	3	25	3	51
CARTICK, 1226	6	T	21	Ld. Nelson's vict. off Tra-	3	6 [illegible]	5 51	4	10	4	12
	7	F	22	4th Term, Supreme Court		[illegible]		5	7	5	33
	8	S	23	[commences.	5	6 [illegible]	5 40	5	5[illegible]	6	21
	9	C	24	20th Sunday after Trinity	6	6 21	5 2[illegible]	6	45	7	15
	10	M	25	K. G. III. Accession. Crispin	7			7	40	8	6
	11	T	26	K. G. III. Proclaimed 1760.	8			8	31	8	57
	12	W	27		9	6 22	5 3	9	2[illegible]	9	48
	13	T	28	St. Simon and St. Jude.	10	6 23	5 3	10	1[illegible]	10	38
	14	F	29		11			11	1	11	31
	15	S	30		12	6 21	5 3[illegible]	11	50	12	20
	16	C	31	21st Sunday after Trinity.	13	[illegible]		12	40	1	71

THE CALCUTTA
MONTHLY JOURNAL
Vol. XXXV.] NOVEMBER [Numb. 301.

PHASES Calcutta

Full Moon, - - -

Last Quarter, -

New Moon, - - - TARY.

First Quarter, - - 26

Enters - - - 21

HIND	ENG.			
MONTH.	DS. MON.	DS. WK.	DS. MON.	OBSERVABLE DAYS, &c. &c.
ASSIN, 1226	16	F	1	Remigius.
	17	S	2	[Full Moon
	18	C	3	17th Sunday after Trinity
	19	M	4	
	20		5	
	21	W	6	Faith.
	22	T	7	
	23	F	8	
	24	S	9	St Denys [illegible]
	25	C	10	18th Sunday after T[illegible]
	26	M	11	
	27	T	12	[illegible]
	28	W	13	Trans of St. Edward [illegible]
	29	T	14	
	30	F	15	Ther. ranges from 75 to 80.
CARTICK, 1226	1	S	16	[Hundred.
	2	C	17	19th Sunday after Trinity
	3	M	18	S. Luke Battle of Leipsic
	4	T	19	New Moon. [1813
	5	W	20	[falsa [illegible]
	6	T	21	Ld. Nelson's victo[illegible]
	7	F	22	4th Term, Supre[illegible]
	8	S	23	[illegible]
	9	C	24	20[illegible] Trinitatis, at[illegible]
	10	M	[illegible]	

[illegible] THE MOST NOBLE THE GO[illegible] COUNCIL.

OCTOBER, 1819.

[illegible] efficiency of the Field Ar[illegible] General in Council is pleased to [illegible] lieu of Bullocks, to be al[illegible] as heretofore for three [illegible] d to the Army serv[illegible] in the Field, and one at [illegible] will be pleased to attach [illegible] h Battery, each Battalion [illegible] also issue such further [illegible] ove arrangement into [illegible] Ordnance and Carriages, to

	No. of Horses,
[illegible] drawn by 6	12
[illegible] 6 Ditto,	12
[illegible] 6 Ditto,	12
[illegible] Ditto,	12
[illegible]	24
[illegible]	24
[illegible]	96

[illegible] for each 12-Pounder [illegible] the following number [illegible] furnished for their draft by the Com[illegible] the Battery moving on Service, or being [illegible]

	No. of Bullocks
For 2 12-Pounder spare Ammunition Wagons,	12
" 2 5½ Howitzers Ditto,	12
Total	24
Add one for 6 spare,	4
Total Bullocks	28

with 1 Sirdar and 14 Drivers,

The following is a detail of the Establishment allowed for each Battery:

1 Syce for each Horse, with Pay, Batta, Clothing, and all other advantages of Gun Lascars.

1 Grass Cutter to each Horse, on the present allowances of Grass Cutters with Cavalry Corps.

An European Farrier (Non effective) with the same Staff Pay granted to that description of persons in the Artillery.

One Native Farrier, on the allowances of a Farrier attached to Corps of Native Cavalry.

The following Wax Pawlins, for the preservation of Harness, and Stores, are also authorized for each Battery:

4 Pawlins, 12 feet square each.
4 Ditto, 14 ditto ditto. with foot ropes.

The Commissariat Department is authorized to furnish, 1 Camel for the carriage of the foregoing Pawlins, and 3 Camels for the carriage of other Stores, when the Battery is actually marching or in the Field, on the same principle as allowed to Corps of Cavalry for the carriage of Troop Stores.

The following are the allowances to be granted for each Battery:

	St. Rs. As. P.
For Shoeing, supplying Cloths, Head and Heel Ropes, Curry Combs, Mussalahs, and Physic, for each Horse, per month	2 0 0
For repairing Harness, Saddles and Bridles, for each set, per month	1 8 0
For Soaking Gram, per month	20 0 0
For Cavessons, Cotton Ropes, &c. for breaking in Horses, per month	5 0 0

The Officers serving with Batteries, equipped with Horses, are to be allowed to draw the following Horse Allowance, viz.

Captain, for 2 Horses, Sonat Rupees 60 per mensem.
Subaltern, for 1 Ditto, Ditto 30 ditto

Every other allowance or contingency is to be provided for according to the Regulations applicable to Foot Artillery.

As the foregoing arrangement furnishes a Draft Equipment of Horses, in lieu of Bullocks, for 3 of the established number of Batteries allowed for the Field Artillery of the Army, His Excellency the Commander in Chief is requested to suggest to Government a proportionate reduction in the existing Establishment of Ordnance Cattle and Drivers.

W. CASEMENT, Lieut.-Col.

Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE MOST NOBLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM; 16TH OCTOBER, 1819.

Doubts having been entertained of the true meaning of the following Extract from Minutes of Council under date the 29th November 1786, in consequence of the omission of a Parenthesis, it is re-published to the Army for general information.

"The Pay Masters are immediately upon the receipt of the Auditor-General's Retrenchments, to furnish copies of them to those respectively concerned, requiring them to pay the Amount.

"If this requisition has not been complied with, when the next Month's Allowances are issued, the Pay Master is hereby autho-

rized and ordered to make stoppages from the Rolls or Abstracts of that, and the succeeding Months, (Pay excepted) until the full Amount of the Retrenchments is liquidated."

The Most Noble the Gov.-Gen. in Council, in order to secure the State from the eventual loss which might arise from delay, and from the intermediate decease of persons against whom Retrenchments may stand, does hereby declare that the Officers in the Pay Department are authorized immediately, on receipt of the Auditor-General's Statement of Retrenchments, to make the requisite deductions of the Amount standing against Individuals from the Abstracts which may then be in course of Payment, or from the first and following Abstracts which they may receive, as payment becomes due

W. CASEMENT, Lieut.-Col.
Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE MOST NOBLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM; 16TH OCTOBER, 1819.

The Most Noble the Governor General in Council is pleased to make the following Promotions and Appointments in the Ordnance Commissariat.

Deputy Assistant Commissary John Edwards to be Assistant Commissary, from the 1st October, 1819, vice Brannon, pensioned.

Conductor Christopher Bowman to be Deputy Assistant Commissary, vice Edwards, promoted.

Sub-Conductors Ralph Sault, Thomas Kidd and Thomas Hughes, to be Conductors, from the 24th July 1819, to complete the Establishment.

Sub-Conductor Thomas O'Brien to be Conductor, from the 1st October, 1819, vice Bowman, promoted.

The undermentioned Non-Commissioned Officers are appointed Sub-Conductors from the dates expressed against their names.

Serjeant Joseph Crowly, of Artillery, 24th July, 1819.

Serjeant Major Peter Kilgour, 1st Battalion 9th Native Infantry, ditto.

Quarter Master Serjeant John Whelan, of Artillery ditto

Serjeant Major William Sylvester, 1st Battalion 20th Native Infantry, ditto.

Serjeant Major Barnaby Murphy, of Artillery ditto.

Serjeant Major James Simons, 1st Battalion 8th Native Infantry, 1st October, 1819.

W. CASEMENT, Lieut.-Col.
Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE MOST NOBLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM; 16TH OCTOBER, 1819

The Governor General in Council is pleased to make the following Appointments

Captain C. T. Higgins of the 22d Regiment of Native Infantry, to officiate as Town and Fort Major, on the prescribed rate of allowances attached to the situation, during the absence of Major Vaughan, vice Lieutenant-Colonel Lumly. This appointment to have effect from the 3d of July 1819, the date of Lieutenant-Colonel Lumley's appointment as Commander of the Fortress of Asseerghur.

Lieutenant William Barnette of the 27th Regiment of Native In-

fantry, to be a Sub-Assistant Commissary General, vice Allen, deceased.

Deputy Assistant Quarter-Master General Lieutenant W. Gaitens of the 2d Class to be a Deputy Assistant Quarter-Master General of the 1st Class, vice Scettell, deceased.

Deputy Assistant Quarter-Master General Lieutenant C. D Ar[illegible] of the 3d Class, to be a Deputy Assistant Quarter-Master General of the 2d Class, vice Garden.

Brevet Captain and Lieutenant John Cruickshank of the 24th Regiment of Native Infantry, to be a Deputy Assistant Quarter-Master General of the 3d Class, vice Aplin.

Ensign William Hick y, attached to the 1st Battalion 20th Regiment of Native Infantry, to be Adjutant of the Calcutta Native Militia, vice Barnett, appointed to the Commissariat Department.

Assistant Surgeon John Adam to be second permanent Assistant at the Presidency General Hospital.

The leave of absence granted in General Orders of the 14th ultimo, to Ensign A. D. Gordon, doing duty with the 1st Battalion 9th Regiment of Native Infantry, to proceed to Bombay on urgent private affairs, is cancelled at the request of that Officer.

W. CASEMENT, Lieut. Col.
Sec to Govt. Mil. Dept.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE MOST NOBLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM; 23D OCTOBER, 1819.

The Most Noble the Governor General in Council having resolved that an efficient Lieutenant Colonel shall be added to the Corps of Engineers, and to the Cavalry, on this Establishment, in the room of Major Generals Gaistin and Brown, the following Promotions are accordingly to take place from the 1st Inst.— Major Generals Gaistin and Brown will be returned as Supernumerary Lieutenant Colonels in their respective Corps.

CORPS OF ENGINEERS.

Brevet Lieutenant Colonel and Senior Major James Parlby to be Lieut. Colonel. Brevet Major and Captain Thomas Wood, C B., to be Major. Lieutenant George Lindsay to be Captain. Ensign Thomas Warlow to be Lieutenant.	From the 1st of October, 1819.

CAVALRY.

Senior Major Richard Clark to be Lieutenant Colonel, from the 1st of October 1819

5TH REGIMENT LIGHT CAVALRY.

Capt. James Kennedy to be Major Brevet Captain and Lieutenant William Buckley to be Captain of a Troop. Cornet John Richard Graham to be Lieutenant.	From the 1st of October 1819, in succession to Clark, promoted.

W. CASEMENT, Lieut Col.
Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

Head-Quarters, Calcutta: 18th October, 1819.

GENERAL ORDERS.

His Royal Highness the Prince Regent has been pleased in the

name and on the behalf of His Majesty, to make the following Promotions and Appointments.

24th Foot.

Captain Robert Brown, from the half-pay of the 34th Foot, to be Captain of a Company, vice E. G. Smith, who exchanges, receiving the difference—17th September 1818.

Ensign B. Everard to be Lieutenant without purchase, vice Malin, deceased,—10th September, 1818.

To be Ensigns without Purchase,

Alex. Dirom, Gent.—vice Hawkins appointed to the Honourable the East India Company's Service,—15th September, 1818.

Duncan Campbell, Gent. vice Everard—16th September, 1818.

30th Foot.

Lieutenant William Atkinson, from the Half-pay of the Regiment, to be Adjutant and Lieutenant, vice Stephenson, deceased—25th July, 1818.

34th Foot.

Captain Thomas Price, from the Half-pay of the 53d Foot, to be Captain of a Company, vice Richard Daly, who exchanges, receiving the difference—25th August, 1818.

Lieutenant Nathan Ashhurst, from the Half pay of the 8th Foot, to be Lieutenant, vice Fitzmaurice William Colthurst, who exchanges, —1st April, 1819.

46th Foot.

Lieutenant Henry Stuart from the 86th Foot, to be Lieutenant, vice Nunn, who exchanges—25th August, 1818.

47th Foot.

Ensign Thomas Luttrell to be Lieutenant without purchase, vice Kendall, deceased,—29th May, 1817.

53d Foot.

Lieut. Cope Williams to be Captain of a Company without purchase, vice Parker, deceased, —5th August, 1818.

65th Foot.

Lieutenant G. F. Madden from the Half-pay of the 89th Foot, to be Lieutenant, vice James Birkett, who exchanges—25th August, 1818.

87th Foot,—To be Lieutenants

Ensign Edward Cox, without purchase, vice Coghlan, deceased,—1st October 1816.

Ensign John Hassard, without purchase, vice Higginson, deceased, —10th August, 1818.

Lieutenant Robert Jones from the 24th Dragoons, vice Lee, who exchanges,—10th September, 1818.

To be Ensign without purchase,

Serjeant Major John Shipp from 24th Dragoons, vice Cox, promoted,—4th May, 1815.

89th Foot,

Lieutenant John Snow from the Half-pay of the 95th Foot, to be Lieutenant, vice James Malcolm Noble, who exchanges,—1st April, 1819.

By order of the Most Noble the Commander in Chief.

THOS. McMAHON, Col. A. G.

Head-Quarters, Calcutta; 19th October, 1819.

GENERAL ORDERS.

Captain Moore of His Majesty's 65th Foot, Brigade Major to the King's Troops at Bombay, having obtained permission to accompany

his corps on Service, Captain M. McNiell of the 11th Dragoons will take charge of the Brigade Major's Office during Captain Moore's absence, or until further orders.

By Order of the Most Noble the Commander in Chief.

THOS. McMAHON, Col. A. G.

Head-Quarters, Calcutta; 22d October, 1819

GENERAL ORDERS.

8th Light Dragoons. *11th ditto.* *24th Ft.* *87th ditto.* } The Volunteers from His Majesty's 21st Dragoons for the Regiments specified in the Margin, together with such other men now in Fort William, belonging to His Majesty's Regiments at the Upper Stations as are desired to join their corps, are to proceed by water to Cawnpore (those prevented by actual sickness excepted) as soon as boats can be procured for their transport, for which Major General Wood will be pleased to apply in the usual manner.

That part of the detail above referred to, for Meerut, will be forwarded from Cawnpore by Major General Sir Dyson Marshall.

14th Foot, Lieuts. Brannan and Fowler. } His Excellency the Commander in Chief is pleased to appoint the Officers named in the margin to proceed on duty with the above detachment.

Lieutenant Brannan will leave at Ghazeepore and Cawnpore, the details belonging to His Majesty's Regiments at those stations respectively—and he will be held responsible for the regularity of the Soldiers at the respective stations, and Bazars, conformably to the rules laid down in the 4th and 5th paragraphs of the General Orders of the 18th ultimo, (No. 1794.)

From the period of his, Lieutenant Brannan's, departure from Calcutta, until his arrival at Meerut, he will transmit a weekly statement to the Adjutant General of His Majesty's Forces, to whom he will report any material occurrences during his progress, for the Commander in Chief's information.

By Order of the Most Noble the Commander in Chief.

THOS. McMAHON, A. G.

Head-Quarters, Calcutta; 22d October, 1819,

GENERAL ORDERS.

The Most Noble the Commander in Chief in India is pleased to make the following appointment, until the pleasure of His Royal Highness the Prince Regent in the name and on the behalf of His Majesty shall be made known.

11th Light Dragoons

Lieutenant J. Tritton from the half pay of the 24th Dragoons to be Lieutenant, vice the Honorable J Law, who exchanges, receiving the difference.—22d October, 1819

By Order of the Most Noble the Commander in Chief.

THOS McMAHON,
Col. A. G.

Head-Quarters, Calcutta; 25th October, 1819

GENERAL ORDERS,

Lieutenant Boys and Tritton, both of H. M. 11th Dragoons, are directed to do duty and proceed by water with the details of His Majesty's Regiments under orders of embarkation, for the Upper Stations

Lieutenant Williams, 59th Regiment, will proceed in Command of

the above Detachment from Calcutta to Berhampore, where he will join his Corps, delivering over the charge to Lieutenant Brannan, 14th Foot, who will proceed up in Command of the same under the instructions announced in the General Orders of the 22d instant.

Lieutenant Fowler, of the 14th Foot, is relieved from the duty assigned him in General Orders of the 32d Instant, (No. 1841) and that Officer has permission to remain at the Presidency until the 24th of December next, on urgent private affairs,

Ensign Campbell of H. M. 24th Foot, is directed to join his Corps at Ghazepore.

Ensign Campbell of His Majesty's 53d Regiment (now at the Presidency) has permission to visit Patna on his private affairs, and to be absent on that account for four months, from this date.

By Order of the Most Noble the Commander in Chief.

THOS. McMAHON,

Col. A. G.

Head-Quarters, Calcutta ; 28th October 1819.

GENERAL ORDERS.

The ships Commodore Hays, and Plowden, having been appropriated by the Most Noble the Governor General in Council, to receive on board for conveyance to England His Majesty's 21st Dragoons, and Detachments of other Corps; His Excellency the Commander in Chief is pleased to issue the following Instructions.

On the day of embarkation from Fort William, Lieutenant Colonel Bates, Commanding the Regiment will be pleased to transmit Embarkation Returns in duplicate, to the Adjutant General, and Quarter Master General, of His Majesty's Forces in India respectively, agreeably to a form sent to the Lieut. Colonel.

With the Returns as above required for the Adjutant General's Department, Lieutenant Colonel Bates will forward a final Abstract numerical, but not a nominal Return of the men who have volunteered from the commencement, who have re-enlisted, and of those who have extended their services into other Corps, stating the Regiments of which they have made choice

Upon the arrival of the 21st Dragoons, in a British harbour, Lieutenant Colonel Bates will report to the Officer Commanding, and will also despatch a Return as soon as possible to the Adjutant General of the Forces, Horse Guards, in which any Casualties, or Alterations during the voyage are to be accounted for.

The Commander in Chief cannot issue this, his final Order, to the 21st Dragoons, without publishing to the King's Forces a just tribute to this Regiment, for its Orderly, and Soldier-Like conduct since its arrival in India, which behaviour has uniformly been maintained to the great credit of the Corps, as well as that of Lieutenant Colonel Bates, and the Officers in general

The Commander in Chief takes this opportunity of expressing his regret, that Public events have occasioned the removal of this Regiment from service in India, and of declaring his entire satisfaction respecting its Discipline, and Character, in every particular.

By Order of the Most Noble the Commander in Chief.

THOS. McMAHON,

Col. A. G.

GENERAL ORDERS BY THE MOST NOBLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL.

"Notice is hereby given, that the Royal or Chowringhee Gate of Fort William will be shut from the 2d proximo until further order, for the purpose of replacing one of the draw-bridges; during which period, Carriages will be permitted to pass into Garrison by the Circular Gate."

By Order of the Most Noble the Governor General,

C. T. HIGGINS,
Offg. Town-Major.

Town-Major's Office,
Fort William;
27th October, 1819.

FORT WILLIAM;

GENERAL DEPARTMENT, OCTOBER 27, 1819.

Notice is hereby given, that the Salaries and Allowances of the Civil and Marine Departments, for September last, will be discharged by the Sub-Treasurer and Marine Paymaster respectively, on or after Tuesday, the 16th Proximo.

Published by Order of His Excellency the Most Noble the Governor General in Council,

C. LUSHINGTON
Sec to the Govt

FORT WILLIAM;

MILITARY DEPARTMENT, OCTOBER 27, 1819.

Notice is hereby given, that the Batta and other Allowances for September, and Pay for October, 1819 of the Troops at the Presidency, and at the other Stations of the Army, including Benares, will be issued on or after Friday, the 12th Proximo

Published by Order of His Excellency the Mos Noble the Governor General in Council,

W. CASEMENT, Lieut. Col.
Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

NOVEMBER 1.

Letters from St. Helena mention the safe arrival there of the *Margaret*, Capt. ALLAN, and *David Scott*, Capt. HUNTER, from this Port, bound to London: the former succeeded on her voyage on the 8th July, and the latter on the 11th; and as the *David Scott* had a considerable number of passengers on board, it may be satisfactory to their friends to know that they are reported all well.—These Ships had rather a tedious passage, but met with no bad weather.

CORRESPONDENCE.

Secunderabad; June 26, 1819.

MY DEAR SIR,

We cannot permit you to quit the 2d Battalion 8th Regiment, without expressing how sensibly we have ever felt the kind, friendly, and cordial attentions we have received from you; and the long period (now nearly 5 years) we have been under your command, has given us a full opportunity of appreciating that conduct, which could alone have produced this expression of our sentiments. It is a slight testimony of our regard, and we trust, you will do us the favor to accept at our hands a Sword, which may put you in mind of the Officers of this Corps, and the feelings that have prompted them to offer it. We also anticipate, it will not be less valued, as coming from the first Corps you have commanded, as Lieutenant Colonel. We beg you will believe us with every sincere wish for your health and happiness,

My dear Sir,

Your's very faithfully,

(Signed) E. EDWARDS, Major.
H. DEGRAVES, Captain.
ROBERT FENWICK, Capt.
R. BOWER, Captain.
A. ROBERTS, Captain.
W. HUNTER, Captain.
A. E. SPICER, Lt. & Adjt.
R. SHEDDEN, Lieut.
F. FOSBERY, Lieut.
W. R. SILBY, Asst Sur.
W. C. CARUTHERS, Lieut.
GEORGE LEE, Lieut.
Capt. ROBERTS, for GEO. MURIEL, Lieut.

To Lieut.-Col. BOARDMAN,

&c. &c.

Secunderabad; June 26, 1819.

MY DEAR SIR,

The testimony of esteem I have just received from my Brother Officers of the 2d Battalion 8th Regiment, on my removal to another Corps, is truly grateful to my feelings; for altho' I did not require their handsome present of a Sword, to keep me in mind of the happy days I have passed

with them, I shall be delighted in wearing it as a proof of their friendship, and that duty and harmony have been so long happily combined among us.

Permit me, therefore, to beg, that you will accept yourself, and do me the favor to express the full sense I entertain of their goodness, and my sincerest wishes for their health, happiness, and prosperity.

Believe me,
My dear Sir,
Your's very sincerely,
(Signed) E. BOARDMAN.

To Major EDWARDS,
&c. &c.

We have the pleasure to state that the Government have resolved that the charge for Dawk Bearers to be provided by the Post Masters of the several Stations, including the Presidency, is in future to be fixed at eight annas a mile, all expences included. The charge hitherto has been twelve annas a mile, with an extra charge for oil and mussauls.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

CALCUTTA.

ARRIVALS AT KEDGEREE.

Oct.

24. Ship *Eliza*, captain B. S. Woodhead, from Persian Gulph 9th Aug. Bombay, Madras and Eskapally the 11th Oct.
28. American Ship *General Hamilton*, captain J. T. Tefft, from Rhode Island 24th April.
29. French Ship *Nancy*, captain Deselenx, from Bourdeaux 19th July.
— Ship *Catherine*, captain Thomas Howard, from Bencoolen 24th Aug. and Penang 3d Oct,
— Ship *Albion*, captain Weller, from London 3d June. and Madras.

OFF CALCUTTA.

(None)

DEPARTURES FROM CALCUTTA.

Oct.

25. Brig *Rebecca*, captain A. de Peyster, for Valparaiso.
26. Ship *Mermaid*, captain Harris, for China.

27. Ship *Lady Barlow*, captain W. Clark, for Bombay.
28. Ship *Commodore Hayes*, captain J. M. Ardlie, for England.
— Ship *Layton*, captain W. Morgan, for London.
— Ship *Laura*, captain R. L. Laws, for the Mauritius.
29. The *Eclipse*, captain Stewart, for Madras, Ceylon and London.

EXPECTED TO SAIL.
In a day or two.

The Brig *Adventure*, captain Robson, for Padang, Malacca and Batavia; the Schooner *Chicken*, captain Intveld, for Padang, and the Ship *Orion*, captain Skitter, for Penang and Singapore.

PASSED TO SEA.
During the week.

The *Lord Sidmouth*, and the Brig *Maria*.

PROGRESS OF VESSELS
At the following Stations on the 30th instant.

DIAMOND HARBOUR.

Remain.—The *Surry*, the *Catherine*, inward bound, *Baring*, *St. Thiago Maior*, (Portuguese,)
Passed down,—The *Mermaid*, *Layton*, *Laura*, and Brig *Rebecca*,
Passed up,—The *Nancy*, (French,)

KEDGEREE.

Passed up,—The *Albion*.

NEW ANCHORAGE.

Remain.—The H. C. Ships *Prince Charlotte of Wales*, *Marquis of Wellington*, *Thomas Grenville*, *Carnatic*, *Minerva* and *Rose*.

MADRAS.

ARRIVALS.—Oct. 1. Ship Tottenham, C. Davy, from Calcutta 16th September.
2. Brig Lucy, Captain T. W. Stunt, from Vizagapatam and Coringa 21th September.
3. Ship Albion, Captain Charles Weller, from London 3d June.
4. Brig Fanny, Captain J. B. Smith, from St Dennis 3d September.
— Schooner Black Joke, Captain W. Egan, from Eatamookoloo 2d October.
5. Ship Edward Strettell, Captain W. Balston, from Vizagapatam 18th and Masulipatam 30th September.
— Schooner Princess Charlotte, Capt. D. Frisbie, from Negapatam 30th September.
— Brig Wasp, Capt Pemberthey, from Calcutta 20th September.
8. Ship George Cruttenden, Capt. J. J. R. Bowman, from Covelong 7th October.
— Ship Amboyna, Capt D Wilson, from Covelong 8th October.

DEPARTURES.—Sept. 30. Brig Victoria M. Gonselves, for the Northern Ports
— Brig Latchemy, Charles Cunot, for Mauritius.
— Brig Williams Gautsen, for Pondichery.
— Ship William Miles, S Beadle, for Calcutta.
— Ship Isabella, J. Wallis, for London.
— Ship Geo Cruttenden, J. J. R Bowman, for Covelong.
Oct 2. Ship Aurora, P. Earl, for England.
— Ship Eliza B. S. Woodhead, for Calcutta.
— Ship Amboyna, D. Wilson, for Covelong.

3. Brig Anna Catherina, Barbett, for Trincomalee.
5. Schooner Princess Charlotte, D. Frisbie, for Tranquebar.
7. Ship Bengal Merchant, A. Brown, for Covelong.

BOMBAY.

ARRIVALS.—SEPT. 25. H. M. Ship Liverpool, F. A. Collier, Esq. C. B. Captain, from Mauritius the 8th Sept. 1819.
26. Ship Upton Castle, Capt. W. Howell, from London the 8th May and Isle of France, 3d Sept.
29. The H. C. Cruiser Prince of Wales Lieutenant G. Robson, from Surat.
OCTOBER 2.—Grab Snow Seton, Nacqudah Murle Hadajee, from Zanzibar.

Passengers per Liverpool.

Mrs. and Miss Notts.—Major Hull,—Capt. Sutherland.

Passenger per Upton Castle.

Mr. Richard Hitchings, free Merchant.

DEPARTURES.—OCTOBER 2. The H. C. Cruizer Antelope, Thos. Tanner, to the Coast of Kutch and Scind.
— The Armed Pattamar Durria Dowlatt, Syrang Shaick Hasson, to ditto.
— The Musquetoe, Syrang Bahadore, to ditto.
7. Ship Anne, captain Robert Dickie, to the Malabar Coast and Calcutta. Passengers: Mr. Jon. De Faria, Mr. Laudale and two children, Mr. Dardels.

Madras.

The *Isabella* sailed on Thursday, and the *Aurora* on Sunday, for England; the former proceeds to London, and the latter to Liverpool.

Passengers per Aurora, from Madras:—Miss Caroline Lewis; Capt. Mills; Capt. Keating, and Lieut. Cosberty. *From Bengal:*—Miss Hudgson; Miss Maria Dunn; J. E. Dawes, Esq. Col. Hudgson, H. C. service; Capt. Blake, H. M. 24th Regiment; Lieut. Home, H. M. 86th Regiment; Master James Lines.

The Ship *Edward Strettell* anchored in the Roads on Tuesday, from Vizagapatam.

Passengers:—Mrs. Ramley; Mrs. Ormsby; Mrs. Greig; Capt. Bowler, and Dr. Kippin.

The weather at the Presidency continues very mild, and the cool and fresh breezes from the Southward have rendered it particularly pleasant and agreeable.

The last Quarterly Session of Over and Terminer and General Goal Delivery for the present year commenced yesterday with the usual formalities before their Lordships—the Chief Justice and Mr. Justice Stanley.

The Ship *Pilot*, captain Owen, from Portsmouth the 25th of April last from Colombo reached the Roads yesterday.

Passengers: From the Cape, Mrs. Ducoat: Lieutenant Warre, Horse Artillery; Mr. J. Patterson, Assistant Surgeon 12th Bengal N. I. Mr. C. Ducoat, Assistant Surgeon; from Colombo, Lieutenant

Davis, H. M. 19th Regiment, Lieutenant Bisen, Royal Engineers; from England, Mr. G. K. Kuller, Cadet.

The *Providence*, captain Moor, has also arrived from Calcutta.

The Honorable Company's chartered Ship *Catherine*, captain Knox, sailed from the Roads for England, on Sunday. The names of the Passengers were given in our last Gazette.

The homeward-bound Ship *Prince Regent*, captain Richmond, proceeded on her voyage, on the same day with the *Catherine*.

The Ships *Elizabeth* and *Tottenham* are expected to sail immediately.

Passengers by the Elizabeth—The Baroness Kutzedleben, Mrs. George Anderson, Mrs. Major Lynch and Miss Lynch, Miss Hadwen, Surgeon Peppin, 24th N. I. captain Hadwen, 20th N. I. Lieutenant A. Campbell, H. M. 46th in charge of Invalids.—Children; Gertude Wettesley de Kutzleben, Mary George Letitia Susan Smith, and an infant child of Mrs. George Anderson's.

By the Tottenham.—captain J. Hakett of the 6th Regiment Native Infantry.

The *Blenheim* has not yet reached the Roads; she passed to Sea from Saugor on the 23d ultimo.

Since the foregoing was prepared for the Press, the Blenheim has arrived

The Bengal Merchant, returned to the Roads on Tuesday from Coxelong, and sails immediately for Calcutta On this ship M Le Baron de Richemont, De Bassayns and Family, embark for Bengal.

Some Vessels employed in the Slave Trade, had been captured by His Majesty's Ships off the Isle of France, condemned and sold.

His Majesty's Ship Liverpool arrived at Bombay on the 25th ultimo, after a passage of sixteen days from the Isle of France.

The Upton Castle from England the 8th of May, last from the Isle of France, has also reached Bombay.

The Flag Staff of Fort St. George, will be struck to-morrow, according to annual custom: in preparation for the stormy weather expected after the middle of this month. The wind has been from the Northward these two or three days past, attended by fine and comparatively cool weather.

A smart shock of an Earthquake is stated to have been felt at Wallajabad between 10 and 11 o'clock at night, on the 26 instant.

A meeting of the Madras Literary Society took place at the College Hall on Saturday, when the following Gentlemen were balloted for, and elected Members of the Society.

Francis Fauquar, Esq.	G W. Saunders, Esq.
Captain Elliott,	E Woodcock, Esq.
Captain J. W. Wood,	Major Jones,
R. Eden, Esq.	J B Pybus, Esq.
E. Uhthoff, Esq.	R Stuart, Esq,
J. F. Lone, Esq.	T Higginson, Esq,
J. F Thomas Esq.	Dr. Mitchell,
W Mackenzie, Esq.	and
R. Andrews Esq.	Dr Irving.

Some valuable additions have been made to the Library of the Society; and the Funds are considered to be in a flourishing state. A Letter was read from the Secretary to the Bombay Literary Society, conveying the following Resolution.

"That any Member of the Literary Society of Madras who may occasionally be at Bombay, shall have free access to the Library."

John de Fries, Esq. presented the Society with a valuable copy of the "Antiquites D'Herculanum" in 12 volumes, for which the donor received the unanimous Thanks of the Meeting.

J. H. Heath, Esq. has presented to the Society, a considerable number of minerals, collected in the Southern parts of the Peninsula. Dr. Voysa, attached to Colonel Lambton's Survey, has also sent some minerals found in the Country between Nellore and Hyderabad.

A bequest was made to the Society of a Manuscript Tamil Grammar from the late Lieutenant C. C. Nattes of the Engineers; transmitted by the Executor the Honorable Arthur Cole

R. A Maitland, Esq. was chosen a Member of the Managing Committee in the room of the Late Reverend. Archdeacon Mousley.

Bombay

We regret to learn that letters from Kattiwar of the 17th ultimo, state that the disease, resembling the plague in its symptoms and fatal effects which we mention in our paper of the 29th May, as having appeared at Phœdra, has broken out with increased virulence at Limree and Dundooka. The number of fatal cases had been very considerable, and so great alarm had been caused by this awful visitation, that the inhabitants were quitting the country, leaving these two Purgunnahs, in a state of comparative depopulation. The progress of the disease, it is said, can be distinctly traced as gradually proceeding Eastward.

It appears from authentic statements that the number of cases, in which medical assistance has been afforded to persons attacked with the Epidemic Cholera on the islands of Bombay and Coolabah, between the 15th Aug. 1818 and the 31st Aug. 1819 viz a period of 1 year and 15 days, amounts to no less than 24,227; of which 1150 have proved fatal, being in the proportion of nearly six in every hundred.

These statements relate to cases in which medicine has been administered by the members of the profession, or their assistants, and it is probable that some may not have been cases of the real Epidemic cholera, but on the other hand they do not include any in which assistance has been rendered by private individuals on the system recommended. The lowest calculation, therefore, that can be admitted, will make the number of cases of the epidemic administered to, exceed 20,000; and when it is considered that almost the whole of these would have proved fatal if they had been left to themselves, some idea may be formed of the great benefit derived from the liberal and extensive measures which this Government ordered to be carried into effect; and of the active zeal, skill, and humane attention of the members of the profession.

On Thursday the 23d Sept. Major Lushington C. B. and the officers of the 4th regiment Madras cavalry, gave a grand dinner at Poona, to the Honorable Mr. Elphinstone, in commemoration of the battle of Assaye, in which that corps bore a distinguished part. The entertainment was given in a suite of tents tastefully fitted up and ornamented for the occasion. The transparencies at the top and bottom of the table, were extremely well executed and much admired; the one, an elephant surrounded with a wreath of laurel with the words "Wellington" and "Assaye" in English and Persian characters; the other, a highly emblazoned coat of arms, the supporters two Native troopers in full uniform with the motto "Spectemur Agendo Mahidpore." The Standards of the regiment, bearing the "Elephant," the badge of distinction awarded those corps who were engaged on that memorable day were conspicuously displayed about the centre of the table, and immediately behind Mr. Elphinstone's and the President's chairs.

The company, in number upwards of fifty, sat down to dinner precisely at half past 7 o'clock, and found every delicacy of the season in profusion, and the wines and liquors of excellent quality. On the cloth being withdrawn, the following toasts were given.

The King.
The Prince Regent.
Duke of Clarence and the Navy.
Duke of York and the Army.
The Honorable East India Company.
To the Memory of those brave Men who fell in the service of their country in the glorious battle of Assaye. (*Bumper.*) *Standing and in silence.*
Tune, Peace to the Souls of the Heroes.
Field Marshal the Duke of Wellington. (*Bumper*, 3 *times* 3.)
Tune, Wellington's March.
Band Marching round the table.

Previously to giving this toast, Major Lushington rose and spoke as follows.

GENTLEMEN,

In proposing to you the health of that illustrious nobleman and consummate general Field Marshal the Duke of Wellington, I can be under no apprehension but that the toast will be drank with enthusiasm.

Presumptuous as must appear the attempt, and convinced as I am, how inadequate any language of mine is to do justice to His Grace's splendid achievements and transcendent merit; yet I cannot refrain from addressing a few words to you on this occasion.

Amidst the multitude and grandeur of his victories in Europe, the lustre of that the Noble Duke gained at Assaye, may appear to be somewhat obscured; but in India it stands unrivalled, and must ever shine with undiminished splendor. It was here that the qualities which distinguish a great commander first burst forth eminently conspicuous. Under the discouraging circumstance of being separated from half his army, undismayed by the overwhelming force opposed to him, with a decision that mark-

ed the energy of his character, and a confidence in the bravery of his troops which their subsequent conduct fully justified, he rather sought, than declined a contest which ordinary minds would have shrunk from, or a less enterprizing genius than his own never have undertaken.

After a hard fought perilous day, the victory was his; a victory never to be forgotten by those who participated in its glory; and I may venture to say, almost equally well remembered by the conquered, but with very different feelings. The lesson the Duke of Wellington taught Scindia on this memorable day seems to have been well engrafted on his memory, and as we cannot, I think, attribute to any friendly disposition towards us, his forbearing to take a direct hostile part against us during the late successful campaign against the Marhatta confederates, we may reasonably conclude, that amongst other good causes, the weight and strength of the arguments urged by his Grace at Assaye, had their due share in assisting his councils.

Since the noble Wellington left us, what a career of glory he has run. For me to trace his path, or delineate his actions is impossible; nor indeed could I say any thing to heighten the admiration you all must long have left for one, who has rendered such important benefits not only to his own country, but to the world.

In addition to this admiration, those who have had the happiness of serving under him, have personal feelings towards him of a most gratifying nature. He ever was the idol of those under his command, for while he exacted the strictest performance of duty, he was kind and considerate in his manner, just and impartial in his decisions. Can we wonder then, that he gained every heart from the highest to the lowest? The Commanding Officer and the Sepoy, equally venerate the name of Wellesley, and to the honor, and respect due to him as the hero of his country, is added the affectionate esteem of all who are acquainted with his virtues.

The Marquis of Hastings and the Bengal Army. (*Bumper, 3 times 3.*) On this toast being drank, Captain Kennedy of the 6th Bengal Cavalry, returned thanks in a very neat and appropriate speech.

Sir Thomas Hislop and the Madras Army (*Bumper, 3 times 3.*)

General Baillie and the Bombay Army. (*Bumper, 3 times 3*)

The next toast was—

"The Honorable Mountstuart Elphinstone," (*Bumper, 3 times 3.*)

Tune, Garb of Old Gaul.

Band marching round the table.

and which was thus introduced by Major Lushington:—

GENTLEMEN,

Before I submit the next toast to you, it is necessary I should ask your permission to hear me for a few moments, for I am well aware, the instant you know it, you will be all anxiety to do it justice. It is the health of the Honorable Mounstuart Elphinstone we are about to drink.

From the animation pervading every countenance at the mention of this name, I perceive it is not an ungrateful task I have

imposed upon you, and I confess it is with peculiar satisfaction that I find myself the proposer of what so evidently meets your wishes.

It may be well supposed, commemorating the battle of Assaye must be a pleasing occupation; yet how greatly is the pleasure increased, by having on my right hand the companion of the noble Wellington in that arduous struggle. Yes, on this very day, Thursday 23d September, 16 years ago, a specimen was afforded to our honored guest, what British troops could do, and the recollection of their steadiness and bravery on that eventful day, must have dissipated all vain fears and doubts, if any such ever existed in his mind, as to the result of the perfidious attack of Bajee Row, on the small force under the gallant Colonel Burr at Kirkee on the [illegible] November, 1817, where the character of the Bombay army was nobly upheld under circumstances of a very trying description.

Though not bred to arms, Mr. Elphinstone is a good soldier: He deserves that honorable appellation from the service he has seen, and from his gallantry in action; and I am confident you all feel towards him, as you do towards those of our own profession, who, from their distinguished conduct in the field, have established claims to our particular regard.

Gentlemen, I will not anticipate the expression of the general esteem in which Mr. Elphinstone is held by society, as in a few days hence, that feeling will be most unequivocally manifested; but I cannot let the opportunity pass, for it may be long before it again occurs, of assuring him on the part of myself and brother officers in the 4th regiment, that wherever we go, we shall bear with us, a lively and grateful recollection of his uniform kindness and hospitality, and that he will ever possess our warmest wishes for his health, happiness and prosperity.

Mr. Elphinstone.—I beg leave to return my warmest thanks for the honor you have done me, and particularly for the flattering manner in which our gallant host has associated my name with the immortal Wellington's. You must permit me, Gentlemen, to give you a bumper toast. The merits and services of the 4th Light Cavalry, are too well known to need any eulogium from me, and particularly its conduct on the glorious day we are commemorating, was most distinguished and greatly contributed to the successful issue of the contest.

Major Lushington and the 4th Light Cavalry. (*Bumper, 3 times 3.*)

Major Lushington.

GENTLEMEN,

Were I able to express my feelings, I should not be at a loss for terms to offer my thanks, for the very kind manner in which you have drank our healths, but it unfortunately happens, that the greater the demand for acknowledgements, from the warmth and sincerity of your good wishes, the less capable I find myself of making them to you in the way I could wish. I entreat you, however, to believe, that we feel your kindness most deeply, and thank you most sincerely for the honor you have done us, and which, permit me to say, has been doubly

grateful to us from the medium thro' which it has been conveyed, and the very flattering manner the toast was introduced to your notice.

Sir William Grant Keir and success to the Expedition under his command. (*Bumper*, 3 *times* 3.)

Colonel Cox and the troops at Poona. (*Bumper*, 3 *times* 3)

Colonel Cox:—I have to return my thanks for the honor done me, and I cannot but take this opportunity of expressing my regret, that we are so soon to lose the 4th Light Cavalry, who have contributed so much to enliven our society since they have been among us. May honor and glory attend them, wherever they go.

"The Healths of those Officers at table who were present at the battle of Assaye." (*Bumper*, 3 *times* 3.) Majors McLeod, Ford and Captain Pain.

Major McLeod returned thanks in a very feeling manner in the following terms. I return you my sincere thanks for the honor you have done me. I consider it as the proudest moment of my life, my having had the good fortune to contribute my mite towards the celebrated victory gained by the Duke of Wellington on this day. He who was so beloved that there was not one under his command, who would not have gladly laid down his life to encrease his fame! He, who has since raised the character of the British army to a pinnacle of glory its warmest admirers, never could have conceived or hoped for, and held it up an example of heroic valor to the gaze of an admiring world.

Numerous other toasts were given, and many excellent songs were sung during the night; one very appropriate and humorous, hastily written for the occasion, and given with great spirit, by Captain Pain of the 4th Light Cavalry, and of which we have been kindly favored with a copy.

1st

In 1803 as many here know
The 23d of September, sixteen years ago,
The Mahrattahs drew up a most numerous force,
To mow us all down with their guns, foot and horse,
Fal de rol &c.

2d

They opened their fire in most capital style,
Thinking they were so snug; and secure all the while,
But when we got at them, 'twas another thing quite,
For we captured their park, and their line put to flight.
Fal de rol &c.

3d

Long life to brave Arthur who led us that day,
The gem of whose laurels, sprung forth at Assaye,
Since that they have flourished in Europe full well,
As the great Buonaparte can very well tell.
Fal de rol &c.

4th

He trashed him in Portugal, Spain and in France,
And made all his troops o'er the Pyrennees dance,
At Bayonne, he tipt 'em the bayonet too,
And crown'd all his laurels at grand Waterloo.
Fal de rol &c.

5th

With your leave my good friends I will finish my song;
Nor fear you should think it is rather too long,
A toast I will give and with me you must say
"May we never forget the famed field of Assaye."

Fal de rol &c.

A toast also given by Captain Palin,

"The Helmets and Leather Breeches of the three presidencies" was greeted with the most vociferous applauses.

The Honorable Mr. Elphinstone retired about half past one, when his health was again drank with that enthusiastic applause which proceeds from the heart. Many jovial souls remained to keep up the conviviality of the meeting for several hours, and when the party at length broke up, every one departed highly pleased with the entertainment given them.

Camp at Bhooj, 11th Sept., 1819.

MR. EDITOR.

SIR,

I make no apology for offering you the enclosed, as I have no doubt it will afford you much satisfaction, to make more generally known, the humane exertions of an individual; Capt. GRANT is in a retired part of the Country, in Kattiwar, where Europeans are little known, or seldom seen; but where our character must stand high if his benevolent disposition is duly appreciated.

A SUBSCRIBER.

Tellen near Diu, 1st August. 1819.

I had the pleasure to receive yours of the 28th of June, and am sorry to learn so much loss has been sustained by the Earth-quake, in your paper; we have had frequent returns of it here, but very mild since the first severe shock. We have also been visited by that dreadful disease the holera Morbus, and lost about fifty persons in Kewrinur. I gave medicine to about three hundred, out of which thirty died, but their deaths did not arise from any inefficiency of the medicine. They had been attacked six and eight hours before I saw them, and the medicine had hardly time to operate before they died. I found Laudanum and Brandy of great use, in cases of severe spasm, and sometimes in purging without vomiting; in others, with severe vomiting and purging, the Calomel, Laudanum and Peppermint appeared to answer best. Ginger, Garlic and Mustard beaten into powder, and rubbed over the body and extremities, had always a good effect in restoring heat and circulation. I generally gave a purge of Rhubarb and Calomel after the disease had subsided, which answered well; however, I was often obliged to give cordials for some days after the attack, in consequence of the great debility that succeeded severe fits of the disease. My medicine is all expended, and thank God the disease has considerably abated.

Yours, &c. &c.
G. GRANT.

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MILITARY.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE MOST NOBLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM; 16TH OCTOBER 1819.

The Most Noble the Governor General in Council is pleased to make the following Promotion and Appointments:

2D REGIMENT OF LIGHT CAVALRY.

Lieutenant Charles James Augustus Dashwood to be captain, from the 27th September 1819, vice Borlase, deceased.

Assistant Surgeon C. Pears, M. D., to perform the Medical duties at the civil Station of Banda, vice Cathcart.

Assistant Surgeon Poynetz Stewart, M. D. to perform the Medical duties at the civil Station of Midnapore, vice Adamson, promoted.

Assistant Surgeon Jonathan Fallowfield, to perform the Medical duties at the civil station of Allyghur, vice Joseph Adams.

His Lordship in Council was pleased, in the Political Department, under date the 9th instant, to appoint Lieutenant Charles Rogers, of the 5th Regiment of Native Infantry, to command the Escort of the Resident at Catmandhoo.

Mr. Joseph Leeson, having produced satisfactory testimonials of the several qualifications required by the Honourable the Court of Directors in the 8th Paragraph of their General Letter in the Military Department, under date the 25th of May 1819, and published in General Orders of the 2d instant, is admitted to the service accordingly, and promoted to the rank of Ensign, leaving the date of his commission to be adjusted hereafter.

Mr. James Hutchinson, having produced a counterpart covenant of his appointment as an Assistant Surgeon on this Establishment, is admitted to the service accordingly.

Lieutenant John Cheape of the corps of Engineers, having furnished the prescribed Certificate from the Medical Department, and an engagement on the part of his agents, Messrs. Mackintosh and Co. of Calcutta, to be answerable for any demands that may be brought against him by Government, in lieu of the usual Pay Certificate, is permitted to proceed to Europe on Furlough, on account of his health.

Ensign Henry Vigo Cary of the Honourable Company's European Regiment, having furnished the prescribed Certificates from the Medical and Pay Departments, is permitted to proceed to Europe on Furlough, for the benefit of his health.

Lieutenant John Brandon of the 23d Regiment of Native Infantry, having furnished the prescribed Certificate from the Pay Department, is permitted to proceed to Europe on Furlough on account of his private affairs.

Lieutenant John Marshall of the 26th Regiment of Native Infantry having furnished the prescribed Certificates from the Medical and Pay Departments, is permitted to make a voyage to Sea for the benefit of his health, and to be absent from Bengal on that account for Ten Months, from the date of the departure of the Ship on which he may embark.

Lieutenant Colonel W. D. H. Knox of the 3d Regiment of Light Cavalry, having furnished a further Medical Certificate, the leave of absence granted to him in General Orders of the 10th of October 1818, is extended for Eight Months, from the 20th of August last, on the same account.

Captain E. B. Higgins of the 25th Regiment of Native Infantry, having furnished a Medical Certificate, the extension of the leave of absence granted to him in General Orders of the 31st of July last, is further prolonged for Six Months, from the 20th of September 1819, on the same account.

Captain George Cunningham of the 7th Regiment of Native Infantry having forwarded a Medical Certificate from the Cape of Good Hope, is permitted to proceed to Europe on Furlough, for the benefit of his health.

The Furlough granted to Captain Cunningham is, with reference to the Furlough Regulations of the Service, to commence from the date on which he proceeded from the Cape of Good Hope to England on the ship Ajax; but, inadvertence to the Act of Parliament which limits the period of absence from India of Officers of the Honorable Company's Service, that Officer's Furlough will be considered to have effect from the 9th January 1818, the date of the sailing of the ship Surrey, on which he embarked from Bengal.

His Lordship in Council was pleased, in the General Department, under date the 20th of August last, and with the consent of His Excellency the Commander in Chief, to authorize the Superintendent of the Botanic Garden to employ George Porter, of the Regiment of Artillery, as an Overseer in that Garden.

W. CASEMENT, Lieut.-Col.

Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE MOST NOBLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM; 23d OCTOBER, 1819.

The Governor General in Council is pleased to make the following temporary Appointment.

Surgeon Alexander Russell to be a Superintending Surgeon, for the duties of Berampore, and the out Stations and Post, dependent on the Presidency Division.

Government was pleased in the General Department, under date the 15th instant, to sanction the selection of Assistant Surgeon G. Kennedy, for the discharge of the Medical duties of the Native Hospital at Patna, in the room of Mr. Fyffer, removed.

The following Promotion and Adjustment of rank are also made by His Lordship in Council.

Ordnance Commissariat.

Sub-Conductor William Gibson to be Conductor from the 1st October 1819, in the room of Ralph Sault whose promotion does not take effect.

Conductor Thomas O'Brien, who was promoted in General Order of the 16th instant, is to Rank from the 24th of July 1819.

Mr. Edward Saunders Armigel Wand Wade Wade having produced a Certificate of his Appointment as Cadet of Artillery on this Establishment, is admitted to the service accordingly, and promoted to the rank of second Lieutenant, leaving the date of his commission to be adjusted hereafter.

Lieutenant Colonel Clements Brown of Artillery, Agent for Gun Carriages at Futty Ghur, having furnished a Medical Certificate, is permitted to be absent from his duty for three months, on account of his health, with leave to visit the Presidency.

Captain Crotter of the 13th Regiment Native Infantry, having forwarded a Medical Certificate, the leave of absence granted to him in General Orders of the 6th of January last, to proceed to Sea for the benefit of his health, is extended for a period of six Months on the same account, beyond the term therein specified.

The Posts of Sabathoo and Devrah in the Dhoon, are attached to the 12th Division of the Barrack Department, with a Native Agent at each, under the Barrack Master, on the prescribed rates of Pay.

W. CASEMENT, Lieut.-Col.

Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept

GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE MOST NOBLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM: 23d OCTOBER, 1819.

The undermentioned Gentlemen, having produced Certificates of their Appointment as Cadets of Infantry on this Establishment, are admitted to the service accordingly, and promoted to the Rank of Ensign, leaving the dates of their commission to be adjusted hereafter.

Infantry.

Mr. William Ellis.

Mr. James Brooke.

Major Charles John Rose of the 4th Regiment of Light Cavalry, has been permitted by the Honorable the Court of Directors to return to his duty on this Establishment, without prejudice to his Rank.

Mr. Gilman, 2d Member of the Medical Board, is permitted to be absent from the Presidency for four months from the 1st Proximo, on urgent private affairs.

His Lordship in Council is pleased to make the following Appointments in the subordinate branch of the Medical Department.

Mr. Henry Hayden Hancock to be an Apothecary, consequent to the Resignation of Mr. David Michael on the 9th Instant.

Messrs. Gilham Webb and J. Hughes to be Assistant Apothecaries, in part of the number authorized by General Orders of the 21st of August last.

W. CASEMENT, Lieut. Col.

Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept

GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE MOST NOBLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM, 23RD OCTOBER, 1819

The object for which the Telegraph Committee was originally established, having been satisfactorily fulfilled, and no further duty remaining for them to perform, that Committee on sending in its accounts, is to be considered as dissolved.

The Appointment of Secretary and Accountant to the Committee, and all other Situations held by Individuals, under the temporary arrangements heretofore existing, are severally abolished, and all allowances granted on that account are to cease from and after the 1st Proximo.

The Most Noble the Governor General in Council having been pleased to sanction an extension of the Telegraphic experiment, by the permanent construction of a line of Posts to be established between Fort William and Chunar, the following arrangements consequent on that measure, are published in General Orders.

Major George Swiney of the 2d Battalion of Artillery, is appointed Superintendent and Director of Telegraphic Communication, and is to be stationed at Fort William. This Officer is placed in immediate Correspondence with Government. He is to be the Channel of all Reports and Orders regarding Telegraphic notices. He is charged with the functions attendant on the accounts and payment of that Department; and in addition to the General Control of the whole line of Communication, he is to have immediate Charge of the several Posts included within the Eastern Division, extending from Fort William to the Banks of the Soane.

Lieutenant C. T. G. Weston 11th Native Infantry, is appointed Sub Director of Telegraphic Communication, and is to be stationed at the extremity of the western part of the line, at Chunar; He is charged with the immediate care of all Posts situated between that Garrison and the River Soane, and is placed under the Orders of the Superintendent.

The following Allowances and Office Establishment are granted to these Officers respectively.

To the Superintendent and Director.

	Sa Rs.
Staff Allowance, With the Pay, full Batta, Gratuity and Centage of His Regimental Rank	400
Office Establishment.	
1 Head Writer	60
1 Index ditto	40
2 Writers at 20 each	40
4 Pay Sircars, at 8 each	32
4 Harkarras at 5 each	20
Total Sicca Rupees	592

To the Sub-Director.

	Sa Rs.
Staff Allowance	200
Office Establishment.	
1 Writer	40
2 Pay Sircars, at 8 each	16
2 Harkarras at 5 ditto	10
Total Sicca Rupees	266

The Superintendent will place himself in immediate Communication with the Military Board, on the subject of Constructing the Buildings, necessary to establish the Line of permanent Posts now authorized.

The following Establishment is allowed for each of the 48 Posts forming that Line, viz.

	Sonat. Rs. Monthly Pay
1 Tindal	7
2 Lascars at 5 each	10
3 do. 4 do.	8
Total for each Post	Rs. 25

One Head Tindal on an allowance of 8 Sonat Rupees Pay per Mensem, is authorized at every 31 Posts, and a Section Inspector, and one European Overseer upon a Salary of 100 Rupees per Month, to assist the Superintendent in the general duties of the Line between Fort William and the Soane.

The Pay of the Establishment at Posts respectively will be distributed Monthly as heretofore by the Superintendent,—who will receive such advances from the Accountant General, as may be necessary, and being duly debited for the same, will obtain Credit for his Monthly Bills, which are to be attested in the usual manner, all other Disbursements of a Contingent nature authorized by Government, being charged for in Contingent Bills and verified on oath.

W. CASEMENT, *Lieut. Col.*

Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE MOST NOBLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM; 23RD OCTOBER, 1819.

The Governor General in Council is pleased to make the following Promotions and adjustment of Rank

Brevet Colonel and Lieutenant Colonel Littelus Burrell to be Colonel of a Regiment from the 10th May, 1819, vice Fales, deceased.

Senior Major Joseph James Alldin to be Lieutenant Colonel, vice Burrell, promoted, with rank from the 1st August, 1819, in succession to Weston, deceased.

24th Regiment Native Infantry.

Captain William Hedley to be Major from the 1st August, 1819, vice Alldin, promoted.

Brevet Captain and Lieutenant Robert Wiedenhall Pagson to be captain of a Company from the 15th September, 1819, vice MacPherson, deceased.

ADJUSTMENT OF RANK.

Infantry.

Lieutenant Colonel Robert Patton to rank from the 10th May, 1819, vice Burrell.

Lieutenant Colonel W. H. Perkins to rank from the 1st July, 1819, vice Francis.

5th Regiment Native Infantry.

Major H. Huthwaite to rank from the 10th May, 1819, vice Patton, promoted.

29th Regiment Native Infantry.

Major J. Delamain to rank from the 1st July, 1819, vice Perkins, promoted.

Captain H. Morrison to rank from the same date, vice Delamain, promoted.

His Lordship in Council is pleased to direct that, the provision contained in General Orders of the 26th of November 1812, authorizing an additional Writer at Sonat Rupees (30) thirty per mensem, for each of the Majors of Brigade then on the Establishment, be made applicable to the Officer holding that Situation to the Troops in Oude.

The new Barrack arrangements rendering it expedient to separate the situation of the Barrack and Key Serjeants at Chunar, which have hitherto been united in one person, the latter appointment is to be considered as a distinct and separate duty in future, with the same Salary of Sonat Rupees (20) Twenty per mensem as is allowed by the regulations to the Key Serjeants at Allahabad, Agra and other Fortresses.

W. CASEMENT, Lieut. Col.

Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE MOST NOBLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM; 26TH OCTOBER, 1819.

The Transport Ship Commodore Hayes having been reported in readiness to receive His Majesty's 21st Regiment of Light Dragoons; His Excellency the Commander in Chief is requested to issue the necessary orders, for the embarkation of that Corps to-morrow morning, with exception to the Detachment in charge of Lieutenant Newton, which will hereafter embark for England on the Mellish, alias Chirnely Plowden, and such Officers as have been permitted by Government to provide their own Passages.

W. CASEMENT, Lieut. Col.

Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE MOST NOBLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM; 26TH OCTOBER, 1819.

Compensation in lieu of Clothing for the year 1818, is authorized for the 2d and 3d Battalions of Ceylon Volunteers returned to Bengal, and will be drawn for and paid to the Native Commissioned, Non-Commissioned Officers and Sepoys, with their other arrears, on the dissolution of those Corps.

His Lordship in Council directs that all claims and Accounts of the Volunteer Corps in question, be settled before the Detachments composing them are dispersed.

W. CASEMENT, Lieut. Col.

Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE MOST NOBLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM; 27th OCTOBER, 1819.

The Batta and other Allowances for September, and Pay for October, 1819, of the Troops at the Presidency, and at the other Stations of the Army, including Benares, will be issued on or after Friday, the 12th Proximo.

W. CASEMENT, Lieut. Col.
Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

Head Quarters; Calcutta; 28th October, 1819.

GENERAL ORDER.

At a General Court Martial assembled at Bombay on the 16th day of August, 1819, and continued by adjournments until the 23d day of August of the same year, Lieutenant John R. Stepney of H. M. 65th Regiment was arraigned upon the undermentioned Charges, viz.

Charge 1st.—"In having formally accused, before the Officers of H M. 65th Regiment, after dinner at the Public Mess Table, on the evening of the 3d August, 1819, an Officer of the Regiment, of Falsehood, he Lieutenant Stepney having subsequently avowed, that Captain William Hinde, his Senior Officer in the Regiment, was the person then meant by him;—such conduct being calculated, and evidently intended to provoke Captain Hinde to a Challenge, prejudicial to good order, and a high and gross breach of Military discipline."

Charge 2d.—"In obstinately persisting in not recalling the injurious aspersions against the character of Captain Hinde, after that Officer had endeavoured to set him right in his misconception of the conversation which had given rise to these aspersions."

Upon which Charges, the Court came to the following decision.

Sentence.—"The Court having maturely weighed and considered all that has been adduced in support of the prosecution, as well as what the Prisoner has brought forward on his defence, are of opinion that the Prisoner, Lieutenant J. R. Stepney, is Guilty of the 1st Charge preferred against him to the following extent of having accused before the Officer of H. M. 56th Regiment after dinner at the Public Mess Table on the evening of the 3d August 1819 an Officer of the Regiment, of Falsehood, he, Lieutenant Stepney having subsequently avowed that captain William Hinde, his Senior Officer in the Regiment, was the person then meant by him;—such conduct being calculated, but not intended, to provoke to a Challenge, a breach of Military discipline; but they do acquit the prisoner of all and every other part of the 1st Charge. The Court is further of opinion that the Prisoner Lieutenant J. R. Stepney is guilty of all and every part of the 2d Charge preferred against him.

"The Court having found the Prisoner guilty to the above extent, do therefore sentence him, Lieutenant J. R. Stepney, to be reprimanded in such manner as the Commanding Officer of the Forces may think proper."

Which Sentence was approved and confirmed by Major General Bailie, commanding the forces at Bombay, and upon which occasion the Major General deemed it expedient to make the following observations.

"In carrying the Sentence of the General Court Martial into effect on Lieutenant Stepney, the Commanding Officer of the Forces is induced to express his disapprobation of his conduct in less pointed terms, from observing the sentiments which that Officer entertains,

on his defence, regarding the impropriety of the measures he resorted to, in bringing forward the circumstance before the Mess, which led to the present investigation; and under this impression, he simply admonishes Lieutenant Stepney to be more guarded in future, in regulating his conduct on principles more consistent with Military discipline, and particularly on occasions where the advice of his superior and Commanding Officer is given on clear and impartial grounds; for had it not been obstinately disregarded, the trouble of this trial would have been avoided."

"Lieutenant Stepney is released from his arrest, and is to return to his duty."

The Most Noble the Commander in Chief directs, that the foregoing order be entered in the General Order Book, and read at the Head of every Regiment in his Majesty's service in India.

By Order of the Most Noble the Commander in Chief.

THOS. McMAHON, *Col. A. G.*

Head Quarters, Calcutta; 28th October, 1819.

GENERAL ORDER.

At a General Court Martial assembled at Bombay on the 16th day of August, 1819, and continued by adjournments until the 1st day of September of the same year, the undermentioned Officers of H. M. 65th Regiment, were arraigned upon the following charge.

Lieutenant Francis Strangeways, of His Majesty's 65th Regiment, placed in arrest on complaint of Captain Hinde, on the following charge, viz

"In having supported Lieutenant Stepney when he formally accused (before the Officers of H. M. 65th Regiment, after dinner at the Public Mess Table on the evening of the 3d August, 1819,) an Officer of the Regiment, of Falsehood, he Lieutenant Stepney, having subsequently avowed that the Officer then meant by him was Captain William Hinde, by repeating the words, false, downright false, or words to that effect."

Lieutenant William Booth of H. M. 65th Regiment, placed in arrest on complaint of Captain Hinde, on the following charge, viz.

"In having supported Lieutenant Stepney when he formally accused before the Officers of H. M. 65th Regiment, after dinner at the Public Mess Table, on the evening of the 3d August, 1819, an Officer of the Regiment, of Falsehood, he Lieutenant Stepney, having subsequently avowed that the Officer then meant by him was Captain William Hinde, by repeating the words, false, downright false, or words to that effect."

Lieutenant William D'Acre of H. M. 65th Regiment, placed in arrest on complaint of Captain Hinde, on the following charge, viz.

"In having supported Lieutenant Stepney when he formally accused before the Officers of H. M. 65th Regiment, after dinner, at the Public Mess Table, on the evening of the 3d August, 1819, an Officer of the Regiment, of Falsehood, he Lieutenant Stepney, having subsequently avowed that the Officer then meant by him was Captain William Hinde, by repeating the words, false, downright false, or words to that effect."

Ensign A. O'Donnell, H. M. 65th Regiment, placed in arrest on complaint of Captain Hinde, on the following charge, viz.

"In having supported Lieutenant Stepney when he formally [illegible] before the Officers of H. M. 65th Regiment, after dinner at the Public Mess Table, on the evening of the 3d August, 1819, an Officer of the Regiment, of Falsehood, he Lieutenant Stepney, having subsequently avowed that the Officer then meant by him was Captain William Hinde, by repeating the words, false, downright false, or words to that effect."

Sentence.—"The Court having maturely weighed and considered all that has been adduced in support of the Prosecution, as well as what all and each of the Prisoners have brought forward on their defence, are of opinion, that the Prisoner, Lieutenant F. Strangeways, is not guilty of the charge preferred against him, and they do therefore acquit him of the same."

"The Court are further of opinion, that the Prisoners, Lieutenant W Booth, Lieutenant W. D'Acre, and Ensign A. O'Donnell, are guilty of the charge preferred against them, but they do not consider that their conduct in this instance proceeded from any combined or preconcerted plan, and they do therefore sentence them to be reprimanded by the Commanding Officer of their Regiment, in presence of all the Officers of the Regiment.

Which sentence was approved and confirmed by Major General Baillie, Commanding the Forces at Bombay.

The Commanding Officer of the Forces directs, that the Sentence be carried into effect on the Parade of His Majesty's 65th Regiment, by the Commanding Officer, Major Warren, to-morrow morning and that Lieutenants Strangeways, Booth, D'Acre, and Ensign O'Donnell, be released from arrest, and return to their duty."

The Most Noble the Commander in Chief directs, that the foregoing Order be entered in the General Order Book, and read at the head of every Regiment in His Majesty's Service in India.

By Order of the Most Noble the Commander in Chief.

THOS. McMAHON, *Col. A. G.*

Head Quarters, Calcutta; 26th October, 1819.

GENERAL ORDER.

The Most Noble the Commander in Chief in India, is pleased to make the following promotions, until the pleasure of His Royal Highness the Prince Regent, in the name and on the behalf of His Majesty, shall be made known.

22d Light Dragoons.

Cornet E. I. Mildmay, to be Lieutenant without purchase, vice Eden, promoted in the 53d Foot, 21 October, 1819.

Cornet George Parley to be Lieutenant without purchaes, vice Rogers, deceased, 3d October, 1819.

By Order of the most Noble the Commander in Chief.

THOS. McMAHON,

Col. A. G.

Head Quarters, Calcutta; 29th Oct. 1819.

GENERAL ORDER.

The undermentioned Officers have received The Most Noble the Commander in Chief's leave of absence, for the reasons assigned.

17th Foot—Assistant Surgeon Ardley, date of embarkation, for 2 years, to proceed to Europe, for the recovery of his health.

Ditto—Assistant Surgeon Foote, 15th proximo, for 6 months, to proceed to Sea on sick Certificate.

46th Foot—Captain Wallis, date of embarkation, for 18 months, to proceed to Europe, on his private affairs.

The leave of absence granted by His Excellency Lieut. General Sir Thomas Hislop, to the undermentioned Officers, is confirmed.

Royal Scots—Lieutenant Eddington, date of embarkation, for 2 years, to proceed to Europe, for the recovery of his health.

34th Foot—Captain Sherer, 5th December, 1818, to 4th February, 1820, in extension, on his private affairs.

89th Foot—Lieutenant Stewart, date of embarkation, for 3 months, to proceed to Bombay, on sick Certificate.

Lieutenant Boys of the 11th Dragoons, will proceed from Berhampore, in charge of the details for His Majesty's Regiments destined for the upper Provinces, as announced in the General Orders of the 22d and 25th instant, (Nos. 1841 and 1843) instead of Lieutenant Brannan of the 11th Foot, who has Leave of Absence until the 24th Proximo.

Lieutenant Mahon, of the 46th Regiment, is directed to do duty with the details of H M Troops, now at Fort William, belonging to Corps serving on the Madras Establishment, and with which he will proceed to that Presidency.

Lieutenant Mahon will accordingly place himself under the orders of the acting Brigade Major King's Troops.

By order of the Most Noble The Commander in Chief.

THOS. McMAHON,
Col. A. G.

Head Quarters, Calcutta; 1st November, 1819.

GENERAL ORDER.

The following appointments are announced on the Staff of His Excellency Lieutenant General the Hon'ble Sir Charles Colville, G. C. B.

Brevet Lieut Colonel Blair, 87th Foot, and Brevet Major Jackson, 6th Dragoon guards, to be Aides-de-Camp.

By Order of the Most Noble the Commander in Chief.

THOS. McMAHON,
Col. A. G.

Head Quarters, Calcutta: 2d November, 1819.

GENERAL ORDER.

Capt. Sir John Gordon, Bart. 53d Foot, Brigade Major to the King's Troops, on the Madras Establishment, is directed to proceed to Hyderabad via Fort St. George, with all convenient expedition, and upon his arrival there, he will place himself at the disposal of the British Resident at the Court of her Highness the Nizam.

Captain I D. Carroll, of H M. 69th Regiment, is appointed Brigade Major to the King's Troops on the Madras Establishment, vice Capt. Sir J. Gordon, and that Officer will take charge of the Situation from the date of his Predecessor's departure from Fort St. George to Hyderabad.

Captain Carroll upon his arrival at Madras, will report himself to his Excellency Lieutenant General Sir Ths. Hislop, Bart. and G. C. B.

The following appointment is announced on the Staff of his Excellency Lieutenant General the Honorable Sir Charles Colville, G. C. B.

Brevet Lieutenant Col. Blair, 87th Foot, to be Military Secretary.

By Order of the Most Noble the Commander in Chief.

THOS. McMAHON,
Col. A. G.

NOVEMBER 8.

Our letters during the last week from the stations under this Presidency, contain no information worthy of particular notice. A communication from Poonah, dated the 12th ultimo, mentions the festivities and harmony which have prevailed at that place; some account of which has been already given in the Indian papers. A general sensation of gloom and regret is stated to be felt at the approaching departure of Mr. ELPHINSTONE for Bombay.—He was to quit Poonah on the 28th ultimo. That part of India is represented to be in a state of complete tranquility—and the people apparently as satisfied, "as if they had been for many years under the "British Government." The only person, known to be in arms on the Poonah side of the Kistna, is a Jaghiredar of the Nizam's.—It is conjectured, that the conquered countries in the Dekhan, will be placed under the management of a Board of Commissioners, but, we need scarcely remark, that this is a mere rumour.

The 4th Regiment of Native Infantry had marched from Dinapoore and was expected to reach Allahabad about the 6th of the present month, to relieve the 21st, which had been ordered to Banda in Bundlecund.

Captain Manning, of the H. C. Ship *Thomas Grenville*, has brought out on that vessel, the Panharmonicon, which was exhibited some time ago at the Saville Rooms, Leicester Square. It contains within itself a grand and perfect Military Orchestra, consisting of

20 German Flutes,	4 French Horns,
20 Octave ditto,	Kettle Drums,
112 Diapasons,	Cymbals,
31 Clarinets and Oboes,	Triangle,
18 Bassoons,	Great Drum,
14 Trumpets,	Common Drum.

This Instrument, unique in this Country, is now being put together at a Gentleman's Residence near the Government House—where, we understand, it will be for inspection.

We regret to notice an unfortunate accident that occurred yesterday at noon—the Brig *Lynx*, from New South Wales, which upset by getting across her Cable as she was swinging

to the flood tide, and immediately filled and went down, carrying with her two Bhurs that were along side, loaded with casks of Rum. We have not been able to ascertain if any lives were lost—but we learn that the principal part of the Cargoes of the Bhurs were saved by the active and laudable exertions of the Officers and Crews of the Ships near the spot where the accident happened.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

CALCUTTA.

ARRIVALS AT KEDGEREE.

Nov.

4. American Brig *Barbara*, Captain B. Turner, from Boston 24th June.
6. Brig *Helen*, Captain G. Kemp, from Padang 21st Sept. and Annalaboa 20th Oct.

OFF CALCUTTA.

Oct.

31. The *George Cruttenden*.
The *Yadel Currim*.
The *Lovelytish*.

Nov.

1. The *Mary*.
The *China*, (American.)
The *Bengal Merchant*.
2. The *General Hamilton*.
3. The *Catherine*.
The *Nancy*, (French.)
5. The *Albion*.

PASSENGERS.

PER SHIP CATHARINE.

Mrs. Parlby, Mrs. Howard, Miss Fordyce and Lieut. Faithful, commanding the Battalion of 20th N. I. on board.

EXPECTED TO SAIL.

The *Susan*, captain J. C. Collingwood, for China, in a day or two.
The *Globe*, Captain J. Blythe, for London; the *Windermere*, Captain A. Williams, for Liverpool; and the *Bristol*, Captain W. Buckham, for Bristol, in 2 or 3 days.

DEPARTURES FROM CALCUTTA.

Oct.

31. The Dutch Brig *Chicken*, J. Captain Intveld, for Padang.
The American Brig *Mentor*, Captain S. Greenland, for New York.

Nov.

3. The Brig *Adventure*, Captain J. Robson, for Penang, Malacca, and Batavia.

5. The Portuguese Brig *Novo Destino*, Captain F. J. S. Fontes, for Rio de Janeiro.
6. The Ship *Eliza*, Captain J. G. Frith, for Mauritius.

PASSED TO SEA DURING THE WEEK.

The *Lady Barlow*, the *Mermaid*, the *Layton*, the *Laura*. the Brig *Rebecca*, the *Commodore Hayes*, *Eclipse*, and American Brig *Mentor*.

PROGRESS OF VESSELS

At the following Stations on the 6th instant.

DIAMOND HARBOUR.

Remain,—The *Surrey*, *Baring*, and Portuguese Ship *St. Jago Mayor*.
Passed down,—The Brig *Adventure*.

NEW ANCHORAGE.

Remain,—The H. C. Ships *Princess Charlotte of Wales*. *Marquis of Wellington*, *Thomas Grenville*, *Carnatic*, *Minerva* and *Rose*.

Correct list of Passengers proceeding to Europe to the Cape of Good Hope, and Mauritius, on board the private ships *Layton*, *Globe*, and *Bristol*.

By the *Layton*, Captain J. Morgan.

To Europe.

Mr. Robert Roxburgh, and Mr. Adam Kinloch.

To the Cape of Good Hope.

P. W. Pechell, Esq. a Civil Servant on this Establishment.

By the *Globe*, Captain John Blythe.

To Europe.

Mrs. Graham; Children: Masters William Chalmers and Frederick Grant, Miss Mary Graham.

To Mauritius, and the Cape of Good Hope.

J. King, Esq. a Civil Servant on this Establishment.

By the *Bristol*, Captain Buckham.

To Europe.

Master William Sanford MacDowell, and Miss Elizabeth Laird MacDowell.

MADRAS.

ARRIVALS.—October 8. Ketch Hope, capt. C. H. Dupon, from Jaffnapatam 4th October.
9. Ship Providence, captain Henry Moon, from Calcutta 8th September.
11. Ship Pilot, captain Samuel Owen, from Portsmouth 25th April, Madeira 16th May, Cape of Good Hope 4th August, and Colombo 4th Oct.
— Brig Brothers, captain C. B. M'Nicol, from Sea.

12. Brig Dotterel, captain Wm. M. Hanwell, from Coringa 6th October
— Ship Bengal Merchant, captain A. Brown, from Covelong 11th October
— Ship Blenheim, captain W. Shirley, from Calcutta 18th and left Pilot 22d September.

Passengers per ship Blenheim.

Dr. Greig H. M. 22d L. D. Lieutenant Robins, 3d N. I. Lieutenant Blundell, Horse Artillery; Lieut. Fitzgerald, H. M. 54th Regt, and Mr. and Mrs. Horn.

DEPARTURES.—Oct. 9, Brig Ariel, captain J. Hanz, for Trincomalee.
— Ship Four Sisters, capt, J, Daniels, for Rangoon,
— Ship George Cruttenden, captain J, J, R, Bowman, for Calcutta,
— Ship Catherine, captain W, Knox, for London,
— Ship Prince Regent, captain Richmond, for Scotland,
— Ship Amboyna, captain D, Wilson, for Calcutta,
11, Brig Fanny, captain J, B, Smith, for Mauritius,
— Brig Brothers, captain C. B. M'Nicol, for Trincomalee.
14. Cutter Tartar, captain H. Prendergass, for Colombo.
— Ship Tottenham, captain Davey, for London.
— Ship Albion, captain Weller, for Calcutta.
— Brig Dotteral, capt. Hanwell, for Pondicherry and Bencoolen.
— Ship Bengal Merchant, captain A. Brown, for Calcutta;

BOMBAY.

ARRIVALS.—Oct. 9. H. C C. Ship Barossa, Henry Hutchinson, from England 6th May.
11. Cutter Gurtreyda, C. Hall, from Columbo 26th August.
12. Ship Conde de Rio Pardo, H. Beyts, from Mocha 18th Sept.

Passengers per ship Barosa.

Sir Charles Colville, G. C. K. B. T. S. Lady Colville, Mrs. Lamy, Mrs. Kane, Miss Franklin, Miss Campbell, Miss Cooke, and Miss Muir, Lieut. Col. Blair, Major Jackson, capt. Lamy, Bombay Army, Lieut. Banfey, H. M. 47 Regt. Mr. Surgeon Kane Surgeon Taylor, Mr. Grant, Mr. Pratt, Mr., Mr. Stewart, Mr. Jones, Mr. Hagart Mr. Troward, Mr. Duff, and Mr. Hall Cadets, Mr. Warry, Mr, Pinching Bombay Marine, Mr. Ennis, Free Mariner, 3 Native servants 5 Women and 4 Children 50 Recruits for 47th Regt. left Carmarthen and Sarah at Cape for Bombay.

Per Gurtreyda —P. A. Daniels.

DEPARTURES.—October 7. Ship Ann, Robert Dickie, to the Malabar Coast and Calcutta.
9. Arab Ship Durria Beggy, Nacqudah Syde Abdull Rymon, to Calcutta.
11. Armed Boat Chacer, Syrang Doss Mahomed, to Surat.
— Pattamar Bhowaney, Syrang Shake Dawend, to Bancoat.
— The H. C. Cruizer Thetis captain Wm. Eatwell to Surat.

Passengers per ship Ann.

Mr. John de Faria, Mrs. Landale and 2 Children, Mrs. Dardell.

The York, H. C. Ship, will sail about the end of the week.

The H. C. Cruizer Tiretis, having been fixed, on as the Commodore's vessel at Surat, sailed for that station on Monday evening.

The Bombay Merchant and Albuja, for London will take their departure about the end of the month, as also the H. C. Chartered Ship Hastings.

The brig Aurora, Butler, was to sail from Penang for Bombay on the 20th Aug. Passenger, Mr. Sandwith.

Madras.

MADRAS APPOINTMENTS.

Mr. M. Lewin, Register to the Zillah Court at Tellicherry.

Lieutenant H. Fullerton, } Superintendents of
Lieutenant Duncan Sim, } Tank Repairs.

The homeward bound private Ship *Prince Regent* proceeded on her voyage on Sunday last.

The *Tottenham*, Captain Davey, sailed for London on the 14th; and on the same day the *Bengal Merchant*, Captain Brown, for Calcutta.

Additional Passengers by the *Tottenham*,—Lieut- Davies, H. M. 19th Regiment, and Lieut. Biscoe, of the Royal Engineers.

The *Elizabeth* will also proceed for England immediately.

The *Providence*, Capt. Moon, proceeded yesterday for Bombay.

The *Blenheim*, Captain Shirley, is also arrived on her voyage homeward—The *Pilot* also proceeds home direct.

Monsieur Le Baron des Basseyns de Richmont embarked on Thursday evening on board the *Bengal Merchant*, under the Salute due to his rank.

According to annual custom, the Fort FlagStaff was struck on Friday last; and the Shipping have nearly all quitted the Roads; the *Blenheim* and *Pilot*, however, still remain—the latter is loading for England, and we trust the weather will continue sufficiently moderate to allow of her completing her lading, though we understand it is uncertain whether she proceeds before December or not. The appearances of the whether were rather threatening on Friday and Saturday—On the former day, and during the following night, it blew a fresh breeze from the North Westward, accompanied by some rain, but this has all blown over, and the horizon is now clear foreboding no harm. The temperature is very pleasant.

Since our last the homeward bound free traders *Tottenham*, and *Elizabeth* have continued their voyages for England.—The list of Passengers by these Vessels were given in our last. The *Elizabeth* sailed on Sunday. The *Blenheim* is expected to sail to-morrow.

The *Bengal Merchant* sailed on Thursday evening for Calcutta, having M. Le Baron des Basseyns de Richemont and family on board.

The *Providence* bound for Bombay, parted from her anchors on Friday afternoon, and was blown out of the roads. She returned on Sunday, and sailed again for Bombay.

The Brig *Wasp*, ran on shore, from some unaccountable accident, yesterday morning. She grounded to the Northward of Black-Town off Royapooram, and was quickly knocked to pieces.

Lieutenant JOSIAH CECIL, was arraigned on two indictments, one charging him with feloniously stabbing &c. &c. Ensign GEDDES, of H. M. 46th Foot, and the other with a common assault. This was the only trial of great public interest during the week, and we are therefore glad that we have it in our power to prepare a correct report of the trial, for independant of the notice attracted by it, which was fully evidenced by the crowded state of the Court, we think it always essential that the proceedings of Courts of Justice should be published, if an accurate report of them can be obtained, and if they sufficiently interest the public mind.

The trial commenced at 11 o'clock. The prisoner having been arraigned, pleaded—Not Guilty.

REX v. LIEUT. CECIL.

The first witness called, was

Alexander Geddes—who said he belonged to the 46th Regiment of Foot, at present residing in Fort St. George. That on Saturday the 18th of September last at six o'clock he saw the defendant who abused him, called him a scoundrel and a rascal—that on this the witness who was commanding the guard that was marching from the Wallajah Gate to the barrack, halted it—and advanced to the window where defendant was standing, who immediately flung a palanquin bearer's stick at him—witness took up the stick, and while he was talking to the serjeant who stood near him, the defendant thrust a prong into his left breast—the witness returned to his guard and marched them to the barrack where he fell at the gate—he was carried from the gate into the barrack by the soldiers.

On his cross-examination by the prisoner, who conducted his own defence, he said that about the beginning of September (he believed the 7th) he had been three times on that day at the defendant's house, the last time was at 12 o'clock—the defendant did not on that occasion desire him to conciliate Lieutenant Ross, but said "I suppose then I must give him satisfaction after this"—the day after he watched the defendant while walking by Lord Cornwallis's statute when he received a note from defendant forbidding him to his house—witness wrote a note to defendant in return calling him a paper hero—that note was returned to him at Mr. Ross's endorsed unopened—10 days after, on the 17th of September the witness was walking with Mr. Ross by the defendant's house, admitted he was talking to Ross about the defendant and intimated his intention to call on the defendant that night—Ross endeavoured to persuade him not to do so—witness said that he did call at defendant's house that

night, that he heard defendant endeavouring to fasten his door —a note was then shewn by the defendant to the witness, which he admitted was his—the note was in these words: "Sir, I think you a scoundrel and coward, you know where to seek redress" admitted he put this note into the defendant's house through the window after he had called and could not get admittance—this was at 10 o'clock at night on the 17th—He sent one of the guard to the barrack for his writing-desk to write it—never heard the defendant speak at all that night, did not hear defendant say when the witness answered to the challenge of the guard —"a friend you ought to say an enemy."

At six o'clock on the following morning when he passed by defendant's window, he was not at the head of the guard but by the side, the usual place for the officer—thinks he did not shake the palanquin bearer's stick, which the defendant flung out of the window at him—did not hear the serjeant say any thing to dissuade him from not striking the defendant with it—only told the serjeant to watch what passed—admitted that 6 or 7 months ago, he asked the defendant to bring Mrs Cecil to dine at the barracks, the defendant declined to do so, but desired his refusal might not make a quarrel between them.

Serjeant Davidson—said he mounted guard at the Wallajah Gate on the morning of the 17th,—That at 1 or 2 in the morning of the 18th while he was sleeping in his cot, the sentry waked him, and he then saw the defendant with his hat, cap and great coat on—the defendant asked him if the sentry of the bazar belonged to that guard—the witness answered he belonged to the guard at the St George's Gate—defendant then went away, but when he got as far as the officer's guard room, he turned round and asked the witness who was the officer on guard, the witness answered GEDDES, on which the defendant said "damn me, I'll make a GEDDES of him, he is a damn'd rascal to come to my quarters and disturb my family at 12 o'clock at night"—then the defendant went away—between 5 and 6 o'clock when the witness was passing with the guard opposite the defendant's quarters, Lieut. Geddes called him to him—witness went to Geddes when he heard defendant abuse him—saw him fling a stick at him which Geddes took up, then heard defendant say "bring me my sword, I'll run the rascal thro'"—witness desired Geddes not to strike defendant,—defendant after this plunged the pitchfork into Geddes's left side, after that with the point he shut half the window—Geddes put his hand to his breast and said serjeant did you see that, and said quick march to the guard, while the guard was marching off, defendant said "you are a rascal and scoundrel, I say this to you at the head of your guard, you are a disgrace to your regiment."

On his cross-examination, witness said he could say there were no grand rounds that night, but could not say whether there were any visiting rounds—can answer as to the first because if there had been any, they would have been at 12 o'clock when the witness was up—but the visiting rounds take place at 1 o'clock and at that hour witness was asleep and therefore he

could not speak to them—Geddes had not time to go away before he was struck by Cecil. The only words Geddes spoke to witness when before defendant's widow, were "did you see that serjeant," which he repeated twice, first when the stick was thrown out of the window, and secondly when the defendant thrust the pitchfork into his breast—defendant's house was in the direct way from the guard house to the barracks.

John Nicholson, a private in the 46th regiment said, that Geddes sent him for his writing desk on the night of the 19th September—while he was at the Wallajah Gate guard that night, at about 11 o'clock he heard some one, but he cannot say it was defendant, say, that Geddes was a damned scoundrel for coming to his quarters at 12 o'clock at night—in the morning at six when the guard was marching back to the barrack commanded by Geddes, as they were passing by defendant's window, witness heard defendant say "ah you Geddes, you are a disgrace to his Majesty's 46th Regiment, you are a disgrace to the service"—Geddes on this halted the guard, and putting his sword into the scabbard, advanced to the defendant's house, as witness remained with the guard, he could not hear what was said, but he saw defendant throw a stick at Geddes and stab him with the pitchfork, then Geddes returned to the guard house and gave the word quick march on which they went on to the barracks

On his cross examination he said, there were no rounds that night.

Lieutenant Cox said, he went on Saturday morning to put the defendant under the arrest of a sentry—he went a second time and removed the defendant to the main guard.—He found the prong, which was a pitchfork, produced—the points of which were bloody.

On his cross-examination he said, the defendant desired him to let him first go to his house, but witness told him his orders were to take him first to the main guard and then to the Police Office

Drs. Bush and Foster—said they saw Geddes after he was wounded—that it appeared to be a small wound, made by a blunt instrument, that they considered Geddes to be in imminent danger for 4 or 5 days in consequence of it.—The case for the prosecution being here closed, the defendant was called on for his defence—he begged first to examine Colonel Mole and Ensign Ross.

Colonel Mole said, that he received a letter on the 7th of September, in which defendant complained of Geddes disturbing him and his family, but as he (defendent) understood Geddes was a relation of his (Col. Mole,) he did not like to use any measures of severity against him—there was something also about Mr. Ross in the letter—Col. Mole having destroyed the letter, only spoke from recollection. Colonel Mole said being then ill, he desired Lieut. Smith, who was with him to answer it—the answer was to this effect "that Mr. Geddes was no relation of Col. Mole and that defendant might take any steps he pleased"—by this he meant that defendant might have recourse either to the military courts or courts of law, but did not think the defendant

so much of an invalid as that he might not defend himself personally. Admitted that he did not think from his knowledge of Geddes that his interference would have had any effect—which was one of his reasons for taking no part in the business.

Ensign Ross said he had visited the defendant both at Vepery and Fort St. George, and that he had never observed any impropriety in Mrs. Cecil's conduct.

Defendant expressed to him in September that he hoped his not letting Mrs. Cecil dine at the barrack on Geddes's invitation, would not make a quarrel between them, and that the witness told defendant he thought he was right, and that it would be wrong in him to take his wife to any other officer's quarters—told defendant that Geddes went to Col Mole's to resign his commission but not that he went there drunk—Geddes brought him no conciliatory message from the defendant on the 17th of Sept. Had he received such he would have been satisfied—Geddes told him of his intention of going to defendant's house, to express his opinion of his conduct, and that he was 10 minutes endeavouring to persuade him not to go—again repeated that he never saw any impropriety in Mrs. Cecil's conduct.

The defendant here read his defence, which was very long, and expressed with such rapidity that we could not follow him—after which he called Mrs. Rumburgh, who said she had lived in the defendants family about a month—that on the 7th of Sept. Geddes came to Prisoner's house 6 or 7 times—came at 10 o'clock while defendant was in bed—Heard Geddes say he came to bring a message from Ross but could not give it except in private,—defendant said what is the use in sending Mrs. Cecil away, she will listen at the door—Geddes then said he would call again the next morning—defendant said there would be no end to this and he had written to Col. Mole, and said to Geddes tell me at once what Ross wants—Geddes said Ross was of high temper and unable to submit to any offence—defendant said, "what is Mr. Ross offended because I denied that I had tampered with you, I say so still—tell him I wish to be at peace with him and all mankind—I am astonished at his wish to quarrel with me after the kindness he has received at my house, though I never had a glass of cold water in his—tell him I am sorry he is offended" After this, Geddes went away. He returned at 12 at night, and Mrs. Cecil came out to him, asking him how he could come and disturb them at that hour. She asked him what news he brought from Ross, was it good, he replied no, and that he must see the defendant—she said he was then asleep, and she should not disturb him—She entreated him to pacify Ross—and said "Blessed are the peace-makers"—Geddes then went away and called at 8 o'clock the next morning, when the servants informed him he was still in bed—Mrs Cecil went to him and entreated him to pacify Ross—Geddes said he would rather be a principal than a second.

On the 17th of Sept the family were again alarmed by Geddes's making a noise at the house—this was about 10 o'clock, the defendant went out to report it—at 10 oClock an ayah in the house said Geddes was coming again—defendant barred the door with the pitchfork—Mrs. Cecil pulled the defendant by the arm to

prevent his opening the door. The witness say defendant write a letter to the Town Major, and he said if he met with no redress from him he would write to the Governor—at 6 o'clock on the morning of the 18th, defendant picked up a letter which had been thrust through the window in the night, the letter which had been given in as evidence and acknowledged by Geddes was shewn the witness who said that was the letter she spoke of—this letter put the defendant into a great passion—the witness did not see Geddess that morning, but heard the defendant say here is the rascal coming to run me through, and she heard Geddes threaten to break the defendant's head. She said she also heard the serjeant say in the language of entreaty—dont strike him in his own house. She said she could not see whether Geddes had a stick in his hand, and that in fact she did not see him at all—for being only in her dressing gown she did not leave her own room—she said the pitchfork always used to stand where it did that morning, being employed to bar the door—she never saw any impropriety in Mrs. Cecil's conduct.

A sepoy was then called, who said he was on guard on the 17th of Sept. and that he saw at 12 o'clock two gentlemen standing near the house.—The Foreman of the Jury here addressed the Court and said all the Jury had come to a conclusion that they must totally acquit the defendant without hearing any further evidence. The Court offered to sum up the case to them, but the Jury declined giving the Judge that trouble—a verdict of acquittal was therefore entered on both indictments, and Mr. Cecil was immediately discharged.

The *Tottenham*, Captain Davey, sailed for England on Thursday last.

Additional Passengers. Lieutenant Davies, H. M. 19th Regiment, and Lieut Biscoe, Royal Engineers.

The homeward-bound Ship *Elizabeth*, Captain Ostler, sailed in prosecution of her voyage on Saturday.

The *Providence*, Captain Moon, left the Roads for the Malabar Coast, on Sunday.

Passengers: W. B. Anderson, Esq. A. Willock, Esq M. Lewin, Esq and Brown, Esq

The *Blenheim*, Captain Shirley, was expected to sail in the course of the night for England. The Mail was finally closed yesterday at noon.

The Brig *William*, from Trincomale the 11th instant, anchored in the Roads on Monday.

Bombay.

Porebunder, 27th September, 1819.

MR EDITOR,

The Earth tremors had discontinued at this port for about twenty days, but were again experienced on the past Autumnal Equinox, a period of three months and seven days from the first shock of the late Earthquake.

The Equinox was attended with more Rain, Thunder, and Lightning, than I have witnessed at this port, at the same period, for the last ten years.

This change in the season, was accompanied on the 22d 23d and 24th Instant, by midnight Earth tremors. These ceased with the Equinoctial Storms.

At 8 p. m. of the 24th instant, there was a strange sound in the air, resembling the near and rapid flight of twenty or thirty strong winged Pigeons, but a somewhat stronger sound; succeeded by sudden gusts of Wind from the West. There is something awful in these strange sounds.

Admonitions had been sent forth from the Temple and the Mosque, for the last month past warning the Hindoos and the Moosulmans, that, if previous to the Equinox, they did not *Repent, abstain from Sin, and perform acts of Charity*, the Earth would open at the Equinox, and swallow up the Guilty.

When the time appointed arrived, when the terrific lightning came, which penetrated the wall of a house; when the near and heavy thunder roared, the Earth trembled, a strange sound was in the air, and the dark Clouds sent forth their waters, there were some Sons of Plutus, I am told, whose feelings were not to be envied. I believe the generality of the inhabitants, were tolerably composed.

Verax's letter of the 20th ultimo, induces me to be more circumstantial on some parts of what I witnessed of the past Earthquake.

The first personal feeling which I had of the Phenomena, was, while standing on the Rampart, attending to the distant sound which came from Sea-ward, when I felt a smart shock on the soles of my shoes, *it seemed to come up perpendicularly from the Earth* through the whole height of the Wall of mansion which was seventeen feet, and it *alone* caused me, instantaneously to exclaim, an Earthquake "by G—!!!" I cannot bring to my recollection when I ever before made use of *such an exclamation*! it is however evident, that what I felt of the perpendicular shock (for so I may be permitted to call it) impressed me with awe for the cause, and apprehension for its effects.

The second object of my attention, or the vibrating motion of the Parapet, has already been minutely described; it was by far the most violent and awful part of the Phenomena.

By a horizontal motion, as relative to Earthquakes, I understand, the removing an object horizontally, from one place to another; nothing of this nature has fallen under my observation, though every object attracts the attention, which is not found in the same situation as it was previous to the great shock.

I have reason to believe, that the Earthquake here, was of a whirling nature, in a small degree, for I find an upper stone of the Parapet, about seven inches square, *has had its side turned to the front*, or half turned round. This circumstance attracted the attention two days after the Earthquake. I cannot possibly say, that it was effected by the Earthquake, though I imagine it was. The vibrating motion would have sufficiently opened the works, which are made of square stones, to admit of one of the stones being whirled on its own centre. The stone may have been forced out of its place, and replaced with a rong front, by any person passing by, though this is less probable, than that it was whirled by the Earthquake.

The Earthquake had different effects at different places. At Bhooj the shock of the 16th of June, instantly caused giddiness of the head, "and sickness of the stomach," but here, those unpleasant sensations were not felt, until after the slighter shock of the 17th, when probably our ground first commenced its continued heaving or rolling motion.

The only feelings which I experienced on the 16th of June, were awe and curiosity. The scene was appalling, but it did not appall.

I remain,

Your humble Servant,

C. W. ELWOOD.

MR. EDITOR,

The following observations were made by me on the Lunar Eclipse, on the 3d.

Your obediently.

J. A. E.

Colaba, Oct. 5th 1819.

	Times by Watch.	*Greenwich Time.*	*Difference*
	H M. S	H M. S.	H. M S.
Beginning of total darkness,	7 27 52	2 35 45	4 52 07
Middle by the means of the Spots,	8 15 10	3 24 00	4 51 10
Ditto by the spot Tycho	8 14 37	3 24 00	4 50 37
End of total darkness,	9 03 42	4 12 00	4 51 42
End of Eclipse,	10 04 52	5 12 15	4 52 37
			51 8 13
		MEANS.	4 51 38 6

Longitude in time, or 72° 51' 45" East of Greenwich.

The Vestry question in Calcutta is by no means at rest: a grand meeting is however to take place on the 22d Sept. which of course will decide this mighty matter. We had purposed pub-

lishing the whole of the correspondence, but as the parties are probably unknown here, it would be devoid of general interest; though in Calcutta, it has excited almost as much as a Westminster election.

On Monday morning, minute Guns to the amount of 55, were fired out of respect to the memory of Anund Row Guicowar, who departed this life on the 8th instant, in the 55th year of his age. Anund Row ascended the Musund in the year 1800, and has been since the rebellion of Mulhar Row in 1802, under the especial protection of the British. Anund Row has been for some years incapable of taking any active part in the government, and his brother, Fatteh Sing, who died about a year ago, was a long time Regent; he was succeeded in the Regentship, by his brother Syjee Row, who now ascends the vacant Musnud.

CALCUTTA MONTHLY JOURNAL.

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Calcutta

FORT WILLIAM,

POLITICAL DEPARTMENT, 6TH NOV. 1819.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE MOST NOBLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

On the occasion of the relief of the Corps and Detachments belonging to the Presidencies of Fort St. George and Bombay respectively, which have hitherto formed the Division of the Army, under the immediate command of Brigadier General Sir J. Malcolm; His Excellency the Governor General in Council cannot refrain from offering to those gallant Soldiers, a public token of his approbation and applause.

The Troops of this Division have borne a conspicuous and important part in the glorious and decisive operations of the last two years; and have repeatedly attracted the praise due to their merits—their exemplary conduct on all occasions; their forbearance and steadiness in the trying circumstances attending the suppression of the mutiny of Bajee Rao's Arabs; their conciliatory demeanour towards the inhabitants of the countries in which they have acted; their undeviating discipline and regularity; their temper spirit, and zeal; have from time to time been reported and have excited his Lordship's cordial admiration.

Such excellent qualities in Troops reflect the highest honor on the Commander, and the Officers, under whom they serve, and from whom the tone of their character must be received.

His Excellency desires, that Brigadier General Sir J. Malcolm, and the Officers and Troops, hitherto composing the division under his immediate command, will individually and collectively accept his warmest thanks for their distinguished and valuable services.

Though the occasion which calls forth this order, is the departure of the Madras and Bombay Troops, hitherto under Sir J. Malcolm's command, to rejoin the Armies of their respective Presidencies, and it is to them therefore, that these sentiments are most appropriately addressed, the Governor General in Council gladly avails himself of the opportunity to add, that he considers the Bengal Corps, which have formed a part of the force under Sir J. Malcolm's general command, to be also fully entitled to the same unqualified approbation and applause.

By Command of His Excellency the Governor General in Council.

C. T. METCALFE,
Sec. to the Govt.

MILITARY.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE MOST NOBLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM, 30TH OCTOBER, 1819.

The Governor General in Council is pleased to make the following appointment.

Assistant Surgeon J. M. Todd, to perform the Medical duties at the Civil Station of Calpee, vice Henderson.

The following Gentlemen having produced Certificates of their appointment as Cadets of Artillery and Infantry on this Establishment, are admitted to the Service accordingly.

Artillery.

Mr. Peter Arnold Torckler,
" Augustus Abbott,
" Henry Rutherford.

Infantry.

Mr Anthony Hughmore Jellicoe,
" John Paton.

The Cadets of Artillery are promoted to the Rank of Second Lieutenant, and those of Infantry to that of Ensign, leaving the dates of their Commissions to be adjusted hereafter.

Lieutenant Charles P. King of the 4th Regiment of Light Cavalry (now doing duty with the Governor General's Body Guard) having furnished the prescribed Certificate from the Pay Department, is permitted to proceed to Europe on Furlough, on account of his private affairs.

Lieutenant Archibald Dow of the 19th Regiment of Native Infantry, doing duty with the 2d Battalion 20th Regiment of Native Infantry, having furnished the prescribed Certificate from the Medical department, is permitted to proceed from Prince of Wales' Island to Europe, on Furlough, on account of his health, on his furnishing the usual Pay Certificate to the Local Government.

Major George Swiney of the Regiment of Artillery, having furnished the usual Certificate from the Medical Department, is permitted to proceed to Sea for the benefit of his health, and to be absent on that account from Bengal for ten Months, from the date of the Sailing of the Ship on which he may embark, on his furnishing the prescribed Pay Certificate.

His Lordship in Council is pleased to confirm the leave of absence granted by the Nagpore Government to Lieutenant H. Sandys of the 14th Regiment of Native Infantry, at present in the Service of that State, on account of his health, for ten Months.

The return to this Presidency on the 13th instant, of Lieutenant Colonel Penson, Superintendent of Public Buildings in the Western Provinces, from the leave granted to him to proceed to Sea for the recovery of his health, having been reported to Government, that Officer is directed to resume the duties of his Office.

W. CASEMENT, Lieut.-Col.
Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE MOST NOBLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM; 30TH OCTOBER, 1819.

Captain Alexander Lindsay of Artillery, is appointed to officiate as Director and Superintendent of the Telegraph Department, during the absence of Major Swiney on sick leave.

W. CASEMENT, Lieut.-Col.
Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE MOST NOBLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM; 30TH OCTOBER, 1819.

The Governor General in Council is pleased to appoint the following persons to be Assistant Apothecaries, in part of the number allowed by General Orders of the 31st of August, 1819.

Richard Walker,
James Parkis,
Andrew Pereira,
Henry Charles Chamberlain,
William Harris.

W. CASEMENT, Lieut.-Col.

Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE MOST NOBLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM; 30TH OCTOBER, 1819.

The Most Noble the Governor General in Council is pleased to make the following Appointments.

Lieutenant Evan MacLeod, of the 18th Regiment Native Infantry, to be executive Officer in the 16th or Purneah Division of the Barrack Department. He will receive the same salary, viz. 600 Rupees per mensem, including Office Establishment and Travelling Charges, and be subject to the same Rules, as prescribed for District Barrack Masters; and his duties will embrace the charge and construction of all Public Buildings, Civil and Military, at the undermentioned stations.

Purneah
Dinagepore.
Rungpore.
Bhangulpore,
Monghyr.
Titalyah.
Kissengunge.

Lieutenant George Gordon, of the 21st Regiment of Native Infantry, to be Fort Adjutant of Chunar, vice McLeod appointed an executive Officer in the Barrack Department.

W. CASEMENT, Lieut.-Col.

Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE MOST NOBLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM, 30TH OCTOBER, 1819.

Assistant Surgeon, G. Ballard, is permitted, at his own request, to resign the Service of the Honorable Company.

W. CASEMENT, Lieut.-Col.

Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept

GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE MOST NOBLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM, 3D NOVEMBER, 1819.

The leave of absence granted to Surgeon J. Patterson, of the 12th Regiment of Native Infantry, in General Orders of the 17th October, 1818, to proceed to Sea, for the benefit of his health, is extended to the 28th ultimo.

W. CASEMENT, Lieut.-Col.
Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

Head Quarters, Calcutta; 3d November, 1819.

GENERAL ORDER.

His Royal Highness the Prince Regent has been pleased in the name and on the behalf of His Majesty to make the following Promotions and Appointments.

13th Dragoons.

Cornet William James St. John, from the 12th Dragoons, to be Cornet, vice Morris, who exchanges, 20th May, 1819.

22d Dragoons.

Captain B. I. Smith, to be Major by purchase, vice Lawrence, who retires 27th May, 1819,

Cancels Lt. Enderby's Exchange into the 24th Dragoons with White } Lieutenant S. Enderby to be Captain of a Troop by purchase, vice Smith, 27th May 1819.

Cancels Cornet A. Davis's promotion by purchase, vice Enderby, promotion with Foo } Cornet Alfred Davis, to be Lieutenant by purchase, vice Enderby, 27th May, 1819.

William Hamilton Williamson, gentleman, to be Cornet by purchase, vice Davis, 27th May, 1819.

47th Foot.

Lieut. James Stewart, from half pay 92d Foot, to be Lieut. vice James Robert Mason, who exchanges, receiving the difference, 13th May, 1819.

69th Foot.

Captain William Bennett, from the 33d Foot, to be Captain of a Company, vice Charles L. Freeman, who retires upon half pay of the 31st Foot, 20th May, 1812.

89th Foot.

Cancels Lieutenant Pearse's promotion vice Saint Leger, deceased } Lieutenant Walter Pearse, to be Captain of a Company without purchase, vice Croker, deceased, 27th May, 1819.

Ensign William H. Dougon, to be Lieutenant, vice Pearse, 27th May, 1819.

Cancels C. J. Kings Appointment, vice Dougon } Amos Robert Cunningham Morrell, Gent. to be Ensign without purchase, vice Dougon, 27th May, 1819.

By Order of the Most Noble the Commander in Chief,

THOMAS McMAHON, Col. A. G.

Head Quarters, Calcutta, 3d November, 1819.

GENERAL ORDER.

The Most Noble the Commander in Chief in India, has been pleased to make the following Promotions and Appointments, until the pleasure of His Royal Highness the Prince Regent, in the name and on the behalf of His Majesty, shall be made known.

22d Dragoons.

Cornet Alexander Taylor, to be Lieutenant by purchase, vice Dwyer, promoted in the 84th Foot, 1st November, 1819.

89th Foot.

Lieutenant Charles Redmond, to be Captain of a Company without purchase, vice St. Leger, deceased, 20th May, 1819.

Ensign W. J. King, to be Lieutenant without purchase, vice Charles Redmond, promoted 1st November 1819.

C. J. King, gentleman, to be Ensign without purchased, vice W. J. King promoted,—retaining the original date of his Appointment, viz. 2d March, 1819.

N. B. The rank of Lieutenant Dougon, 89th Regiment, is antedated to the 30th November, 1817, until the further pleasure of His Royal Highness the Prince Regent, in the name and on the behalf of His Majesty, shall be made known.

By Order of the Most Noble the Commander in Chief.

THOMAS McMAHON, Col. A. G.

Head Quarters, Calcutta; 5th November, 1819.

GENERAL ORDER.

Lieutenant Duke, late of the Coldstream Guards, and at present an Ensign in His Majesty's 46th Regiment, is attached to the Office of the Military Secretary to His Excellency Lieutenant General Sir Thomas Hislop, Bart. and G. C. B. Commander in Chief at Madras, until further Orders.

By Order of the Most Noble the Commander in Chief.

THOS. McMAHON,

Col. A. G.

Head Quarters, Calcutta; 6th November, 1819.

GENERAL ORDERS.

The undermentioned Officers have received the Most Noble the Commander in Chief's leave of Absence for the reasons assigned

17th Foot—Brevet Lt. Col Nicoll, from date of Embarkation, for 2 years, to proceed to Europe for the recovery of his health.

47th Foot—Capt. Heatly from 22d proximo, for 3 months, in extension, on sick Certificate

By Order of the Most Noble the Commander in Chief.

THOS. McMAHON,

COL. A. G

Head Quarters, Calcutta; 8th November, 1819,

GENERAL ORDER.

Supernumerary Assistant Surgeons B. Campbell, and Dr. C. Dacat, both of His Majesty's Service, having arrived in India, the former is posted to do duty with the 17th Dragoons, and the latter to do duty with the 67th Foot.—These two officers will proceed to Bombay by the earliest opportunity, where, on their arrival, they will report themselves to His Excellency Lieut. Gen. the Hon'ble Sir Chas. Colville, G. C. B. from whom they will receive further instructions.

By Order of the Most Noble the Commander in Chief.

THOS. McMAHON,
COL. A. G.

FORT WILLIAM; THE 29TH OCTOBER, 1819.

By His Excellency the Most Noble FRANCIS, MARQUIS OF HASTINGS, *Governor General in and for the Presidency of Fort William in Bengal, in Council.*

PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Thirty-ninth and Fortieth year of His Majesty's Reign, intituled "An Act for establishing further Regulations for the Government of the British Territories in India and the better Administration of Justice within the same," it was among other things enacted, "that it should and might be lawful for the Governor General in Council to order and appoint, in what manner the Court of Requests for the Recovery of small Debts should in future be formed, and to what amount in value, not exceeding the sum of Four Hundred Sicca Rupees, the Jurisdiction of the same should extend; and to frame and make such new Rules and Orders, and to establish and declare such new Modes and Forms of Proceedings as to them should appear to be necessary and expedient for new modelling, altering, and reforming the then present Constitution and Practice of the said Court; and by their Proclamation, to be made and published in due form of Law, to declare and notify to all persons concerned, such new Constitution, Rules, Orders, Modes, and Forms of Proceeding, and the time from which they were to have force and effect, and from and after such time as should be notified for that purpose, the then present Court of Requests, as well as the Rules, Orders, Modes and Forms of Proceeding which were then used and observed thereon should be abolished and cease; and thenceforth the new Court Rules, Orders, Modes, and Forms of Proceeding, which the said Governor General in Council was authorized and empowered under and by virtue of the said Act, to make and publish, should be in full force and effect: AND WHEREAS the then Vice-President in Council of Fort William aforesaid, with the sanction and approbation of His Excellency the Most Noble the Governor General, having taken the same into their consideration, and being desirous of carrying the intention of the Legislature into effect, they did, in pursuance of the Powers and Authorities vested in them by the said Act by their Proclamation, bearing date March 13th 1802,—order and direct that from and after the Fifteenth Day of April then next ensuing, the then present Court of Request for the Recovery of small Debts in and for the Settlement of Fort William, and all Powers and Authorities held by or exercised under it, should cease and determine and be of none avail; And did thereby further order and direct that a new Court of Request for the Recovery of small Debts, should be created in and for the

of Fort William, with full Power and Authority to hold and exercise, all and all manner of Jurisdiction, which then was or which might by Law be held by the then present Court of Requests, except in so far as the same was altered or enlarged by the said Proclamation; and they did thereby further direct, constitute, and appoint, that the said Court should be composed of Three Commissioners, being British Subjects resident in the Settlement of Fort William, and should be named and called "The Court of Commissioners for the Recovery of small Debts," and all Powers and Authorities or Jurisdiction then held, or which might by Law be held or exercised by the new Court of Requests, together with such further Powers and Authorities as they were empowered to grant by their said Proclamation should be held and exercised by the said Commissioners in as full and ample a manner, as the same might have been held and exercised by the former Court of Requests, subject only to such alterations and modifications they made by their said Proclamation; And they further did thereby order and direct, that EBENEZER COLEMAN, Esq. RICHARD FLEMING, Esq. and ANTHONY MACTIER, Esq should be the first Commissioners, and should hold and exercise all Powers and Authorities thereby granted, or which thereafter might be granted to the said Court of Commissioners for the Recovery of small Debts during their pleasure; and they did thereby direct that the said EBENEZER COLEMAN, Esq should be the first Commissioner, and should be so named and styled, and that the said Commissioners should respectively hold and enjoy such Perquisites and Allowances as they by their Order in Council in that behalf, should order and direct; and that the said Commissioners and each of them should, before they took upon themselves the execution of their Office, take the Oath of Allegiance to His Majesty, and an Oath for the faithful discharge of their duty before the Chief Justice, or one of the Justices of His Majesty's Supreme Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal;—And they further did thereby order and direct, that the Jurisdiction of the said Court, and the Commissioners thereof, should extend to the sum of One Hundred Sicca Rupees and no more; and did further direct that from and after the said 15th of April, all and all manner of Fees formerly paid by the Suitors of the Court of Requests should cease and determine, except the Commission then received by the Clerk thereof, which should continue to be paid in the manner hereinafter directed, and in lieu thereof there should be received and taken the Fees and Payments set forth in the Schedule thereunto annexed, and no more; And they did further order that Summonses should be made returnable upon Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays only, as in and by the said Proclamation, reference being thereto had, will more fully and at large appear, reserving to themselves, and their Successors all and all such Power as by Law they had or might exercise, in altering, amending, abridging or enlarging all or any part of what was by their said Proclamation ordered or directed;—And Whereas the Right Honorable GILBERT, EARL OF MINTO, Governor General in Council of Fort William aforesaid, did by a Proclamation bearing date the Twenty-fifth Day of September in the year One Thousand Eight Hundred and Thirteen, order and direct amongst other things, that from and after the First day of October of the said year last aforesaid, the Jurisdiction of the said Court and the Commissioners thereof should extend to the Sum of Two Hundred and fifty Rupees, and no more, as by the said Proclamation, reference being thereto had, will fully appear;—And Whereas we the Most Noble FRANCIS, MARQUIS OF HASTINGS, Knight of the Most Noble Order of the Garter and of the Bath, Governor General in and for the Presidency of Fort William in Ben-

gal in Council, have taken into our serious consideration the advantages which have resulted to the Community from the establishment of the said Court, and from the extension of the Jurisdiction thereof as aforesaid, and that it would be for the benefit of the Public still further to enlarge the Jurisdiction of the said Court to the utmost extent in amount to which by Law the same can be extended, and being desirous to provide further means for dispatching the additional Business to which such extension of the Jurisdiction and the encreasing Trade and Population of the City of Calcutta will give rise, and that it is expedient to render Summonses and other Writs and Processes issued from the said Court, which by the first mentioned Proclamation are returnable on particular days, in future returnable on such days as the Commissioners of the said Court may Judge most convenient for the despatch of Business, and to alter the Rules of Fees and Commission now levied on Suitors in the said Court, such manner as that such Rules shall bear a better proportion than at present to the Sums sued for, and hold out stronger inducements to the parties to come to an amicable arrangement respecting the Matters in Dispute between them, instead of litigating such Matters in Court, and also to make provision for regulating the Period of Imprisonment and the Allowance of Diet to Debtors confined in execution under the Judgments of the said Court: -Now we having maturely considered the Premises do by this our Proclamation and in pursuance of the Power in Us vested by the herein before mentioned Act, order and direct that from and after the first day of December next ensuing, the making and publishing of his our Proclamation, the Jurisdiction of the said Court and the Commissioners thereof, shall extend and the same is hereby extended to the Sum of Four Hundred Sicca Rupees, and no more. And We do hereby further order and direct, that from and after the said first day of December next aforesaid, the said Court shall be composed of Four Commissioners, who shall and may hold and exercise all Powers and Authorities heretofore or hereby granted to and exercised by, or which by Law may be granted to and exercised by the said Court of Commissioners, to make or cause to be made such Act, Order or Orders, Decrees, Judgments and Proceedings, and to issue such process in all and all manner of Actions, Plaints, Suits and Controversies for any Debts, Duties or Demands that shall be then pending, or which not exceeding the said value or amount of Sicca Rupees Four Hundred, may after the *said first day of December* be brought before the said Court as they may find to stand with Equity and good Conscience, in as full and ample a manner as the same Powers and Authorities have been hitherto, or are now held and exercised by the said Court of Commissioners to the amount in value of Sicca Rupees Two Hundred and Fifty, subject only to such alterations and modifications as We make by this our Proclamation, or in as far as the case may be by at any Rules or Orders which it may be found expedient by Us or our Successors to make for the future Government of the said Court.—And we do further order and adjudge that when upon the trial and hearing of any Matter or Thing by the said Court, the Commissioners present shall be equally divided in opinion, the vote of the Senior Commissioner present shall decide. And we do hereby further order that Summonses and other Writs and Processes be made returnable on such days as the said Commissioners may lawfully from time to time direct, so that if possible, the list of Causes appointed for trial on any one day, may not be so numerous that the whole cannot be heard within seasonable hours on that day. And whereas the provisions respecting the Periods of Imprisonment and the Allowance of Diet Money in the said recited Proclamation require to

be altered and modified, We do hereby order and direct that in all cases in which any Judgment shall have been heretofore given, or shall be given in the said Court of Requests, for any sum not exceeding Sicca Rupees Ten, including Costs, the person of the Debtor shall not be liable to be detained in Prison for a longer period than One Month; and where the Debt and Costs shall not exceed Fifty Rupees, longer than Four Months; and where the Debt and Costs shall not exceed Two Hundred Rupees, longer than Eight Months; and where the Debt and Costs shall exceed Two Hundred Rupees, longer than One Year.—Provided always that in every case in which the Creditor shall take out and put in force execution against the Body of his Debtor, such Creditor shall within three days after the Debtor shall be lodged or detained in the Goal of the said Court, at is Suit, deposit with the Keeper of the said Goal or his Deputy, Diet Money for One Month, at the rate of One Anna and a half per diem, and shall continue to pay and deposit with such Keeper or his Deputy, Diet Money for One Month in advance at the rate aforesaid, during the period for which such Debtor may be detained in Prison at the suit of such Creditor; that is to say, within the last three days of the first and every succeeding Month during which such Debtor shall be detained at the suit of such Creditor; and in cases where such Debtor shall have been lodged or detained in execution at the Suit of any Creditor before the 1st of December next ensuing, the advance for Diet Money shall be made and deposited as before said, within the space of One Month from and after the 1st December next ensuing, and so within the last three days of the next and following months, during which such Debtor shall be detained at the Suit of any such Creditor. And on failure of such Payment and Deposit within the respective periods and in manner aforesaid, it shall be lawful for the Debtor so confined to apply to the said Court, and upon Certificate of the Goaler or his Deputy, that such Payment and deposit of Diet Money has not been made in manner and within the periods aforesaid, the said Court shall forthwith make an order for the discharge of such Debtor from Confinement, at the Suit of such Creditor so failing.—And Provided also that whenever any Debtor detained in execution for any Debt and Costs recovered against him, shall be minded to give up the whole of his Estate and Effects in satisfaction of such Debt and Costs, it shall be lawful for the said Court upon such Debtor so doing, to reduce the respective Periods of Imprisonment before mentioned, in proportion to the value of such Estate and Effects, compared with the amount of the Debt and Costs, in case such Estate and Effects shall not be sufficient to pay and discharge the same, or if sufficient, to discharge such Debtor. And also in all cases in which any person in execution for any Debt and Costs as aforesaid, shall offer good and reasonable Security for the payment of such Debt and Costs by Instalment, it shall be lawful for the said Court to order such Debtor, after he shall have given such Security, to be discharged from Confinement as to such Debt and Costs. But in all cases in which such Debtor being in execution as aforesaid, shall be discharged from Confinement before full payment of the Debt and Costs, the property then belonging to or afterwards acquired by such Debtor shall be liable to be taken in execution for the Debt and Costs, or any part thereof remaining due, and also for the amount of such Diet Money as shall have been paid and advanced

by such Creditor. And We hereby further direct and order that the said Court as constituted and declared by the present and the said Proclamations above recited, and all Proceedings of the said Court, shall be, and they are hereby declared to be, subject to the control of His Majesty's Supreme Court at Fort William in Bengal, in as full and ample manner to all intents and purposes as the said Court of Requests as formerly constituted by the said recited Proclamations by Law was subject to the control of the said Supreme Court, before the making of the Provisions and Regulations herein contained. And We do hereby further order and direct that in all Suits instituted in the said Court of Commissioners, from and after the said First Day of December next, there shall be received and taken from the Suitors in the said Court, the Fees, Payments and Commission set forth in the Schedule hereunto annexed, and no more. And lastly, We do order, that this our Proclamation be published as the Law direct, reserving to Ourselves and our successors all such power as by Law we have or may exercise of altering, amending, abridging or enlarging these Presents, and the subsisting Rules & Regulations of the said Court of Requests.

By Order of the Most Noble the Governor General in Council,

W. B. BAYLEY,

Chief Sec. to Govt.

TABLE OF COSTS.

On Causes for Ten Rupees and under.	*On every Rupee,* Rs.	A.	P.
If Compromised, ...	0	2	0
If Nonsuited, ...	0	3	0
On Judgments whether for Plaintiff or Defendant, ...	0	4	0
Subpœnas each, 4 Annas,			
Attachments or Warrants, in Execution each 8 Annas.			
And for each time a Cause is postponed by the parties there shall be paid a Fee of 2 Annas,			
N. B To be paid by the party desiring it to be postponed.			
No Commission to be charged on this Class of Causes.			

On Causes above Ten Rupees.

On all Causes.	From Sa. Rs. 10 to Sa. Rs. 40	40 to 80	80 to 150	150 to 300	300 to 400
If Compromised, ...	1 0	3 0	4 0	8 0	10
If Nonsuited, ...	1 8	4 0	6 0	10	[illegible]
On Judgments whether for Plaintiff or Defendant, ...	2 0	6 0	8 0	16	20
Subpœnas, each, ...	0 4	0 8	0 8	1 0	1 0
Attachments or Warrants, in Execution,	0 8	1 0	1 0	2 0	2 0
And for each time a Cause is postponed by the parties there shall be paid a Fee of,	0 4	0 8	1 0	2 0	3 0

N. B. To be paid by the party desiring to be postponed,

Five per Cent. Commission on all Causes compromised before called on for trial, and

Ten per Cent. on all other Causes exclusive of the abovementioned Fees.

W. B. BAYLEY,
Chief Sec. to Govt.

NOVEMBER 8.

A slight shock of an Earthquake was felt in Calcutta about half past eight o'Clock on Wednesday evening—and two others of greater violence, about half past one on the following morning.—The direction was from East to West, and the shock lasted between one and two minutes.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

CALCUTTA.

ARRIVALS AT KEDGEREE.

Nov.

7. Honorable Company's Ship *Nearchus*, Captain William Maxfield, from Penang 10th October.

8. Portuguese Ship *Oceano*, Captain P. G. D'Silva, from Lisbon 25th April, and Rio de Janeiro 18th August.

— Ship *Fatelmain*, Captain P. C. Hogan, from Rangoon 25th October.
— Ship *Kingston*, Captain Bowen, from London 14th July.
9. H. C. Ship *Minto*, Lieutenant J. S. Criddle, from Penang 10th October.
10. Brig *Victoria*, Captain M. Gonsalves, from Madras 29th Sept. and Masulipatam 8th Oct.
12. Arab Ship *Sandanny*, Nacodah Anbobacar, from Canonore the 13th Sept.
13. H. C. Chartered Ship *Princess Charlotte*, Capt. W. Vaughan, from London 9th July.
— Ship *Anne*, Captain Robert Dickie, from Bombay 7th October, Tellicherry, Cochin and Alleppee 10th October.

OFF CALCUTTA.

11. The Brig *Helen*.
— The American Brig *Barbara*.
13. The *Vracchus*.

PASSENGERS.

PER KINGSTON.

Colonel John Cuninghame; John Digby, Esq. Civil Service; Captain Charles Ryder. N. C. Messrs John Brown and Charles Dugard, Free Merchants; Hon. W. Stapleton, Messrs. Philip Deane, Richard Pedingfield, Charles Grant, George MacLean. James Hewett, and G. H. Edwards, Cadets for Bengal; Messrs. Wm Burlton, James Fowler and Wm McQueen, Cadets for Madras; Mr. Joseph Mellet, Free Mariner; Messrs James Reid and Charles Smart, for the Pilot Service; 50 H. C. Recruits; 5 Women and 1 Child.

PER PRINCESS CHARLOTTE.

Mrs. Parson. Mr. Assistant Surgeon Bannister, Mr. Thompson, Free Mariner, Rev. E. Brodie, Chaplain, Messrs. Bishop, Dallas, Lawrenson and Bennet, Cadets.

DEPARTURES FROM CALCUTTA.

7. Ship *Bengal*, Captain George Woodward, for Liverpool.
— Ship *Union*, Captain W. S. Skitter, for Penang.
— French Ship *Favorite*, Captain M. Vanlom, for Bourbon, and Havre de Grace.
8. Danish Ship *Kronprindsessen*, Captain S. W. Orgaard, to complete her Cargo for Copenhagen.
— Ship *Susan*, Capt. J. C. Collingwood, for China.
9. Ship *Windermere*, Captain R. Low, for Liverpool.
— Ship *Milford*, Captain R. Harwood, for Bombay.
— Ship *Globe*, Captain J. Blythe, for London.
— Ship *Bristol*, Captain W. Buckham, for Bristol.
— Ship *Britania*, Captain W. Snowball, for Rangoon.
11. *Marchioness of Wellesey*, Captain J. T. Ricketts, for Bencoolen.
— Ship *Mary*, Capt. John Brown, for Port Jackson.
13. Ship *Dick*, Captain W. Harrison, for Ceylon.

PROGRESS OF VESSELS,

At the following Stations, on the 13th Instant.

DIAMOND HARBOUR.

Passed down.—The *Bristol and Susan*.
Passed Up.—The Portuguese Ship *Oceano*.
Remain.—The *Baring*, Portuguese Ship *St. Jago Mayor*, and the *Milford*, outward bound.

REDGEREE.

Remain,—The outward bound Ships *Windermere, Bengal, Britannia,* and *Globe,* and the inward bound Ship *Anne.*

NEW ANCHORAGE.

Remain.—The H. C. Ships *Princess Charlotte of Wales. Marquis of Wellington, Thos. Grenville, Carnatic, Minerva and Rose.*

SAUGUR.

Remains,—The *Surry.*

Passengers on the Ship BRISTOL, *for Bristol, Captain Buchan.*

TO ENGLAND.

Mrs. Compton.
Lieut. Marshall.

CHILDREN.

Spencer and Adaline Compton.
Master William Sanford MacDowell, and Miss Elizabeth Laird MacDowell.

TO THE CAPE OF GOOD HOPE.

Mrs. Forbes and three Children.
Gordon Forbes, Esq. Civil Service.
Captain Swiny.
Captain Humphreys.

BOMBAY.

ARRIVALS.—October 18. Ship Orient, (Free, Trader) Wm. Reynolds, from England.

DEPARTURES.—October 14. Ship Roharts, Geo. Brown, to Bengal, *Passengers:* Mrs. Brown and Captain Eckford.

Do. do The H. C Ship Cruizer Bepares, Lieut. James Arthur, to Muscat.

Do. 17 The H. C. Ship York, James Tulbert, to London, *Passengers:* Lady Anstruther and Child, Wm Currie, Esq Wm Cruikshank, Esq. Captain Finlay, of the Orpheus F. T. Lieut. Waddington, Lieut. Bell, and Mr. Greig.

The H. C. Chartered Ship York, proceeded on her voyage to England, on Sunday last.

The Alonza, Bombay Merchant, and Marquis of Hastings will all sail about the end of the present month.

The Equipment of the Expedition is proceeding rapidly; and we understand it will be quite ready to depart by the 28th instant.

PENANG.

ARRIVALS. Oct. 2, H C. S. Minto, J. S. Criddle Esq. capt. from Singapore, 23d Sept.

H. C. Ship Nearchus, William Maxfield, Esq. capt. from ditto 23d ditto.

Ship Eliza, Wm. Osgood, from Gibraltar 8th June.

6. H. C. Ship William Pitt, Charles Graham, Esq. capt. from England, 29th Jan. Bencoolen 8th September.
7. H. C. Ship Larkins, R. Locke, Esq. captain, from England, 22d April, and St. Helena, 22d Aug.
Passengers John Macalister, Esq. and 9 Chinese.

DEPARTURES. Oct. 2, Brig Anne, J. Pereira, for Padang.
3. Ship Catherine, Thos. Howard, for Calcutta. Passengers, Lieut. Faithful and a Detachment of the 20th Regiment B. N. I.; Mrs. Parlby, Miss Fordyce, and Elizabeth Rhodes.
6. Ship Fattel, J. Bruno, for Rangoon.

Madras.

The *Providence*, which was to sail for Bombay on Friday last, parted from her anchors on that day and was blown out of the Roads—she returned on Sunday and sailed in prosecution of her voyage.

The Brig *Wasp* came on shore on Monday, from some unaccountable accident.—She grounded to the Northward of the Black Town, and was quickly knocked to pieces.

Our roads are now entirely clear of the Shipping, and nothing can be more dreary than the appearance to seaward.—The *Pilot* was the last that quitted them—she sailed on Saturday for Columbo, and will return here immediately after the Monsoon to receive freight for England.

Only two small craft remain.

The Brig *Wasp*, which we stated in our last to have been run on shore off Royapooram owing to some unaccountable circumstance, was put up for sale for the benefit of the Underwriters on Friday, and was knocked down for 560 Pagodas.

The weather has been insupportably sultry for the last ten days, and very little rain has fallen. Heavy clouds, however, have been hanging to the Northward and Westward the last few days, and we trust the change of the Moon will bring with it the setting in of the Monsoon—the rains are greatly wanted.

The Blenheim, Captain Shirley, sailed for England on Friday last.

Accounts from St. Helena, announce the arrival there on the 1st of July of the Honorable Company's Ship General Hewitt—the Passengers all well. The Weather from the Isle of France until they passed the Cape is stated to have been very tempestuous. The Ex-Emperor is reported to be in good health, but still declined receiving the visits of strangers. Madame Bertrand is said to be still at St. Helena, and not to have returned to Europe, as was formerly stated, for the purpose of superintending the education of her children.—The Ships David Scott and Margaret, reached the Island on the 7th of July. The Hewitt sailed on the 8th and the Margaret on the 9th, for England.

Bombay.

On Tuesday last the fourth sessions of over and terminer, &c. for this island, &c. commenced before the Hon'ble Court of the Recorder.

The packet mails for the Hon'ble Company's chartered ship York are to be closed this evening at the King's [illegible] This ship we understand goes to sea in the morning.

The free trader Bombay Merchant, Capt. J. Clarkson, for London, will sail about the end of the present month, and the Hon'ble Company's chartered ship Marquis of Hastings and free [illegible] Albinia about the 1st of next month. The Prince Regent is also loading for England, and it is expected she will be ready for sea between the 5th and 10th proximo.

By the statement of the quantity of rain fallen at Bombay in several successive years which is given in our metrical [illegible] column this day, it appears that we have had only a moderate fall of rain, though the lateness of the season and the continuance of wet drizzling weather seems to have impressed most people with the idea that we have had a heavier fall of rain this year than usual.

The following is the proposed arrangement for the Troops about to embark, for the Persian Gulf; though the exact number to each Ship, is not yet allotted.

Hannah,.....	Artillery.
Ann,.....	H. M. 47th Regt.
Jessy,.....	
Orpheus,.....	
Jemima,.....	
Glenelg,.....	H. M. 65th Regt.
Bombay Castle,...	
Pascoa,.....	
Diana,.....	1st of the 2nd N. I.
H. C. S. Ernaud,.....	
Fair Rayman-e,.....	
Angelica,.....	
Carron,.....	Flank Companies 1st of the 6d and Pioneers.
Cornwall,.....	Flank Companies 1st 11th N. I.

It is supposed that this Armament will be ready about the 28th instant.

We regret to state, that some cases of Cholera, still continue to lurk about the Ships in the Harbour.

On Monday last the Orient, Captain Reynolds, from London the 18th June, arrived here. This ship touched at Madeira & the Mauritius, at the latter island she left the Sarah, Captain Norton, bound for this place, and expected to sail in 4 or 5 days after her.

The following is a list of passengers per Orient.

Lieut.-Col. and Mrs. Mackonochie; Captain and Mrs. Campbell; 2 Miss Sheriffs; Miss Moore; Miss Brown; Captain Crozier; Captain Cocke: Captain Hackness; Captain Newman; Messrs. Green and Grey, Assistant Surgeons; Messrs. Jones, Wilkinson, Smee, Harrocks, and Hackness, Cadets; Mr. Brown, free mariner.

Pending.

The H. C. Ships *William Pitt* and *Larkins* have arrived since our last. By the latter Mr. MACALISTER has returned, and we are very happy to add, in apparently excellent health.

We have heard of no particular news by these opportunities.

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Calcutta

MILITARY.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE MOST NOBLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM; 6TH NOVEMBER, 1819.

The Governor General in Council is pleased to appoint Captain W. C. Biddely, of the 24th Regiment of Native Infantry, to be executive Officer in the 17th or Burdwan Division of the Barrack Department, on the same rate of Salary, and subject to the same rules as prescribed for District Barrack Masters.

The undermentioned Stations will comprise the Burdwan Division, and the charge and construction of all Public Buildings, Civil and Military, appertaining to them, will devolve on the executive Officer.

Soary,
Soorool,
Soo annooky,
Burdwan,
Rancoorah,
Nadiea,
Colagore,
Hurripaul,
Keerpoy
Goran',
Midnapore,
Tumlook.

In reference to General Orders of the 11th of August last, and to the above enumeration of Stations comprising the Burdwan Division, the custody of the Public Military Buildings at Midnapore is withdrawn from Captain Corbin of the Naval Establishment, whose duty will however embrace the charge of all Public Buildings, at the Military out posts within the District, as well as at the Station of Cuttack.

W. CASEMENT, Lieut. Col.

Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE MOST NOBLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM; 6TH NOVEMBER, 1819.

The Governor General in Council is pleased to make the following appointments.

Captain Thomas Worsley of the 23d Regiment of Native Infantry, and a Brigade Major on the fixed Establishment, to be Assistant Adjutant General to the Nerbuddah Field Force, vice Henley, promoted to a Regimental Majority.

Lieutenant and Brevet Captain George Casement of the 21st Regiment of Native Infantry, to be a Brigade Major on the Establishment, vice Worsley.

Assistant Surgeon A. Wood, 1st Permanent Assistant at the Presidency General Hospital, to the Medical Charge of the Calcutta Jail, vice Halliday, appointed a Presidency Surgeon.

Assistant Surgeon G. O. Gardner, to perform the Medical duties at the Civil Station of Bauliah, vice Ballard, resigned.

Assistant Surgeon James Hutchinson, to perform the Medical duties at the Civil Station of Bheerhoom, vice Pears, appointed to Banda.

The undermentioned Gentlemen having furnished Certificates and Counterpart Covenant of their respective appointments, as Cadets of Infantry and an Assistant Surgeon on this Establishment, are admitted to the Service accordingly.

Infantry.

Mr James Patrick Macdougall,
" Henry Reade Osborn.

Medical Establishment.

Mr George Graham Macpherson.

Cadets of Infantry are promoted to Ensigns, leaving the date of their commissions to be adjusted hereafter.

Lieutenant and Brevet Captain James Pearson, of the 18th Regiment of Native Infantry, having furnished the prescribed Certificate from the Pay Department, is permitted to proceed to Europe on Furlough on account of his private affairs.

Lieutenant and Brevet Captain S. Mercer of the 17th Regiment of Native Infantry, having forwarded a Medical Certificate, the leave of absence granted to him in General Orders of the 10th of July, 1818, to proceed to Sea for the benefit of his health, is extended for Eight Months from the expiration of the period therein stated, on the same account.

His Lordship in Council is pleased to promote Subadar Shaik Jumiatt, of the 1st Battalion 8th Regiment of Native Infantry, to the Rank of Subadar Major, from the 12th of October 1819, vice Locky Sing, deceased.

W. CASEMENT, Lieut. Col.
Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE MOST NOBLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM: 8TH NOVEMBER, 1819.

Major George Swaney of the Regiment of Artillery, having furnished the prescribed Certificate from the Pay Department, the conditional permission granted to him in General Orders of the 20th ultimo, to proceed to Sea for the benefit of his health, is confirmed.

W. CASEMENT, Lieut. Col.
Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

Head Quarters, Calcutta; 12th November, 1819.

GENERAL ORDER.

The detail of His Majesty's Regiments for the Presidency of Bombay, under the Command of Ensign Donnithorne, 65th Regiment, is to be held in readiness to embark on Board the ship Mary Ann, whenever that vessel shall be reported ready to receive it, of which due notice will be given.

Superintendary Assistant Surgeon Campbell, will proceed on this ship in Medical Charge of the above detail.

By Order of the Most Noble the Commander in Chief.

THOS. McMAHON,

Col. A. G.

Head-Quarters, Calcutta; 13th November, 1819.

GENERAL ORDER.

Cadet in Gordon of H. M. 59th Regiment has leave to proceed to Europe on the recovery of his health and to be absent on or account two years from the date of his embarkation.

By Order of the Most Noble the Commander in Chief.

THOS. McMAHON,

Col. A. G.

NOVEMBER 22.

On Thursday last, the Grand Jury having concluded their business for the late Session, delivered a presentment to the Court, in which, among other matters, they stated that it had come to their knowledge, that farmers and holders of Bazars in Calcutta, have assumed the right of demanding, under the name of Tuhbazaree, a certain amount from all persons carrying forth, or merely passing with goods, within certain limits—in which, they included the streets and highways,—claiming the right of stopping goods, in order to ascertain whether they were going for sale, that in such case they might levy the exaction. The Presentment further stated, that this practice was not only, not warranted by any authority conveyed by Government to the holders of Bazars, but on a former occasion had been specially forbidden. On a subject noticed in the charge of The Hon'ble Mr. Justice BULLER, published in our paper of the 25th ultimo, the presentment of the Grand Jury, contains the following statement:—

"There is another subject noticed in the charge received by the Grand Jury from the bench, in regard to which they desire to offer a few remarks, and that is the notoriety of great abuses being practised by the native police officers of this city. One charge of the kind, in which two of the inferior European agents of police are included, has been brought by private Bill before the Grand Jury, and the indictment having been found, the case will be brought to trial in regular course.

"The public may rest assured, that the Grand Jury will always be disposed to give to any cases of this nature, that may be brought forward by individuals, the most patient and attentive consideration in their power. But it must be obvious, that the check to abuse in this department, that is likely to result from the option possessed by individuals of applying to the Grand Jury for redress, must afford very inadequate security, and that the main reliance of the public must always be in the executive magistracy.

"The Grand Jury are at the same time fully sensible of the degree in which the exertions of the magistracy are continually directed to the control of their inferior ministerial agents, and as the employment of native officers is an unavoidable part of the system of police adopted, they are disposed to make every allowance for the difficulty which must be experienced in ascertaining and eradicating abuses, which it is the interest of so many to keep concealed by all manner of means.

"It occurs, however, to the Grand Jury, that much of the abuse that prevails, will arise from the undefined nature of the power possessed by the native police-officers, and the consequent ignorance of the public at all times, whether they are acting in the ordinary course of duty, or abusing their authority for other purposes, under the pretence of official exertion. In so far as the abuses complained of, may arise from this cause, the Grand Jury conceive, that an effectual remedy might be provided, by giving publicity to any rules that may now be in force to regulate the general powers and duties of police-officers, or if there should be none such already prepared in a form to be made available for public information, by causing a body of rules to be drawn up and printed in the English and Bengally language for general circulation."

We collect from a letter in the last number of the *Mirror*, that on the 14th ultimo, an entertainment was given on board the Ship *Bengal*, which has lately proceeded to Sea. The

party consisted of about fifty, ladies and gentlemen—and upwards of half the number were soon afterwards seized with a dangerous fever, which has already proved fatal to eight of the party, including the commander and surgeon of the ship. It is added by the writer of this letter, that several others were on the 16th instant, in a dangerous state. This sad mortality has given rise to numerous conjectures, but we have not heard that the cause of the malady has been ascertained. The Editor of the *Mirror* observes, that the fever was Typhus.

The Asiatic Society held a meeting on the 13th instant, the MARQUIS OF HASTINGS in the chair, when the following Committee was elected for the present year:—

VICE PRESIDENTS.

The BISHOP of CALCUTTA,	Colonel HARDWICKE,
Sir E. H. EAST,	W. B. BAYLEY, Esq.

COMMITTEE OF PAPERS.

Messrs. G. SWINTON,	The Revd. J. PARSON,
H. MACKENZIE,	Dr. CAREY,
J. BENTLEY,	Doctor WALLICH,
J. ATKINSON,	AND
G. J. GORDON,	Captain ROEBUCK.

Captain LOCKETT officiates as Secretary during the absence of Mr. Wilson from the Presidency.

A letter was read from Dr. McCulloch, of Baltimore, who some time ago presented to the Society his ingenious Essay on the Aborigines of America. He has been induced to make some inquiries, interesting in the history of the human family, and of especial use in the particular investigation he has long been employed upon, which he has addressed to the members of the Asiatic Society. He conceives it highly desirable to obtain further descriptions and, if possible, drawings of the Morais (Hindee, *more*) and other monuments to be found in various Islands of the Pacific Ocean, particularly those of the Friendly, Society, Sandwich, and Eastern Islands. The island of Tinian, one of the Marianne Islands, (see La Perouse, and subsequent navigators), contains some singular monuments which Dr McCulloch says are entirely unknown to him, except from the very brief description given of them by Lord Anson in his voyages.*

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* The Jesuit Gobien, has published a particular history of the Ladrones, or Marian Islands See also the Supplement of De Brosses, II.492, for an ample account of the Ladrones.

The deities worshipped in the islands of the Pacific he recommends as deserving of investigation, no particular account of them having hitherto appeared.

Dr. McCULLOCH observes, that General Valancey has stated in the 87th page of his Irish Grammar, (Dublin 1781,) that the Persians instead of intercalating, as is customary, one day every four years, to adjust their years with the course of the sun, they regarded nothing until they amounted to 30 days, which does not take place in less than 120 years. These thirty days were then added to the year, (making a year of 13 months,) which year was called Bibeck. This mode of intercalation is said by Dr. McCulloch to bear a singular resemblance to the method of the Mexicans, and it is therefore curious to ascertain, through the medium of the society, whether there are any other parts of an astronomical system to be found among the Persians to which such a mode of intercalation would seem properly to belong.

At the last meeting, Mr. Palmer presented to the society a marine production, called the Sponge plant obtained on the coast of the newly acquired island of Singapore. Colonel Hardwicke, one of the most distinguished naturalists of this country, has favoured the society with a description of it. He observes, that in the Systema Naturæ of Linnæus, it belongs to the natural class *Vermes*; and to genus, *Spongia*. In its form it resembles that kind of drinking cup called a goblet, with a well defined base or root, a cylindrical stem, and a capacious bowl or cup. Its texture is non-elastic, composed of numerous tubes or anastomosing cells; the external surface or epidermis is not thicker than the coats of the tubes, and covered with innumerable stellated pores, which under a lens appear to be the mouths of lymphatic vessels, and ramifications of the internal structure. The root is formed of several irregular perpendicular shoots, in their origin apparently cellular, but enlarged by an accumulation of earthy, sandy particles and broken shells, and of rather a fragile texture. The bowl is circular or sub-conical, with several nodes or protuberances, and covered both within and without with circular pores of various diameter, the mouths which are closed with fine cottony fibrous, radiating from the circumference to the centre; and the same fibrous substance extends over the surface of the bowl, giving to it when viewed with a lens of common powers, a tormentous appearance. The stem is cylindrical, of proportional height and thickness, and of the same cellular substance as the bowl.

The foregoing description is taken from a specimen something larger than the one in the Society's Museum, the dimensions being as follow. The greatest diameter of the bowl is, at its brim, 17 inches; the smallest at the bottom 7; in the middle 12½; the circumference of the stem 17, but near the root is a tumescene increasing it to a larger dimension. The cavity is capable of containing 36 quarts.

Colonel HARDWICKE further observes, that in an essay on British Sponges by George Montague, Esq. published in the 2d volume of the Transactions of the Wernerian Society, is described a sponge under the specific denomination of *Scypha*, and this sponge in its characters has affinity to the subject here mentioned. The Indian species, however, is gigantic in all its parts, compared with Spongia Scypha, and a more appropriate specific distinction may perhaps be given to this, in denominating it *Spongia Patera* the Goblet Sponge.

Several articles have been selected as presents for the Edinburgh College Museum, in conformity with the resolution passed at the last

meeting." They will be forwarded by the Marquis of Hastings †

Some beautiful models in ebony, of the instruments used by the natives of India in manufactures and husbandry, were laid before the Society.

Colonel FITZCLARENCE presented through the medium of the Most Noble the President, his Travels through India and Egypt to England.

A copy of *Recherches sur la découverte de l' Essence de Rose*, par M. Lebelles, was also received.

The narrative of a Journey from Soobat'hoo to Shipkè in Chinese Tartary, by Lieutenant A. Gerard of the Bengal Infantry, was presented by Mr. Metcalfe, at the desire of Sir David Ochterlony. The journey occupies a period from the 22d of September to the 22d of November, 1818.

Soobat'hoo lies in lat. 30° 58" and long. 77° 2" and is 4,200 feet above the level of the sea. On the 26th of September, Lieutenant Gérard reached Gujyndee, in Nawar, a small district of Bushur, famous for its numerous ironmines. It contains but few spots fit for cultivation, and the inhabitants, who are miners, live chiefly by their trade in iron. They work the mines only about three months in the year, and commence digging them in March, after the snow has sufficiently melted.

On the 2d of October he pitched his tent on the crest of the Broang Pass, 15,095 feet above the level of the sea. It is situated in lat. 31° 23" and long. 78° 19". The country is secluded, rugged, and barren, and the villages very thinly scattered, not more than one or two occurring in a stage. The inhabitants wear a frock of white blanket, often two fold, reaching down to the knees, and having sleeves, a pair of trowsers and girdle of the same, a cap of black blanket like a bonnet, and shoes, of which the upper part is woollen, and the sole alone leather. The people are very dark and extremely dirty, the villages are generally large and the houses spacious and even elegant. They are built of stone and wood, and either slated or flat roofed, the last is most common. The temples of the *Deotas* (Deities) are magnificient and adorned with a profusion of ornaments. In Koonawur the crops are extremely poor, and in time of scarcity small pears and horse chesnuts, after being steeped in water to take away their bitterness, are dried and ground into flour. Bears are very numerous, and the dogs are of a large ferocious breed, covered with wool, and generally chained during the day, otherwise it would be dangerous to approach a village. The language differs much from the Hindee, most of the substantives ending in *ing* and *ung* and the verbs in *mig* and *nig*.

At Rispe he first saw Lamas, and near that place he passed several tumuli, from 10 to 40 feet in length, 2 broad, and about 4 high. They are constructed of loose stones without cement, and upon their tops are numerous pieces of slate of all shapes and sizes, carved with strange

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† From *Blackwood's Magazine* for June we understand that the collection of natural curiosities at the College Museum is on the increase, and ere long promises to be one of the most scientific and beautiful in Europe. The classical Zoological cabinet of Dufresnf of Paris has been purchased for a great sum by the college, and is now on its way to Edinburgh. The sale of Bullock's museum in London was attended by a gentleman on the part of the University, and he is understood to have made purchases to a considerable amount. "Every month," says the Editor, "collections and specimens are pouring into "the museum from different parts of the world, as donations by those "who feel an interest in the advancement of natural history, and "in our national museum."

characters. They are called Mane, and are erected over the graves of the Lamas. There are invariably roads on each side of them, and the natives from some superstitious custom always leave them on the right hand, and will rather make a circuit of half a mile than pass them on the wrong side.

The course from Brooung to Shipke had been about N. E. Lieutenant Gerard arrived at the latter place on the 12th of October.

Shipke is a large village in the district of Rongshoong, under the Deba or Governor of Chubrung, a town, or rather collection of tents, on the left bank of the Sutluj, eight marches to the Eastward. The houses are very much scattered and are built of stone with flat roofs. There are gardens before each, hedged with gooseberries, which give them a neat appearance. Lieutenant Gerard and his brother were the first Europeans the inhabitants had ever seen. The Tartars pleased them much; they have none of that ferocity of character so commonly ascribed to them; they have something of the Chinese feature, their eyes are small, they go bareheaded even in the coldest weather, and have their hair plated into a number of folds, ending in a tail two or three feet long. Their dress consists of a garment of blanket, trowsers of striped woollen stuff, resembling Tartan, and stockings or boots of red blanket, to which are sewed leather shoes. Most of them wear necklaces, upon which are strung pieces of quartz or bone. They have also knives in brass, or silver cases, and all carry crop pipes of the same shape as those used by the labourers at home. The women, whose dress resembles that of the men, literally groan under a load of ornaments, which are mostly of iron or brass, inlaid with silver or tin, and beads round their necks, wrists and ancles, and affixed to almost every part of their clothes. While at Shipke the Chinese officers, of whom there are several to regulate the affairs of the country, brought to Lieutenant Gerard and his brother, 16 seers of flour, as a present. A short time afterwards the principal officer shewed them a long piece of parchment, written in a character supposed to be Chinese, and said that it was an express order from the Garpen of Garoo, under whose authority the Debasare, prohibiting stangers from entering the country. He at the same time observed, that Lieutenant Gerard had so many people with him (nearly 100) that he could not oppose his progress, but it would cost him his head if he afforded him the means of going on, and therefore he would not supply him with provisions.

The latitude of Shipkè is 31° 48" the long, 78° 48" The people are affable and good natured. Lieutenant Gerard exchanged a gold button for a goat, which he took with him to Soobat'hoo. The wool was extremely fine, and almost equal to what is used for the manufacture of shawls. He was informed that the best was procured further to the Eastward near Garoo, or Gartop, which is the famous mart for wool, but its fineness seems to depend almost entirely on the [illegible] of the climate. At Soobat'hoo, 4,200 feet a-

kind of [illegible] blanket. They likewise occasionally wrap three or four blankets round them, and thus accoutred set out on their perilous journey. No herbage is to be met with for two days. Leh or Leo is the capital of Laduk, and about midway between Cashmeer and Garoo.

The Wangtee J'hoola, a rope bridge over the Sutluj, consists of 5 or 6 cables close together, upon which is laid half a hollow fir tree, about two feet long, with pegs driven through it to prevent its coming off. From this hangs a loop of 3 or 4 ropes, in which the passenger takes his seat. It is pulled across by two pieces of ratton twine, that from constantly breaking occasion this to be a tedious mode of transporting baggage. The conveyance is a pretty safe one, but greatly alarming to a novice, for the J'hoola is elevated 20 feet above the stream, which runs with great rapidity and a deafening noise.

The Sutluj has a variety of names, being called Sutlooj, Sutroodra, Sumu trum, Sampoo, Langbiog, Kampa, Mukhung, and Zung Tee, in different parts of its course. Sutrooda is the most commonly used, by which name it is known from its source to the plains. By the accounts of many people who have travelled along its banks to its source, it issues from Lake Rawunrud, called also Rawathud and Lanka which was confidently said by every body Lieutenant Gerard saw that had been there, to communicate with Munsrower, although Mr. Moorcroft could not discover the outlet of the latter lake. The circuit of Rawunrud is represented as seven days journey, but it is most likely both lakes were included.

But we must abstain from further notice of this interesting and valuable paper, as it will probably be included in the 16th volume of the Researches now in the press.

Mr. WILSON presented a copy of his Sanscrit and English Dictionary to the Society.

Several sculptured antiquities were received from Dr. R. Tytler, and amongst them a curious black stone, with three female figures upon it, presented by Major Thomas, of the Bengal Infantry.

A letter was also read from the secretary to the Bombay Literary Society, communicating a resolution, that any Member of the Asiatic Society of Calcutta who may be occasionally at Bombay, shall have free access to the Library.

Dr. WALLICH was appointed to act as Superintendent of the Museum.

The Most Noble the President proposed Baron de Richemont as an Honorary Member.

The following gentlemen proposed at the last meeting were unanimously elected members of the Society. Messrs. George Money, David Scott, William Eaton, William Linton, and Captain Lachlan.

Extract of a letter dated Mendyghaut, 8th November, 1819:—

"The cold begins to set in pretty intensely. The Kharuf crop is getting in, and has been favorable; the Grain still keeps high, owing to the native Monopolisers, not to any scarcity. Cotton also is high, and the nominal price kept up, tho' there are few or no purchasers. The Indigo has in general not yielded above half the estimated quantity, and among several planters not so much, owing to the lateness of the rains setting in, and the cold weather coming on so soon.

"Every thing betokens a most promising crop of the Rubbee, unless the frost damages a part.

Grain is only 12 seers per rupee,		96 wt.
Barley.....	17 ditto	ditto
Badgeron ..	20 ditto	ditto
Wheat	14 ditto	ditto
Paddy ...	27 ditto	
Oord, (Mash)	19 ditto	

(From a Correspondent.)

We understand, from unquestionable authority, that an Amateur Performer, long a very deserved and great favorite with the Calcutta public, has returned to this Presidency on the *Princess Charlotte*; and that this Gentleman has most kindly consented, to add his talents to the success of both pieces to be performed on Friday next. We are confident the public only need this information to manifest their acknowledgements by giving the Theatre what is called in the phraseology of this interesting Society, "a Bumper."

The Monsoon, which was longer than usual in making its appearance at Madras, commenced about the beginning of this month, with a copious fall of rain.

We have received Batavian Journals to the 4th September, but they contain no local intelligence worthy of translation. We understand they are chiefly filled with extracts, from the continental papers, long since published at this Presidency. The Governor General of Java, was still on his tour in the interior—and the Birth-day of His Netherland's Majesty was celebrated with great demonstrations of joy and loyalty.

The Chouringhee Theatre was not so numerously attended on Friday last as the merit of the performance deserved. The Comedy of *Wild Oats* seems to have had but little attraction, though one of O'KEEFE's most successful efforts. *Rover*, the hero of the piece, the strolling player, was performed with admirable spirit, both in the facetious parts and those of a serious character. The whole play was sustained in a very pleasing manner, and received the warm applause of the audience. The Marquis and Marchioness of HASTINGS were present.

Mr. and Mrs. LACY's second Concert took place at the Town Hall on Monday evening. The performance appears to have given general satisfaction.

Yesterday a Meeting was held at the Town Hall, for the purpose of making arrangements for the splendid entertainment about to be given by the Society of Calcutta, to the Marchioness of HASTINGS.

From Jubbulpore we have received the following intelligence, dated the 1st instant.

"The 8th Light Cavalry march for Pertabgurh, Oude, on the 5th instant. The troops and more especially the European Officers at Jubbulpore have been very sickly of late. Grain of every description is extremely scarce and dear throughout this part of the country, so much so, that the allowance for the Cavalry horses has been reduced from four seers per diem to three, at a period when it is most desirable to encrease it. Even at this rate a supply sufficient for a month's consumption cannot be procured. For the last month grain and wheat have been sold here at 8 seers per rupee. The Commissioner at Sagur it is said, sent ten thousand rupees into this district, a few days ago, for the purchase of seed grain at any rate; but his people were obliged to return as they came, not a seer being procurable. The crops on the ground are very promising, and to the credit of the Commissioner on the Nerbudda be it spoken, through his exertions tracts of land every where, have been brought under cultivation, over which perhaps, had never passed a plough before, certainly not for very many years."

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

CALCUTTA.

ARRIVALS AT KEDGEREE.

NOVEMBER.

14. Ship *Princes Charlotte*, Captain J. McKean, from Liverpool 3d July.
— Ship *Medway*, Captain B. Wight, from London 18th June, and Madeira 1st August.
— Portuguese Ship *Rozalia*, Captain M. J. de Freitas, from Pernambuco.
15. Brig *Favorite*, Captain R. A. J. Roe, from Bencoolen 6th October, and Car Nicobar 6th November.
16. French Ship *Fanny*, Captain P. Albert, from Havre and Bourbon the 29th September.
— American Brig *Laura*, Captain J. Holman, from Gibraltar the 23d July.

— Arab Ship *Fathelbery*, Nacoda, from Judda 19th August and Penang 22d October.

17. French Ship *Mercure*, Captain D. Chevelanre, from Bordeaux 2d January, Pondicherry, and Bourbon the 11th October.

PASSENGERS.

PER SHIP MEDWAY.

Mrs. Rogers, Mrs. Fowler and two children, Mrs. Underwood and child, Mr. Geo. Kinloch, Mr. H. W. Bellew, and Mr. D'Ewart, Cadets.

PER BRIG BROTHERS.

Lieut. D. Campbell, H. M. 73d Regiment.

PER PRINCESS CHARLOTTE.

Mrs. E. Bannister and child; Mrs. S. Parod, Mrs. Robert Becher, Mr. Robert Becher, Reverend E. Brodie, Mr. Wm. Bannister, Surgeon, Mr. G. S. Laurenson, Mr. S. W. Bennet, Mr. C. Dailas, Cadets of Artillery. Mr. G. Bishop, Cadet of Cavalry, W. Thompson, Free Mariner, 40 Honorable Company's Troops, 4 Women and 1 Child.

PER BRIG FAVORITE.

From Benkoolen.

The Hon. Sir T. S. Raffles, Capt. Watson, Dr. Jack, Mr. Ingrip.

From Batavia.

Captain MacNeelance, Christensen, Country Service, Mr. White, Vereplugh, Birch.

OFF CALCUTTA.

14. The *Fattelmain.*
15. The H. C Ship *Minto*, at Cooly Bazar.
— The *Kingston*, ditto.
17. The *Princess Charlotte.*
— The *Anne.*
— The Brig *Brothers.*
— The Brig *Victoria.*
— The H. C Ship *Princess Charlotte*, at Kidderpore.
18. The *Oceanno*, (P.)
19. The *Medway.*
— The *Samdanny.*
— The *Rozalia*, (P.)
— The *Fanny*, (F)
20. Brig *Favorite.*

DEPARTURES FROM CALCUTTA.

18. Ship *Mary Ann*, Capt. J. Webster, for Bombay.

EXPECTED TO SAIL.

The *Lord Wellington*, Captain L. Wasse. and the *Sapho*, Captain F. Steuart, for London via Madras, in 2 or 3 days.

The *Stockton*, Captain R. Lungley, for London via Cape, in a day or two.

PASSED TO SEA DURING THE WEEK.

The *Windermere, Bengal, Globe, Brittannia and Bristol.*

BOMBAY.

ARRIVALS.—Oct 23. Ship Bussorah Merchant, Henry Humphreys, from Bussorah 3d October, *Passenger*: Mrs Humphreys.
Ship H. C. Cruizer Vestal, Lieut. R. Watson, from Bushire.
24. Armed-boat Chacer, Syrang Doss Mahomed, from Surat.
DEPARTURES.—October 23. Cutter Gertruydee, Captain C. Kell, to the Malabar Coast.
24. Grab Snow Seton, Nacoda Marle Hadjee, to Surat.

Bombay

POONA TURF CLUB.

FAREWELL DINNER TO THE

Hon'ble Mountstuart Elphinstone.

The testimonies of society to public and private worth cannot be too widely diffused, and we have great pleasure in giving publicity to the following account of an entertainment given on the evening of the 16th instant, by the Poona Turf Club, to their President, the Honorable Mountstart Elphinstone

The members of the club, dressed in the turf uniform, having assembled in the old palace at Poona, they waited to receive Mr. Elphinstone at the principal entrance, from whence he was conducted to the Gunnesh Mal, where the whole sat down at half past seven o'clock to a splendid dinner, and the party seemed determined to forget, for that evening at least, that they were so soon to lose their doble patron.

The chair was filled by Captain Tovey, who had also the honor to be supported by the gallant Major Stanton.

Upon the cloth being removed, the following toasts were given.

The King.
The Prince Regent.
The Duke of York and the Army.
The Duke of Clarence and the Navy.
The Marquis of Hastings and the Government in India.

The chairman here observed, that he had unintentionally given the Marquis of Hastings before the Honorable Company, but he hoped it would be no disparagement to them to be drank after that illustrious nobleman.

THE HONORABLE COMPANY.

The chairman having requested the attention of the Company, then addressed them as follows:

GENTLEMEN,

I regret extremely that it should have fallen to my lot to fill the chair this evening, as I am very incompetent to do it justice, but as I could not with honor decline my tour of duty, I hope you will be somewhat indulgent to me.

In proposing the health of our Noble President, you will naturally expect that I should say a few words, but I shall merely allude to Mr Elphinstone as President of the Turf Club. The object of the club from its first institution has been to encourage conviviality and amusement You well know how Mr. Elphinstone has accomplished this object; he has not only been the life and soul of all our amusements, but he has diffused a happiness in our society at Poona which has made us the envy of all our neighbours.—(*loud applause*)

You must all have remarked, gentlemen, that the name of Mr. Elphinstone's name in company creates a degree of enthusiasm, which can only arise from a deep sense of those inestimable qualities which have made him so universally respected and beloved.—(*loud applause*)

I regret, gentlemen, that I have no talent for making a speech, and what is still worse, I have no champaign to give you this evening I shall therefore imitate the example of the distinguished hero opposite to me, (Major Staunton,) and place a deserving confidence in the valour of my troops. I shall rely, gentlemen, on your enthusiasm to support me through the night, and more particularly in doing justice to the toast I beg to propose, gentlemen, the health of Mr Elphinstone and may he long enjoy, with increased prosperity, that happiness which he has so widely diffused among us in the Deccan.—(*loud cheering*)

Mr ELPHINSTONE—three times three.

TUNE—*Garb of old Gaul.*

The enthusiasm with which this toast was drank cannot be described, but it will be well for persons who have a strong susceptability of the shocks of earthquakes, to refer to their memorandum books under date the 16th October 1813, between the hours of 9 and 10 P M; indeed we shall not be surprised if the repeated cheers of the sons of the turf in the hall of Gunnesh, had startled the Peshwa in his retirement at Bittoor

When the echoes of enthusiasm had died away, Mr. Elphinstone returned his acknowledgements to the club in the following terms:

GENTLEMEN,

I beg to offer my best thanks for the honor you have done me in drinking my health The compliment is particularly flattering from so respectable a society The just praise of this club is, that while it makes every exertion to promote the amusements of the society, it has never encouraged any of the vices with which such amusements are sometimes attended, I have, therefore particular pleasure in proposing the Turf Club, and I may it continue to prosper, and to diffuse an example of sociability and harmony to all around us.

This toast it is needless to say, was received with thunders of applause.

TUNE—*Bachelor's Hall.*

The Chairman then addressed the company. He said he intended to propose the health of a distinguished member of the club, a gallant veteran equally ardent in beating the enemies of his country in the field as in contending with his friends on the turf. He had recently undertaken a long and fatiguing Journey, with the view of keeping up that *Esprit de Corps* which has obtained him the honourable appellation of Father of the Turf

COLONEL MACDOWALL, and may we long be able to hail him as father of the turf.

TUNE—*The High Metland Racer.*

The gallant Colonel then rose, and made the following reply.

MR PRESIDENT AND GENTLEMEN,

I am highly flattered by the handsome manner in which my health has been drank. I had long been anxious to visit the western coast, and a kind invitation from Mr Elphinstone induced me to attend your first turf meeting. This not only gave me an opportunity of becoming acquainted with my sporting friends here, and at Bombay, but it has also introduced me to a society I shall always respect and esteem. Gentlemen, the kind attention I have met with at both stations has gained to all the warm regards of my heart; but at the same time I acknowledge this, I must declare that I shall do my best to beat the horses of my friends at both meetings.

This speech and challenge from the Father of the Turf was received with loud and repeated cheers.

The Chairman rose and said, Gentlemen, I am sorry to perceive that the Club is likely to lose some valuable members, and among others one, who I am sure, will be much regretted; his reputation as an officer and gentlemanlike qualities would make him an acquisition to any society, and I beg to propose his health.

MAJOR LUSHINGTON, and may he long enjoy in health and happiness the reputation which he has so justly acquired.

TUNE—*The bold Dragoon.*

Major Lushington having allowed the plaudits to subside, made the following reply:

GENTLEMEN,

The very unexpected honor conferred upon me by our worthy president, and the very flattering manner in which you have drank my health, demands much greater acknowledgements than I have it in my power to express to you. Among the many gratifying circumstances that have occurred to me since I have been in the Deccan, I can assure you the having been elected a member of the Poona Turf club is not among the least. Allusion has been made to my reputation as an officer. Any little merit I possess, I feel to have been greatly overrated, but as whatever credit may be due to me, was principally gained in the Deccan, permit me to say, the time passed here has been the happiest and proudest of my life: (*loud applause.*)

The Chairman again begged the attention of the company. He said that among other members whom the club were about to lose, there was one who was upon the eve of retiring to his native country; that altho' his virtues were probably best known to a small circle of his intimate friends, he could assure the company, that his name would be recollected at Poona when many who had run a more brilliant career were forgotten; that the person was Doctor Coats. There was not a village within 20 miles of Poona where the Doctor's name was not familiar, from the recollection of his kindness and humane attentions in the exercise of his professional duties. The Chairman said he had no doubt that the company would cordially join him in drinking Doctor Coat's health, and wishing him all that happiness in his native country which he so richly deserved

This tribute to the worthy Doctor was received with loud applause.

TUNE.—*For a' that and a' that.*

DOCTOR COATS then rose and said, "Gentlemen, I am quite overpowered by the honor you have conferred on me and the flattering allusion made to my humble services. I have no doubt that my successor will be found equally zealous. I shall carry with me to my native country a grateful recollection of the happiness I have enjoyed in your society at Poona, and I hope sincerely, Gentlemen, that you may long remain the envy of your neighbours."

The Chairman next proposed the health of Major Sandwith, in a short speech, regretting his absence from indisposition, and alluding to his intended journey to England with Doctor Coats.

TUNE.—*For England when with favoring gale.*

The Chairman then alluded to the circumstance of one of the members of the club having recently quitted his forlorn bachelor-state, and proposed the health of

MR and MRS SLIGHT—Tune, *Honeymoon.*

Mr Slight having returned thanks, the Chairman said he had another toast to propose, one which always gave him great pleasure, as it came home to the hearts of all men, and did not require a speech to set it off.

THE LADIES—Tune, *Green grow the rushes*

Mr. Elphinstone then begged leave to propose another toast, and addressed the company in the following words:

GENTLEMEN,

As we have drunk the health of some of the members whom we are about to lose, I beg leave to propose that of our honorary member who is now to become an effective one. This is not a time to enlarge on the high public character of Mr. Chaplin, or on his other estimable qualities, but I congratulate the club in the acquisition of him as a valuable member of society, and a zealous promoter of the objects of the club.

MR CHAPLIN.—*a march.*

When the applause with which this toast was received had subsided, Mr Chaplin rose, and made the following reply:

I could not, Gentlemen, have anticipated the honor which you have conferred upon me. If therefore the expression of my acknowledgements is inadequate, I trust to your indulgence to excuse me. The value of the compliment is the more particularly felt on account of its having proceeded from so high a quarter, and for the very flattering terms in which it has been conveyed. I consider it an enviable felicity to have been employed under a person so eminently distinguished by public and private notice as Mr. Elphinstone. This my good fortune led me to visit Poona, where you, Gentlemen, at the last meeting did me the honour to elect me an honorary member of the club. I avail myself of this opportunity to thank you, sincerely for this favor, and to assure you, if any humble endeavours of mine can in any way contribute to promote the objects of your institution, you may always command me.—(*loud applause*)

The Chairman having now announced his intention of calling on one of the members for a song, Mr. Elphinstone begged first to be allowed to propose a toast, and said,—

GENTLEMEN,

I beg to give the health of Captain Tovey, who now fills the chair with the same spirit and respectability with which he fills every other situation in life.

Captain Tovey having returned thanks for the honor conferred on him, the company were then favored with an appropriate song, composed for the occasion by Major Lushington, which was received with universal applause, as well as another of the same description by that gallant veteran, Major Bingham. Mr. Elphinstone afterwards proposed the health of the gallant vice-chairman, Major Stanton, who returned thanks in a short and impressive speech, which met with loud applause.

Mr. Elphinstone also gave the health of an absent honorary member of the club, Mr. COLE, a zealous promoter of the turf.

TUNE.—*Paddy o' Rafferty.*

Colonel M. Dowell then gave, Mr. WARDEN, the Father of the Bombay Turf; but it is impossible to introduce the whole of the numerous toasts drank upon this occasion, and we regret to say, that many valuable speeches have been lost from the members not being able to recollect them. We observed, however, with much satisfaction, that the chairman noticed the many obligations which the club were under to Captain Robertson, the Collector of Poona, and that he also paid a handsome tribute to his old commander in the course of the evening. In proposing the health of Brigadier General Smith, and the Poona division of the army, he said he could not refrain from observing, that his (Brigadier General Smith's) division was one of the most efficient in the field last war, and attended with the very unusual circumstances of its gallant commander having been twice engaged during the campaign, in personal combat with the enemy, at the head of his troops. This toast was drank with loud and repeated cheers.

TUNE.—*Grenadier March.*

Mr. Elphinstone retired about midnight, highly gratified with the entertainment; and the whole of the party broke up soon after, but when they awoke from their slumbers, after such a night of bliss, it was hard to say whether they felt most the effects of their enthusiasm, or the consciousness that they had bid an affectionate farewell to their noble President.

"When shall we meet his like again?"

A correspondent from Poona writes us, that the Honorable Mr. Elphinstone leaves that city for this presidency on the 26th instant. We regret that the late hour our correspondent's letter reached us yesterday evening, has precluded our inserting until next week, the interesting account he has sent us.

CALCUTTA MONTHLY JOURNAL.

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Calcutta

MILITARY.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE MOST NOBLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM, 13TH NOVEMBER, 1819.

Ordered, that the following Rank of Cadets for the Engineers, Artillery and Infantry Corps, and of Assistant Surgeons, appointed for this Presidency, and instructed by the Honorable the Court of Directors to proceed by the Ships of Season 1818, be published in General Orders.

Ranks of Cadets appointed for the Bengal Engineers, Artillery and Infantry, and proceeding by the following Ships of the Season 1818.

FOR THE ENGINEERS

To rank from 18th December, 1817, the day he passed his Public Examination—Thomas Prinsep *Hoogly*.

To rank from 16th June, 1818, the day they passed their Public Examination—John Thompson, and John Mudge, learning the art of Sapping and Mining.

To rank from 6th April, 1819, the day he passed his public Examination—Edward Sanders, to be detained in England without prejudice to his rank, for the purpose of being sent on the Trigonometrical Survey, and afterwards to learn the art of Sapping and Mining.

FOR THE ARTILLERY

William John Macviti,* *Marquis of Wellington.*
William Richard Maidman
Richard Gordon Bedingfield.
Henry Rutherford, *Mary*
Archdale Wilson, *Princess Charlotte of Wales.*
Philip Jackson, *Rochester.*
George Maclean.
David Ewart, *Medway.*
James Scott
Simon William Bennett.
Augustus Abbott, *Mary.*
Peter Arnold Torckler, *Ditto.*
George Simson Lawrenson.
Proby Thomas Cautley, *Marquis of Wellington.*
Charles Mc Vourne, *Ditto*
Richard Williams, *Atherton.*
Charles Grant.
Hunett Garbett, *Fame.*
James Watson Wakefield, *Marquis of Wellington.*
Arthur Campbell, *Ditto.*
William Trigge Garrett, *Princess Charlotte of Wales.*
Charles Dallas.
Bellantyne Williams.
Richard Horsford, *Hoogly*
Edward Saunders Armigal Wadd Wada Wade, *William Miles.*

* These Cadets are ranked as reported qualified at Public Examination on the 6th April, 1819.

FOR THE INFANTRY.

John Fulton Meade, *Rose*, sailed 14th March 1819.
Gregory Haldane Jackson, *Ditto*, Ditto.
Joseph Graham, *Minerva*, Ditto 15th March 1819.
Charles Alexander Crickett Hodges. *Ditto*, Ditto.
Hugh Murray, *Ditto*, Ditto.
Thomas Sewell, *Abroad*, Para. appd. 27th May 1819.
George Fleming, *Surry*, (Aldham) sailed 11th April 1819
William Hamilton Halford, *Ditto*, Ditto.
William Hickey, *Ditto*, Ditto.
George Burney, *Surry* (Hurt) Ditto 14th April,
James Donnithorne, *Ditto*, Ditto
Charles Farmer, *Carnatic*, Ditto 17th April.
William Whitaker, *ditto* Ditto,
George Henry White, *Thomas Grenville*, Ditto.
Miles Dormer, *Ditto*, Ditto.
Hay Macdowall, *Ditto*. Ditto,
William Payne, *Ditto*. Ditto,
Frederick Coape Smith, *Carnatic* Ditto.
William Beckett *Ditto*, Ditto,
Francis Edward Manning, *Thomas Grenville*, Ditto,
Joseph Walker Jasper Ousely *Ditto*, Ditto.
James Brook, *William Males*, Ditto 11th May,
Joseph Leason. *Abroad*, Para appd. 11th May 1819
William Ellis. *William Miles*, Sailed, 11th May.
William Dalzell, *Princess Charlotte of Wales*, Ditto, 20th May.
Brown Jackson Fleming, *Marquis of Wellington*, Ditto.
Thomas Roberts, *Ditto*, Ditto.
Vincent Shortland, *Princess Charlotte of Wales*, Ditto.
George Griffiths. *Ditto*, Ditto.
Robert William Halhed, *Marquis of Wellington*, Ditto.
James White, *Ditto* Ditto.
Stewart Corbett, *Ditto* Ditto.
Edward Morsehead, *Ditto*, Ditto,
George Templer. *Princess Charlotte of Wales*, Ditto.
James Stevens, *Ditto*, ditto.
John Staniforth Petts, *Albion*, (Fayrer) Ditto 23d May.
Francis Rowcroft, *Fame*, Ditto 26th May.
William Grant, *Hoogly*, Ditto.
Henry Doveton. *Ditto*, Ditto.
Joseph Charles Sage, *Fame*, Ditto.
James Patrick Macdougal, produced Commission in the 91st Regiment of Foot as Ensign, dated 21st March 1816, *Albion*, (Weller) Ditto 29th May
Henry Roche Osborn, *Ditto*, Ditto.
Anthony Heghmere Jellicoe, *Mary*, Ditto 10th June.
John Paton. *Ditto*, Ditto.
George Kinloch. *Medway*.
Henry Walter Bellew, *Ditto*.

(Signed) WM. ABINGTON.

East-India House, 15*th June*, 1819.

(A true Copy,)
(Signed) J. DART,
Secretary.

East-India House, London, 7*th July*, 1819.

Rank of Assistant Surgeons appointed for Bengal and proceeding by the following Ships of the Season 1818.

Hector Fraser, *Spake*, sailed 6th Aug. 1818.
James Hume, *Paragon*, Ditto 23d Aug.
Poyntz Stewart, M.D. *Sappho*, Ditto 5th Feb. 1819.
Charles Mackinnon, *Rose*, Ditto 14th March.
James Clarke, *Minerva*, Ditto 15th March.
Whitney Taylor, *Ditto*, Ditto.
James Hutchinson, *Bombay Castle*, Ditto 6th April, from Liverpool.
James Stewart, *Carnatic*, Ditto 17th Apr.
Edward Hickman, *Thomas Grenville*, Ditto.
William Montgomerie, *Abroad* Pass appd. 12th May.
Murdoch Macleod, *Marquis of Wellington*, Sailed 26th May.
Charles Walter Welchman, *Ditto*, Ditto.
John Griffin, *Ditto*, Ditto.
John Mitchell Todd, *Hooghly*, Ditto 26th May.
George Gordon Mac Pherson, *Albion* (Weller) Ditto 29th May.
Thomas Shooter, *Abroad*, Pass. appd. 9th June.

(Signed) WM. ABINGTON.

East India House, the 15th June, 1819.

(A True Copy,)
(Signed) J. DART.
Secretary.

East India House, London, the 7th July, 1819.

W. CASEMENT, *Lieut. Col.*
Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

GENERAL ORDERS BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE MOST NOBLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM, 11TH NOVEMBER, 1819.

The Governor General in Council is pleased to make the following Appointments.

Lieutenant David Thomas of the 7th Regiment of Native Infantry to be Fort Adjutant at Barrackpore vice Griffin, removed to another situation.

Assistant Surgeon J. Heuders to the Medical charge of the Civil Station of Hurripal and Gollagore, vice Wardrop, removed to Nuddeah.

His Lordship in Council was pleased, in the General Department under date the 5th instant, to appoint Lieutenant Sir Robert Colquhoun, Bart. of the 22d Regiment of Native Infantry, Commanding the Kemaoon Provincial Battalion, to the situation of Deputy Post Master at Almorah vice Captain Levs.

Lieutenant J. A. Schalch, Deputy Assistant Quarter Master General, has been appointed, in the Judicial Department, under date the 29th ultimo, to conduct the Survey of Calcutta under the Lottery Committee.

The undermentioned Officers, having furnished the prescribed Certificates from the Medical and Pay Departments, respectively, are permitted to proceed to Europe on Furlo' for the benefit of their health.

Lieutenant and Brevet Captain E. T. Bradby of the 4th Regiment of Native Infantry.

Lieutenant R. Chalmers, of the 2d Regiment of Native Infantry.

The following Officers having respectively furnished the prescribed Certificates from the Pay Department, are permitted to proceed to Europe on Furlo' on account of their private affairs.

Lieutenant-Colonel and Brevet-Colonel George Dick of the 9th Regt. of Native Infantry.

Captain W. H. L. Frith of the Regt. of Artillery.

Lieutenant-Colonel M. White of the 2d Regiment of Native Infantry, having produced the prescribed Certificates from the Pay Department, is permitted to proceed to the Cape of Good Hope on account of his private affairs and to be absent from Bengal on that account for Twelve Months.

Surgeon P. Breton, attached to the Ramghur Battalion, having furnished the prescribed Certificates from the Medical and Pay Departments, is permitted to make a voyage to sea for the benefit of his health, and to be absent from Bengal on that account for Ten Months, from the date of the sailing of the Ship on which he may embark.

Serjeant Major Dungress Manningfield of the 2d Battalion 21st Regiment of Native Infantry, is admitted to the benefits of the Pension established by Minutes of Council of the 11th of January 1797, and permitted to reside and draw his stipend at Cawnpore.

Serjeant Turner, who was admitted to the established Pension by General Orders of the 13th of March last, and permitted to reside at Berhampore, is allowed to reside and draw his stipend at the Presidency, instead of at the former station.

In consequence of the receipt of a corrected Certificate from the Honourable the Court of Directors, the Governor General in Council is pleased to notify, that Peter La Touche, and not La Touche, under which latter name he was admitted into the Service by General Orders of the 19th September, 1818, is the correct name of Ensign La Touche, now doing duty with the 18th Regiment Native Infantry.

W. CASEMENT, Lieut. Col.

Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE MOST NOBLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM; 13TH NOVEMBER, 1819.

The Governor General in Council is pleased to direct, that the Provision contained in General Orders of the 2th of November 1812, authorizing an additional Writer at Sonat Rupees (30) Thirty per mensem, for each of the Majors of Brigade then on the Establishment, be made applicable to all Officers holding that situation on the permanent Staff of the Army.

His Lordship in Council is pleased to transfer Cornet O'Brien, of the 1st Local Cavalry, as an Ensign to the Ramghur Battalion, in the room of Fillette, deceased.

W. CASEMENT, Lieut Col.
Sec to Govt Mil Dept.

GENERAL ORDERS BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE MOST NOBLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM; 13TH NOVEMBER, 1819.

The Governor General in Council is pleased to promote the undermentioned unposted Ensigns to the rank of Lieutenants, from the dates expressed opposite to their respective names, to supply existing vacancies.

Richard Radford Hughes, 24th April, 1819.
Alexander Charles Baillie, 21st July, 1819.
Eric Sutherland, 23d July, 1819.
Ashford John Anstruther, 9th August, 1819.
Humphrey Jervis White, 24th August, 1819.
Septimus Glynne White Rose, 29th August, 1819.
George Lewis Vanz[illegible] 6th September, 1819.
William Hamilton, 29th September, 1819.
Henry Vigo Cary, 22d October, 1819.

His Lordship in Council is further pleased to promote Mr. Thomas Prinsep, Cadet of Engineers, to the rank of Ensign, to fill one of the existing vacancies in that Corps, leaving the date of his Commission to be adjusted hereafter.

The undermentioned Gentlemen having produced Certificates of their appointment as Cadets of Artillery and Infantry on this Establishment, are admitted to the service accordingly.

Artillery.

Mr. Richard Gordon Bedingfold,
—George Maclean

Infantry.

The Honorable William Stapleton.
Mr Phillip Deare
—James Hewett.
—George Harris Edwards.

The Cadets of Artillery are promoted to 2d Lieutenants, and those of Infantry to Ensigns, leaving the dates of their rank to be adjusted hereafter.

Serjeant Major Charles Franks, of the 2d Battalion 27th Regiment of Native Infantry is admitted to the benefits of the Pension established by Minutes of Council, dated the 11th of January 1797, with permission to reside and draw his stipend at the Presidency.

W. CASEMENT, Lieut-Col.
Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE MOST NOBLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL

FORT WILLIAM; 13TH NOVEMBER, 1819.

Assistant Surgeon C. Pears, M. D. attached to the Civil Station of Bandah, is permitted at his own request, to resign the Service of the Honorable Company.

W. CASEMENT, Lieut.-Col.
Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE MOST NOBLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM; 20TH NOVEMBER, 1819.

The Most Noble the Governor General in Council having had under his consideration, the inconvenience likely to attend the operation of that part of the General Orders under date the 1st September, 1818, which authorized the Commandant of the 4th Battalion of Artillery, not being a Colonel, to draw annually 2-3ds of a Colonel's Share from

the Surplus Off-reckoning Fund, is pleased to rescind the [illegible] and with reference to the existing strength of that Corps, to assign to the Officer commanding it in lieu of the allowance therein specified [illegible] highest rate of compensation for Off-reckoning authorized by the Honorable the Court of Directors, in their Bengal letter [illegible] Military Department under date the 28th October 1814, to be granted to any Officer not being a Colonel in Command of a Corps, viz. (4000) Four Thousand Rupees.

W. CASEMENT, Lieut.-Col.

Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

GARRISON ORDERS BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE MOST NOBLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL.

23d NOVEMBER, 1819.

His Excellency the Most Noble the Governor General is pleased to direct that in future "Velocipedes" shall not be permitted to enter the Respondentia Walk.

By Order: C. T. HIGGINS,

Offig. Town Major.

Head Quarters, Calcutta; 18th November, 1819.

GENERAL ORDERS.

The detachment of the 21st Dragoons, and details of Invalids and service expired men of the Corps stated in the margin, with such out Pensioners of Chelsea Hospital as have received permission to return home, are to be embarked on Sunday morning, the 21st instant, on board the Ship *Mellish*, formerly called the Plowden, for which purpose Maj. Gen Wood will be pleased to make the requisite arrangements

14th Foot, 17th ditto, 94th ditto, 59th ditto, 87th ditto,

Captain Campbell of the 17th Foot, will command the Troops in general; but Lieutenant Newton will retain the immediate charge of the detachment of the 21st Dragoons.

The following is the detail of Officers to proceed on duty on the Mellish, viz.

Captain Campbell, ... 17th Foot.
Lieutenant Newton, ... 21st Dragoons,
Lieutenant Suckling, ... Royal Scots.
Cornet Forward, ... 21st Dragoons,
Assist Surgeon Menzies, ... Ditto.

Captain Campbell or Senior Officer on Board, upon arrival at a British Port, will report to the Officer Commanding, and will send a return to the Adjutant General of the Forces, Horse Guards, in which any Casualties, or alterations during the voyage are to be accounted for.

The Acting Brigade Major to the King's Troops at Fort William, will, as usual, be particular in handing over the discharges and every other requisite document referable to the Invalids and service expired men, &c. to Captain Campbell

On the day of embarkation, the Acting Brigade Major, under the orders of Major Gen Wood, will forward the usual returns to the Adjutant Gen. and to the Quarter Master General of His Majesty's Forces.

[illegible] Brannan of H. M. 67th Regiment, will hold himself in readi[illegible] for Bombay, on the Ship *Mary Ann*, for the purpose [illegible] Regiment on that Establishment.

[illegible] Noble the Commander in Chief.

THOS. McMAHON, *Col. A. G.*

Head Quarters, Calcutta, 19th November, 1819.

GENERAL ORDER.

The details of His Majesty's Regiments for the Presidency of Fort St. George, named in the margin, under the command of Capt. [illegible] 13th *Dragoons*, Coats of the 89th Regt. are, with the sanction of Go- 34th *Foot*, [illegible] vernment, to be embarked on Board the ship *Lord* *ditto*, 89th *ditto* *Wellington*, on Monday morning, the 22d inst. for which purpose Major General Wood will be pleased to make the necessary arrangements.

The usual embarkation returns to be sent in by the Acting Brigade Major to the King's Troops.

By Order of the Most Noble the Commander in Chief

THOS McMAHON, *Col. A. G.*

Head Quarters, Calcutta; 20th November, 1819.

GENERAL ORDER.

The undermentioned Officers have received the Most Noble the Commander in Chief's leave of absence for the reasons assigned.

Royal Scots.—Lieut. Suckling, date of embarkation, for 18 months, to proceed to Europe on his private affairs.

Ditto.—Lieut. J. Dickson, ditto, ditto, ditto ditto.

17th Foot.—Capt. Campbell, ditto, ditto, ditto ditto.

Ditto.—Lieut. P. de Moor, ditto, 4 ditto, to visit Ceylon on his private Affairs.

Ditto.—Lieut. T. O'Halloran, ditto, 2 years, to proceed to Europe for the recovery of his health.

46th Foot.—Lieut. Mahon ditto, ditto, ditto ditto

By Order of the most Noble the Commander in Chief

THOS McMAHON, *Col. A. G.*

Head Quarters, Calcutta; 21st November, 1819.

GENERAL ORDER.

Capt. Carroll of the 69th Regt. is directed to proceed in charge of the details of His Majesty's Troops for the Presidency of Fort St. George, under Orders of embarkation on board the Ship Lord Wellington, in the room of Capt. Coats of the 89th Regt. who has leave to remain at the Presidency for one month, from the 25th inst. on urgent private affairs.

By Order of the Most Noble the Commander in Chief.

THOS. McMAHON, *Col. A. G.*

NOVEMBER 25.

The entertainment intended to be given to the MARQUESS OF HASTINGS, is fixed for Tuesday the [illegible]th of D[illegible]

The anniversary of St. ANDREW [illegible] 1814, to [illegible] morrow, in the *usual* manner, at the Town [illegible] Co[illegible] The [illegible] of invitation announce, that Dinner will be on the table at half past [illegible] o'clock precisely. The chair will be filled by the Gentleman who has presided at the same entertainments for many years past—Mr. R. CUTLAR FERGUSON.

The mortality which followed the entertainment on Board the Ship *Bengal*, to which we alluded in our last paper, has been ascribed to effluvia supposed to have been occasioned by Buffalo horns, which formed part of the Cargo of that Vessel: and as letters are stated to have been dispatched to prevent that Ship from proceeding to Sea—but too late—apprehensions may be entertained, by those, who are interested in the fate of her officers and crew. We understand that Buffalo horns have been frequently shipped from Calcutta, without producing any mischievous effect; and that those which were shipped on the *Bengal* were in a proper condition for transportation, and free from all adhesive matter. We also learn, that when this part of the cargo of the Ship in question, was put on board, no offensive smell was experienced; and that the quantity shipped was scarcely a fiftieth part of her Cargo, and was merely employed as dunnage. Numerous Cargoes consisting of Tallow, Hides and Horns, from South America, are continually transported to Great Britain, and are often in a damaged state, yet, the crews of Vessels, employed in carrying these articles, are not subject to extraordinary sickness; and as the melancholy events, which followed the visit to the *Bengal*, *may* be ascribed to other causes, we trust that no particular apprehension need be entertained respecting the health of those, who have proceeded to sea on that vessel.

Packet Letter Mails are now open for the transmission of Letters to England. The chartered Ship *Hooghley*, and the regular Ships *Rose* and *Minerva*, are expected to sail on the 4th and 5th proximo.

Mr. CLEGHORN of the Madras Bar, has been appointed Prothonotary and Register of the Supreme Court at Madras, in succession to the late Mr. SHAW.

We collect from the Sporting Intelligences transmitted to us from Madras that the races near St. Thomas's Mount, are fixed for the 19th, 22d, 25th and 28th of January next, at which last is expected. The bill of fare, sent to us, is too [illegible] insertion; but, we observe, that all English horses are excluded.

It will be seen by extracts from the Bombay Papers, that the Right Honble Sir EVAN NAPEAN, Bart. late Governor of Bombay, has departed for England; and that the Honorable MOUNTSTUART ELPHINSTONE, has taken the usual oaths and his seat, as Governor of Bombay.

A farewell address has been presented by the Civil and Military Officers at Poonah to the Honorable Mr. ELPHINSTONE, on the occasion of his departure from the Deckan. The *Bombay Courier*, which contains the address, reached us too late, to admit of our inserting it in our present number.—The address is signed by Brigadier-General SMITH and a long list of names; and in our next we shall publish this document, and Mr. E.'s reply.

CORRESPONDENCE.

TO BRIG. GENERAL WATSON, C. B.

Comdg. Saugor Field Force.

SIR,

We the undersigned Officers and Staff of the Saugor Field Force, on the approaching separation of the corps now composing it, cannot omit the opportunity of indulging our feelings by this cordial expression of our respect and esteem, for an Officer under whose command it has been our good fortune to be placed.

In the various services on which the Division has been employed, we have viewed with sentiments of admiration the indefatigable zeal, activity, and gallantry, by which your career has been so eminently distinguished, and in these more dazzling qualities, we must not lose sight of that considerate regard for the feelings and comfort of others, which has so much conducted to the happiness of the Division, and strengthened the ties of duty, by those of attachment.

As a Member of Society your friendly attention, and urbanity, have impressed us with a high sense of your social and private virtues.

Actuated by these feelings, we request that you will honour us by the acceptance of a breakfast service Plate to be commissioned from England, as a small token of our regard: together with the assurance that wh[illegible] future career may be, the remembrance of General [illegible] can never fail to be cherished.

SAUGOR, 8th Nov. 1819.

We have the honor to be, SIR,

Your most obdt. Servts.

(Signed) R. Hetzler, Lieut. Col. Artillery.
G. R. Scott, Lieutenant, Artillery.
H. Smith, Assistant Surgeon, do.
A. Stewart, Capt. 2d Batt. 1st Reg.
D. Dowie, Capt. do. do.
A. Murray, M. D. Assist. Surg. do.
C. R. W. Lane, Lieut. do.
H. F. Caley, Lieut. do.
T. Cully, Lieut. do.
G. R. Wilton, Lieut. do.
J. Moodie, Lieut. do.
H. Dickson, Superintending Surgeon.
W. Henly, Major 24th Regt. N. I.
B. Sissmore, Captain, D. Fd. P. Mr.
R. W. Knollis, Capt. A. D. C.
W. James, Capt. S. A. A. Genl.
W. G. Walcott, Capt. C. Ordnance.
T. A. Mein, Lieut. A. C. Genl.
H. Carter, Lieut. Bk. Master.
C. W. Turner, Lieut. Comg. 2d R. C.
A. Irvine, Lieut. Engineers.
T. Warlow, Lieut. ditto.
F. Corbyn, Asst. Surg. Ml. S. K.
J. Dewar, Lt. Cl. 2d Batt 13th N. I.
W. Thomas, Major ditto ditto.
A. Owen, Capt. ditto ditto.
J. Rose, Lt. Col. 1st Batt. 14th N. I.
T. Wollocome, Capt. ditto ditto.
R. Hornby, Capt. ditto ditto.
J. Walkins, Capt. ditto ditto.
N. Penny, Lieut. ditto ditto.
C. H. Morley, Lieut. ditto ditto.
C. D. Wilkinson, Lieut. ditto ditto.
T. M. Campell, Lieut. do. do.
J. Allan, Assist. Surgeon do. do.
A. Watson, Capt. 1st Bat. 26th N. I.
F. G. Lister, Lieut. do. do.
H. C. Burnard, Lieut. do. do.
C. G. Constable, Lieut. do. do.

A. Grant, Lieut. do. do.
P. W. Peter, Lieut. do. do.
J. Somerville, Lieut. do. do.
W. Bogne, Lieut. do. do.
J. L. Irving, Surgeon.
Johnson, Capt. Comg. Scindia's Contingent Horse.
J. Owen, Major 2d Bn. 28th N. I.
A. Hardy, Capt. ditto ditto.
P. Grant, Capt. ditto ditto.
G. B. B. Hetzler, Lieut. ditto ditto.
W. J. Wills, Assist. Surgeon do. do.

To the Officers and Staff,
Of the Saugor Field Force.

Gentlemen,

The satisfaction I feel at this flattering and unexpected mark of your favour and esteem, is greater than I have words to express. Such sentiments coming from Officers I have had the honor to command, and the good fortune and happiness to serve with in the Field, are peculiarly gratifying and bear with them a value of no ordinary stamp. The honorable notice you have taken of my services with the division is more than I feel myself entitled to, as in the execution of my duty I have been so ably supported by the Officers, and men, whose conduct, on every occasion, I have witnessed, has called forth my unqualified applause and admiration, and to whom the merit of our success is justly due.

It has invariably been my wish to study the comfort and happiness of those placed under my command, and it is therefore most gratifying to me to learn that my efforts have not been unsuccessful.

I accept the service of plate with the greatest pleasure, which I shall always set the highest value on, and which will remain in my family as a proud token of your regard, and I beg leave to assure you, that the corps and staff of the Saugor Field Force possess my warmest and best wishes for their glory and prosperity wherever their future services may call them.

I have the honor to be,

Gentlemen,

Your most obedient Servant,

JAMES WATSON, *Brigr. Gen.*

Saugor,
8th November, 1819.

Our readers will no doubt have in recollection the circumstances that occurred in the Straits of Sunda, when the United States' ship of war *Peacock*, Captain [illegible] captured the country ships *Union* and *Breo de Mar*, [illegible] period fixed by treaty for the termination of hostilities between the ships of the two countries in the India Seas. These vessels having been insured at the Phœnix and Star Insurance Offices at this Presidency, application was made to the American Government, by the Secretaries, for restitution of the property thus improperly captured, and the result has corresponded with the wishes of the applicants. Full compensation has been awarded by Congress in both cases, amounting, with regard to the *Union*, to £12000. and in the case of the *Breo de Mar*, to £ 3000. A circumstance connected with this result has been brought to our notice, which augurs very favourably as to the mode of conducting legal proceedings, in the United States; the whole amount of lawyer's charges in carrying the business of the *Breo de Mar* through the Houses of Congress, to a final and favourable decision, being only *fifty* dollars! If professional assistance be equally cheap in the established courts of law, that are to be found throughout the United States, no American citizen need be deferred from suing for his just right in any case, from the apprehension that his costs will exceed the sum sued for, and we should suppose that all the business of a laborious term would scarcely furnish matter of charge sufficient to fill so much as one of the Proctor's bills exhibited by Lord Cochrane some time ago in the House of Commons.

From the Police reports we learn, that the casualties by *cholera morbus*, among the native inhabitants of Calcutta, during the week, immediately preceding yesterday, have amounted to seventy-one, shewing a considerable decrease since our last report. The deaths, however, among the Hindoo inhabitants continue to increase, as they amount to fifty of the above number. On Sunday, seven Hindoo deaths occurred, and on Monday, five: while on each of these days only one Musselman death was reported from this cause.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

CALCUTTA.

ARRIVALS AT KEDGEREE.

Nov,
23. Arab Ship *Derriah Beggy*, Nacoda Abdoola Rhyman, from Mocha 9th Aug. Bombay, Mangalore, and Alleppee 1st Oct.

OFF CALCUTTA.

21. The American Brig *Laura*.
22. The French Ship *Mercure* and the *Bathelberry*.

DEPARTURES FROM CALCUTTA.

Nov.
21. American Brig *William*, Captain B. Andrews, for Marblehead.
— Ship *Albion*, Captain H. Stewart, for Liverpool.
22. Ship *Sappho*, Captain F. G. Stewart, for London.
— Ship *Helen*, Captain D. Seton, for Bombay.
— Brig *St. Antonio*, Captain R. W. Heming, for Padang, and Java.
— Ship *Stockton*, Captain R. Langley, for London, via Cape.
23. Ship *Lord Wellington*, Captain L. Wase, for ditto, via Madras.
— Arab Ship *Humyon Shaw*, Nacoda Hosen Bin Abrahim, for Muscat.
— Arab Ship *Fyzul Curreem*, Nacoda ———, to complete her lading for Muscat.
— Ship *Mustapha*, Captain J. A. Hurst, for the Persian Gulph.
24. Brig *Fair Trial*, Captain S. F. Wales, for Bombay.
25. Ship *Barton*, Captain C. J. Goldsmith, for Madras and London.
26. Ship *Mellish*, Captain W. Becher, for England.
27. Portuguese Ship *Sette de Marco*, for Rio de Janeiro.

PASSED TO SEA DURING THE WEEK.

The *Mary*, Captain Brown.

PROGRESS OF VESSELS.

At the following Stations on the 27th instant.

DIAMOND HARBOUR.

Remain.—The *Bering*, and S. *Thiago Maior*, (P.)
Gone down.—The *Helen*, *Humayon Shaw* and *Fyzee Allum*, (Arab.)

KEDGEREE.

Remains. The *Mustapha*, outward bound.
Passed down. The *Marchioness of Wellesley*, *Albion*, *Stockton*, and Brig *Fair Trial*.

NEW ANCHORAGE.

Remain.—H. C. Ships *Princess Charlotte of Wales*, *Marquis of Wellington*, *Thomas Grenville*, and *Carnatic*.
The H. C. Ships *Minerva* and *Rose*, to be dispatched on the 5th Dec. for England, via St. Helena.

SAUGUR.

The *Surry*, for London, via Madras and Cape, in 5 or 6 days.

BOMBAY.

ARRIVALS Oct. 28. Ship Shaw Byramgore, John Kirkie, from China, 11th July.
— Ship Swallow, Free Trader, John Nicholson, from Lord May, and Isle of France.
— Armed Prow Nurbuda, Syrang Fackeeta, from Surat.
— Tappy Syrang Esmeel Bawa, from Surat.
30. Pilot Bhawaney Syrang Shak Dawood, from Bancoot.
— Ship Sarah, James Norton, from Bristol, 19th April and Isle of France.

PASSENGERS.

Per Swallow.—Dr. Gordon, Mr. R. Dilwn, Free Mariner.
Per Sarah.—Hon'ble Mrs. Erskine, Dr. Conwell and Lady, Miss Master, Mr. G. Fenwick Mr. Blood.

DEPARTURES Oct. 29. Ship Sophia, J. A. Edwards, to Bussorah.
— Armed Prow Nurbuda, Syrang Fackera, to Surat.
— Tappy Syrang Esmeel Bawa, to Surat.
31. Grab Ship Ahmehdy, Nacquddah Abbabokeer, to Bussorah.
— Ship Albinia, Thos. Lynn, to London.

PASSENGERS.

By Sophia.—Cornet Paul.
By Albinia.—Sir E. Nepean, Bart. The Rev. E. Mault, Mrs Mault, Mr. Hemming.

NAUTICAL REPORT.

The Fama, a Portuguese Ship, who left this Port, in Dec. last, for Goa, and the Brazils, was forced into Mosambique, by adverse winds and storms, where it was found necessary to unload her, and on examination it was resolved she should proceed to Bombay, to be repaired. With this intention she quitted Mosambique on the 24th Sept. in company with the St John Baptist a Brig of War, but proved so leaky that on the 1st of Sept the Crew were forced to abandon her and take refuge on board of the Brig, who landed them at Zanguebar all safe, with the exception of the Captain, Chaplain, and a Lady passenger, who arrived at Goa, in the Brig a few days since.

A new ship of 550 Tons will be launched at Damaun, on the next springs, and will be added to the Tonnage of this port.

The Bussorah Merchant, Humphries, from Muscat, the 10th instant anchored in the Harbour on Saturday, and the Honorable Company's Cruizer Vestal on Sunday. These Vessels bring but little in addition to the paragraph extracted from the last Courier.

The Expedition may now said, to be on the move; several of the Transports having proceeded to the Middle-ground, previous to their departure.

The Biramgore, who left Macoa on the 11th July met with nothing but S. E. winds which retard her getting easily into the Mindoroseen, as was the intention; with these winds she made the Coast of Cochin China, and saw most of the Islands on the Paracels, and after a long delay got in to the Mindoro sea, and eventually to Batavia, from whence her passage, has been pretty fair, as it was too late for a regular Southern passage and too early to make Ceylon.

The Portuguese Brig Cacador from Damaun and Goa arrived at Macoa on the 28th June; whilst at Malacca, on the 6th instant, they heard of the Charlotte's arrival at Pinang.

Batavia.—The dangerous shoals off Man eaters Island and the Great Gannoys, are without Beacons, and most of the other shoals have only small Stake on them which cannot be seen until close on board, and Port the port charges are as follows.

On a Ship of 800 Tons ½ rupee per Ton, Rupees	400
Port clearence	5
Stamp	2 21
Rupees	407 21

This tonnage duty is levied on all Ships that anchor in the roads merely for water and refreshment; we should think a representation from our Government would procure redress as its injustice is so evident.

Shipping in Batavia roads on the 11th September: H. N. M. Ships Nassau and Eclipse corvette, and fifty one sail of Dutch Coasting Vessels, Ships, Brigs and Schooners.

English Ships.—The Mary, Eliza, Britannia, Unity, Betsy, Duke of Wellington, Confance, Mercury, and Morning Star, Free Traders, the Biramgore, and Brigs Favorite and Three Brothers.

American Ships.—Asia, Potomac, Neptune, Augustus and brig Edward.

French Ships—L'Courier, and brig Legere; there were also many ships laying at Samarang and Sourabaya.

Ships at Whampoa, on the 1st of July.

Bengal Ships.—Hastings, Syren, Mentor; another ship name unknown was loading for Suez, principally with Sugar to complete the speculation, entered into last year, which was frustrated by the loss of the Mysore in the China seas.

American Ships.—Java, Indus, Alexander, and brig America.

CEYLON.

Sailed 11th Oct. Brig Fizill Carrim, Tindal Mohadin, for Killocarre,—Passengers, 22 Natives.

Arrived 13th Oct. Schooner Columbo, Tindal Mandel Pulle, from Kailpatam,—Passengers, 12 Natives.

Ditto 15th, Schooner Admiral Druro, B. Passe, Master, from Pondichery,—Passenger, Lieutenant Button.

Point De Galle.—Arrived 11th Oct. Ketch Galiot Sophia, J. Roode, Master, from Columbo—Passenger, Lieut. Wardell, of H. M. 19th Regt.

Sailed 19th Oct. Ketch Galiot Sophia, J. Roode, Master, for Trincomalie and Jaffna,—Passengers Mrs. Gibson W. C. Gibson, Esq. and 3 Servants.

Trincomalie.—Arrived 2d Oct. Brig Mira Madith, Tindal Lourance, Saviel, from Batticaloa.

Sailed 3d Oct. Brig Mira Madith, Tintal Lourance Savil, for Nagoor

Ditto 3d, H. M. ship Minden. Ed. Paterson, Esq. Captain, C. B. bearing the Flag of Vice Admiral Sir Rd. King, B. G. C. B. Commander in Chief, &c. &c. &c. and suit, for Bombay.

Ditto 3d, Cutter Tryal, C. Pieterson, Master, for Negapatam.

Arrived 4th Oct. Brig William, Thomas Smith, Master, from Island Delf.

Madras.

We are at length deriving benefit from the Monsoon Season, in the fall of a copious quantity of rain. Since Saturday the rains have been almost incessent, but not violent. Some heavy squalls were experienced on Saturday night, and Sunday morning, and the following night; and the wind has at times blown strong from the North-West and North East quarters, but upon the whole the Monsoon has set in very mildly this season.

The only vessel in the Roads is a Dhony laden with Rice.

The awful sentence of the law was carried into execution yesterday evening at 4 o'clock, upon an unfortunate Malefactor named Rottenara Vencatachellum, who it will be remembered was convicted at the late Sessions of an aggravated case of burglary. An immense concourse of Natives attended the shocking and degrading ceremony, and we trust this necessary infliction of punishment will have a due effect upon the burglarious miscreants who continue to infest this Settlement. We fear however, something more is necessary to check the constant depredations which of late years have been committed at the Settlement by burglary. Even since the conclusion of the late Session of Oyer and Terminer, we have heard of one case of this description of an aggravated nature.

The Dinner at the Race Strand on Saturday was very numerously attended by the friends of the Turf, notwithstanding the very unfavorable state of the weather. Upwards of sixty Gentlemen assembled on this occasion. The Dinner, Wines, and every thing relating thereto, were of the first order.

His Majesty's 22d Dragoons, were expected to commence their march for the Presidency about the 14th instant, preparatory to the embarkation for Europe of the skeleton of this gallant corps.

Bombay

PROCLAMATION.

Whereas the Hon'ble MOUNSTUART ELPHINSTONE, hath been appointed by the Hon'ble the Court of Directors to the office of Governor of Bombay and its Dependencies, it is hereby proclaimed that the Hon'ble MOUNTSTUART ELPHINSTONE has, on the day of the date thereof, received charge of the said office of Governor, and taken the usual oaths and his seat accordingly.

By Order of the Hon'ble the Governor in Council.

B. WARDEN, Chief Secretary.

BOMBAY CASTLE
1st November, 1819.

The following is the proposed allottment of Troops for embarkation, destined to the Persian Gulf, under the Command of Major General Sir William Grant Keir, K. M. T.

Ships Names	Corps	Tons	Officers	Men	Followers
Hannah	Engineers, Arty. & Comy. of Stores.	162	1	108	226
Ann, ...	H. M. 47th Regt. &c.	53.	10	201	142
Jessy, ...	H. M. 47th Regt. &c	340	6	92	101
Orpheus, ...	H. M. 47th Regt.	116	7	190	67
Jemma, ...	H. M. 47th Regt.	141	8	170	53
Glenelg, ...	H. M. 65th Regt.	810	15	300	174
Bombay Castle	H. M. 65th Regt.	582	1	230	118
Pascoa, ...	H. M. 65th Regt.	732	11	284	130
	NATIVE TROOPS.				
Diana,	1 | 2 Native Infantry	506	6	206	198
Emaad,	Ditto.	550	8	300	67
Faiz Ramanee,	Ditto.	465	6	206	188
Angelica,	Ditto	356	4	176	101
Carron,	1 | 3 Flank Company	451	38	198	90
Cornwall,	1 | 11 or Marine Batt	423	42	198	91
Franciswarden	Pioneers &c.	440	72	101	73
	Horses.	20			20

Some of the Transports are already below the Middle ground, and it is supposed that the Troops will embark on the 29th and 30th, and that they will proceed immediately to the place of their destination.

The agents of transports, that accompany this expedition, are Lieutenants C Searight, and G. B Brucks, of the H. C Marine.

Anniversary of the Battle of Trafalgar, and Ball and Supper to the Settlement.

On Thursday evening Captains Collier and Walpole, of His Majesty's Ship Liverpool and Curlew, anxious to repay the hospitality they have experienced during their stay at this place, gave and a ball supper at the Admiralty House to their numerous friends, and at the same time celebrated the anniversary of the battle of Trafalgar. The house afforded an admirable suite of rooms, which were all thrown open for the occasion, the floor was tastefully chalked with appropriate devices, *The King's and Company's Crest's and Motto's, Trafalgar and Victory* were the most conspicuous. The company being all assembled, country dances went through several successive sets, and were succeeded by Quadrilles. About 12 the company retired to the supper rooms which had been most tastefully fitted up on the Terrace, by an *amateur*, whose health during the supper, was drank with loud applause.

On this Terrace (transformed into a Fairy Scene by the help of Flags of all Nations and variegated lamps) the supper

tables were laid out *a la Chinois*, and covered with all the delicacies this Island affords. Wit and good humour presided and arising under the proud standard of Great Britain, Mr. Warden gave the neat and appropriate speech, alluded to by our brother Editor, when the healths of Captains Collier and Walpole, were drank with an overwhelming enthusiasm, with three times three, and the national air of "Rule Britania."

The ball room had however most attraction, and the merry dance was resumed and kept up till an early hour.

It is almost unnecessary for us to state that the ball was attended by all the Beauty and Fashion of our little Island, and the guests departed with sensations of heartfelt gratitude for the amusement and attention they had received from their kind entertainers.

Kutch.—Letter from Booj, mention the actual appearance of the Joasmees on that coast, and entertain apprehensions of their supplies being cut off by them. We apprehend the letter alluded to was written before the *Antelope, and her two little attendants* had reached their destination; for we consider, the apprehended danger at an end, and that their cheese, beer and hams, will reach them in safety.

A subsequent letter mentions that the Pirate Fleet, consists of 64 Vessels, with a crew of 7000 men.

We copy the following paragraph from a Bengal paper, as though the former part pays Capt. Sadlier some oblique compliments, and it would seem as if the writer of it had some personal acquaintance with him, yet the latter part, not only tends to reflect on himself, but also on the Government, that appointed him to the mission, which we have no doubt he will execute to the satisfaction of his employers. We therefore take this opportunity of stating that Capt. Sadlier, of his Majesty's 87th Regiment, now on an embassy to Ibrahim Pacha, is a gentleman every way qualified by his knowledge of both the Arabic and Persian Language for this service.

"Capt. Sadlier is fortunately a man of strong constitution and "a man of keen observation: but the necessity of his travelling "as an European Officer, and being unacquainted with the "language of the country, will necessarily confine his sources "of information, though it is impossible even to pass over "such an unexplored tract of country and to return in safety without the most unqualified and unobservant traveller, "having much to communicate that would be both new and "useful."

The policy of assuming any foreign dress is doubtful, more especially with persons in any public situation, not even a mustacho should be sported; and our young friends may rest assured that any derilection from our national dress, and from our national habits, far from calling down any additional respect, has the contrary effect.

Since writing the above we find that Capt. Sadlier had joined Ibrahim Pacha, and proceeded with him on the pilgrimage to Mecca, from whence he proceeds to Judda, to embark for India. His reception by Ibrahim is stated to have been every thing that could be wished.

Letters from the Gulf, also mention, that the Hon'ble Company's Cruizer Psyche, Capt. Gay, had chased on shore, and burnt a Pirate vessel of considerable force.

Though we have seen some Armenian Military Officers, and indeed understand that in the Russian armies there are many who have attained the rank of Generals, and hold the most distinguished offices under the Russian Government; yet it has but lately come to our notice that they had ever reached to any professional skill in Navigation. We were therefore very agreeably surprized a few weeks since by an introduction to a Gentleman of that nation, who is a proficient in the Mathematics, and who at present is in the command of an Arab Ship. This gentleman had a large collection of Books, amongst them several treatise on Navigation, in the Armenian character, printed at Venice in 1809.

The Honorable Mounstuart Elphinstone arrived at this presidency about 10 o'clock on Wednesday evening from Poonah. He was saluted by 15 guns from the saluting battery at sun-rise next morning.

We had a smart shower of rain on Thursday at sunset, which lasted nearly half an hour. From the appearances of the eastern horizon during the afternoons of the last five or six days, and from the non-arrival in due course of the Bengal and Madras dawks, we conclude that the Madras monsoon has set in with some violence, and that there has been a heavy fall of rain above the ghauts.

By the arrival of the Swallow from the Mauritius, we have received a Mauritius Gazette of the 25th of September, but it contains nothing more interesting than a list of the passengers by the Sarah, Captain Norton, viz.

Hon. Mrs. Erskine, Mr. and Mrs Conwell, Miss Marten.
Messrs. Blood, Fenwick, Brandan, and Charlton, ensigns H. M. 82d.

His Majesty's ship Carron, Capt. Furreux, arrived at Port Louis the 23d Sept.

A great scarcity of wheat prevails at present in this island, and we have heard of some having been purchased by the bakers for their immediate wants at the enormous price of 120 ru-

pees per candy. The scarcity is attributed to large exports of wheat to the Isle of France some months ago, and to the non arrival of any subsequent supply from the northward, where we understand there is still a considerable stock on hand, but that owing to the state of the roads immediately after the rains, it had not been practicable to convey any quantity down to the sea coast for shipment.

On Thursday evening at Bowjee Castle, at the entertainment given to the Right Honorable Sir Evan Nepean, upwards of 150 Gentlemen sat down to an excellent and well arranged dinner. H. E. Sir C. Colville, G. C. B. in the Chair. Upon the cloth being removed, the following toasts were given—

The King.
The Prince Regent.
Sir Evan Nepean, 3 times 3; drank with great enthusiasm. Sir Evan returned thanks and gave—
Health and prosperity to the Presidency of Bombay.
The Duke of the York and the army.
The Duke of Clarence and the army.
The Honorable East India Company.
The Marquess of Hastings, 3 times 3.
The Governments in India
The Hon'ble Mountstuart Elphinstone, 3 times 3.
Sir R. King and the squadron in India.
Sir W. G. Keir and success to the expedition under him, 3 times 3.
Sir C. Colville, Commander in chief (by Sir W. G. Keir).
Capt. Collier and the naval part of the expedition
The Ladies of Bombay (by Capt. Collier).

Various other toasts were drank during the evening, amongst which were, the healths of *Major General Bailie; Lady Nepean; Lady Colville; Mr. Bell and the civil service; the chairman, Sir C. Colville, &c. &c.*

We understand that the Albion, Capt. Lynn, will sail positively on the 1st Nov. The Right Hon'ble Sir E. Nepean, Bart. goes passenger in her.—The Bombay Merchant, Capt. Clarkson, will not be able to proceed till the latter end of next week—The King's pack Boat H. C. chartered ship Marquess of Hastings, is to be closed about the 15th of Nov.

The Upton Castle was sold on Tuesday, by the Sheriff for one lack and eleven thousand rupees to Cursetjee and Jehangier Ardasier.

We understand that during the three days that the treasury was open for bills on Bengal, at the exchange of 207 for 100 sicca Rs. no less than 30 lacks of rupees were received.

On Monday morning, the Right Hon'ble Sir Evan Nepean, held a Levee at the Government house, previous to his embarking on board the Albinia, for England.

The Levee was most numerously attended, and immediately after, the Hon'ble Mountstuart Elphinstone, took the usual oaths, and was installed in the Government. Sir Evan, embarked about 2 P. M. under repeated discharges of cannon from the saluting battery, and H. M. Ship Liverpool, and was attended on board by all his staff and a number of personal friends. The Albinia being quite ready, slipped from her moorings, and proceeded on her voyage to England; and at sunset was out of sight.

The Expedition to the Persian Gulf.

The first section of the troops destined for this service consisting of the artillery and H. M. 47th & 65th Regt. embarked on board their respective Ships early on Saturday morning displaying on their embarkation, the most perfect good order and regularity, thereby confirming the character they have on many occasions obtained of being excellent soldiers. In the afternoon the ships proceeded out of the harbour and anchored, without the Reefs, off Old Womans Island. The embarkation of the Native troops took place on Sunday morning, and the ships proceeded to join the first division, near whom they anchored.

Monday and Tuesday were occupied in making some arrangements for taking up another ship, or two, as store and hospital ships, as it was found, that in case of sickness, the ships were rather crowded.

They were in consequence delayed for a day, to permit the transferring of some men to the new transports; but it is supposed the Expedition will sail in the course of this day, leaving a small squadron to follow as soon as they can be got ready: the Fleet now about to sail, will consist of the following Ships:—

H. M. Ships Liverpool and Curlew.

H C. Cruizer Aurora.

Transports. Hannah, Ann F T. Jessy, Orphens F. T. Jemima F. T. Glenelg, Bombay Castle, Pascoa, Diana, Erasmus, Prinzemann, with about Angelica, Carron, and Cornwall; in all 7068 Tons, 900 Troops and Followers.

A Fire broke out on Sunday evening, in the Huts occupied by a Battalion of [illegible] Depots, near the Boree Bunder, which burnt about 200 of them to the ground, but we are happy to state, that no accident whatsoever occurred.

By advices from Bagdad dated the 25th Augt. last we are sorry to learn that the miseries of the people there had been greatly increased by the most tremendous hot summer ever known even in that parched country. The thermometers, placed in the coolest part of the house of the writer of the account, rose to 120°, and air midnight were sometimes at 108 in the open air. There had been, in the commencement of August, a storm accompanied by heavy rain, an occurrence said to be totally unprecedented in that climate at this season, and the effect on the burning soil, already overheated by the fierce noon, was similar to that of the hottest steam bath. Multitudes of people, both in the country and in the streets of the city, dropt down dead from the intense heat. One small caravan lost 32 persons in this manner in the last three days of its journey towards Bagdad; and every hour brought accounts of some fearful accident of this nature. The river rose in one night two yards and a half above its ordinary level and became of a tawny red color, the waters were so offensive that it was impossible to drink of them. The people exclaimed that the day of judgment was at hand, deprecatory hymns were chaunted from the minarets, and the utmost dismay and consternation prevailed. The extreme heat had subsided at the date of the account, but the thermometer remained then at 105.

Major General Sir W. G. Keir K. M. T. in command of the force for service in the Persian gulf, embarked on board his Majesty's ship Liverpool on Wednesday morning last. The signal to get under weigh was made immediately after, and the frigate with the ships under her convoy proceeded to sea that afternoon. The remaining ships, consisting of the Francis Warden, Conde de Rio Pardo, Orient and Upton Castle, will follow in about eight or ten days.

— At Fort St George, the Lady of Colonel Molle, of a Daughter

— At Midnapore, Mrs Bellew, Wife of Lieutenant F J. Bellew, H. C. 18th Regiment of Native Infantry, of a Son.

— At the Presidency, the Lady of James Atkinson, Esq. of a Daughter

— At the Presidency, Mrs. A. Burn, of a Daughter.

4. At Barrackpore, Mrs. Wiltshire, of a Daughter.

5. Mrs Lawrence D'Souza, of a Daughter

— At Agra, the Lady of Lieut McMahon, of the 1st Batt 24th N I of a Son

6. At Janjemow, the Lady of J M Sinclair, Esq of a Son

— Mrs. Mary Chalke, widow of the late Mr John Chalke, of a Daughter.

7. At Juanpore, the Lady of Robert Davies Esq of a Son

— At Moradabad the Lady of Henry Wood, Esq of the Civil Service, of a Son

— At Juanpore, the Lady of Robert Davies Esq of a Son.

— At Moradabad, the Lady of Henry Wood Esq of the Civil Service, of a Son

— The Lady of Captain Butler of a Son.

9 Mrs. Fabian, wife of Mr. Fabian, of the Pilot Service, of a Daughter.

12. At Jessore, Mrs G. H. B Gonsalves, of a Son

13. At Chinsurah, Mrs. Philip Barber, of a Daughter

15 Mrs Eaton, wife of Conductor Robert Eaton, of a Son

16 The Lady of Lieutenant H. C. Barnard, Intr and Qr Mr 1st Batt 26th Regt N I of a Daughter.

17. At the house of his father Mr Adam Gordon, the wife of Mr. Robert Gordon, of a Son.

— At Purneah, Mrs. J. Brandt, of a Son

21 At Garden Reach, the Lady of R W Poe, Esq of a Daughter.

— At the house of J. Rondo, Esq the Lady of Ebenezer Thompson, Esq of a Daughter.

23 In Chowringhee, the Lady of F T Hall, Esq of a Daughter

Lately in the Deccan, the Lady of Major Sutherland, of a Son

The Lady of Major Hessman of the Artillery of a Daughter.

At Hurtly Lodge Bombay, the Lady of Douglas Christie, Esq of a Son.

DEATHS.

SEPTEMBER

At Penang, of a Consumption, J Shaw, Esq Registrar of the Supreme Court at Madras, aged 30 years

14 At Tellicherry, John Oakes Esq Master Attendant

22 At Sea, Mrs Matthew M Grady, aged 20 years

26 At Nusseerabad, Captain Thomas B Bates, of the 2d Regt Light Cavalry

At Cawnpore at noon, of a brain fever and mortification of the bowels, James Hume Esq Assistant Surgeon, of the civil station of Tipperah, aged 21 years

— Near Rajemahl Sophia, the wife of Major Boscawen, aged 36 years

28 At Moolta, where he had been upon commission since 27 months the Company's Resident in Bata Lieutenant W D Monsell at the early age of 29 years

At Penang [illegible] very [illegible] Mrs M Intyre, wife of Mr A. M Intyre

29. At eight o'clock in the morning, Hugh George Macklin, Esq. Advocate General, of a complaint which after his death was proved to be a disordered liver.

30 At Bombay, Mr. G. G. Wallace, Serjeant Major, 1st Battalion 5th Native Infantry.

OCTOBER.

8. At Poorneah, Mr. Phillip Pote, Son of Edward Ephraim Pote, Esq. formerly Commercial Resident at Patna, aged 27 years.

16. At Wargram, Major R. Perminter, 5th Native Infantry.

18 In Sir John Malcolm's Camp, at Mhow, W. C. Mack, Esq. Assistant Surgeon 1st Battalion 8th Regiment B. N. I.

— Of a Jungle fever, at Hazareebag, the Cantonments of the Ramghur Corps, Lieutenant W. Vilette, much regretted by his brother Officers, to whom he was endeared by many excellent qualities.

19 Robert Gregory Morris, Esq. of the Bombay civil service, aged 26 years.

20. At Tranquebar, William Macleod, Esq. Deputy Commissary of Musters to the King's Troops.—He commanded a Company of H. M. 73d Regiment at the Siege of Seringapatam, where he received a wound by a Musket ball which could not be extracted, and from the effects of which he occasionally suffered severely.

21. At Futtyghur, Arthur, the youngest Son of James Dumithorne; Esq aged 13 months

24 At Poyapooram, at the house of Mr. Charles Hancock, Mrs. A. C. De Atida, aged 87 years, relict of the late Mr. Charles De Atida.

26. Mr. James Anderson, aged 80 years.

— At Maliganm, Mrs. Jabella Cantrill, wife of Mr. Conductor Joseph Cantrill of that Station.

27. At Secundrabad, after a short but severe illness, prematurely cut off, and deeply regretted by all who had the pleasure of his acquaintance, Arthur Cosgrave, Esq. Staff Surgeon at that Station, a man of honour, ability, and science.

27. At Bombay, Quarter Mr. Johnson, H. M. 65th Regiment.

— The Infant Daughter of Capt. W. Tudor, of the Country Service,—aged 6 Weeks.

28. At Mazagon, Mrs. Rozn Fernandes, youngest daughter of the late Sir Migael de Lima Souza.

— At Bhaugulpore, John Battye, Esq. of the Civil Service: it may be said with truth that he was an honest man, and his death will be regretted by all who knew him.

— Captain Hutchinson, H. M. 17th Light Dragoons.

29. At Bombay, at her residence, at Byculla. Mrs. Rose Nesbit, at the advanced age of 7[illegible] years.

— At Dacca, after Childbirth, Mrs. Samuel Benbow,—aged 18 years

— At Pooree, near Cuttack, Lieutenant Lawrence Durack, of the 22d Regiment N. I.

NOVEMBER.

1. Mr. Peter Isaac Foster, of the country service, aged 35 years.

3. Miss Elizabeth Parker, aged 23 years.

4. Richard Chase, Esq. of the Hon'ble Company's Civil Service, aged 24 years.

5 Master James Alexander Smart, aged 2 mths & 19 days.

— At Deegah, near Dinapore, after a severe illness of 6 months, Thomas Edwards, the only son

of T. Edwards, Esq. at the early age of 15 years.

6. Miss Maria Rutledge, aged 20 years.

— Miss Anne Hoare, aged 26 years.

7. Mr Charles Holland, Veterinary Surgeon, aged 27 years

— Mr. R. Cameron, late Printer of the Calcutta Exchange Press.

— Captain Alexander Williams, of the free trade Windermere, aged 34.

8. At her house in Chowringhee, (Edward) the Infant Son of Mrs. Chamberlaine.

9. Of a malignant fever, which lasted 8 days, Miss Mary Sebastina Joakim, aged 17 years and 6 months.

— aged 40 years, Mrs. Catherine Herbert, the wife of John Herbert, Esq. of this city, and eldest daughter of the late Sir John Meredyth, of the Country of Meath, in Ireland.

— At the Upper Orphan School, Kidderpore, Miss Eliza Blue; aged 31 years.

— At the Free School, Jaun Bazar, Mr. William Dale, 2d Master of that Institution, aged 29 years.

11. At the Presidency, after a few hours illness, at the age of 40 years, John Mitford Rees, Esq. of the Hon'ble Company's civil service, and second Judge of the Provincial Courts of Appeal and Circuit for the Division of Calcutta. Possessed of a frank, generous and manly disposition, the urbanity of his manners endeared him to a numerous circle of relatives and friends — whilst the character he bore through a long course of service, was most afflictingly evinced in the great assemblage of respectable Natives, who attended to pay the last and tribute to departed worth.

12. Mr. J. Chapman, School Master, aged 80 years.

13. Capt. Roderick McQueen, of H. M. 28th Regt. aged 40 years.

13. Mr. Joseph Haseldine, aged 20 years.

14. Captain George Woodward, commander of the ship Bengal; aged 30 years.

— Mr. William Mayburry, aged 30 years.

15. Of a fever, Lieutenant Peter W. Campbell, of the H. C.'s Bengal Military Service, 2d son of the late Alexander Campbell, Esq. of Barcaldine, Argyleshire, Scotland; aged 24.

— Mr. J. M. Salunis, Chief Officer of the American Ship Gen. Hamilton; aged 30 years.

— James Hay, Esq. Surgeon of the Ship Bengal; aged 23 years.

16. Of the Cholera Morbus, aged 21 years, Mr. Thomas Blady, of the Ship Mary, of Port Jackson.

17. Thomas Temple Blackburn, Esq. of the Civil Service; aged 22 years.

20. Lieut. John Erskine; aged 24 years.

21. The infant Daughter of R. W. Poe, Esq. aged one day.

— Mr. George Francis Templeton; aged 28 years, 2 months and 24 days.

25. On board the Ship Juliana, Captain Kidd, off town, where he had gone for the benefit of his health, after a severe illness of 20 days, which he bore with the utmost fortitude, Mr. Joseph Greenway; aged 38, leaving a wife and children, together with a large circle of friends, sincerely attached to him for his mild and

unassuming disposition, to lament his untimely loss.

— Captain Robert Newlove Huram, of the Country Service, aged 37 years.

— Mr. Peter Frederick Passmore, aged 25 years, 6 months and 6 days.

Lately, at the early age of 26 years, after an illness of 9 days, Mr. James Ede, Son of George Ede, Esq. senior, of Chelsea; a young man possessed of every honorable and generous principle, and whose loss will be deeply lamented and deplored by his relatives and friends, both in India and in Europe.

CALCUTTA CURRENT VALUE OF GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

Buy.			Sell.	
		Saturday, Oct. 30, 1819.		
1	12	New. 6 per Cents. Discount.	2	4
		Saturday, Nov. 6, 1819.		
1	8	New. 6 per Cents. Discount.	1	12
		Saturday, Nov. 13, 1819.		
1	12	New. 6 per Cents. Discount.	2	4
		Saturday, Nov. 27, 1819.		
1	14	New. 6 per Cents. Discounts.	2	4

NOVEMBER, 1819.—*Thirty Days.*

PHASES OF THE MOON.

○	Full Moon, ...	2d.	9h.	26m.	Morning.
☾	Last Quarter, ...	10	5	13	Ditto.
●	New Moon, ...	17	11	35	At Night.
☽	First Quarter, ...	24	6	59	Evening.
⊙	Enters, ♐	23	8	30	Morning.

HINDOO MONTH		ENGLISH MONTH		OBSERVABLE DAYS, &c. &c.	MOON'S AGE.	SUN RISES.	SUN SETS.	HIGH WATER AT CALCUTTA. MORN.		EVEN.	
	DS. MON.	WK.	DS. MON.		D.	H. M.	H. M.	H.	M.	H.	M.
	17	M	1	All Saints. Souls. Full Moon.	14	6 25	5 35	1	4	2	10
	18	T	2	Duke of Kent born, 1767 All	15			2	35	3	0
	19	W	3	Princess Sophia born 1777.	16	6 26	5 34	3	24	3	48
	20	T	4		17			4	1.	4	36
	21	F	5	Powder Plot.	18	6 27	5 33	5	0	5	24
	22	S	6	Leonard.	19			5	4[illegible]	6	12
	23	C	7	22d Sunday after Trinity.	20	6 28	5 32	6	36	7	0
	24	M	8	Princess Sophia born.	21	6 29	5 31	7	24	7	48
	25	T	9		22	6 30	5 30	8	12	8	36
	26	W	10	Ther. ranges from 70 to 75.	23			9	0	9	24
	27	T	11	St. Martin.	24	6 21	5 29	9	48	10	12
	28	F	12		25			10	36	11	0
	29	S	13	Britius. Battle of Deeg.	26	6 32	5 28	11	21	11	48
	30	C	14	23d Sunday after Trinity.	27			12	12	12	36
		M	15	Machutes.	28	6 33	5 27	1	0	1	24
		T	16	[Moon	29	6 34	5 26	1	48	2	12
		W	17	Hugh, Bp. of Lincoln. New	1			2	36	3	0
		T	18		2	6 5[illegible]	5 4[illegible]	3	25	3	51
		F	19		3			4	16	4	12
	6	S	20	Edmund K. and Martyr.	4	6 36	5 24	5	7	5	33
	7	C	21	24th Sunday after Trinity.	5			5	58	6	21
	8	M	22	Cecilia.	6			6	49	7	15
	9	T	23	St. Clement.	7	6 3[illegible]	5 23	7	40	8	6
	10	W	24	[Marine.	8			8	31	8	57
	11	T	25	D. of Gloucester, born Ca-	9			9	22	9	48
	12		26		10			10	13	10	38
	13	S	27		11	6 3[illegible]	5 22	11		11	30
	14	C	28	Advent Sunday	12			11	56	12	21
	15	M	29	Andrew's Church at Calcutta	13			12	46	1	17
	16	T	30	St. Andrew. Found. Stone of St	14			1	4.	2	10

CARTICK, 1226. — AUGRONE, 1226.

MONTHLY JOURNAL

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Calcutta

CIVIL APPOINTMENT.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

THE 1ST OCTOBER, 1819.

Mr. John Fendal, Chief Judge of the Courts of Sudder Dewanny Adawlut and Nizamut Adawlut.

THE 12TH NOVEMBER, 1819.

Mr. H. T. Owen, Assistant to the Magistrate of the 24 Pergunnahs.

THE 26TH NOVEMBER, 1819.

Mr. W. Leycester, a Puisne Judge of the Courts of Sudder Dewanny Adawlut and Nizamut Adawlut.

Mr. A. Ross, Second Judge of the Provincial Court of Appeal and Court of Circuit for the Division of Bareilly.

Mr. C. Elliott, Third Judge of ditto ditto.

Mr. J. O. Oldham, Fourth Judge of ditto ditto.

Mr. C. T. Sealy, Second Judge of the Provincial Court of Appeal and Court of Circuit for the Division of Calcutta.

Mr. G. Forbes, Third Judge of ditto ditto ditto.

Mr. A. B. Tod, Fourth Judge of ditto ditto ditto.

POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

NOVEMBER 26, 1819.

Honorable Edward Gardner, re-appointed Resident at the Court of the Raja of Nipaul.

Mr. James Majendbanks, to be Agent of the Governor General in Bundlekund, Saugur and the Nurbudda Territories.

MILITARY.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE MOST NOBLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM; NOVEMBER 20, 1819.

Ordered, that the following Extract (Paragraphs 2, 6, 11, 12, 23 to 26) from a General Letter from the Honorable the Court of Directors, in the Military Department, dated the 30th of June 1819, together with copy of a Paragraph which will be inserted in the next General Letter to Bengal, be published in General Orders.

Extract from a General Letter from the Honorable the Court of Directors, in the Military Department, dated the 30th of June, 1819.

Para. 2 By our Military Letter of the 11th December, 1773, to Bengal, Officers are restricted from drawing Pay until they shall arrive at the Presidency, to which they stand appointed. As cases may occur in which Officers returning to their duty may more readily reach their Regiments by proceeding by a different route than to the Presidency, to which they are attached, we direct that in future Officers be entitled to draw Pay either on their arrival at the Presidency, or *joining the Regiment*, to which they belong.

6. We have permitted Mr. Russell to return to his duty as a Surgeon on your establishment.

We have permitted the undermentioned Officers belonging to your establishment, severally to remain in England till the departure for your Presidency of the first Company's ships of next season 1819-20, viz.

Brevet Captain and Lieutenant Patrick Hay.
Lieutenant Robert E. Loftt.
Lieutenant Colonel Christopher Fagan.
Lieutenant John Fulton.
Surgeon John Shoolbred.

12. We have permitted Charles W. Welchman, M. D. and George Gordon Macpherson, severally to proceed to your Presidency, to practise as Surgeons; and we direct that they succeed as Assistant Surgeons on your Establishment; their rank will be settled at a future time.

23. It having been discovered that several men discharged at their own request from our European Corps in India, have upon their arrival in this country, offered themselves as Recruits for the service, we have judged it expedient to give instructions to our Recruiting Officers not to enlist any men of this description, and we have come to this resolution with a view of discouraging the numerous applications for discharges which, in expectation of being re-admitted into the service, is calculated to produce, and which also entail a very heavy expense upon the Company, in the payment of the passages and other incidental charges of these men.

24. You will therefore cause this resolution to be notified to all such Non-Commissioned Officers and Private Soldiers, as may apply for their discharge after having served their contracted time, in order to guard them against a misconception of their being eligible for the service on their return to this country.

25 We take this occasion of calling your attention to our Orders conveyed to you in our Military Letter of the 23d September, 1817, directing the insertion of the places of enlistment of each individual in his discharge, as we observe that several men have lately been sent home without the place of enlistment or even the period, of service being specified

26. Should this be omitted in future, we shall be under the necessity of directing you to take serious notice of the neglect.

Copy of a Paragraph which will be inserted in the next General Letter to Bengal

We have permitted Lieutenant Colonel J. Cuninghame to return to his duty upon your Establishment by the ship Kingston.

W. CASEMENT, Lieut.-Col.

Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE MOST NOBLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM; 20TH NOVEMBER, 1819.

Assistant Surgeon G. King, having furnished the prescribed Certificate from the Pay Department, is permitted to proceed to Europe on Furlough on account of his private affairs.

Ensign W. H. Halford of the Hon'ble Company's European Regiment, having furnished the prescribed Certificate from the Pay Department, is permitted, under the peculiar urgency of the case, to proceed to Europe on Furlough for one year, on his private affairs, by one of the ships of the present season.

Lieutenant H. Ingle of the 15th Regiment of Native Infantry, having furnished the prescribed Certificates from the Medical and Pay Departments, is permitted to make a voyage to Sea for the benefit of his health, and to be absent on that account for Ten Months, from date of the sailing of the Ship on which he may embark.

The leave of absence obtained by Captain Cruickshank, Deputy Assistant Quarter Master General, to proceed from Hussingabad to Baroach and Bombay for Six Months, commencing from the 25th ult. is confirmed by His Lordship in council.

Captain James Arrow, Barrack Master of the Berhampore Division, having furnished a Medical Certificate, the leave of absence granted to him in General Orders of the 2d of January, 1819, is extended for Six Months from the 21st Instant, the date of expiration of the period therein stated.

Surgeon William Ainslie is permitted at his own request to resign the Service of the Honorable Company.

W. CASEMENT, *Lieut. Col.*
Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE MOST NOBLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM, 20TH NOVEMBER, 1819.

The time limited by General Orders, by the Governor General in Council, under date 27th November, 1813, for the receipt of all claims to share in the Seringapatam Prize Money, having long ago expired, The most Noble the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct the Prize Committee appointed for the investigation of such claims, to close their proceedings, and to convey their resolutions forthwith to Government, the appropriation Statements required by the Honorable the Court of Directors.

W. CASEMENT, Lieut. Col.
Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

GENERAL ORDERS BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE MOST NOBLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM, 23rd NOVEMBER, 1819.

The Corps of Golandaze, which, by the late Organization, has become the 4th Regiment of Artillery, is intended to be armed in all respects the same as the other Battalions of that Regiment: and

Orders applicable to the Arming of the European Battalions, are, therefore to be considered as extended to the Native Battalion of Artillery, whether in Cantonments or in the Field.

W. CASEMENT, Lieut. Col.
Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept

GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE MOST NOBLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL

FORT WILLIAM; 20TH NOVEMBER, 1819.

Adverting to the present strength of the Ramghur Battalion, and to the number of its Detachments, both permanent and occasional, requiring to be Commanded by Native Commissioned Officers, the Most Noble the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that Six Jemadars be added to the Establishment of that Corps.

His Excellency the Commander in Chief will be pleased to issue the necessary Subsidiary Orders, to give effect to the foregoing resolution.

W. CASEMENT, Lieut. Col.
Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE MOST NOBLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM; 20TH NOVEMBER, 1819.

The executive duties in the Barrack Department, in the Province of Kemaoon, are placed under the Superintendence of the District Engineer, with an allowance of Sonat Rupees (100) One Hundred per mensem, inclusive of all Contingent Charges.

With reference to General Orders of the 6th Instant, the Public Civil Buildings in the District of Cuttack are placed under the executive charge of Captain Griffin, of the Invalid Establishment, in addition to his other duties on which account he is authorized to draw an Allowance of Sonat Rupees (100) One Hundred per mensem.

W. CASEMENT, Lieut.-Col.
Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE MOST NOBLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM; 20TH NOVEMBER, 1819.

The Most Noble the Governor General in Council is pleased to make the following Appointments:

Surgeon John Law to be a Deputy Superintending Surgeon for the Force proceeding to Mhow, under the Command of Lieutenant-Colonel Robert Hopetoun, C. B., on a Staff Salary of Eight Hundred (800) Rupees per mensem.

Assistant Surgeon J. M. Todd to perform the Medical duties at the Civil Station of Banda, vice Pears, who has resigned the Service of the Honorable Company.

Assistant Surgeon C. B. Francis to perform the Medical duties at the Civil Station of Calpee, vice Todd, removed to Banda.

The undermentioned Gentlemen, having produced Certificates of their Appointment, as Cadets of Artillery and Infantry on this Establishment, are admitted to the Service accordingly, and promoted, the

former to the rank of Second-Lieutenant, and the latter to that of Ensign,—leaving the dates of their Commissions to be adjusted hereafter.

Artillery.

Mr. David Ewart.
" Charles Grant.

Infantry.

Mr. Henry Walter Bellew.
" George Kinloch.

The following Officers have been permitted by the Honorable the Court of Directors to return to their duty on this Establishment, without prejudice to their rank

Brevet Colonel John Cuninghame, of the 1st Battalion 1st Regiment of Native Infantry.

Major Charles Ryder, of the 3d Regiment Light Cavalry.

Lieutenant-Colonel Henry Worsley, C B having furnished the prescribed Certificates from the Medical and Pay Departments, is permitted to proceed to Europe on Furlough, for the benefit of his health.

W. CASEMENT, Lieut.-Col.
Sec to Govt. Mil. Dept.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE MOST NOBLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM; 24TH NOVEMBER, 1819.

The Batta and other Allowances for October, and Pay for November 1819, of the Troops at the Presidency, and at the other Stations of the Army, including Benares, will be issued on or after Monday the 13th Proximo.

W. CASEMENT, Lieut.-Col.
Sec. to Govt. Mil Dept.

DECEMBER 6.

A private letter, which we have received from Madras, mentions, that the Honorable JOHN HORGSON, Esq. Member of Council at that Presidency, has announced his intention of resigning his situation on the 1st proximo; and that he will embark for England on one of the Ships of the Season.

The *Eclipse* from this Port, anchored at Madras on the 18th ultimo.

DECEMBER 8.

CORONER'S INQUEST.

On Monday last, an Inquest was holden at the House of Correction, over the body of *Doss Pnoostee*, an Oorcah, a Crown prisoner, who was sentenced, by a judgment of the Court at

the late Sessions, to eighteen month's hard labour. It appeared upon evidence, that on mustering the prisoners on the preceding afternoon, one was missing; and after deligent search the deceased was discovered to be hanging by his neck to a Denkee tracing rope, which had been affixt to a cross bamboo of the Denkee shed: when taken down from the noose, the body was still warm but life had fled. No one could account what could have led to this melancholy act, fo the deceased had not evidenced any signs of derangement of mind, and as to his labour had always given satisfaction. A verdict was returned, '*Felo de se.*'

On the evening of the same day, a second inquest was holden at the Native Hospital, situate in the Durrumtollah-street, on the body of one *Nasseebollu*, a Saes. It appeared in evidence, that the deceased had been displaying to one Shaick Bukhus, another Saes, his countryman, thirty Sicca Rupees, that he had received for wages from his late master, who had given him permission to repair to the Purneah district, his place of birth. Whilst so employed, two strangers, one a Classee and the other a Saes, introduced themselves, and solicited for a smoke of their hookah; which was afforded them. The Classee Gonee, now proposed, that he should go to procure some Toddy, and with permission would drink it in the stables —this was also consented to. When he returned, himself and his companion by the name of Caumoo, drank thereof, and was urgent with the deceased and Shaick Bukhus to partake of some likewise. The deceased drank freely, supposed about 5 or 6 earthern cups full, the latter only two, which however, he declared was sufficient to inebriate him, and he fell asleep, in which he continued about half an hour when he was disturbed by Caumoo, who offered him some sherbet to drink; but upon his declining it, observing that he was already intoxicated, the other put it up to Shaick Buckhus's lips, who then struck the cup out of Caumoo's hand, which fell and broke to pieces. Shaick Bukhus was suffered to remain unmolested for another half hour, at which period, the Classee Gonee suddenly rushed up to him and grasped his kumberbund, feeling about his waist for money; he made some resistance, which being perceived by Caumoo, he instantaneously put out the cheraugh and absconded. Shaick Bukhus, never the less, secured the said Gonee, calling he thus thereto had caught a Thief, which brought two other Saes in the neighbourhood, to his aid; to them, he delivered Gonee and lighted the cheraugh, which came to his view, an earthen pot containing remains of Toddy; some soft sugar in a plantain leaf and an empty phial, and some ganja, which was tied up in a corner

of a cloth, and all lying upon the ground. The deceased was rolling about miserably intoxicated, making a great noise and feeling about his waist, as if for his money, which had disappeared, and himself in a state of nudity. Shaick Bukhus, in consequence, gave instant information at the Thanna and the Police Officers arrived and took Gonee into custody, who afterwards pointed out the residence of Cannoo, who was likewise apprehended. On inspecting the phial, nothing of a narcotic quality could be perceived, it smelt like honey or a solution of sugar, but when water was put into it, it was tasteless. As the only object of the prisoners appeared to be theft, after due deliberation, a verdict was returned of, '*Excessive Intoxication.*'

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

CALCUTTA.

ARRIVALS AT KEDGEREE.

DEC.

2. Ship *Isis Elis*, Captain M. Bradshaw, from Bombay 26th Oct. and Allepee 6th Nov.

OFF CALCUTTA.

NOV.

29. The *Dorcah Beggy*, (Arab.)

EXPECTED TO SAIL.

The *John Bull*, Captain John Bean, for Penang and Batavia, in 3 or 4 days.

The *Amboyna*, Captain D. Wilson, for Port Jackson, in a day or two.

DEPARTURES FROM CALCUTTA.

NOV.

30 Ship *Surry*, Captain Thomas Hurt, for London.

— French Ship *Franklin*, Captain B. Talot, for Bourbon.

— Ship *Eliza*, Captain B. S. Woodhead, for the Persian Gulf.

— Ship *Shaw Allum*, Captain W. B. Tyler, for Bombay.

DEC.

5. Ship *Actæon*, Captain J. Mackey, for the Isle of France.

PASSED TO SEA DURING THE WEEK.

The *Marchioness of Wellesley*, *Stockton*, *Albion*, and *Sapphe*.

PROGRESS OF VESSELS

At the following stations on the 4th Instant.

DIAMOND HARBOUR.

Remain.—The *Baring*, *St. Thiago Maio*, (P.) and *Sette de Marco*, (D.) outward bound.
Passed down.—The *Franklin*, (F.)
Passed up.—The *Asia Felix*.

KEDGEREE.

Passed down.—The *Mary Ann*.

NEW ANCHORAGE.

Remain.—The H. C. Ships *Princess Charlotte of Wales*, *Marquis of Wellington*, *Thomas Grenville*, *Charlotte*, *Minerva* and *Rose*.

SAUGUR.

Remain.—The outward bound Ships *Surry* and *Fazal Allum*.
Gone down.—The *Hammon Shaw*.

BOMBAY.

ARRIVALS. Nov 7. Armed Patamar, Bhawaney Syrang Shaik Dawood, from Bancote.

8. His Majesty's Ship Minden, William Paterson, Esq. C. B. Captain, from Trincomalie, left 3d Oct. Bearing the Flag of His Excellency Rear Admiral Sir Richard King, Baronet and K. C. B. Commander in Chief in the Indian Seas.

9. Brig Hibernia, Captain John L. Emmott, from Isle of France the 4th October.—*Passenger*: Lieut. Mason.

10. Ship Glorioso, Capt. J. Paterson, from Calutta the 2d October.—*Passenger*: Mr. Donnithorne and Family.

DEPARTURES. Nov. 7. Ship Prince Regent, (Free Trader) Thos. Clifford, to England.—*Passengers*: Capt. Towsey, Lieut. Forster, Mrs Bangerfield, Mrs. Kenny.

— Ship Bombay Merchant, John Clarkson, to London.—*Passengers*: Mrs. Maillard, Miss S. Henshaw, Miss D. Henshaw, Capt. Brown, Capt. Smith, Mr. Mather, Mr. A. Peter.

Ship Bussorah Merchant, Capt. Henry Humphreys, to Calcutta.—*Passengers*: Captain G Rose.

Arab Ship Sullemaney, Naqudah Abdull Ruhimon, to Malay Coast.

CEYLON.

COLOMBO.] Arrived Oct. 16. Schooner Sophia,——Daviot Master, from Pondicherry.—*Passengers*: Mrs. Wilkins and Son.

POINT DE GALLE.] Passed. Ship Hashmy, C. E Smith, from Bengal.—*Passenger*: Lieut. and Mrs. Webb, H. M. 69th Regiment and 2 Children.

TRINCOMALIE.] Sailed Oct. 8. H. M. Ship Topaze, J. R. Lumley, Esq. Capt. for Isle of France.

9. Ship Admiral Drury, W. Rodgers, Master, for Coast Coromandel.

11. Brig William, Robt. Smith, Master, for Madras.—*Passenger*; Wm. Patrick, Esq.

11. Arrived Boat Mira Madith, Tandel Cadesamen, from Baticaloa.—*Passengers*: Capt. Smith, Lieut. Dwyer and 13 Men of H. M. 73d Regiment.

Madras.

The weather has, for the last two days, been particularly mild, with the wind from the westward: the supply of rain, however, which we lately had, is not equal to more than one third of the monsoon fall; and as the present mildness of the atmosphere is out of season, we cannot reckon on its duration:—for a change of the wind must bring a return of the rain.

Chandah.—A very handsome monument has been lately erected at Chandah, on the site of the breaching battery, to the memory of the late Major Goreham, by the joint subscription of the Officers of the Bengal and Madras Artillery; who served under his command at the siege of that Fortress in May 1818.

It will be remembered, that the distinguished Officer, to whom this public testimony of esteem has been offered, died from excessive fatigue a few hours only, after he had witnessed the successful result of his labours, in effecting a breach that admitted easy entrance at the same moment to the heads of two assaulting columns, composed of Madras and Bengal Sepoys, led on by the hero of Seetabuldie.

The *Reliance* encountered some very bad weather off Ceylon, and was upwards of six weeks reaching the Malabar Coast, where some of her Passengers were landed. The Bombay Papers have not yet announced her arrival in the Harbour.

Bombay

On Monday, his Majesty's ship Minden, bearing the Flag of his Excellency Sir Richard King, Bart. anchored in the harbour, having left Trincomalie on the 3d October, and touched at several places on the Malabar Coast.

The Minden fell in, and communicated with the Albinia, on Wednesday last, and we are happy to state, that Sir Evan, was well and highly pleased with his quarters.

The Reliance, with Sir George Cooper on board, was seen off Goa, by the Minden, so that she may be hourly expected.

His Excellency landed yesterday evening under the salutes and honors due to his Rank, and we are happy in adding, in excellent health and spirits.

When we consider the general paucity of commercial transactions, at the present crisis, we cannot help thinking that positive evils are often productive of beneficial results: for if it had not been for this Expedition, against the Pirates, which has employed seventeen of our ships profitably for some months, those ships might have rotted at their Moorings; as there was

no chance of employing them. It has also given our drooping commerce a pause, a kind of breathing time, that will do much towards its resuscitation. Of the precise object of the present armament, we have no very clear conception; but its magnitude, consider it to have in view, something more, than even, the extinction of the Joasmees If, however, as we surmise an establishment is in contemplation, we may look forward to the re-establishing of our ancient relations with Persia, and the extension of our commerce through the provinces of that Kingdom.

That the Joasmees, will renounce the trade of Piracy, without being coerced by the strong hand of power, we have no expectation; the habits of ages are not laid by in a day, and we believe they are as proud of their proffession, as any a Hengist or an Ulrick of former times. The only chance, therefore, of producing any reformation in them, is by settling near them, and inducing them by our example to become a commercial people.

Since writing the above, we have met with some accounts of the Joasmees, in a Bengal paper, which we propose soon publishing with some additional notes.

A Fire broke out in a street near the Mama Devi, on Friday morning last; three houses were completely destroyed, and nothing but the prompt assistance afforded by the Engine establishment saved the whole street and much valuable property.

Mahomed Ali Khan, accompanied the expedition as a private friend of the commander in chiefs, and not in any public capacity

Commercial—But little is doing in this way; if we except the loading of the Indiaman for the Eastern passage nothing; for strange to say we have only four Free Traders in the harbour, one only of which may be considered as in the market; our coasting trade has however been prosperous, and such the quantity of Wheat imported, that it fell at once from 120 to 40 Rupees per Candy; the resources of Bombay may be at once infered from this.

A meeting was held at Poonah on Monday the 25th October for the purpose of preparing a farewell address to the Hon'ble M. Elphinstone on the occasion of his departure from the Deckan.

Brigadier General Smith having been invited to take the chair, and several outlines of an address having been submitted by gentlemen, present, the following civil and military officers were proposed as a committee to select and frame a final one from the materials laid before them.

Mr. Chaplin,
Mr. Lumsden,
Lt. Col. Cox,
Lt. Col. Hosmen,
Lt. Col. Colebrooke,

Dr. Coats,
Major Bingham,
Major Sutherland,
AND
Major McLeod.

These gentlemen retired into another apartment from that in which the meeting was convened, and soon after returned with an address which was entirely approved of and immediately signed by all the party, and by proxy for many others who were unavoidably absent from duty, or being at too great a distance to attend.

A deputation composed of Gen. Smith. Mr. Chaplin and Colonel Cox, afterwards waited on Mr. Elphinstone to ascertain when it would be most agreeable to him to receive the address, when that gentleman was pleased to fix half past eight that evening.

At nine the whole of the settlement was to meet at a ball given by Mr. Elphinstone, but long before that period the room was crowded with gentlemen who were anxious to evince their respect and esteem by being in attendance at the presentation of the address. At the appointed hour accordingly General Smith, accompanied by a great number of civil and military officers, received Mr Elphinstone in the centre of the superb suite of rooms, where the following address was read and presented to him by the General.

THE HONORABLE
MOUNTSTUART ELPHINSTONE,
Sole Commissioner,
&c. &c. &c.

SIR,

The civil and military officers who have had the honor and happiness of serving under your Administration, since the breaking out of the late war, viewing the near approach of your departure from the Deckan, beg leave to offer you their sincere congratulations on your elevation to the more important government of Bombay.

Permit us to assure you, on this occasion, of the exultation we have enjoyed in seeing your public services so acknowledged, and to express our sanguine hopes of seeing them still further rewarded:

Our country at large could not fail to admire your talents, but it is those who have been fortunately associated in the public service under you, who can best appreciate the amiable disposition which ever guided the zealous exercise of your official authority; and animated our exertions, whilst it secured our private happiness.

We trust we do not exceed the legitimate object of a farewell address, which disowns adulation, or flattery, when we beg to express our admiration of the magnanimity and liberal policy

with which you have governed and conciliated the inhabitants of the conquered territory; and which, by softening the distresses inseparable, perhaps from such a sudden revolution of government, have laid the foundation of their confidence and attachment to British rule; and have eminently upheld the national character in its purest attributes of generosity and justice.

With this tribute to you as an illustrious statesman of the most enlightened times, permit us also to join our remembrance of your conspicuous gallantry throughout the war, in every opportunity afforded you, from the glorious conflict at Kirkee to its termination.

The complicated duties of your important commission never restrained the chivalrous feelings with which you sought military service, and devoted yourself to danger by heroic example.

Let us add to these irresistible sources of our admiration our deep and heartfelt acknowledgements of your uniform kindness and attention to us, in private life.

Even our congratulations on your advancement to a more exalted station, cannot go unmingled with our regret, on losing the universal friend of society; your liberal hospitality shown to all, rendering us as it were, members of one large and happy family of which you were the head, must be recollected with gratitude as long as memory remains.

You carry with you, Sir, to your new destination our grateful affections. The individuals who now address you, however they may be dispersed hereafter, will contemplate the fortunate period which they have served under you, amongst their happiest days; and these recollections will be accompanied with our unalterable and ardent wishes for your future fame and happiness.

[*Here follow the signatures to the amount of* 180, *being the whole of the small society in the Deckan.*]

To this address, Mr. Elphinstone with much emotion returned the following reply.

GENTLEMEN,

Notwithstanding the polite intimation conveyed to me this afternoon, I find myself unprepared to reply as I could wish, to an address, couched in language so flattering and so kind; such a compliment, from the society in which I have so long resided, and to whose good opinion I attach so high a value, is the proudest testimonial I could possibly have received

I am particularly gratified by your opinion of my anxiety to promote the happiness of our native subjects, which has always been my greatest ambition; and my wishes have been fully seconded by the ability of the civil officers, the exemplary discipline of the military, and the zeal and humanity of all.

I owe you, Gentlemen, still the higher acknowledgements for the support and assistance I have received from you in carrying the Governor General's orders regarding this country

into effect. I shall never forget their services, and shall cherish the memory of the interesting period we have witnessed together, and of the happy days I have spent in your society.

To General Smith, I have often had to repeat my obligations, and I have now again to thank him for the handsome manner in which he has communicated the sentiments of the society.

It will be in the recollection of the military part of our readers, that in our number of the 21st November 1818, we gave a report of an important action brought by the Registrar on the Ecclesiastical side of the Recorder's Court against the Major of one of His Majesty's regiments. This case has been submitted to the consideration of the law officers of the Crown at home, and the opinion given by the Attorney and Solicitor general coincides exactly with the judgment pronounced by the Court of the Recorder here.

NAUTICAL.

The Equipment of the four additional Transport, is in train; they will proceed under the convoy of the Vestal as soon as they are ready.

The Honorable Company's Chartered Ship *Baroess*, will sail hence on or about, the 1st of December, to complete her lading on the Coast.

CALCUTTA MONTHLY JOURNAL.

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Calcutta

MILITARY.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE MOST NOBLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM; 27th Nov. 1819.

The Governor General in Council is pleased to make the following Promotions and Adjustment of Rank.

INFANTRY.

Brevet-Colonel and Lieutenant-Colonel George Dick, to be Colonel of a Regiment, from the 30th June, 1819, vice Hawkeshaw, deceased.

Major William Lamb, to be Lieutenant Colonel, vice Dick, promoted, with rank from the 1st of August 1819, vice Weston, deceased.

26TH REGIMENT NATIVE INFANTRY.

Captain Thomas Wilson to be Major, from the 1st of August, 1819, vice Lamb, promoted.

ADJUSTMENT OF RANK.

Infantry.

Lieutenant-Col. William Hill Perkins to rank from the 30th June, 1819, vice Dick, promoted.

Lieutenant-Colonel Joseph James Alldin, to rank from the 1st July, 1819, vice Francis, transferred to the Pension List.

24th Regiment Native Infantry,

Major William Henley, to rank from the 1st July 1819, vice Alldin.

29th Regiment Native Infantry.

Major John Delamain, to rank from the 30th June 1819, vice Perkins.

Captain Hugh Morrieson, to rank from the same date, vice Delamain.

His Lordship in Council is pleased to make the following Appointment—

Surgeon George Proctor, to perform the Medical duties at the Civil Station of Patna, vice Ainslie, who has resigned the Service of the Honorable Company.

The undermentioned Gentlemen, having produced Certificates of their Appointment as Cadets of Cavalry and Artillery on this Establishment, are admitted to the Service accordingly, and promoted, the former to the rank of Cornet, and the latter to that of 2d Lieutenant, leaving the dates of their Commissions for future adjustment.

Cavalry.

Mr. George Thomas Bishop.

Artillery.

Mr. Charles Dallas.

" George Simson Lawrenson.

" Simon William Bennett.

Lieutenant Alexander Orr, of the 19th Native Infantry, having furnished the prescribed Certificates from the Medical and Pay Departments, is permitted to return to Europe on Furlough, for the benefit of his health.

The following Officers having respectively furnished the prescribed Certificates from the Pay Department, are permitted to proceed to Europe on Furlough, on account of their private affairs.

Lieutenant James Marshall of the Honorable Company's European Regiment.

Lieutenant Anthony Lomas of the 12th Regiment Native Infantry.

Lieutenant William Mathew of the 17th ditto ditto.

Lieutenant Colonel Charles Mount, of Engineers, having furnished the prescribed Certificates from the Medical and Pay Departments, is permitted to proceed to Sea for the benefit of his health, and to be absent on that account for Ten Months, from the date of the sailing of the Ship on which he may embark.

Major William Dickson of the 6th Regiment of Light Cavalry, having furnished the prescribed Certificate from the Medical Department, and in lieu of that from the Pay Department, an Engagement from his Agents, Messrs. Palmer and Co. of Calcutta, to be responsible for any unadjusted claim that may hereafter appear against that Officer, is permitted to make a voyage to Sea, for the benefit of his health, and to be absent on that account for Ten Months, from the date of the sailing of the Ship on which he may embark.

His Lordship in Council was pleased, in the Political Department, under date the 31st of October 1818, to appoint Ensign Cumberlege, on the Half-Pay of His Majesty's 67th Regiment of Foot, to the Dehly Nujeeb Battalion, with the Local Rank of Lieutenant, drawing the usual Allowance of 200 Rupees per mensem.

The following Appointment and Promotion are made in the subordinate branch of the Medical Department.

Robert Henry Huet, to be an Assistant Apothecary, to complete the number authorized by General Orders of the 21st August last.

John Lewis De Souza, Apprentice, to be an Assistant Steward, in part of the number authorized by General Orders of the 21st August last.

W. CASEMENT, Lieut.-Col.

Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE MOST NOBLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM, 27TH NOVEMBER, 1819.

Europeans.
1 Lieutenant,
1 Serjeant,
2 Corporals,
4 Bombardiers,
32 Gunners,
—
40 Total.
Natives.
2 Havildars,
1 Naik,
32 Privates of Gun Lascars.
—
35 Total.

A Detachment from the Corps of Artillery at the Presidency, of the strength specified in the Margin, will be held in readiness to proceed to Fort Marlborough for the purpose of relieving the detail of Artillery serving at that settlement, and to embark at the shortest notice, on board of such transports as may be allotted for its accommodation.

His Excellency the Commander in Chief is requested to issue such Subsidiary Orders, as may be deemed necessary for giving effect to the foregoing arrangement.

W. CASEMENT, Lieut.-Col.
Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE MOST NOBLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM; NOVEMBER 27, 1819.

Lieutenant-Colonel P. Littlejohn of the 16th Regiment of Native Infantry, having produced the prescribed Certificate from the Pay Department, is permitted to proceed to Europe on Furlough, on account of his private affairs.

W. CASEMENT, Lieut. Col.
Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE MOST NOBLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM; DECEMBER 2, 1819.

Lieutenant Colonel Gervaise Pennington of the Horse Artillery, having furnished the prescribed Certificate from the Pay Department, is permitted to proceed to Europe on furlough, on account of his private affairs.

W. CASEMENT, Lieut Col.
Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

Head-Quarters, Calcutta; 23d November, 1819.

GENERAL ORDER.

At a General Court Martial held at Bangalore on the 12th day of July 1819, and continued by various adjournments till the 14th day of September 1819, the undermentioned Privates of His Majesty's 34th Regiment, were arraigned as follows.

CHARGE—preferred against Private Henry Tedford of Captain Wroughton's Company, H. M. 34th Regiment, placed in Confinement.

"For deserting from the Head Quarters of his Regiment, on or "about the 29th July, 1819, and not returning till brought back by "an Escort of His Highness the Rajah of Mysore's Sepoys on the "5th August, 1819."

Upon which Charge the Court came to the following decision.

SENTENCE—" The Court having duly considered the Evidence on " the part of the prosecution, as well as what the Prisoner Henry " Tedford, Private H. M. 34th Regiment, has urged in his defence, " are of opinion that he the Prisoner, Henry Tedford, H. M. 34th " Regiment, is Guilty of the Crime laid to his Charge, and do sen- " tence the Prisoner to be placed in Solitary Confinement for the pe- " riod of six (6) months at such Hill Fort as His Excellency the " Commander in Chief may be pleased to direct."

Which have been approved and confirmed by His Excellency Lieutenant General Sir Thomas Hislop, Bart. G. C. B the Prisoner is to be confined, pursuant to his Sentence, in such Hill Fort as the Officer Commanding the Mysore Division may think proper to select.

CHARGE—preferred against Private James Fitzpatrick of No. 6 or (Captain Wroughton's Company) H. M. 34th Regiment, placed in Confinement.

" For deserting from the Head-Quarters of the Regiment, when " on the Paymaster's Guard, on or about the 10th August 1819, and " taking with him his Arms, Ammunition, and Accoutrements."

ADDITIONAL CHARGE—" For having during his absence from the " Head-Quarters of the Regiment, made away with his Arms, Am- " munition, and Accoutrements."

Upon which Charges the Court came to the following decision.

SENTENCE—" The Court having duly examined the Evidence on " the part of the prosecution, as well as what the Prisoner has plead- " ed in his defence, are of opinion that he the Prisoner James Fitz- " patrick, Private His M. 34th Regiment, is Guilty of the Charge " and additional Charge preferred against him, and do sentence him " the said Private James Fitzpatrick, H. M. 34th Regiment, to be " transported as a Felon to New South Wales for the period of Se- " ven (7) Years."

Which having been approved and confirmed by His Excellency Lieutenant General Sir Thomas Hislop, Bart. G. C. B. the Prisoner to be immediately forwarded under an escort to the Depot at Poonamallie, there to be confined until he is delivered into the Custody of the Civil Power.

Although the Evidence adduced on Private Fitzpatrick's trial is sufficient to warrant conviction. His Excellency Sir Thomas Hislop would have preferred a more distinct record of the period and circumstances of the Prisoner's apprehension, than is to be found in the proceedings of the Court.

The Most Noble the Commander in Chief directs that the foregoing Order be entered in the General Order Book, and read at the Head of every Regiment in His Majesty's Service in India.

By Order of the Most Noble the Commander in Chief

THOS. McMAHON, Col. A. G.

Head-Quarters, Calcutta; 24th November, 1819.

GENERAL ORDERS.

His Royal Highness the Prince Regent has been pleased in the name and on the behalf of His Majesty, to make the following promotions and appointments.

14th Light Dragoons.

Captain James Doherty, from the half pay of the Regiment, to be Captain, vice Crawford, who exchanges, 4th February, 1819.

Captain William Elliott, from the 2d Regiment, of Life Guards, to be Captain, vice Rideout, who exchanges, 1st February, 1819.

Lieutenant James Moore to be Captain by purchase, vice Childers, promoted from the 60th Foot 15th April 1819.

Cornet Robert Hollingworth to be Lieutenant by purchase, vice Moore, 15th April, 1819.*

Thomas Oliver Partridge, Gent. to be Cornet by purchase, vice Hollingworth, 15th April 1819.

13th Light Dragoons.

Charles Strange, Gent. to be Cornet without purchase, vice Faucourt, appointed to the 17th Dragoons th may, 1819.

17th Light Dragoons.

Cornet Potts' promotion has been subsequently cancelled, and Cornet Clarke appointed by purchase vice Cockburn, until the pleasure of H R.H. the Prince Regent, shall be made known.

Cornet William Potts to be Lieutenant by purchase, vice Cockburn, * appointed Regimental Quarter Master, 1st December, 1817.

* Cockburn is only allowed to receive £ 262 10.

Cornet Charles St. John Fancourt, from the 13th Light Dragoons, to be Cornet, vice Potts, promoted, 8th April, 1819.

22d Light Dragoons.

This removal has been subsequently cancelled, until the further pleasure of H R H the Prince Regent shall be made known.

Cornet Robert Swinhoe, from the 25th Light Dragoons, to be Cornet, vice Davidson, 1st September, 1816.

46th Foot.

Lieutenant Robert Vincent, from the 58th Foot, to be Lieutenant, vice Caine, who retires upon half pay of the 58th Foot, 24th December 1818.

53d Foot.

Assistant Surgeon William Pollock, M. D. to be Surgeon, vice Papps, deceased, 11th March, 1819.

87th Foot.

Gentleman Cadet William Gossip, from the Royal Military College, to be Ensign without purchase, vice Carroll, promoted, 29th April 1819.

Brevet.

Major George FitzClarence, on the half pay of the 24th Light Dragoons to be Lieutenant Colonel in the Army, 21st January 1819.

N. B. The appointment of Mr. John Clyde to a Cornetcy in the 24th light Dragoons on the 1st March 1816, has been cancelled.

The appointment in the 53d Foot of Assistant Surgeon C. McLean, from the half pay of the Regiment, to be Assistant Surgeon, vice Pollock, who exchanges, has been cancelled.

The Commission of Captain Knolles on half pay 14th Foot, has been antedated to 3d March, 1813; but he is not allowed to receive any back pay.

By Order of the Most Noble the Commander in Chief.

THOS. McMAHON, Col. A. G.

Head Quarters, Calcutta; 25th November 1819.

GENERAL ORDERS.

His Royal Highness the Prince Regent, has been pleased in the name and on the behalf of His Majesty, to make the following promotions and appointments.

11th Light Dragoons.

Brevet Lieutenant Colonel Michael Childer from half pay of the 60th Foot, to be Major, vice Archibald Money, who exchanges, receiving the difference between full pay of Infantry and full pay of Cavalry only, 24th June, 1819.

13th Light Dragoons.

Cornet and Adjutant Thomas Roser, to have the rank of Lieutenant, 24th June, 1819.

17th Foot.

Lieutenant General Josiah Champagne from the 41st Foot, to be Colonel, vice General George Garth, deceased, 14th June, 1819.

46th Foot.

Lieutenant Joseph Robert Raines, from the half pay of the 8th West India Regiment to be Lieutenant, vice Nicholas Napean, who exchanges, 24th June, 1819.

47th Foot.

Lieutenant Thomas French, to be Adjutant, vice Burrowes, deceased, 24th June, 1819.

89th Foot.

Lieutenant John Moore, from the half pay of the 60th Foot, to be Lieutenant, vice Patrick Kelly, who exchanges, 21th June, 1819.

Memorandum.

The re-appointment of Lieutenant Alexander Howard, to full pay of the 59th Foot, has been antedated to the 29th September, 1813.

By order of the Most Noble the Commander in Chief.

THOS. McMAHON, Col. A. G.

India Quarters, Calcutta; 26th November, 1819.

GENERAL ORDERS.

The Most Noble the Commander in Chief in India is pleased to make the following promotions, until the pleasure of His Royal Highness the Prince Regent in the name and on the behalf of His Majesty, shall be made known.

Royal Scots

Lieutenant A. McDonald to be Captain of a Company without purchase, vice Butler, deceased, 13th October, 1819.

Ensign Thomas Stevens to be Lieutenant without purchase, vice A. McDonald, promoted, 13th Oct. 1819.

Memorandum.

The Exchange of Lieutenant W. H. Boys, from the 21st Dragoons, with Lieutenant A. Chambre, of the 11th Dragoons, as announced in the General Order, of the 16th ultimo, has not taken place.

By order of the Most Noble the Commander in Chief.

THOS. McMAHON, Col. A. G.

DECEMBER 13.

Extract of a letter from Coel, dated 22d of November, 1819:—

"The wings of the 2d Battalion 6th N. I. from Mooradabad and Shahjehanpore, joined at Coel on the 21st Nov. after a separation of near three years; this Battalion will commence its march on the 23d, under that experienced Officer Lieut.-Colonel W. G. Maxwell, in progress to Nusgerabad, in Rajpootana, via Muttra."

Mr. Assey, late Secretary to the Government of Java, has recently published a pamphlet on the Trade to China and the Indian Archipelago, which contains much interesting information; on subjects closely connected with our commercial pursuits, and particularly our intercourse with China. He has taken a general view of the commerce of the Indian Archipelago, more especially among the native states, not yet under the controul of any foreign power; and has endeavoured to prove, that intercourse with them, in the manner which he recommends, will be advantageous to Great Britain, by extending the consumption of her staple manufactures, and by promoting the demand for the produce of the native states, in the China market. Mr. Assey has likewise pointed out "the insecurity of the

"present trade from England and British India to China, "if timely measures of precaution be not taken to meet "the progress of the Americans in China, and to guard "against the system of exclusive authority, which the "Netherland's Government are endeavouring to establish "throughout the China Seas."

Mr. Assey next proceeds to offer his remarks on the nature of the trade in the Indian Archipelago, and on the consumption of the products of these Islands in China;—and observes, that from the earliest times, the foreign trade in the Indian Islands was carried on at certain ports or emporia, to which the native traders resorted, with the produce of their respective countries, and bartered it for the commodities of Europe and China;—that Acheen, Malacca and Bantam, were chief places of this description, until the Dutch, by establishing a paramount authority, were enabled to force the native trade to Batavia. Mr. Assey, however, asserts that the native traders have at all times been *compelled* to proceed to the Dutch Emporium: and that whenever the weakness of the Java Government, enabled the native traders to follow their choice, this description of trade, pursued its former course. That a disposition to avoid the control of the Dutch, raised Penang to its present state of importance, and gave to the British Government an interest in the trade with the Indian Islands, which it previously did not possess. Our author, then, as if anticipating the new establishment at Sincapore, observes, that a "conveniently situated Port," protected by the British Flag, would be resorted to by Malay and Chinese traders, in preference to proceeding to Batavia; because, such a course would be conformable to former usage and convenience—and because, the natives of the Eastern Islands, have evinced "a decided preference "towards the British Nation."

The history and details of the trade between China and the Indian Archipelago, are next noticed by Mr Assey; but as these must be familiar to most of our commercial readers, we shall not dwell on them; and our author then proceeds to point out "the ground that had not been occupied by "any European power, at the date of the latest advices "from Java" Mr. Assey contends, that by the last convention between the Dutch and British Governments, the Netherland's are entitled only to the factories and establishments, which the Dutch held in 1803, and not to the possessions, which they had abandoned at that period;—that consistently with this interpretation of the convention, the Dutch are not entitled to claim Banjarmassin

on the South-east coast of Borneo, and that those Islands or Countries which are not comprehended in the Moluccas or Celebes, constitute a field which is still open in the seas.

We cannot accompany Mr. ASSEY in his progress round the eastern and northern coast of Borneo to the Straits of Sincapore; but the information which he has afforded of the commercial facilities, which may be cultivated in a space, to which the Dutch can as yet prefer no legitimate claim, seems deserving of serious consideration. His accounts of the piratical states, and of the booty which is annually levied by these aquatic Pindaries—must, we presume, be well known to all who are acquainted with the Ladrones of Suluh and its dependencies: and our author suggests, that by the introduction of commerce and civilization among the subjects of the Suluh government, we may terminate their present piratical system—reform and change their character—relieve the coasting trade from the dangers to which it is now liable—and thereby facilitate the collection of articles for the China market in exchange for the manufactures of Europe.

Mr. ASSEY next discusses a subject which has frequently been brought to the notice of our mother government—and which, perhaps, cannot be too much or too gravely considered—we mean the rapid strides which America has made, and is making, to acquire a superiority in the China Trade. To arrest the progress of our rivals, he recommends, that we should adopt every practicable means of procuring enumerated articles, the produce of the Indian Islands; some of which, constitute the luxuries of the Chinese—and which always find a ready sale in China; so that by regular if not exclusive supplies of this description, of opium—of cotton goods—and of the articles which are usually transported from Great Britain—we may turn the scale of competition against America in the China Market.

It appears from Mr. ASSEY's work, that in the year 1817-18, the trade from America to China employed seven millions of Dollars; and 16,000 tons of shipping—while, during the same period of time, the British trade to the same quarter, occupied 6,500,000 dollars, and 20,000 tons of shipping. The advantage in favour of America, is a matter of ready calculation; and it must be taken into the reckoning, that the American Merchant receives his return in the course of one year, although the returns to the East India Company, require nearly double the period.—Assuming these facts to be true, it is manifest that the American trade to China is already greater than our own: and it is certainly

And lo!—where 'mid her favored band,
Their mingling smiles livelier round,
Joy waves his bright creative wand,
And strews with flowers th' enchanted ground.

CHORUS.

Then weave the wreath of brightest hues,
Bathed in Affection's purest dews;
Of freshest—sweetest buds that grew,
And bind it round her honored brow.

EPODE.

But stay!—Bid yet another strain,
Waft its high swell from zone to zone,
Harp of the Heart!—awake again,
Bid every chord enrich its tone:—
This is the joy-inspiring day,
That gave th' immortal Hastings birth,
And sped him on his destined way
To scatter bounties o'er the Earth.

CHORUS.

Then oh! to grace this Feast of Soul,
Fill higher yet th' o'erflowing bowl;
Th' exulting Song still higher rise
To rend with joy th' approving skies!

At intervals between the martial and enlivening strains of the band, were heard other beautiful vocal performances—affording altogether a novelty, to scenes of similar festivity.

The Tables were very handsomely decorated, and we could not fail to observe some appropriate medallions by an amateur Artist well known in the Settlement for his taste and genius.

The Marquis and Marchioness of HASTINGS retired about three in the morning, but a great number of the party continued the festivities till about five. Good humour, hilarity, and harmony prevailed."

Our letters from the interior contain more favorable accounts respecting the price of grain, and the general appearance of the crops, than we had some little time ago any reason to expect. From these we select the following particulars extracted from a letter dated Barcally, the 21st of last month. It will perhaps ultimately be discovered that no actual scarcity exists, but that the speculators in one part of the country have been hoarding up their stock of grain for the supply of other quarters, where the very same charitable intentions are probably entertained with regard to them:—

"Our crops are very promising, and we have a plentiful Khurreeff Harvest, but the demand from the Southward prevents grain getting cheap here—wheat 14½ seers—coarse rice 18 seers,—bajura 28 seers—chu neh 12 seers *furd*—moonge 14 seers—mote 19 seers—muka (Indian corn) 26 seers—jewahur 26 seers. The rubbee crops are nearly all sown, and have come up very well; a little rain, (and which it seems inclined to give us) would do much good.—Oil 3½—ghee 2 seers 2 chattacks—cotton 2 seers 4 chattacks—our seer is ponderous, being 105 rupees Furruckabad Sicca, and our punseiree 525 rupees."

"We have had two or three frosty mornings. Moorcroft has gone up by the old pass, (the one we went in 1812,) called the Nectee one. I am afraid he is too late—as few of the Bhootuahs will venture across with him just now.—You shall hear if he succeeds, as I have a man with him who is to leave him the day he crosses."

Private letters from Sancapoor, received by the *Isabella*, report very favorably respecting that interesting settlement. From one of these we make the following extract:— "This settlement is improving wonderfully, and is a most desirable place for the Eastern trade. No less than twelve prows are now here, and five sail of ships with Eastern Produce. All the prows will be obliged to go to Malacca and Penang for cloths This port will take all the trade from those places. The harbour is one of the finest in the world—the inhabitants amount at least to five thousand, and are increasing every day. The following are the present prices of articles here—Pepper, 13½—Betel, 2½—Ratans, 2½, and Tin, 18 dollars per pecul.

Private accounts from Penang, by the *Isabella*, are more particular than the news-papers, from which we have already made extracts, in specifying the degree of severity, with which the *cholera* attacks the various descriptions of inhabitants there. The deaths are stated to be from twenty-five to thirty daily; about five of these among the Chinese, and nearly the whole of the remainder among those from the Coromandel coast. Very few cases occur among the Malays or Bengalees; and the native troops, as well as the Europeans in garrison, have been hitherto perfectly free from attack.

high time, that something should be done to occupy the commercial resources yet within our reach, and which may enable us the better to compete with the Americans.

The comparative cheapness with which the vessels of the United States are navigated, and the quickness with which their Merchants obtain their return cargo, are familiarly known to our readers. The smallness of their vessels also enables them to trade with facility from port to port, along the coasts of the native states. The Americans usually purchase with specie, which gives them a decided advantage in Dutch ports— and from other causes, which have been often enumerated, *they* can afford to give a higher price for colonial commodities, than the British merchant is enabled to offer. They therefore trade with great success in the eastern seas; and it is stated by our author, that the native trade, along the northern coast of Sumatra, is exclusively in the hands of Americans. Mr. Assey, therefore contends, that every possible means should be attempted to afford corresponding facilities to the British merchant in securing for him also, a market among the eastern Islands,— and in permitting him to resort to, that market freely and without reserve: and that every argument, whether drawn from domestic interest or foreign policy, seems to point out the necessity of fostering the native industry of these Islands, and of obtaining among them, a permanent intercourse.

Mr. Assey has also noticed many prospective advantages likely to be derived from the plan which he recommends, especially, a direct intercourse with Cochin China and Japan;—but our limits will not admit of our noticing the grounds of these anticipations, which, however, appear to be rational and probable. We shall not, at present, attempt to follow him in his reflections on the policy likely to be pursued by the Netherlands Government; nor can we afford space for his considerations of the rights which that government has acquired by the convention of 1814: but we think it is very probable that the discussion which has already been awakened in Europe, respecting the commercial relations between Great Britain and Holland, in the Eastern Seas, will terminate in arrangements, that will clearly define the authorities and connexions of the two powers, in that region and establish limits to the monopoly, which now seems to be claimed by the Government of Java.

We cannot pursue this subject, but recommend Mr. Assey's work to the perusal of our readers.—*India Gazette.*

We are indebted to a Friend for the following description of the Splendid Entertainment given by the Society of Calcutta, to the MARCHIONESS OF HASTINGS on Tuesday evening, at the Town Hall.

The entrance door was tastefully decorated with gothic architecture and draperies, the centre fan containing a transparency on a light blue ground, within a border of laurel leaves in brown on buff—the name of HASTINGS, with the words 7th December 1819 below, surmounted by a Marquis's Coronet.

The rows of central pillars were decorated with broad wreaths of variegated cabbed flowers—hanging in festoons between each, forming a pleasing effect. On the left, on the eastern end of the room, was a superb tent of crimson and gold drapery, surmounted by a dome of the same, and a crown.—The lining was in imitation of ermine, and on each side it was looped up and fixed to three golden spears, to which was suspended a small shield in rich gold carved work, the left representing the Arms of HASTINGS, and RAWDON, with its quarterings, and on the right the Arms of LOUDOUN. Behind the two gold chairs appropriated for the honored guests was suspended over two Banners representing the Thistle, and St. Andrew's Cross, a shield with the Arms of HASTINGS, encircled by those of LOUDOUN, and surmounted by a Marquis's Coronet.—The platform of two steps was cocovered with crimson velvet.

At the opposite end was erected a Temple dedicated to the Goddess of FANCY, with white and purple draperies, the latter giving relief to a beautiful golden Lyre, and festooned with wreaths of flowers. The fluted pillars were also wreathed with flowers. A figure of the Goddess was seen in the center placed on a pedestal, holding a Mask in her hand, and before her an Altar with a globe lamp at each corner, emitting each a different colored flame blending into one vivid light.—Two other female figures were placed on pedestals at the termination of each of the outer divisions of the room within draperies of white. At each end of the Supper Room were transparencies in the fans with the words HASTINGS, 7th December 1819—LOUDON, 7th December 1819.

The President, Four Vice Presidents and twenty Stewards were all distinguished by the *plainness* of their dress, as well as by a scarlet ribbon round their necks, suspending a badge of blue velvet encircled with a gold border and

containing a Marquis's Coronet in its proper colors, and underneath a dead-silver scroll, with the word HASTINGS in burnished silver.

The first characters that struck us on entering the room, particularly as they formed a part of the bright panoply—were the figures of a Knight in full armour of dazzling brilliancy, with nodding plumes, a shield and spear, and a couple of exquisitely humorous Yeomen or Beef-eaters—in their proper costume. On the arrival of Lord and Lady HASTINGS, the President, Vice-President and Stewards met them at the door. The President, Mr. LARKINS, led her Ladyship up, preceded by the other Stewards—the Knight Yeomen in double line thro' the centre of the room to the Throne, where having been seated for a moment, they proceeded in a circuit of the Hall, examining the various decorations.

The dancing now commenced by the President leading off the Ball with Madame la Baronne de BASSAYNE DE RICHEMONT, to the new tune of the London's Fancy—which was kept up with great spirit. Among the dancers appeared a jolly Farmer and his dowdy Dame, whose figure contrasted with those of her elegant neighbours, did not appear to much advantage.

A Friar with rubicund visage, baring on his back, a frolicsome dame, paced the rooms for a long while, heedless as it appeared of his eternal burthen.

A Drunken Sailor acted to the life and performed some feats of agility in dancing, which would have done credit to the Opera School.

Two tall female Beauties, ancient and modern, attracted universal admiration, notwithstanding the distance which a century at least had thrown between them in point of costume; they were inseperable, but we marked that the charms of flattery were equally well received by both, and that each bore her share in the coqueting of the times they represented. An Officer in scarlet and gold was seen to divide his attentions between and to evince that a Soldier is never fearful of attacking the fair.

A Gentleman of the old School appropriately habited tottered in and kept his character to the life; he was seemingly much attracted by the shrivelled charms of an old stiff maiden Lady of his own age who paraded the room with an enormous fan, evidently, courting admiration, ogling and simpering to entice his observations. This last character, we may without fear of contrediction, declare to be unrivalled, so much strached dignity of countenance, for below and ruffle we never saw more happily blended, and as a admirer of Hogarth, we must (except in en bon point) declare her

[illegible]ulitude to the old Maid going to Church—in his emblematical print of Winter—Hogarth's shrunk damsel wise [illegible] of Pharoah's lean kine, while her [illegible] certainly have been a beef-eater.

An exceeding tall [illegible] turban, gave us an idea of the height to which the [illegible] Cathedral might rise above all its fellow [illegible] It would be impossible to describe within any reasonable limits all the excellent Music that appeared. Many of the fancy dresses were extremely beautiful.

The Supper Tables were so disposed as to allow all the party to see the honored guests. The Presidents sat between them and two Vice Presidents at the same table in the middle. Two other Vice Presidents at the top and bottom of the tables, and the other Stewards scattered at appropriate distances. To the north, in front of Lord and Lady HASTINGS was a small Piano let into the tables, where our best professional and amateur-vocal performers, had stationed themselves, and on the health of Lady HASTINGS being given, by Mr. LARKINS, the President, an Ode composed for the occasion, was sung by Mr. and Miss LACY, and several other voices.

CHORAL ODE.

STROPHE.

Genius of Harmony! descend,
To swell the sacred pomp of Song,
Hither thine airy footsteps bend,
To pour the paean shout along —
'Tis Hastings the proud theme inspires,
Commanding every heart's affections,
Awake then, all thy heavenly lyres,
To honor this illustrious name.

CHORUS.

See, by her side, her warlior Lord,
Triumphant sheathed—his conquering sword,
Back to her fondest wishes given,—
Blessed,—beloved,—approved of Heaven.

ANTISTROPHE.

For Her—the festive board we spread,
For Her—invoke fair Fancy's reign,
For Her—the sportive dance we lead,
Pleasure still following in her train,—